

Composable Finance - BYO Gas Substrate Pallet Security Audit

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Visit: Halborn.com

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EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Composable Finance engaged Halborn to conduct a security audit on their BYO Gas pallet beginning on September 26th, 2022 and ending on October 4th, 2022. The security assessment was scoped to the Substrate pallet provided to the Halborn team.

1.2 AUDIT SUMMARY

The team at Halborn was provided one week for the engagement and assigned a full-time security engineer to audit the security of the BYO Gas pallet. The security engineer is a blockchain and smart-contract security expert with advanced penetration testing, smart-contract hacking, and deep knowledge of multiple blockchain protocols.

The purpose of this audit is to:

- Ensure that Substrate pallet's functions operate as intended
- Identify potential security issues with the Substrate pallet

In summary, Halborn identified some security risks that were mostly addressed by the Composable Finance team.

1.3 TEST APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

Halborn performed a combination of manual and automated security testing to balance efficiency, timeliness, practicality, and accuracy regarding the scope of the Composable Substrate pallets. While manual testing is recommended to uncover flaws in logic, process, and implementation; automated testing techniques help enhance coverage of the code and can quickly identify items that do not follow security best practices. The following phases and associated tools were used throughout the term of the audit:

- Research into the architecture, purpose, and use of the platform.
- Smart contract manual code review and walkthrough to identify any logic issue.
- Mapping out possible attack vectors
- Thorough assessment of safety and usage of critical Rust variables and functions in scope that could lead to arithmetic vulnerabilities.
- On chain testing of core functions(polkadot.js).
- Active Fuzz testing {cargo-fuzz, honggfuzz}
- Scanning dependencies for known vulnerabilities (cargo audit).

RISK METHODOLOGY:

Vulnerabilities or issues observed by Halborn are ranked based on the risk assessment methodology by measuring the LIKELIHOOD of a security incident and the IMPACT should an incident occur. This framework works for communicating the characteristics and impacts of technology vulnerabilities. The quantitative model ensures repeatable and accurate measurement while enabling users to see the underlying vulnerability characteristics that were used to generate the Risk scores. For every vulnerability, a risk level will be calculated on a scale of 5 to 1 with 5 being the highest likelihood or impact.

RISK SCALE - LIKELIHOOD

- 5 Almost certain an incident will occur.
- 4 High probability of an incident occurring.
- 3 Potential of a security incident in the long term.
- 2 Low probability of an incident occurring.
- 1 Very unlikely issue will cause an incident.

RISK SCALE - IMPACT

- 5 May cause devastating and unrecoverable impact or loss.
- 4 May cause a significant level of impact or loss.
- 3 May cause a partial impact or loss to many.

- 2 May cause temporary impact or loss.
- 1 May cause minimal or un-noticeable impact.

The risk level is then calculated using a sum of these two values, creating a value of 10 to 1 with 10 being the highest level of security risk.

CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFORMATIONAL
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10 - CRITICAL

9 - 8 - HIGH

7 - 6 - MEDIUM

5 - 4 - LOW

3 - 1 - VERY LOW AND INFORMATIONAL

1.4 SCOPE

The review was scoped to the asset-tx-payment pallet in frame/transaction -payment directory in the ComposableFi/substrate repository.

Commit ID used for the engagement:

• f709a3d3b8f116f8b7e92ec56bc1ca5a0409eaa5

IMPACT

2. ASSESSMENT SUMMARY & FINDINGS OVERVIEW

CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFORMATIONAL
0	0	0	1	1

LIKELIHOOD

(HAL-01)

SECURITY ANALYSIS	RISK LEVEL	REMEDIATION DATE
HAL-01 - CONFIGURATION ORIGIN CAN BE USED TO SET A PAYMENT ASSET FOR AN ARBITRARILY CHOSEN USER	Low	SOLVED - 10/19/2022
HAL-02 - PRESENCE OF TESTING CODE	Informational	ACKNOWLEDGED

FINDINGS & TECH DETAILS

3.1 (HAL-01) CONFIGURATION ORIGIN CAN BE USED TO SET A PAYMENT ASSET FOR AN ARBITRARILY CHOSEN USER - LOW

Description:

The asset-tx-payment pallet defines an extrinsic set_payment_asset element that allows users to select the asset they want to pay the transaction fees with. However, the function makes sure that the asset is set for the user who called the extrinsic only if the caller is not a ConfigurationOrigin. As such, this origin can be used to arbitrarily set the asset for any given user.

Code Location:

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 2

Impact - 3

Recommendation:

It is recommended not to allow any type of bypass in the configuration of the payment asset.

Remediation Plan:

SOLVED: The Composable Finance team has solved this issue in commit 863b706f0eb059301a28cecd13dacf478869b755 by changing the ConfigurationOrigin to be EnsureRootOrHalfNativeCouncil and reassuring that Root origin is also decentralized.

3.2 (HAL-02) PRESENCE OF TESTING CODE - INFORMATIONAL

Description:

The asset-tx-payment defines a ChargeAssetTxPayment structure, the implementation of which is responsible for calculating the fees associated with calls. The impl block defines a from function that allows you to manually set the self.asset_id variable. This is the asset (if configured) that will be returned by the get_payment_asset function used in the validate and pre_dispatch functions. The from function is used for testing and should not be present in the production environment.

Code Location:

The from function:

The get_payment asset function:

Risk Level:

Likelihood - 1

Impact - 2

Recommendation:

It is recommended not to implement functions to production builds that are used for testing purposes.

Remediation Plan:

ACKNOWLEDGED: The Composable Finance team acknowledged the issue.

AUTOMATED TESTING

4.1 CARGO AUDIT

Description:

Halborn used automated security scanners to assist with detection of well-known security issues and vulnerabilities. Among the tools used was cargo audit, a security scanner for vulnerabilities reported to the RustSec Advisory Database. All vulnerabilities published in https://crates.io are stored in a repository named The RustSec Advisory Database. cargo audit is a human-readable version of the advisory database which performs a scanning on Cargo.lock. Security Detections are only in scope. All vulnerabilities shown here were already disclosed in the above report. However, to better assist the developers maintaining this code, the auditors are including the output with the dependencies tree, and this is included in the cargo audit output to better know the dependencies affected by unmaintained and vulnerable crates.

Results:

Crate: chrono Version: 0.4.19

Title: Potential segfault in localtime_r invocations

Date: 2020-11-10

ID: RUSTSEC-2020-0159

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2020-0159

Solution: Upgrade to >=0.4.20

Crate: lz4-sys Version: 1.9.2

Title: Memory corruption in liblz4

Date: 2022-08-25

ID: RUSTSEC-2022-0051

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2022-0051

Solution: Upgrade to >=1.9.4

Crate: owning_ref
Version: 0.4.1

Title: Multiple soundness issues in owning_ref

Date: 2022-01-26

ID: RUSTSEC-2022-0040

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2022-0040

Solution: No safe upgrade is available!

Crate: rocksdb Version: 0.18.0

Title: Out-of-bounds read when opening multiple column families with TTL

Date: 2022-05-11

ID: RUSTSEC-2022-0046

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2022-0046

Solution: Upgrade to >=0.19.0

Crate: time Version: 0.1.44

Title: Potential segfault in the time crate

Date: 2020-11-18

ID: RUSTSEC-2020-0071

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2020-0071

Solution: Upgrade to >=0.2.23

Crate: ansi_term Version: 0.12.1

Warning: unmaintained

Title: ansi_term is Unmaintained

Date: 2021-08-18 ID: RUSTSEC-2021-0139

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2021-0139

Crate: cpuid-bool Version: 0.1.2

Warning: unmaintained

Title: cpuid-bool has been renamed to cpufeatures

Date: 2021-05-06

ID: RUSTSEC-2021-0064

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2021-0064

Crate: memmap
Version: 0.7.0

Warning: unmaintained

Title: memmap is unmaintained

Date: 2020-12-02

ID: RUSTSEC-2020-0077

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2020-0077

Crate: serde_cbor
Version: 0.11.1

Warning: unmaintained

Title: serde_cbor is unmaintained

Date: 2021-08-15

ID: RUSTSEC-2021-0127

URL: https://rustsec.org/advisories/RUSTSEC-2021-0127

Crate: blake2 Version: 0.10.2 Warning: yanked

Crate: block-buffer

Version: 0.10.0 Warning: yanked

Crate: cpufeatures

Version: 0.2.1 Warning: yanked

Crate: sha2 Version: 0.9.8 Warning: yanked

Crate: sp-version Version: 5.0.0 Warning: yanked THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING

