# Org-mode Latex Export Example

Derek Feichtinger

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## 1 Version information

 ${\tt Emacs \ version: \ GNU \ Emacs \ 24.5.1 \ (x86\_64-unknown-linux-gnu, \ GTK+ \ Version \ 3.10.8)}$ 

of 2015-05-04 on dflt1w org version: 8.2.10

## 2 Some LATEX links

- Link formatting
  - This is described in the LATEX hyperref manual.

- This is an example how to get links that are not framed by red rectangles, but just have a blue font color

#+LaTeX\_HEADER: \hypersetup{colorlinks=true, linkcolor=blue}

- Building a LATEX Document Class
  - http://tutex.tug.org/pracjourn/2005-4/hefferon/hefferon.pdf

### 3 Equations

• Nice link for mathematical symbols on wikipedia:

```
This is an example for an equation cores_{extrapol} = cores_{intern2013} \cdot offl\% \cdot \frac{gf \cdot (volume_{user} + volume_{intern})}{volume_{intern}}
```

This is an example for an equation embedded in the text  $cores_{extrapol} = cores_{intern2013} \cdot offl\% \cdot \frac{gf \cdot (volume_{user} + volume_{intern})}{volume_{intern}}$  The text continues after the formula.

Here follows a numbered equation that also can be referenced like in the following parentheses (eq 1). Note that we have to rely here on standard latex syntax, since org mode does not offer equations as a native element that we can mark up with #+NAME tags, etc.

$$cores_{extrapol} = cores_{intern2013} \cdot offl\% \cdot \frac{gf \cdot (volume_{user} + volume_{intern})}{volume_{intern}} \quad (1)$$

from an article by Stefaan Lippens on on using textnormal for including normal text correctly in a math environment.

$$\int_{1}^{9} x dx \qquad \text{this is textrm}$$
 
$$\sum_{1}^{9} y \qquad \text{this is textsf}$$
 
$$\prod_{1}^{9} z \qquad \text{this is textnormal}$$

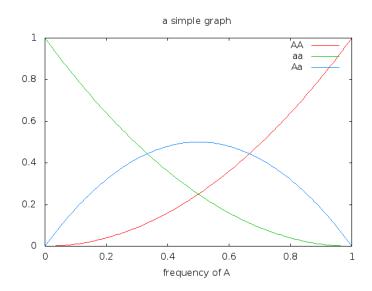
Only textnormal will guarantee that the text appears in the default font of the document.

# 4 Figures

I can reference the figure like this: Fig. 1. Note

- there must be no empty line between the picture's link and the meta definitions for name, caption, etc.
- The OPTION tex:t must be set for references to work.

| Specifier | Permission  |
|-----------|---|
| h         | Place the float here, i.e., approximately at the same point it occurs in the    |
|           | source text (however, not exactly at the spot)                                  |
| t         | Position at the top of the page.  |
| b         | Position at the bottom of the page.   |
| p         | Put on a special page for floats only.  |
| !         | Override internal parameters LATEX uses for determining "good" float positions. |
| H         | Places the float at precisely the location in the LATEX code. Requires the      |
|           | float package, e.g., float. This is somewhat equivalent to h!.                  |



 $Figure \ 1: \quad A \ simple \ graph$ 

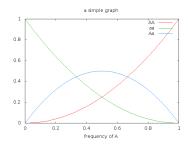


Figure 2: A simple graph at half the width

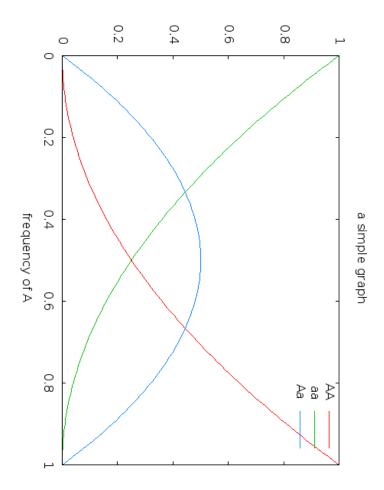


Figure 3: A simple graph rotated  $270^{\circ}$ 

A pdf can be included the same way, e.g. by specifying

#+ATTR\_LATEX: :options page=10 :width 10cm
[[file:myfig.pdf]]

#### 4.1 inclusion of SVG graphics

q.v. my plantuml related documentation.

### 5 Footnotes and margin notes

This is a text with a footnote <sup>1</sup>. The footnote will be displayed on the bottom of the current page. One can also place all footnotes in a separate chapter called *footnotes* at the end of the org file<sup>2</sup>.

Margin notes one can set by directly inlining the LATEX command as demonstrated here. By default the margin notes are justified. This often looks awkward. Using this stackexchange answer, I define a macro which yields:

I like the margin notes to be left aligned instead of being justified.

a default margin note

a left aligned margin note that looks nicer

#### 6 Tables

#### 6.1 nicer table formatting using booktab style

Some interesting tips for booktab style tables by M. Püschel.

Whether table captions appear above or below the table can be configured using this variable:

(setq org-latex-table-caption-above nil)

|          | Table 1: default table |          |          |
|----------|------------------------|----------|----------|
| Column 1 | Column 2               | Column 3 | Column 4 |
| 1        | 10                     | 100      | 1000     |
| 2        | 11                     | 101      | 1001     |
| 3        | 12                     | 102      | 1002     |
| 4        | 13                     | 103      | 1003     |
| 5        | 14                     | 104      | 1004     |
| 15       | 60                     | 510      | 5010     |

Table 2: table using booktabs style

|          |          | 0        | <u> </u> |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | Column 4 |
| 1        | 10       | 100      | 1000     |
| 2        | 11       | 101      | 1001     |
| 3        | 12       | 102      | 1002     |
| 4        | 13       | 103      | 1003     |
| 5        | 14       | 104      | 1004     |
| 15       | 60       | 510      | 5010     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is the footnote text

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  this is a footnote from the end of the org document

#### 6.2 Math in tables

Use *math* or *inline math* together with *array* environment. Here we use the simple math mode

$$\begin{array}{cc} Column1 & Column2 \\ \sin(x) & \tan(x) \end{array}$$

This uses the inline-math mode  $\begin{array}{cc} Column1 & Column2 \\ \sin(x) & \tan(x) \end{array}$ 

#### 6.3 Table font size

The font size is determined by the :font switch in the #+ATTR\_LATEX line.

| Column 1  | Column 2        |
|-----------|-----------------|
| Some text | Some other text |
| 10        | 20              |

#### Sidenote:

- When a caption is used, the latex export uses a table environment.
- The previous captionless table generates a tabular environment.

| Table 3: 7<br>Column 1 | Гable small size<br>Column 2 |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Some text              | Some other text              |
| 10                     | 20                           |

#### 6.4 Sidewaystable

Using the sidewaystable together with a :placement [H] specifier requires that one uses the rotfloat environment.

#### 6.5 Table references

These are references to table 1 and table 2.

#### 7 Text font size

# Text Example Text Example Text Ex-

ample Text Example Text Example (default) Text Example Text Example Text Example (default)

#### 8 References

Here, we show the usage of links to the text sections:

The References to figures are found in chapter 4, references to tables are found in chapter 6, and references to equations in chapter 3.

#### 9 Index creation

Must be solved by including LATEX source commands:

- Requires in the preamble
  - \usepackage{makeidx}
  - $\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$$
- Mark up words by \index{word}
- At the location where the index should apear, use \printindex
- to render the document, a call to the makeindex binary needs to be added in the build command. I use the following definition in my init.el.

## $\mathbf{Index}$

footnote, 5

Margin notes, 5

Emacs 24.5.1 (Org mode 8.3.2)