

### Advanced RNA-seq training

Time course experiment analysis

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# RNA-seq whole transcriptome assessment

## novel and known transcripts

allele specific expression
gene fusion
IncRNA
eRNA
alternatively spliced
variants

# transcripts quantification

differential expression



### Time course experiments

development and growth reaction to a treatment/condition over time

#### single time series

one condition
all time points compared to
the first one (control)

#### multi time series

several conditions simultaneously controls are sampled over time with the samples

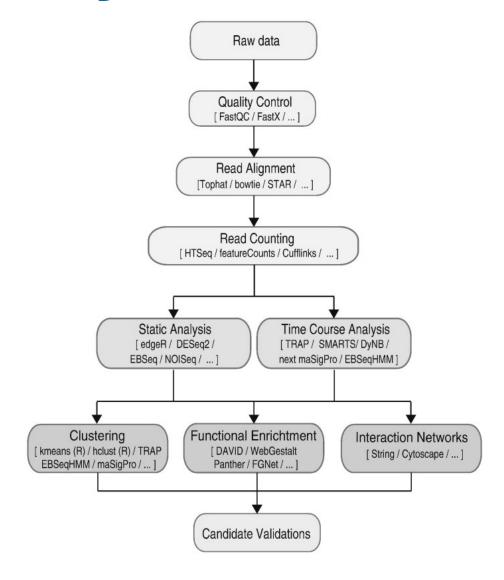
#### periodic and cyclic time series

single or multiple conditions
reoccurring expression patterns and
their difference between conditions

complex >> a lot of samples and synchronization needed



### **Analysis workflow**



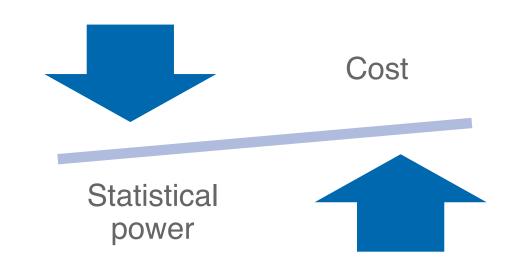
similar to static RNA-seq experiments



### Experimental design

#### critical

number of time points number of replicates there are tools to estimate this parameters, but they don't consider multi-factor experiments



#### when in doubt

more replicates better than greater sequencing depth

#### bad design

statistical power  $\frac{1}{2}$  number of false positives





### Data analysis

#### static tools

sequencing depth and
library size
batch effect >>
protocol
sequencing platform
technical variability

#### time course

do not consider correlation between neighbouring time points



### Choosing the right method

questions to address

number of replicates

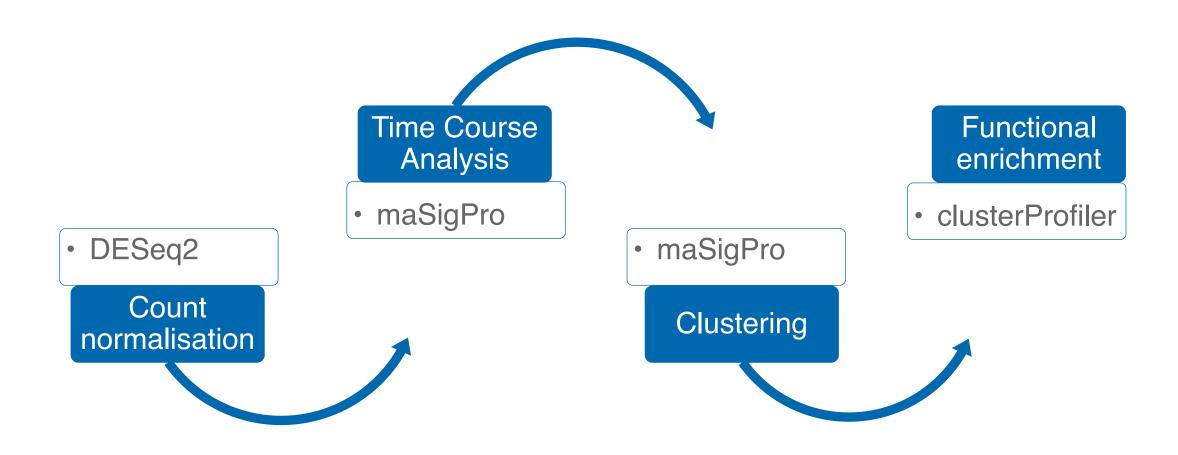
experimental design

two-way or multi factor

differential expression of RNA isoforms



### **Training steps**





### Workflow

# data normalisation with DESeq2

size factor correction drawn from the negative binomial distribution

#### maSigPro

GLM with negative binomial distribution as a linking function

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 t_i + \beta_2 t_i^2 + \beta_3 z_{1i} + \beta_4 t_i z_{1i} + \beta_5 t_i^2 z_{1i} + \varepsilon_i$$

#### functional enrichment with clusterProfiler

hypergeometric distribution testing finds functional terms occurring significantly more thann expected

### Data used in this training

Christelle Etard, Olivier Armant, Urmas Roostalu, Victor Gourain, Marco Ferg and Uwe Strähle

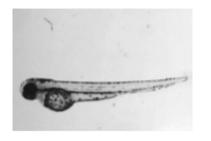
Loss of function of myosin chaperones triggers Hsf1-mediated transcriptional response in skeletal muscle cells

Genome Biology 2015 16:267

https://doi.org/10.1186/s13059-015-0825-8

RNA-seq\_Strahle\_Lab\_0005AS.<SequencingID>.USERvgourain.R.ReadsPerGene.out.tab







Hpf	
wt	
unc45b	

24 DCD001548SQ DCD001559SQ DCD001560SQ DCD001554SQ

**48**DCD001546SQ
DCD001558SQ
DCD001564SQ
DCD001555SQ

72 DCD001547SQ DCD001545SQ DCD001565SQ DCD001551SQ unstranded
paired-ended
sequenced on Illumina HiSeq 2000
producing 50 bp long reads.

All the libraries were: