Housekeeping

- Course Resources http://bit.ly/DHSI2017-Coding
- WashroomsOutside and right ?
- Pedagogical style
 "The hard way", hands-on, playful, and collaborative
- Outside Resources
 Visual QuickStart to Unix & Linux, Software Carpentry, and Think Python
- Sticky NotesHelp and feedback

http://bit.ly/DHSI2017-coding

Day #1 Getting Comfortable with the *nix Command Line

John Simpson & Alicia Cappello DHSI-2017 Fundamentals of Programming/Coding for Human(s|ists)

What's Important Today

- 1. Quick history of *nix
- 2. Learn basic terminal techniques
 - 1. Navigation
 - 2. Creation and Destruction
 - 3. Plumbing and Searching
- 3. Practice using those techniques

TO SECULO SECULO

Four things to keep in mind...

- 1. Silence is golden (or frustrating)
- 2. Capitalization matters
- 3. Spaces matter
- 4. Everything is a file



The Cathedral

The Bazaar



"Not only is UNIX dead, it's starting to smell really bad."

-Rob Pike circa 1991 (widely attributed but unsourced)



Some of the major flavours of GNU/Linux available today. It is unfortunate for the history of the free software movement that "GNU" is so often dropped from the name (possibly because it is too hard to say--why is there no free marketing movement to prevent such things from happening?). Want to see *all* the flavours in distribution? Look **HERE**.

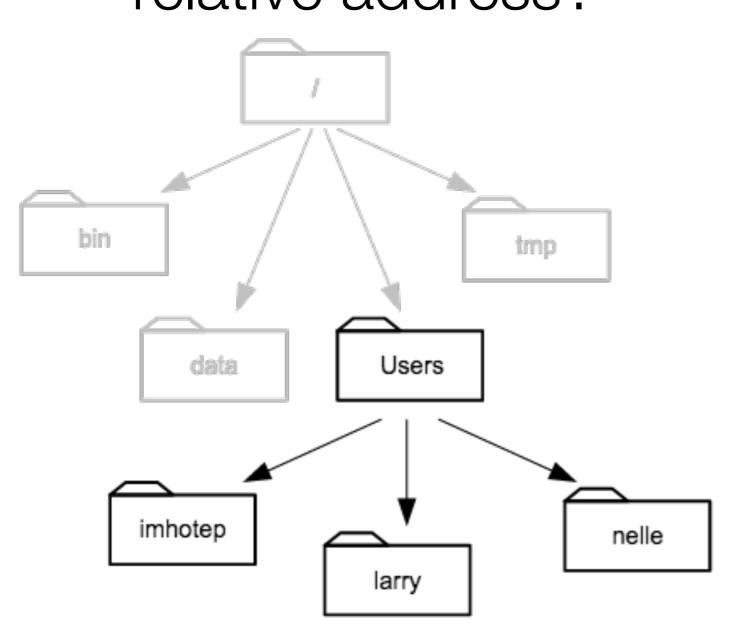
What do the flags -S, -h, and -r do when combined with the 1s command?

- 1. Nothing
- Display the help file and nothing else
- 3. Display directory content by file size in reverse order with human readable sizes
- 4. Flags cannot be combined because of the "one command, one action" policy

From /home/amanda/data/ which commands could Amanda could use to navigate to her home directory, /home/ amanda/

cd. cd/ cd /home/amanda CO ../ cd home cd ~/data/.. cd

If someone is in nelle/ then how do they get to larry/ using cd and a relative address?



cd Users/larry

cd larry

cd /larry

cd ../larry

cd ../Users/larry

If you were asked to describe the structure commands on the command line what would you say?

WARNING: DONOTRUNTHIS CODE

What do you **think** that running

rm -rf /

would do?

WARNING: DONOTRUNTHIS CODE

MAKE ME A SANDWICH. WHAT? MAKE IT YOURSELF. SUDO MAKE ME A SANDWICH. OKAY.

Spend a few minutes looking over this cheatsheet to get an idea of what can be done.

You can use it as a reference for what we'll do from here.

Basic UNIX Cheat St

- Silence is Colden. If a command does not issue an error than it did what you told it to do (which may not be what you wanted it to do).
- All directories are part of the same tree structure. This starts with a tolder called "root", represented by a single "7".
- Do not use spaces in filerances.
- In the commands below everything in angle brackets (< and >): the angle brackets themselves should be replaced with your term

	ic allowing longer locals	e internacioes succini ne reputazai with your terms.		
	-		Move arround	You move around using one of three variants of the eff (change directory) command:
	rinings to do	Help Yourself Pype jidly to get a list of some basic built-in communels. Find out what each item listed does by toping inchest exemunes.		off a will move you to the parent fakter of your current location (arrives you are in /) off /them:Xii/(methetXii/the) will move you so a new directory from the root of the directo-
	more vands	Wint to search off the available commands for a particular term? Use fact & Grand Ford for a list of all man(ust) pages that contain Granch Bernie. Use fact & Grand for the page of the arrow keys to missing the explanation. It will give you further instructions for the mon-page viewer. Grail return you to the command prompt.		cy toce (note the shash at the beginning), off configuration (September 11) from which make you tree a child directory of your current directory (note the lack of a dash at the beginning.
	1		File Control	
			See file contents	Typened distance to see the full contents of a file on screen. Inset 4th distance will show the first one have of a file. 2d 4th distance
Find files		Locate all files named of name: by using that / cruss (froms). Specify ultigher directo		will show the last one.
a ww		ry than race (i) to speed up this command. Use gain that is different find all files in directority of the dental accorder.	PdH z file	Dollor @Elicona is an easy and powerful option. The nano windowlists commands at the bot tom of the screen. A "" means the control key so hold down control and perso "X" to exit.
Find where a program is located		This compare will tell you where the program run by typing opergram's is located where the standard version of opergram's is. Modifications to the system may lead these no notice the sume.	Gapy a life	(p) Correct(p) Corpet(th) will do this for you. Yere can include directory information with the file name to copy from and to directories other than the current one.
Chaining			Move wille	ing commands drags(Th) behaves like copy but without the duplication.
Pess output of one command to unother		The pipe character "[" (above the ")") can be used to make the results of one command the input of a second command. For example	Create a Enia	in ◆ (minute) (int) will create a soft pointer to congress iteo from clinks.
ance.		Make y Grap to Tail 102 will take the list	Divisite a directory	Table (Miles 1992) will build a new directory.
		of all the pervious commands typed, pull out only those that used the rm command and then show only the last twelve of these. Use a single during angle bracket (***)* as you would the pipe character and make once you and the claim with a filenesse. If the Headrendy exists it will be exerted that and if not it will be exerted. Use double closing angle brackets (**>**)* to append output to an existing life (or create the file if it doesn't correctly exist).	Delete a file or directory	The Afternace will permanently delete of the mane's. Sometimes you might have to get tough and use in 49 (1880) to five it. To delete a directory use in 4 (1880) in five it.
Save output of a command to a file				want to delete excepting in a classic pure an (3 (Second) to exceptively force removal of all concerns, including child directories.
			Expand a siplife	Most downloads will come as tarbells that have been (gleipped (entension .tar.ge). Extract these using 609 (429) 6th tarter .
Poweruser Iricks	Act as the Superuser	The superneer is able to do posity much any- thing in the system so only do this when nec- essary. Put sugest, the start of any command.	Step something from running	Control-Cwill cancel a process in the current window (like (mg). For others use (多) to get the process id and then use (如 (数).
		You will be asked for the most password before the command will execute.	Download a file	स्कृत संक्रिकारके स्कृत क संक्रिकारके will return a stopped down load.
	Type faster	Use the tab key to unto complete filenames.	Surf the web	If installed, use his or the to howeve with text:
	Type less	Can also use Control R.	Use wildcards	" will stand in for any combination of zero or more characters, I stands for any single charac-
	Slow scrolling	Pipe to here or man to stop rapid scrolling.		ter and [aye] will swap between a, y, and a
		bood From From 1 d	1 4 - 24 - 24	1.12

are in the tree

Find out what is

Produced for OHO 2001's Armstraments of Programming, Goding for

neet	em med between the began is the considerate for story in an instability of the story as a fact of the a top problem and story in the system. ee-bassed little system.
d out where you	Type[352](print working directory) to see where

you are in the directory structure

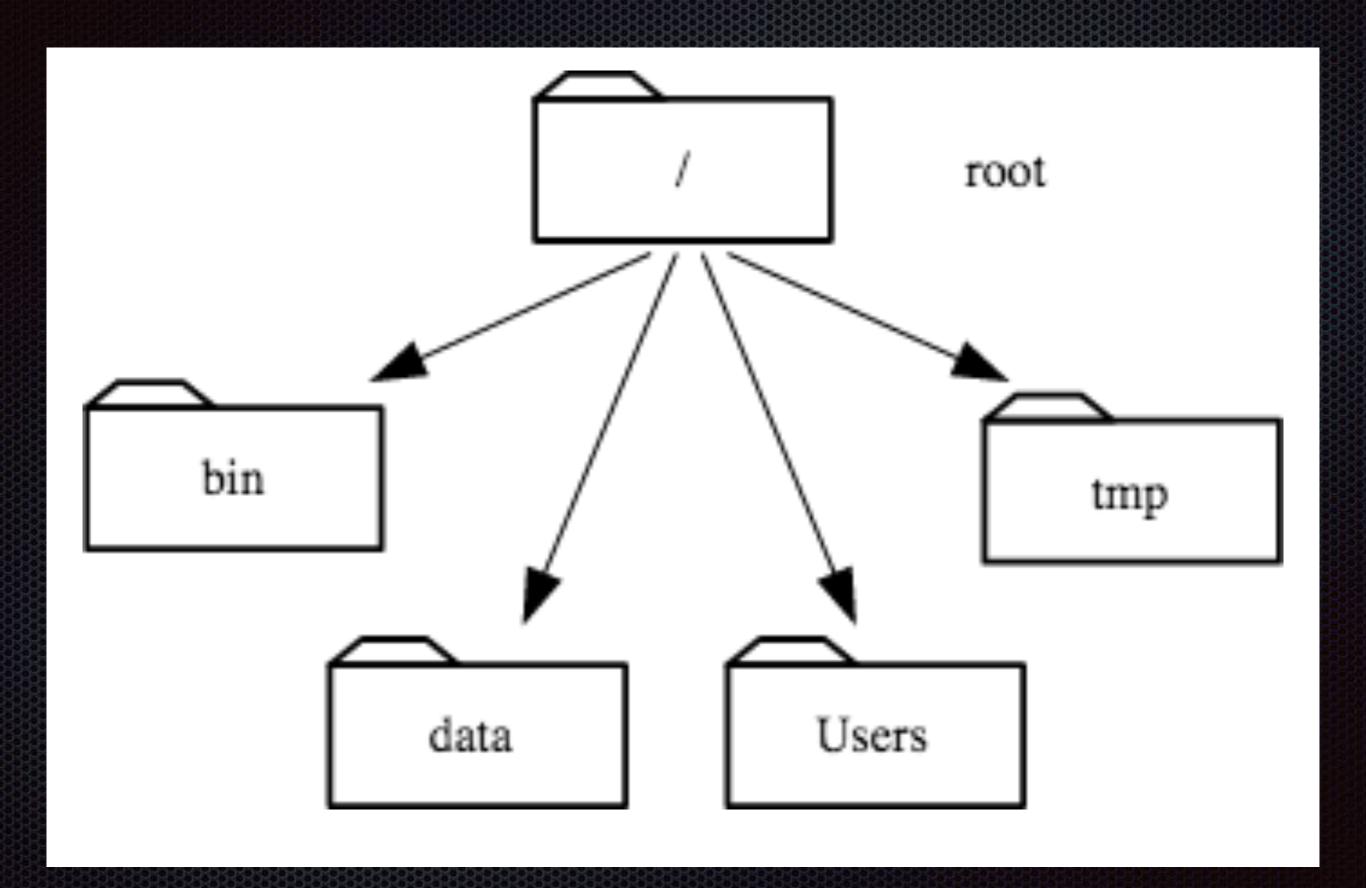
Use the Secondarial to list all the files and

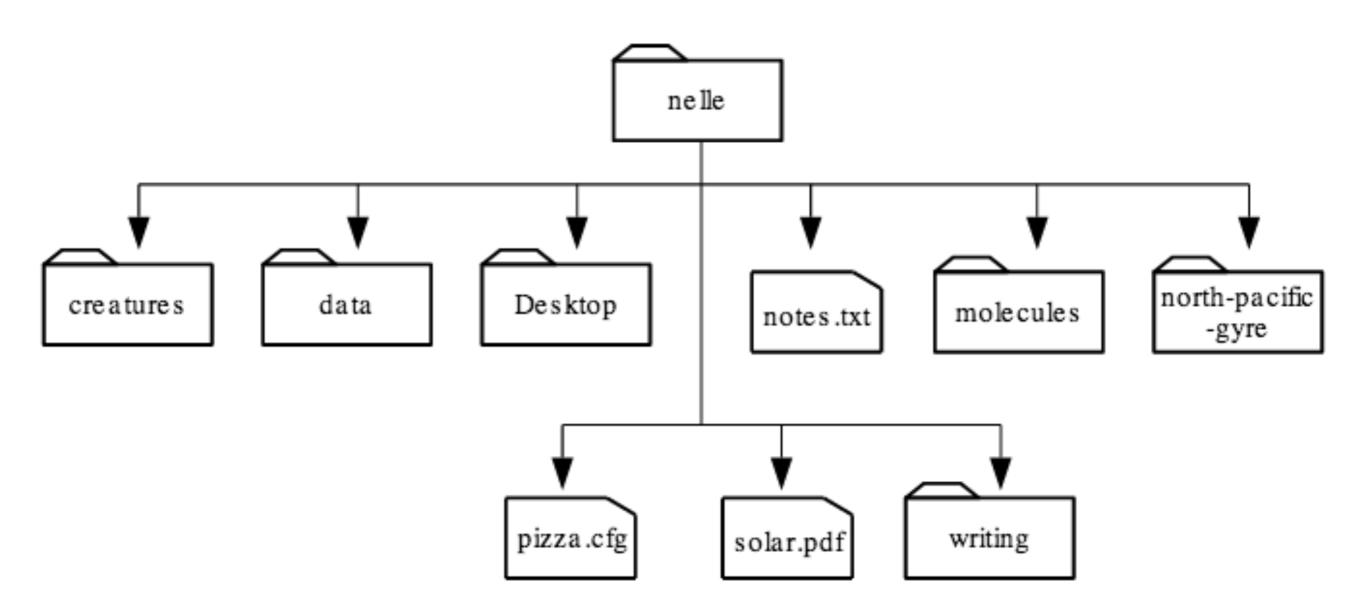
hink out what s	e se the @command to ha! all the like and
around you	directories in the weeking directory. modifiers
	addeven more power. B sawill show at the
	contents, even if hidden. Lied, will provide the
	long list of additional details. Liquil will do both.
Move around	You move around using one of three variants of
	the off (change directory) command:
	off will move you to the purent fakler of your
	current location (unless you are in /)
	of Absurbis/Amelicality/Cales will move you
	to a new directory from the root of the directo-
	ey tree (note the slash at the beginning).
	on contract a daily directory of your current direc-
	tory (note the lack of a slash at the beginning
ile Control	
See file contents	Typered (#CRETES) to see the full contents of a
	file on screen hard -815 (Farrens) will show
	the first one lines of a file. Sell (\$20 Gictorate)
	will show the last onb.
Pde z filo	
Pain a nie	<u>Dame 48.55500</u> is an easy and powerful option.
	The nano window lists commands at the bot
	tom of the screen. A "" means the control key
	so hold down control and perss "X" to exit.
Copy a life	ரு வேல்கில் வேத்சியில் will do this for you.
	You can include directory information with the
	file name to copy from and to directories other
	than the current one.
Move wille	mg @comea@t@ @rugo@ff@ behaves like copy
	but without the duplication.
Create a Link	In so Onlying The Circle will create a soft pointer
	to conginal ilea from clinks.
Dreate a directory	falling distances will halld a new directory.
Delete a file or	
_	Ge & Carrie Swill permanently delete of the
directory	name). Sometimes you might have to get
	tough and use mr & Albarms to force it. To
	delete a directory use an of @fivour. 10 you.
	want to delete everything in a director y use (iii) (ii) (ii) (iii) (ii
	all consents, including child directories.
Expand a siplik	Most downloads will come as turbulls that have
	been (g)zipped (entension starge). Estract
	these ming 60 cast) diffusions
View age of state -	Control Coull around a construction the construction
Stop something	Control-Cwill cancel a process in the current

Just For Furt search the web for Tunny Linux commands"

Skills to Master: Navigation

- Translate an absolute path into a relative path and vice versa.
- Construct absolute and relative paths that identify specific files and directories and directory content
- Identify the actual command, flags, and filenames in a command-line call.
- Demonstrate the use of tab completion and up arrow review
- Demonstrate an ability to move around the file system





Skills to Master: Navigation

- Explain the similarities and differences between a file and a directory.
- Translate an absolute path into a relative path and vice versa.
- Construct absolute and relative paths that identify specific files and directories and directory content
- Explain the steps in the shell's read-run-print cycle.
- Identify the actual command, flags, and filenames in a command-line call.
- Demonstrate the use of tab completion, and explain its advantages.

Skills to Master: Creation & Destruction

- Create a directory hierarchy that matches a given diagram.
- Create files in that hierarchy using an editor or by copying and renaming existing files.
- Display the contents of a directory using the command line.
- Delete specified files and/or directories.

Skills to Master: Plumbing

- Redirect a command's output to a file.
- Process a file instead of keyboard input using redirection.
- Construct command pipelines with two or more stages.
- Explain what usually happens if a program or pipeline isn't given any input to process.
- Explain Unix's "small pieces, loosely joined" philosophy.

Skills to Master: Searching

- Use grep to select lines from text files that match simple patterns.
- Use find to find files whose names match simple patterns.
- Use the output of one command as the command-line parameters to another command.
- Explain what is meant by "text" and "binary" files, and why many common tools don't handle the latter well.