بهنامض $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ $T(n) = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} dx$ $T(n) = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} dx$ حل روا به باز آن

5 (n) ~,

5-16/10/10 de 6-9/ ١- ١وكى جائبار (مدس ١ انبات با اتؤاد) substitution master theorem del res of _r

$$T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n , T(1) = 0$$

$$= 2\left[2T(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{n}{2}\right] + n$$

$$= 4T(\frac{n}{4}) + n + n$$

$$= 4\left[2T(\frac{n}{8}) + \frac{n}{4}\right] + n + n$$

$$= 8T(\frac{n}{8}) + n + n + n$$

$$= 2^{3}T(\frac{n}{2}) + 3n$$

$$= 2^{k}T(\frac{n}{2k}) + k \cdot n$$

$$T_{1N1} = 2^{k} T(\frac{n}{2^{k}}) + k.n$$
 $\frac{n}{2^{k}} = 1 \implies K = \frac{\log n}{2}$
 $T_{1N2} = 2^{k} \times T(1) + \frac{\log n}{2} \times n$
 $= C.n + n.\log n \in \theta(n \log n)$
 $to n = 1$
 $to n = 1$

$$T(n) \in O(n.9n)$$
?

 $(n) \in O(n.9n)$?

$$T(n) \leqslant C \cdot n \cdot 109 \frac{n}{2}$$

$$T(2) = 2 c' + 2 \leqslant C \cdot 2 \times 109 \frac{2}{2} = 2 \cdot c$$

$$C = 2 c' + 1 \qquad 5 = 1 \sim 10$$

$$N = 2$$

$$(\lambda \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 \sim 10) \sim 10$$

$$\lambda \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \sim 10$$

أو من الواد: $T(n) \leqslant C \cdot N \cdot \log_n n$ -1/5/ 1/56/rese -1/6 $\left(\frac{n}{2} / 2 \right)$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ $\leq 2.0. \frac{N}{2} \log^{n} 2 + N$ $\leq C. N \log^{n_2} + N$

$$T(n) \leq C \cdot n \left(\frac{100}{2} - \frac{100^{2}}{2} \right) + n$$

$$\leq C \cdot n \cdot \frac{100^{2}}{2} - Cn + n$$

$$\leq C \cdot n \cdot \frac{100^{2}}{2} + \left(\frac{n - Cn}{2} \right)$$

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$$(1), (2) = 2$$

$$(2), (2'+1)$$

الرموا مرائع را ما بازنی را اشباه مرس برنم الرفع البات در قود؟ $T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ $-(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ · 5. 0 (n) di 1~ / T(n) < C. n?

$$T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n , T(1) = C'$$

$$F(n) < C, n$$

$$F(n) < C, n$$

$$F(n) < C < n$$

$$F(n) < C' + 1$$

$$F(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + 2 = 2C' + 2 < 2.C$$

$$F(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n < 2C.\frac{n}{2} + n$$

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$$F(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$$

رستاً بام مان صِرَب که رر کم است انبات ود. T(n) & c.n を いっけい T(n) 60(n) 00 00 9 این ت درا

 $f(n) = 2n^{2} + n \in O(n^{2})$ $f(n) = 2n^{2} + n \in O(n^{2})$ C = ? $\forall n \mid n \mid : 2n^{2} + n \in C \cdot n^{2} \implies n = ?$ $(O \Rightarrow \bar{n} \mid -(ii))$

moster theorem (fol vie ing) $T(n) = \alpha T(\frac{n}{L}) + t(n)$ a>,1, b>1 f(n) 60 (n) » (1) 日登》。 T(n) 60(n) 61

$$T(n) \in \Theta(n^{9})^{b}$$
, $l_{9}n) = l_{6}T$

$$f(n) \in \Theta(n^{9})^{b}$$

$$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{9})^{b} + \epsilon$$

$$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{9})^{b}$$

$$f(n) \in \Omega(n^{9})^{b}$$