

## **Cloud Computing**

#### Benefits and Drawbacks

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# Benefits of Cloud Computing



# No up-front commitments

➤IT assets are turned into utility costs, which are paid for as long as they are used, **not paid for up front**.



# Reduced capital and operational cost

Capital costs are costs associated with assets that need to be paid in advance to start a business activity.



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• A server bought today for \$1,000 will have a market value less than its original price when it is eventually replaced by new hardware.

#### **Cloud computing**

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Maintenance costs are significantly reduced.

#### On-demand access

➤ "Users can automatically arrange for cloud computing resources according to their needs and demands, without needing to communicate first with their cloud service provider"



https://www.trendmicro.com/vinfo/id/security/news/security-technology/the-cloud-what-it-is-and-what-it-s-for



#### Scalability

➤ By leveraging the potentially huge capacity of cloud computing, organizations can *extend their IT capability more easily*.



https://www.bluepiit.com/blog/on-demand-scalability-one-of-the-pre-dominant-advantages-of-cloud-migration/



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  - PaaS providers offer runtime environment and programming models designed to scale applications.



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#### Scalability

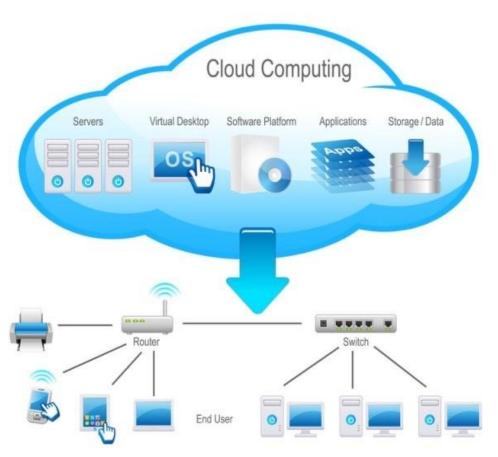
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  - PaaS providers offer runtime environment and programming models designed to scale applications.
  - SaaS offerings can be elastically size on demand without requiring users to provision hardware or to program application for scalability.



https://www.bluepiit.com/blog/on-demand-scalability-one-of-the-pre-dominant-advantages-of-cloud-migration/



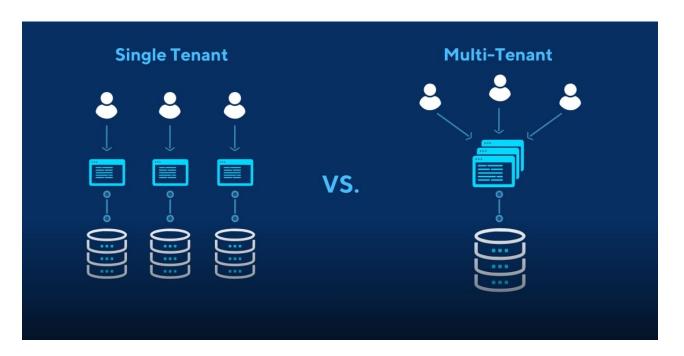
#### Availability of vast cloud resources for every kind of application



https://www.researchgate.net/publication/2 70992697 Network Intrusion Detection in Virtual Network Systems and Countermeas ure\_Selection\_NIDCS/figures?lo=1

#### Efficient resource allocation and energy efficiency

> Multitenancy allows for better utilization of the shared infrastructure that is kept operational and fully active.



https://www.eescorporation.com/multi-tenancy-issues-in-cloud-computing/



### Efficient resource allocation and energy efficiency

The concentration of IT infrastructure and services into large data centers also provides opportunity for considerable optimization in terms of resource allocation and energy efficiency.



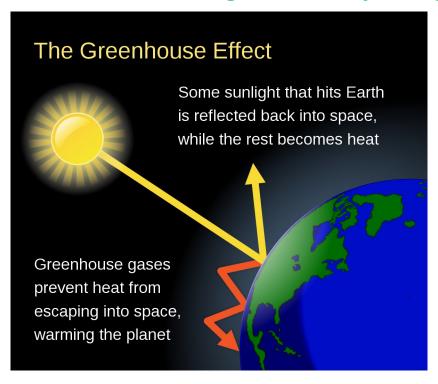
https://blogs.microsoft.com/blog/2021/07/14/made-to-measure-sustainability-commitment-progress-and-updates/



#### Efficient resource allocation and energy efficiency (cont.)

The energy efficiency benefit can eventually lead to a **less** impacting approach on the environment.

Please learn and contribute to green computing.





# Drawbacks of Cloud Computing



# Security and Privacy

- ➤ Organizations *do not own the infrastructure* they use to process data and store information.
  - What if cloud provider is untrusted or malicious?



**Untrusted Environment** 

## Security and Privacy

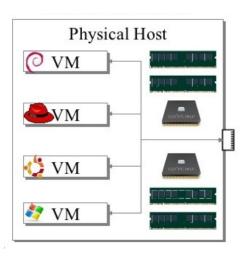
➤ This condition poses challenges for confidential data, which organizations cannot afford to reveal.



https://searchcloudsecurity.techtarget.com/tip/Top-cloud-security-challenges-and-how-to-combat-them

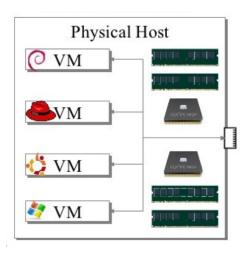
# Performance unpredictability

➤ Virtual Machines (VM) share underlying Physical Machine (PM) resources.

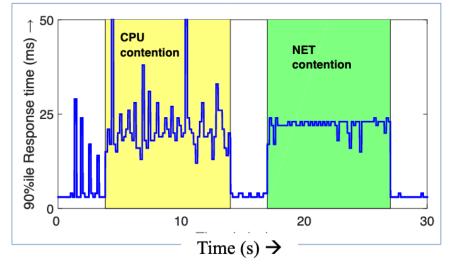


# Performance unpredictability

- ➤ Virtual Machines (VM) share underlying Physical Machine (PM) resources.
- VMs requests might contend for shared resources.



Web application under interference on OpenStack



➤ Interoperability and standardization



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- ➤ Need for a reliable, high-speed network access