8

1.

8.3.

$$A = \left\{a_1, a_2, ..., a_n\right\}.$$

•

· ·

, n- A  $2^n$ 

 $B \subset A$   $b_1b_2...b_j...b_n, \qquad :$ 

$$b_{j} = \begin{cases} 0, \ a_{j} \notin B, \\ 1, \ a_{j} \in B. \end{cases}$$

 $n \hspace{1cm} B$  .

n - A , , n .

.  $M = \left\{a_0, a_1, a_2\right\}$  .  $i - M B_i,$ 

 $i = 1, 2, ..., 2^{|M|}$ 

n

 $b_0b_1b_2 \qquad ,$   $b_j = \begin{cases} 0, \ a_j \notin B, \\ 1, \ a_j \in B. \end{cases}$ 

:

i	$b_0 b_1 b_2$	$B_i$
0	000	Ø
1	001	$a_2$
2	010	$a_1$
3	011	$a_1, a_2$
4	100	$a_0$
5	101	$a_0, a_2$
6	110	$a_0, a_1$
7	111	$a_0, a_1, a_2$

$$2^{M} = \{\emptyset, a_{0}, a_{1}, a_{2}, \{a_{0}, a_{1}\}, \{a_{0}, a_{2}\}, \{a_{1}, a_{2}\}, \{a_{0}, a_{1}, a_{2}\}\}$$

**3.** *n* 

 $b = (b_{n-1}, b_{n-1}, ..., b_1, b_0)$ 

1. b[n],b[n-1], ....,b[1],b[0],

1.  $b[n],b[n-1], \dots,b[1],b[0],$  b[n]:=0.

2. b[i] ,

b[i]=0.3. b[i]:=1, b[j], j< i, b[i], 0.

b[n]

,

```
(1,1,...,1), i=n. b[n]=1
```

**begin Write**(b[n-1], b[n-2],..., b[0]);

i=0; **While** b[i]=1 **do** 

**begin** b[i]:=0;

i:=i+1;

**end;** b[i]:=1;

end;

 $A = \left\{a_0, a_1, ..., a_{n-1}\right\}.$   $a_n \notin A.$   $b \qquad n = 3 \qquad B$ 

 $A = \{a_0, a_1, a_2\}.$ 

 $B \coloneqq \varnothing$ ;
While  $a_n \notin B$  do
begin
Write (B);  $i \coloneqq 0$ ;
While  $a_i \in B$  do
begin  $B \coloneqq B \setminus \{a_i\}$ ;  $i \coloneqq i+1$ ;
end;  $B \coloneqq B \cup \{a_i\}$ ;

 $b^{1} = (0,0,0), B^{1} = \emptyset, i = 1;$   $b^{2} = (0,0,1), B^{2} = \{a_{2}\}, i = 2;$   $b^{3} = (0,1,0), B^{3} = \{a_{1}\}, i = 0;$   $b^{4} = (0,1,1), B^{4} = \{a_{1},a_{2}\}, i = 2;$   $b^{5} = (1,0,0), B^{5} = \{a_{0}\}, i = 0;$   $b^{6} = (1,0,1), B^{6} = \{a_{0},a_{2}\}, i = 1;$   $b^{7} = (1,1,0), B^{7} = \{a_{0},a_{1}\}, i = 0;$   $b^{8} = (1,1,1), B^{8} = \{a_{0},a_{1},a_{2}\}, i = 3.$ 

 $c_i = b_i \oplus b_{i-1}, \qquad , \qquad b_0 = 0$ 

:

i	•		
0	000	$000 \oplus 00 = 000$	000
1	001	$001 \oplus 00 = 001$	001
2	010	$010 \oplus 01 = 011$	011
3	011	$011 \oplus 01 = 010$	010
4	100	$100 \oplus 10 = 110$	110
5	101	$101 \oplus 10 = 111$	111
6	110	$110 \oplus 11 = 101$	101
7	111	$111 \oplus 11 = 100$	100

1. : 00,01,11,10. 2. 00,01,11,10 2 . 0: 000,010,110,100. 2 . 00,01,11,10 10,11,01,00. 2 . 10,11,01,00 1: 101,111,011,001. 2 . .2:

000, 010, 110, 100, 101, 111, 011, 001.

3. .1 , , .2 . n-2 , n-

 $c_1, c_2, c_3, \dots, c_k$  k

,

k+1,

 $A = \left\{a_1, a_2, a_3\right\}$ 

•

i	$b_1 b_2 b_3$	$B_i$
0	000	Ø
1	001	$a_3$
2	011	$a_2, a_3$
3	010	$a_2$
4	110	$a_{1}, a_{2}$
5	111	$a_1, a_2, a_3$
6	101	$a_1, a_3$
7	100	$a_1$

## Program Gray;

## Var

i,M,N:byte;

 $\{N- = 2^N - \}$ 

G:array[1..M] of byte;

## function BinToGray(b:byte):byte;

## begin

BinToGray:=b xor (b shr 1) end;

```
begin (*
 For i:=1 to M do G[i]:=BinToGray(i);
end; (*
 5.
                            k -
                 X = \{1, 2, ..., n\}.
  X .
                                                                                 k,
                                 X.
                                               (a_1,a_2,...,a_k).
 1.
 2.
 (b_1,b_2,...,b_k) = (a_1,...,a_{p-1},a_p+1,a_p+2,...,a_p+k-p+1),
 p = \max \left\{ i \middle| a_i < n - k + 1 \right\}
                                         (b_1,b_2,...,b_k):
 3.
 3. (b_1, b_2, ..., b_k):

(c_1, ..., c_k) = (b_1, ..., b_{p'-1}, b_{p'} + 1, b_{p'} + 2, ..., b_{p'} + k - p' + 1),
 p' = \begin{cases} p-1, & b_k = n, \\ k, & b_k < n \end{cases}
                                                                 k -
                                                                            1234
 begin
                                                                            1235
    For i:=0 to k do A[i]:=i;
                                                                            1236
    p := k;
                                                                            1245
    while p \ge 1 do
                                                                            1246
    begin
                                                                            1256
     write (A[1],...,A[k]);
                                                                            1345
     if A[k]=n then p:=p-1
                                                                            1346
     else p:=k;
                                                                            1356
     If p \ge 1 then
                                                                            1456
     For i:=k downto p do
                                                                            2345
     A[i]:=A[p]+i-p+1;
                                                                            2546
    end;
                                                                            2356
 end;
                                                                            2456
                                   4-
                                                                            3456
                                   {1,...,6},
```

n!

P[1], P[2], ..., P[n].

P[i], i = 1, 2, ..., n

$$\begin{split} P\big[i\big] & P\big[j\big], \ 1 \leq i, j \leq n \\ vrem &:= P\big[i\big], \ P\big[i\big] := P\big[j\big], \ P\big[j\big] := vrem \ , \end{split}$$

vrem –

P[i].

 $\left\{ x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, ..., x_{n} \right\}, \left\{ y_{1}, y_{2}, y_{3}, ..., y_{n} \right\}, ... \\ \left\{ x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, ..., x_{n} \right\} < \left\{ y_{1}, y_{2}, y_{3}, ..., y_{n} \right\} \\ x_{k} \leq y_{k} \quad x_{i} = y_{i} \qquad i < k \, .$ 

 $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_n\}, \{y_1, y_2, y_3, ..., y_n\}, ...$  X.

 $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_n\} < \{y_1, y_2, y_3, ..., y_n\}$ ,  $k: x_k > y_k$   $x_i = y_i$  i < k.

(1,2,...,n). (n,n-1,...,1).  $(x_1,x_2,...,x_n)$   $(y_1,y_2,...,y_n)$  $(y_1,y_2,...,y_n)$ ?

$$x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_i, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_n)$$

$$i, \qquad x_i < x_{i+1}.$$

2. 
$$x_1 > x_2 > ... > x_n, \qquad x = (n, n-1, ..., 1).$$

3. 
$$i$$
,  $x_i < x_{i+1} > x_{i+2} > ... > x_n$ .

$$j$$
  $n$   $i$  ,

$$x_i < x_j$$
.  $i < j$ .

$$x = (x_1, x_2, ..., x_i, x_{i+1}, ..., x_j, ..., x_n)$$

5. 
$$x_i - x_j$$

$$x = (x_1, x_2, ..., x_i, x_{i+1}, ..., x_j, ..., x_n)$$

6. 
$$x_{i+1}, ..., x_{n-1}, x_n$$

7. 
$$y = (y_1, y_2, ..., y_n)$$
.

$$x = (2,6,5,8,7,4,3,1).$$

1. 
$$x_i = 5, \quad x_j = 7.$$

2. 
$$i = 3$$
  $j = 5$ :  $\tilde{x} = (2,6,7,8,5,4,3,2,1)$ 

3. 
$$x_3,...,x_8 \to x_8,...,x_3$$
:  $(8,5,4,3,1) \to (1,3,2,5,8)$ .

$$y = (2,6,7,1,3,4,5,8)$$

$$a[0]=0$$

For 
$$j:=0$$
 to n do  $a[j]:=j;{$  . . . .

```
i:=1;
  while i \neq 0 do
  begin
   write(a[1],a[2],...,a[n]);
   i:=n-1;
                                       a[i]}
   while a[i]>a[i+1] do i:=i-1;
   j:=n;
                                      a[j]
   while a[j] < a[i] do j := j-1;
   Swap(a[i],a[j]);
                                                               }
   k := i+1;
   m:=i+tranc\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right);
   while k≤m do
   begin
    Swap(a[k],a[n-k+i+1]);
    k := k+1;
   end;
  end;
                     n = 3
                                                                              a^k.
a^1 = \{123\}, a^1[i] = 2, a^1[j] = 3;
a^2 = \{132\}, a^2[i] = 1, a^2[i] = 2;
a^3 = \{213\}, a^3[i] = 1, a^3[j] = 3;
a^4 = \{231\}, a^4[i] = 1, a^4[i] = 3;
a^5 = \{312\}, a^5[i] = 1, a^5[j] = 2;
a^6 = \{321\}, i=0;
                                     X = \{1, 2, 3\}
                                                                                            ( )
```

	( )	( )
1	1 2 3	1 2 3
2	1 3 2	2 1 3
3	2 1 3	1 3 2
4	2 3 1	3 1 2
5	3 1 2	2 3 1
6	3 2 1	3 2 1

$$n$$
 $k$ 
 $n$ 
 $k n A = \{1, 2, ..., n\}.$ 

```
: \{1,2,...,k\}.
                              : (n-k+1, n-k+2, ..., n-1, n).
                               a = (a_1, a_2, ..., a_k)
b = (a_1, ..., a_{m-1}, a_m + 1, a_m + 2, ..., a_m + k - m + 1),
     m = \max \left\{ i \left| a_i < n - k + i, 1 \le i \le k \right. \right\}.
b_i = \begin{cases} a_i, & 1 \le i < m, \\ a_m + i - m + 1, & m \le i \le k, \end{cases} \qquad m = \begin{cases} m - 1, & b_k = n, \\ k, & b_k < n. \end{cases}
                                                       k
                                                 n
                                                                   123
                                                                   124
                                                                   125
Var p,i,k,n,m:integer;
      a: Array [0..19] of Integer;
                                                                   134
begin
                                                                   135
  For i:=1 to k do a[i]:=i;
                                                                   145
  If k=n then p:=1 else p:=k;
                                                                   234
 while p>=1 do
                                                                   235
 begin
                                                                   245
   For m:=1 to k do write(a[m]);
                                                                   345
   writeln('');
   if a[k]=n then p:=p-1 else p:=k;
   if p>=1 then
   for i:=k downto p do
```

5 3,

:

a[i] := a[p] + i - p + 1;

end; end.

```
=(5, 1, 1),
(1.5, 2.1)
(1.5, 1.2)
               =(5, 2),
               =(6, 1),
(1.6, 1.1)
(1.7)
               =(7).
8.
                                                         O(n \log n)
1.
2.
                        Quick Sort
                               . Quick Sort ) -
                                                :
                                          », «
                                                                           ».
                                      «
                                                                             ».
                                                    «
   1.
```

```
— L
                              R,
       1.
                                            M.
       2.
       3.
                 L
                                                                L-
       4.
                 R
                                                                R-
               R=L —
       5.
              L < R —
       6.
                                                          R,
                                                      L
                                                                 (L
              R)
                                                                  M
                       R-
                               L-
  3.
  4.
                          Quick Sort
                                          Pascal.
program Quick_Sort;
   var A:array[1..100] of integer;
   N,i: integer;
{
  procedure QSort(L,R:integer);
  var M,X,y,i,j:integer;
  begin
   M=(L+R) div 2;
   X := A[M];
   i:=L; j:=R;
   while i<=j do</pre>
    begin
     while A[i]<X do i:=i+1;</pre>
```

```
while A[j] > X do j := j-1;
         if i<=j then</pre>
         begin
              y := A[i]; A[i] := A[j]; A[j] := y;
              i := i+1; j := j-1;
           end;
     end;
     if L<j then QSort(L,j);</pre>
     if i<R then QSort(i,R);</pre>
  end;
  begin
   write('
                                                  ′);
    read(N);
    for i:=1 to n do read(A[i]);
   QSort(1,n); {
                                                                n- }
    for i:=1 to n do write(A[i],' ');
  end.
8.2.
                                                quickSort.
                                                    A[left]...A[mid]
        Merge
A[mid+1]...A[right]
                                                      A[left]...A[right].
                                   37824615...
                            Массив разделен до последовательностей длины один
                     1 5
     3 7
           2 8
                4 6
                            Слияние до упорядоченных пар
                            Слияние пар в упорядоченные четверки
      2 3 7 8
                 1 4 5 6
                            Слияние четверок в общий массив
       1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
```

merge.

```
Program MrgeSort;
Var A,B : array[1..1000] of integer;
    N : integer;
Procedure Merge(left,right : integer);
Var mid,i,j,k : integer;
Begin
 mid:=(left+right) div 2;
 i:=left;
 j:=mid+1;
 for k:=left to right do
 if (i<=mid) and ((j>right) or (A[i]<A[j])) then</pre>
 begin
   B[k] := A[i];
   i := i+1;
 end else
 begin
   B[k] := A[j];
   j := j+1;
 end;
 for k:=left to right do A[k]:=B[k];
End;
{left,right -
Procedure Sort(left,right : integer);
Begin
                                                     }
 if left<right then</pre>
 begin
 mid:=(left+right) div 2
  Sort(left,mid);
  Sort((mid + 1, right);
  Merge(left,right);
 end;
End;
Begin
                                                         }
 {
                                A - N
                                }
 Sort(1,N);
                                   A
End.
```

```
merge (
   Α
     В
                            Α
                              В
 }
 }
   }
          T(n) = 2T(n/2) + Theta(n).
       : T(n) = n \log n - ". ,
                           Theta(n) .
             MergeSort
               )
  8.3.
         (
                           ),
```

, 1,

1023, 511 ,

- 255. , 1023 10 .

