

## Problem 8

### Budget Travel

An American travel agency is sometimes asked to estimate the minimum cost of traveling from one city to another by automobile. The travel agency maintains lists of many of the gasoline stations along the popular routes. The list contains the location and the current price per gallon of gasoline for each station on the list.

In order to simplify the process of estimating this cost, the agency uses the following rules of thumb about the behavior of automobile drivers.

- A driver never stops at a gasoline station when the gasoline tank contains more than half of its capacity unless the car cannot get to the following station (if there is one) or the destination with the amount of gasoline in the tank.
- A driver always fills the gasoline tank completely at every gasoline station stop.
- When stopped at a gasoline station, a driver will spend \$2.00 on snacks and goodies for the trip.
- A driver needs no more gasoline than necessary to reach a gasoline station or the city limits of the destination.
- A driver always begins with a full tank of gasoline.
- The amount paid at each stop is rounded to the nearest cent (where 100 cents make a dollar).

You must write a program that estimates the minimum amount of money that a driver will pay for gasoline and snacks to make the trip.

### Input

Input will consist of several lines of information. The first 2 lines give information about the origin and destination. The remaining lines of the data set represent the gasoline stations along the route, with one line per gasoline station. The following shows the exact format and meaning of the input data.

Line 1: One real number N the distance from the origin to the destination

Line 2: Three real numbers followed by an integer

- The first real number is the gallon capacity of the automobile's fuel tank.
- The second is the miles per gallon that the automobile can travel.
- The third is the cost in dollars of filling the automobile's tank in the origination city.
- The integer (less than 51) is the number of gasoline stations along the route.

Each remaining line: Two real numbers

- The first is the distance in miles from the origination city to the gasoline station.
- The second is the price (in cents) per gallon of gasoline sold at that station.

All data will be positive. Gasoline stations along a route are arranged in nondescending order of distance from the origin. No gasoline station along the route is further from the origin than the distance from the origin to the destination. There are always enough stations appropriately placed along the each route for any car to be able to get from the origin to the destination.

## Output

Output should consist of the minimum total cost of the gasoline and snacks rounded to the nearest cent. That total cost must include the initial cost of filling the tank at the origin.

## Sample input

```
475.6
11.9 27.4 14.98 6
102.0 99.9
220.0 132.9
256.3 147.9
275.0 102.9
277.6 112.9
381.8 100.9
```

## Sample output

```
$27.31
```

## Sample input (2)

```
516.3
15.7 22.1 20.87 3
125.4 125.9
297.9 112.9
345.2 99.9
```

## Sample output (2)

```
$38.09
```