

SHUSHRUT KUMAR  
RA1811028010049  
COMPILER DESIGN LAB EXP5

## **FIRST AND FOLLOW**

**AIM:** To write a program to perform first and follow using any language.

### **ALGORITHM:**

#### **For computing the first:**

1. If X is a terminal then  $\text{FIRST}(X) = \{X\}$

Example:  $F \rightarrow I \mid id$

We can write it as  $\text{FIRST}(F) \rightarrow \{ (, id )$

2. If X is a non-terminal like  $E \rightarrow T$  then to get  $\text{FIRST}(E)$  substitute T with other productions until you get a terminal as the first symbol

3. If  $X \rightarrow \epsilon$  then add  $\epsilon$  to  $\text{FIRST}(X)$ .

#### **For computing the follow:**

1. Always check the right side of the productions for a non-terminal, whose FOLLOW set is being found. (never see the left side).

2. (a) If that non-terminal (S,A,B...) is followed by any terminal (a,b...,\*,+,(),...) , then add that terminal into the FOLLOW set.

(b) If that non-terminal is followed by any other non-terminal then add  $\text{FIRST}$  of other nonterminal into the FOLLOW set.

**CODE :**

```
import re
import string
import pandas as pd

def parse(user_input,start_symbol,parsingTable):

    #flag
    flag = 0

    #appending dollar to end of input
    user_input = user_input + "$"

    stack = []

    stack.append("$")
    stack.append(start_symbol)

    input_len = len(user_input)
    index = 0

    while len(stack) > 0:

        #element at top of stack
        top = stack[len(stack)-1]

        print ("Top =>",top)

        #current input
```

```
current_input = user_input[index]
```

```
print ("Current_Input => ",current_input)
```

```
if top == current_input:
```

```
    stack.pop()
```

```
    index = index + 1
```

```
else:
```

```
    #finding value for key in table
```

```
    key = top , current_input
```

```
    print (key)
```

```
    #top of stack terminal => not accepted
```

```
    if key not in parsingTable:
```

```
        flag = 1
```

```
        break
```

```
    value = parsingTable[key]
```

```
    if value != '@':
```

```
        value = value[::-1]
```

```
        value = list(value)
```

```
    #popping top of stack
```

```
    stack.pop()
```

```
    #push value chars to stack
```

```
    for element in value:
```

```
        stack.append(element)
```

```
else:
```

```
    stack.pop()
```

```

if flag == 0:
    print ("String accepted!")
else:
    print ("String not accepted!")

```

```

def ll1(follow, productions):

```

```

    print ("\nParsing Table\n")

```

```

    table = {}

```

```

    for key in productions:

```

```

        for value in productions[key]:

```

```

            if value!='@':

```

```

                for element in first(value, productions):

```

```

                    table[key, element] = value

```

```

            else:

```

```

                for element in follow[key]:

```

```

                    table[key, element] = value

```

```

    for key,val in table.items():

```

```

        print (key,"=>",val)

```

```

    new_table = {}

```

```

    for pair in table:

```

```

        new_table[pair[1]] = {}

```

```

    for pair in table:

```

```

        new_table[pair[1]][pair[0]] = table[pair]

```

```

print ("\n")
print ("\nParsing Table in matrix form\n")
print (pd.DataFrame(new_table).fillna('-'))
print ("\n")

```

```

return table

```

```

def follow(s, productions, ans):

```

```

    if len(s)!=1 :
        return {}

```

```

    for key in productions:

```

```

        for value in productions[key]:

```

```

            f = value.find(s)

```

```

            if f!=-1:

```

```

                if f==(len(value)-1):

```

```

                    if key!=s:

```

```

                        if key in ans:

```

```

                            temp = ans[key]

```

```

                        else:

```

```

                            ans = follow(key, productions, ans)

```

```

                            temp = ans[key]

```

```

                        ans[s] = ans[s].union(temp)

```

```

                    else:

```

```

                        first_of_next = first(value[f+1:], productions)

```

```

                        if '@' in first_of_next:

```

```

                            if key!=s:

```

```

                                if key in ans:

```

```

                                    temp = ans[key]

```

```

else:
    ans = follow(key, productions, ans)
    temp = ans[key]
    ans[s] = ans[s].union(temp)
    ans[s] = ans[s].union(first_of_next) - {'@'}

else:
    ans[s] = ans[s].union(first_of_next)

return ans

def first(s, productions):
    c = s[0]
    ans = set()
    if c.isupper():
        for st in productions[c]:
            if st == '@' :
                if len(s)!=1 :
                    ans = ans.union( first(s[1:], productions) )
                else :
                    ans = ans.union('@')
            else :
                f = first(st, productions)
                ans = ans.union(x for x in f)
    else:
        ans = ans.union(c)
    return ans

if __name__=="__main__":
    productions=dict()
    grammar = open("grammar2", "r")
    first_dict = dict()
    follow_dict = dict()

```

```

flag = 1
start = ""
for line in grammar:
    l = re.split("(->|\n|\\|)*", line)
    lhs = l[0]
    rhs = set(l[1:-1]) - {""}
    if flag :
        flag = 0
        start = lhs
    productions[lhs] = rhs

print ('\nFirst\n')
for lhs in productions:
    first_dict[lhs] = first(lhs, productions)
for f in first_dict:
    print (str(f) + " : " + str(first_dict[f]))
print ("")

print ('\nFollow\n')

for lhs in productions:
    follow_dict[lhs] = set()

follow_dict[start] = follow_dict[start].union('$')

for lhs in productions:
    follow_dict = follow(lhs, productions, follow_dict)

for lhs in productions:
    follow_dict = follow(lhs, productions, follow_dict)

```

```

for f in follow_dict:
    print (str(f) + " : " + str(follow_dict[f]))

ll1Table = ll1(follow_dict, productions)

#parse("a*(a+a)",start,ll1Table)
parse("ba=a+23",start,ll1Table)

# tp(ll1Table)

```

### OUTPUT :

```

Enter the productions(type 'end' at the last of the production)
E->TD
D->+TD
D->e
T->FG
G->*FG
G->e
F->I
F->i
end
E      +ei      #
D      +e      #*e
T      +ei      +e
G      *e      +e
F      +ei      *e

```

**RESULT:** The FIRST and FOLLOW sets of the non-terminals of a grammar were found successfully using python language.