

Pitfalls

Concurrent and Distributed Devices
(CDD101)



Race Conditions

- Two or more threads perform operations on the same location at the same time
- Sequential Consistency may not be guaranteed!
 - System may reorder operations!
- Task A
 - $X=1$
 - $a=Y$
- Task B
 - $Y=1$
 - $b=X$



Mutual Exclusions and Locks

- Locks are a last resort
- Use to protect logical invariants not memory locations



Deadlock

- Avoid Mutexes where possible
- Hold at most one lock at a time
 - Never call someone else's code while holding a lock unless you are sure they never acquire a lock
- Always acquire multiple locks in the same order
 - Stratify the mutexes
 - Sort mutexes
 - Backoff



Strangled Scaling

- Each Mutex is a potential bottleneck
 - More threads means more contention
- Fine grained locking helps
- Atomic Operations can also be helpful



Lack of Locality

- Temporal Locality
 - The core is likely to access the same location again in the near future
- Spatial Locality
 - The core is likely to access nearby locations in the near future
- Once the cache is full use everything in it before using anything else!
- Try use Cache Oblivious algorithms



Load Imbalance

- Uneven distribution of work accross workers
- Over-decomposition
 - Divide the work into more tasks than there are workers



Overhead

- If tasks are too small then overhead per task is too large
- Watch arithmetic intensity!
 - Ratio of arithmetic operations per memory access

