

SubnationalCRVS Demo

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1 Set up

```
#library(devtools)
#install_github("jroth-unfpa/SubnationalCRVS")
library(SubnationalCRVS)
library(dplyr)
my_plots_dir <- "Plots/"
dir.create(my_plots_dir)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
```

2 View the first few rows of the data

```
head(ecuador_age_tabulation)
```

```
##   province_name province_name_short sex age pop1 pop2   date1   date2
## 1      Azuay      Azu    m    0 6086 6750 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
## 2      Azuay      Azu    m    1 6555 6984 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
```

```
## 3      Azuay      Azu  m  2 7232 7090 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
## 4      Azuay      Azu  m  3 7101 7095 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
## 5      Azuay      Azu  m  4 7083 6961 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
## 6      Azuay      Azu  m  5 6583 6895 2001-11-25 2010-11-28
```

```
head(example_data_ecuador)
```

```
##  province_name province_name_short sex age  pop1  pop2 deaths    date1
## 1      Azuay      Azu  m  0 34101 34886    772 2001-11-25
## 2      Azuay      Azu  m 10 34946 38125    223 2001-11-25
## 3      Azuay      Azu  m 15 32387 37611    416 2001-11-25
## 4      Azuay      Azu  m 20 25634 33665    480 2001-11-25
## 5      Azuay      Azu  m 25 18606 28376    475 2001-11-25
## 6      Azuay      Azu  m 30 16193 22026    456 2001-11-25
##      date2
## 1 2010-11-28
## 2 2010-11-28
## 3 2010-11-28
## 4 2010-11-28
## 5 2010-11-28
## 6 2010-11-28
```

3 Conduct DDQA

3.1 Sex ratio

```
s <- PlotSexRatios(data=example_data_ecuador,
                    name.disaggregations="province_name",
                    name.males="m",
                    name.females="f",
                    name.age="age",
                    name.sex="sex",
                    name.date1="date1",
                    name.date2="date2",
                    name.population.year1="pop1",
                    name.population.year2="pop2",
                    line.size.overall=0.6,
                    print.disaggregated=FALSE,
                    print.overall=FALSE,
                    plots.dir="Plots/")
```

3.1.1 View sex ratios in table

```
s %>% select(province_name, age, pop1, pop2, sex_ratio_1, sex_ratio_2) %>%
  head()
```

```
##  province_name age  pop1  pop2 sex_ratio_1 sex_ratio_2
## 1      Azuay    0 33491 33876    101.82138    102.98146
```

```
## 2      Azuay  10 34975 37366    99.91708  102.03126
## 3      Azuay  15 34181 37215    94.75147  101.06409
## 4      Azuay  20 31000 35753    82.69032   94.15993
## 5      Azuay  25 23844 32054    78.03221   88.52561
## 6      Azuay  30 21317 26520    75.96285   83.05430
```

3.1.2 View sex ratios in combined plot

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "sex_ratios_combined_province_name_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

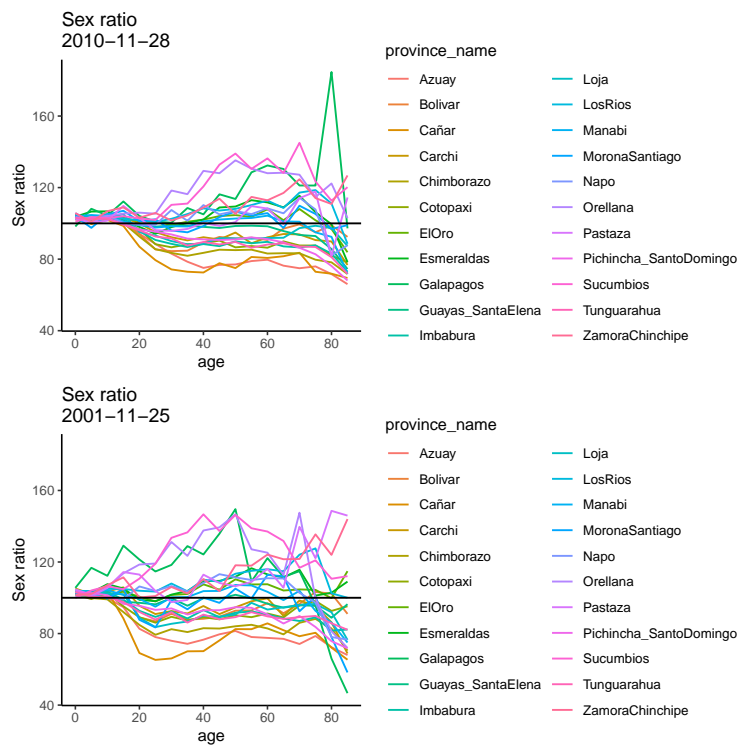


Figure 1: Sex ratios in Ecuador by province, combined plot

3.1.3 View sex ratios in disaggregated plots

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "sex_ratios_by_province_name_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

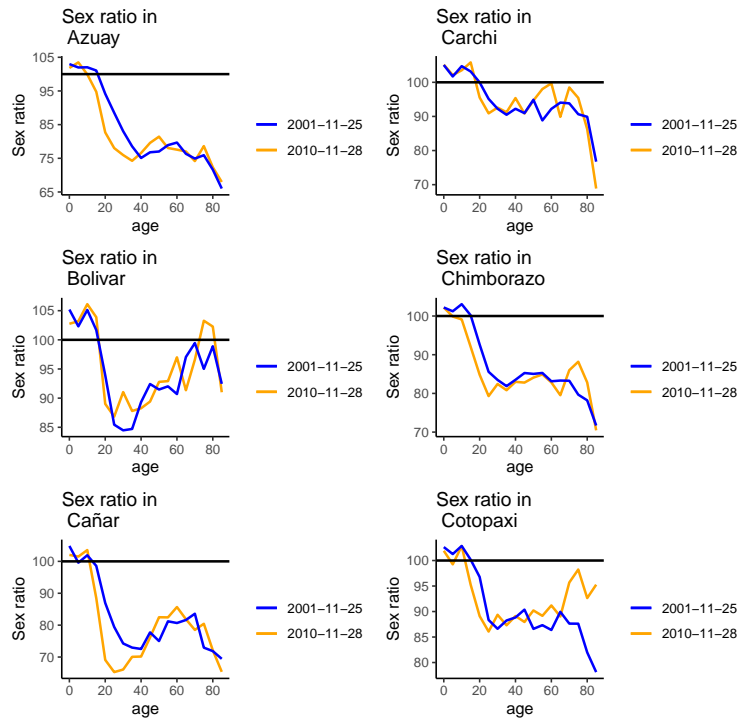


Figure 2: Sex ratios in Ecuador by province, disaggregated plots

3.2 Age ratios

```
a <- PlotAgeRatios(data=example_data_ecuador,
  name.disaggregations="province_name",
  name.males="m",
  name.females="f",
  name.age="age",
  name.sex="sex",
  name.date1="date1",
  name.date2="date2",
  name.population.year1="pop1",
  name.population.year2="pop2",
  line.size.overall=0.6,
  print.disaggregated=FALSE,
  print.overall=FALSE,
  plots.dir="Plots/")
```

3.2.1 View age ratios in table

```
a %>% select(province_name, age, pop1, pop2, age_ratio_1, age_ratio_2) %>%
  head()
```

```
## province_name age pop1 pop2 age_ratio_1 age_ratio_2
```

```
## 1      Azuay    0 33491 33876      NA      NA
## 2      Azuay    5 33817 35701    98.78480 100.2246
## 3      Azuay   10 34975 37366   102.87067 102.4905
## 4      Azuay   15 34181 37215   103.61804 101.7930
## 5      Azuay   20 31000 35753   106.85050 103.2294
## 6      Azuay   25 23844 32054    91.15202 102.9467
```

3.2.2 View age ratios in combined plot

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "age_ratios_combined_province_name_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

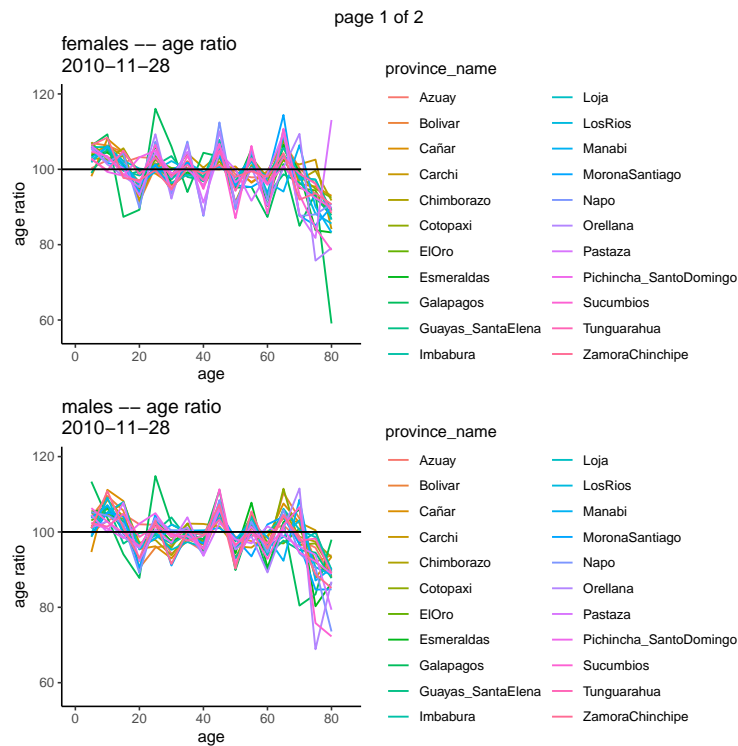


Figure 3: Age ratios in Ecuador by province, combined plot

3.2.3 View age ratios in disaggregated plots

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "age_ratios_by_province_name_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

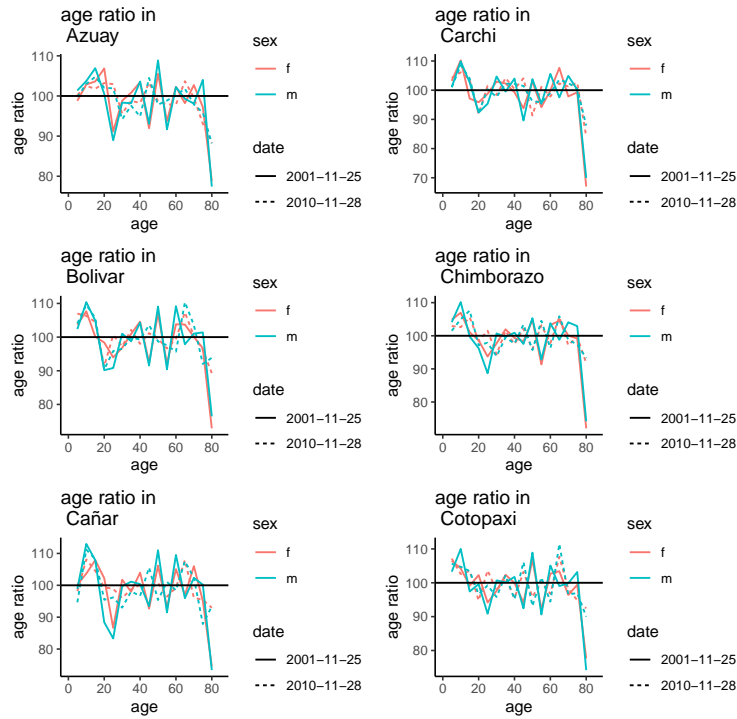


Figure 4: Age ratios in Ecuador by province, disaggregated plots

3.3 Potential age heaping

```
PlotPotentialAgeHeaping(data=ecuador_age_tabulation,
  name.disaggregations="province_name",
  name.males="m",
  name.females="f",
  name.age="age",
  name.sex="sex",
  name.date1="date1",
  name.date2="date2",
  name.population.year1="pop1",
  name.population.year2="pop2",
  print.disaggregated=FALSE,
  print.overall=FALSE,
  plots.dir="Plots/")
```

3.3.1 View potential age heaping in combined plot

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
  "potential_age_heaping_combined_province_name_",
  Sys.Date(),
  ".pdf"))
```

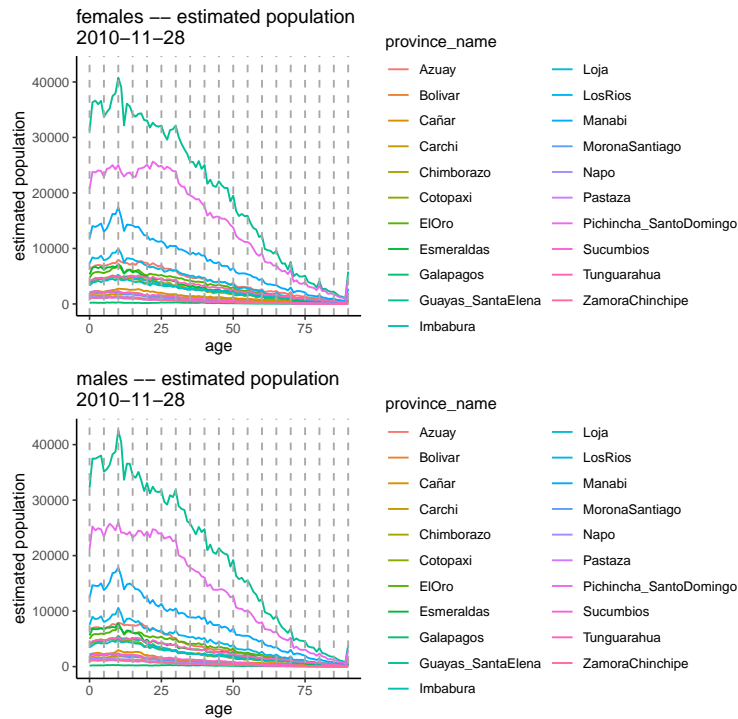


Figure 5: Population counts in Ecuador by single-year age, combined plot

3.3.2 View potential age heaping in disaggregated plots

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "potential_age_heaping_by_province_name_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

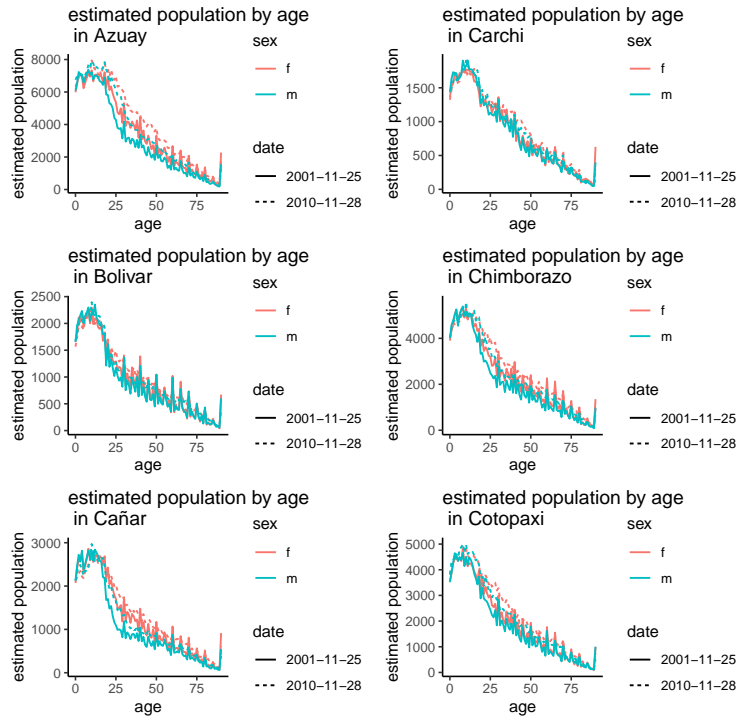


Figure 6: Population counts in Ecuador by single-year age, disaggregated plots

3.4 Age heaping indices

```
ageheaping <- PlotAgeHeapingScores(data=ecuador_age_tabulation,
                                   name.disaggregations="province_name_short",
                                   name.males="m",
                                   name.females="f",
                                   name.age="age",
                                   name.sex="sex",
                                   name.date1="date1",
                                   name.date2="date2",
                                   name.population.year1="pop1",
                                   name.population.year2="pop2",
                                   print.plots=FALSE,
                                   plots.dir="Plots/")
```

3.4.1 View age heaping indices in table

```
head(ageheaping)
```

```
## province_name_short      date sex roughness Whipple Myers
## 1          Azu 2001-11-25   f    0.41    1.18  4.21
## 2          Bol 2001-11-25   f    0.91    1.37  7.39
## 3          Cañ 2001-11-25   f    0.69    1.22  4.89
```



```
## 4          Car 2001-11-25  f      0.38    1.18  3.75
## 5          Chi 2001-11-25  f      0.34    1.25  5.44
## 6          Cot 2001-11-25  f      0.34    1.27  5.99
```

3.4.2 View age heaping indices in plots

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "age_heaping_scores_combined_province_name_short_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

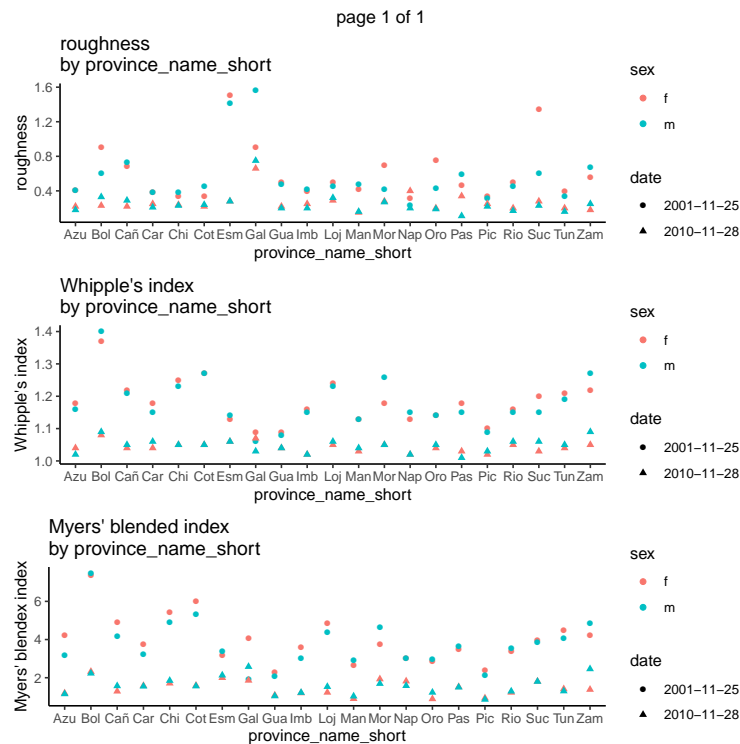


Figure 7: Age heaping indices in Ecuador by province

4 DDM estimation

4.1 Compute DDM estimates

```
dmd_results <- EstimateDDM(data=example_data_ecuador,
                             name.disaggregations="province_name_short",
                             name.age="age",
                             name.sex="sex",
                             name.males="m",
                             name.females="f",
                             name.date1="date1",
```

```

name.date2="date2",
name.population.year1="pop1",
name.population.year2="pop2",
name.deaths="deaths",
deaths.summed=TRUE,
min.age.in.search=15,
max.age.in.search=75,
min.number.of.ages=8)

```

```
## [1] "performing DDM estimation within each of 21 possible age ranges..."
```

4.1.1 View DDM point estimates in table

```
head(ddm_results$ddm_estimates)
```

##	cod	sex	ggbseg	ggb	seg	lower_age_range	upper_age_range
## 1	Azu	Females	0.6690215	0.9869457	0.8062717	15	50
## 2	Azu	Males	0.7268026	1.0688804	0.9169165	15	50
## 3	Bol	Females	0.7128565	0.9876368	0.7200723	20	60
## 4	Bol	Males	0.7427068	0.9553584	0.7963881	25	60
## 5	Cañ	Females	0.6188313	0.9981219	0.5754533	20	55
## 6	Cañ	Males	0.7085910	0.9534686	0.7923367	15	50

4.1.2 View age-range sensitivity of DDM point estimates in table

```
head(ddm_results$sensitivity_ddm_estimates)
```

##	cod	sex	ggbseg	ggb	seg	lower_age_range	upper_age_range
## 1	Azu	Females	0.6104842	0.9869457	0.8112473	15	50
## 2	Azu	Females	0.6387823	0.8742469	0.8089535	15	55
## 3	Azu	Females	0.6293945	0.8566154	0.8057450	20	55
## 4	Azu	Females	0.6690215	0.8292898	0.8062717	15	60
## 5	Azu	Females	0.6607905	0.8151276	0.8031217	20	60
## 6	Azu	Females	0.6505367	0.7836742	0.8012668	25	60

4.2 Plot DDM estimates

```

PlotDDM(ddm_results=ddm_results,
        plots.dir="Plots/")

```

4.2.1 View DDM point estimates in plot

```

knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "ddm_point_estimates_combined_province_name_short_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))

```

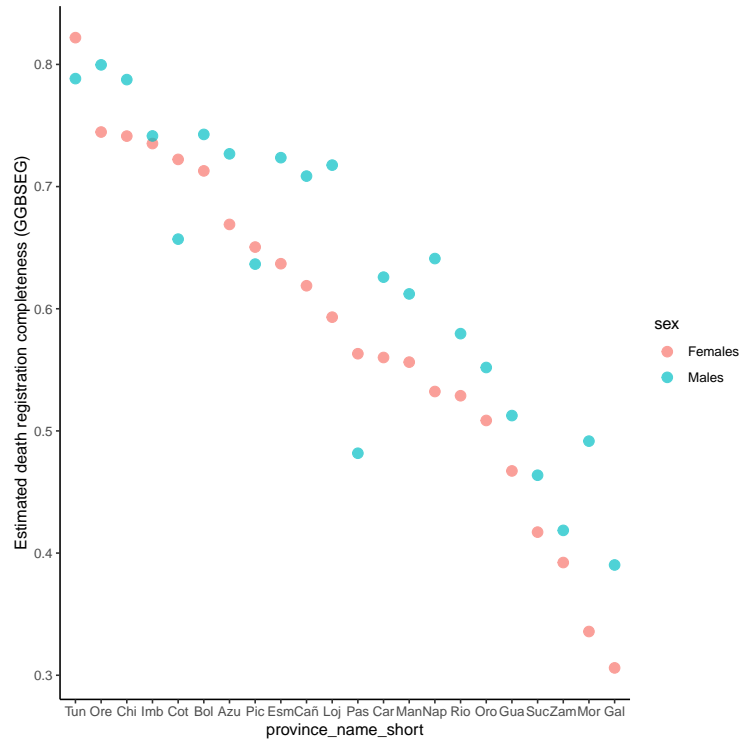


Figure 8: Point estimates of death registration completeness in Ecuador from 2001-2010, using the GGB-SEG method

4.2.2 View sensitivity of DDM point estimates in plot

```
knitr::include_graphics(path=paste0(my_plots_dir,
                                     "ddm_sensitivity_province_name_short_",
                                     Sys.Date(),
                                     ".pdf"))
```

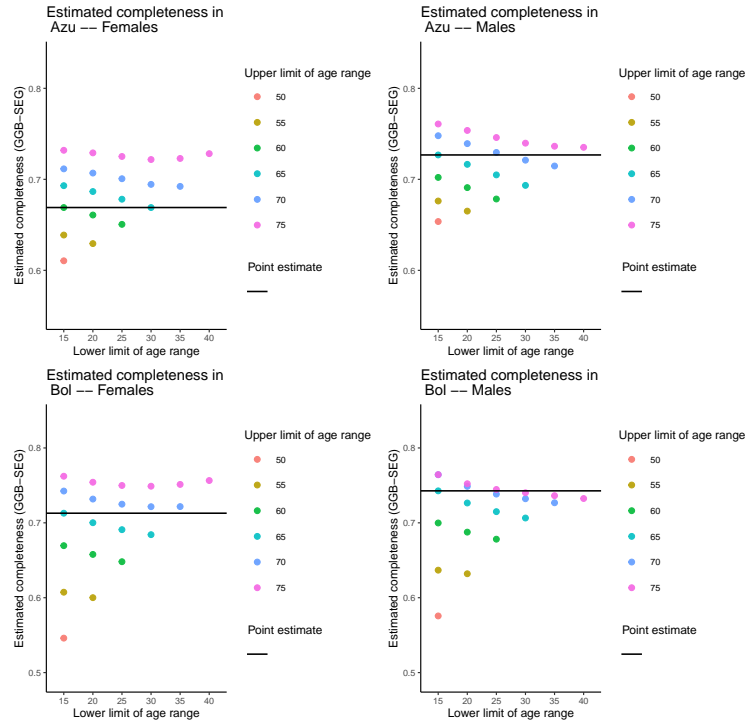


Figure 9: Sensitivity of point estimates of death registration completeness in Ecuador from 2001-2010 to choice of age-range parameter in the GGB-SEG method