#### Homework 2

### R5.1

a.

k was not less than n. Therefore:

$$n = 1, k = 2, and r = 1$$

b.

n was indeed less than k. Therefore:

$$n = 1, k = 2, r = 2$$

c.

r was not less than k. Therefore:

$$n = 1, k = 1, r = 2$$

d.

r was not less than n + k. Therefore:

$$n = 1, k = 6, r = 3$$

#### R5.12

### Tracing the algorithm with an appointment of 10-12 and one from 11-13:

$$start1 = 10$$
,  $start2 = 11$   
end1 = 12, end2 = 13

First if statement:

start1 is not greater than start2, so s = start2 is executed.

$$s = 11$$

Second if statement:

end1 is indeed less than end2, therefore e = end1 is executed.

$$e = 12$$

Third if statement:

s is indeed less than e.

Therefore, the appointments overlap.

### Tracing the algorithm with an appointment of 10-11 and one from 12-13.

$$start1 = 10$$
,  $start2 = 12$   
end1 = 11, end2 = 13

First if statement:

start1 is not greater than start2, so s = start2 is executed.

$$s = 12$$

# Second if statement:

end1 is indeed less than end2, so e = end1 is executed.

e = 11

### Third if statement:

s is not less than e.

Therefore, the appointments do not overlap.

# R5.16

Tracing Algorithm with 6-8 and 4-9			
Condition	True/False	Value	
If start1 > start2	True	s = start1 = 6	
If end1 < end2	True	e = end1 = 8	
If s < e	True	Appointments Overlap	

Tracing Algorithm with 8-12 and 5-10			
Condition	True/False	Value	
If start1 > start2	True	s = start1 = 6	
If end1 < end2	False	e = end2 = 10	
If $s < e$	True	Appointments Overlap	

Tracing Algorithm with 3-16 and 5-12			
Condition	True/False	Value	
If start1 > start2	False	s = start2 = 5	
If end1 < end2	False	e = end2 = 12	
If $s < e$	True	Appointments Overlap	

Tracing Algorithm with 6-10 and 11-12				
Condition	True/False	Value		
If start1 > start2	False	s = start2 = 11		
If end1 < end2	True	e = end1 = 10		
If $s < e$	False	Appointments do not overlap		