





Attempt

Attempt 1	
-----------	--

## Attempt 1

Connor Brown (Id: 028687730)

Available until Oct 23, 2020 9:30 AM

Written: Oct 15, 2020 1:06 PM - Oct 15, 2020 2:39 PM

**Quizzes Event Log** 

**Timing** 

Time Spent: 1:32:53

Recommended Time Limit: 3:00:00. Not exceeded

# **Grading Feedback**

Auto-Grade

Final Score \*

3 / 75

**Student View Preview** 

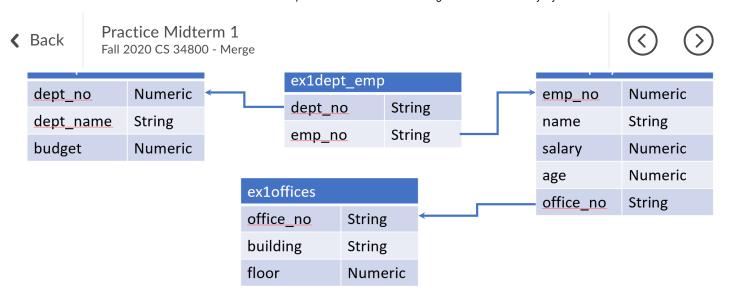
3 / 75 - 4 %

Attempt Feedback



## **Quiz Results**

**SQL** and Relational Algebra Queries



### Expand section feedback

#### Question 1

(SQL) For each department, list the department number, name, and the average salary for the department employees. An example output when running the query on the supplied data set:

dept_no	dept_name	avg(salary)
1	Accounting	80000.00000
2	Research and Development	89000.00000
3	Facilities	86000.00000

Select d1.dept\_no, d1.dept\_name, avg(salary) From ex1departments d1 join ex1dept\_emp de1 join ex1employees e1 Where d1.dept\_no = de1.dept\_no AND de1.emp\_no = e1.emp\_no

Group by de1.dept\_no;

Save Time

2:39 PM

#### Score

/ 10 (not auto-graded: a default value of 0 was assigned)

## **Expand question feedback**

### **Question 2**



From ex1employees);





office_no	building	floor	avg_age
ABC 213	ABC	2	36.0000

Select o1.office\_no, building, floor, avg(age) as avg\_age From ex1offices o1 join ex1employees e1 Where o1.office\_no = e1.office\_no Group by o1.office\_no Having avg\_age < (Select avg(age)

Save Time

2:39 PM

-				
•	-	$\sim$	r	$^{\circ}$
~	٧.	u		C

/ 10 (not auto-graded: a default value of 0 was assigned

## **Expand question feedback**

#### **Question 3**

(SQL) list department number, name, and budget for departments whose total employee salaries exceeds (is greater than) one tenth (1/10) of the department budget.

An example output when running the query on the supplied data set:

dept_no	dept_name	budget	
2	Research and Development	2000000.00	
3	Facilities	1500000.00	

Select de1.dept\_no, dept\_name, budget

From ex1dept\_emp de1 join ex1employees e1 join ex1departments d1

Where de1.dept\_no = d1.dept\_no and e1.emp\_no = de1.emp\_no

Group by de1.dept\_no

Having Sum(salary) > budget/10;

Save Time

2:39 PM







## Expand question feedback

#### **Question 4**

Using the union operator, write a relational algebra query to find the names of employees who work in both the Accounting and Research-and-Development departments. Write your relational algebra on paper (or use your favorite tool), take a photo (or scan) your solution, and upload the solution using the add-file button below.

EmpInAcc <- Theta(dept\_name = 'Accounting') (ex1employees) Join (ex1dept\_emp) Join</pre> (ex1departments)

EmpInRnD <- Theta(dept\_name = 'Research and Development') (ex1employees) Join (ex1dept\_emp) Join (ex1departments)

BothDeps <- EmpInAcc Union EmpInRnD

Result <- Pi(name) (BothDeps)

**Save Time** 

2:39 PM

Score

Publish

Save Draft



### > Expand question feedback

#### **Question 5**

Consider relations r(A B C) and s(D E F). The leftyjoin of r with s on r.C = s.D. written:  $r Y_{r,C=s,D}$  s consists of every tuple in r that joins with at least one tuple in s. For example, if r and s are given as:

r(	A	В	C )	s	( D	E	F_)
	al	b1	c1		c1	e1	fl
	a1	b1	c2		с3	el	f2
	a2	b1	с3		<b>c</b> 3	e2	f2
	a2	b2	¢2		c4	e2	f1
					c5	e1	£2







- a2 b1 **c3**
- a. Compute s  $Y_{r,C=s,D}$  r Write your answer in the text box below.
- b. Show how leftyjoin can be computed by the relational algebra operators we already have (select, project, cross product, join, union, intersect, difference). Use the text box below to write your answer (including a description of any relational algebra you may want to use).

a,

(D E F)

c1 e1 f1

c3 e1 f2

c3 e2 f2

b.

PI(D,E,F) Theta(r.C = s.D) (r) Join (s)

**Save Time** 

2:39 PM

Score



**Expand question feedback** 

**True and False Questions** 

**Expand section feedback** 

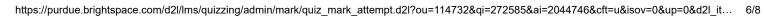
#### **Question 6**

A table can have multiple keys.





Score
0 / 1 (auto-graded)
Expand question feedback
Question 7
We can always update a view.
True
<b>✓</b> False
Save Time
2:39 PM
Score  1 / 1 (auto-graded)
Expand question feedback
Question 8
Unknown AND (TRUE OR FALSE) = TRUE
True
✓ False
Save Time
2:39 PM
Score
1 / 1 (auto-graded)









### **Question 9**

Having a private data center costs about the same as paying to use cloud resources.

True
<b>✓</b> False
Save Time
2:39 PM
Score
1 / 1 (auto-graded

Expand question feedback

### **Question 10**

When transforming an ERD to a relational schema, a many-to-many relationship set in ERD between entity sets e1 and e2 translates to adding the primary key of e1 in the table that represents e2 and vice versa.

× True	2
→   Fals	е
Save Time	
2:39 PM	
Score	
0	/ 1 (auto-graded)

Expand question feedback

#### **Question 11**

Draw an ER diagram for the following scenario:

• There are books, identified by ISBN, and each book has a title, edition, and number of pages.







authors to have the same name and the same date of pirth. Authors write books, For example, Avi Silberschatz has written the "Database System Concepts" and "Operating System Concepts" books. Note that Henry Korth and S. Sudarshan are also authors for the "Database System Concepts" book.

• A new edition of a book can replace an older edition. For example, the "Database System" Concepts" 7th edition replaced the 6th edition of the book. The two editions have different ISBN numbers.

For the scenario above, use only three entities: Book, Publisher, and Author. Use only the description and the example data provided to decide what attributes, relationships, and cardinalities you include in your ERD. If the minimum cardinality is not clarified in the text, then you can use either 0 or 1. Draw your ERD on paper (or using your favorite tool) and upload a photo of your ERD using the add-file button below. Use the textbox, to write any notes you have.

- No text entered **a** <u>q11answer.pdf</u> (34.49 KB) **Save Time** 2:39 PM Score / 20 (not auto-graded: a default value of 0 was assigned) **Expand question feedback**