Layered Caching in OpenResty

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"OpenResty could use a better caching abstraction"



What to cache?

- ► Client sessions
- ► Configuration
- ► Injected logic
- ► Any state fetched from I/O



Challenges

- ► Forked nginx workers
- ► LuaJIT VM
- ► lua_shared_dict serialization





Caching in Kong

```
-- Retrieve a value from the cache, or fetch it
-- if it's a miss
function _M.cache_get_and_set(key, cb)
    local val = _M.cache_get(key)
    if not val then
        val = cb()
        if val then
            local succ, err = _M.cache_set(key, val)
            if not succ and ngx then
                ngx.log(ngx.ERR, err)
            end
        end
    end
    return val
end
```

Existing caching libraries

- ► mtourne/ngx.shcache
- ► lloydzhou/lua-resty-cache
- ► hamishforbes/lua-resty-tlc

Caching primitives in OpenResty

OpenResty offers a few off-the-shelf options for caching data for the Lua-land:

- ► The Lua VM itself
- ► lua-resty-lrucache
- lua_shared_dict

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lua-resty-mlcache

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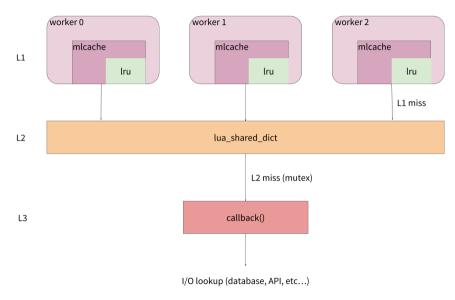
The Swiss Army Knife of OpenResty caching



Methods

```
mlcache:get()
mlcache:set()
mlcache:delete()
mlcache:peek()
mlcache:purge()
mlcache:update()
```

Layered Architecture



lua_shared_dict_serialization



Usage

```
http {
    lua_shared_dict cache_shm 128m;
    server {
         ...
    }
}
```

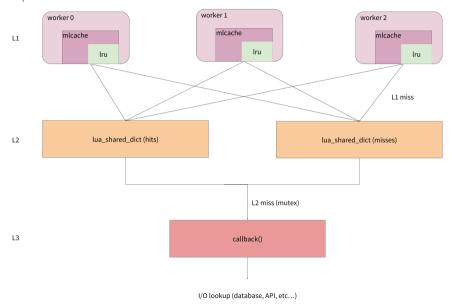
Usage

Practical Examples

Database caching

```
local function fetch_user(id)
    return db:query_user(id) -- row or nil
end
local id = 123
local user, err = cache:get(id, nil, fetch_user, id)
if err then
    ngx.log(ngx.ERR, "failed to fetch user: ", err)
   return
end
if user then
    print(user.id) -- 123
else
    -- miss is cached
end
```

Separate hit/miss caches



DNS caching

```
local resolver = require "resty.dns.resolver"
local r = resolver.new(\{ nameservers = \{ "1.1.1.1" \} \})
local function resolve(name)
    local answers = r:query(name)
    return answers[1], nil, answers[1].ttl -- override TTL
end
local host = "openresty.org"
local answers, err = cache:get(host, nil, resolve, host)
if err then
   -- . . . .
end
```

Injected logic

```
local function compile_code(row)
    row.f = loadstring(row.code) -- once
    return row
end
local user, err = cache:get(user_id, {
                      11_serializer = compile_code
                  }. fetch_code)
if err then
end
user.f()
```



Cache invalidation

A complete solution

- ► Negative caching
- ▶ Built-in mutex
- Caching Lua tables
- ► Invalidation events
- ► Flexible IPC support
 - ▶ Built-in
 - ► lua-resty-worker-events
 - ► slact/ngx_lua_ipc
- ► Hit levels tracking



In the wild

- ▶ Used in Kong for over a year
- ► Contributions from Cloudflare
- Well tested
 - ► OpenResty 1.11.2.2 to 1.13.6.2 (current)

OpenResty contributions & Improvements

- ▶ New shm API: shm:ttl() & shm:expire()
- ► User flags support openresty/lua-resty-lrucache#35
- ► TODO: A Lua-land R/W lock
- ► TODO: A native IPC solution for OpenResty!

Q & A

Can you replace your caching logic with mlcache?

https://github.com/thibaultcha/lua-resty-mlcache

Contributions are much welcome!