

Cong Wang

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Google Scholar

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PROFILE SUMMARY

Econometrician and **Applied Scientist** with a PhD specializing in econometric modeling, machine learning, and causal inference, with extensive experience in **policy-oriented quantitative research**. At the European Stability Mechanism (ESM), research on macro-financial linkages, tools like the Bank Viability Index to evaluate financial stability and applying novel **machine learning methods** for economic modeling. My work focuses on leveraging **large-scale datasets** and advanced econometric techniques to evaluate the effects of fiscal policies, financial regulations, and structural reforms on households, businesses, and macroeconomic outcomes.

Proficient in **Python, SQL, R**, and data visualization tools like **Power BI** and **Matplotlib**, I excel in building scalable economic models, automating data pipelines, and generating actionable insights to inform evidence-based policymaking. My doctoral research introduced innovative methodologies, such as Instrumented Principal Component Analysis (IPCA), to address **high-dimensional** policy challenges in macroeconomics and international finance. With a strong foundation in analytical methods and a passion for public policy, I bring a collaborative approach to delivering robust, data-driven solutions for complex economic issues.

RESEARCH INTEREST

Primary field:	Econometrics
Secondary field:	Causal Inference, Machine learning
Industry related:	Policy analysis, Market Intelligence

EDUCATION

Sapienza University of Rome

PhD in Economics

University of California, Los Angeles

Visiting PhD Researcher

Barcelona School of Economics

Summer School

HSE University

MSc in Finance

University of Amsterdam

QTEM Programme

Shenyang Ligong University

BSc in Engineering

Rome, Italy

Expected in May 2025

Los Angeles, United States

Mar 2023 – Sep 2023

Barcelona, Spain

Jun 2022 – Jul 2022

St. Petersburg, Russia

Sep 2018 – Jun 2020

Amsterdam, the Netherlands

Sep 2019 – Feb 2020

Shenyang, China

Sep 2012 - Jun 2016

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

European Stability Mechanism, Chief Economist Department
Financial Sector Analyst

Luxembourg
5.2024 – now

- **Developed and optimized data-driven tools:** Enhanced the Bank Viability Index (BVI) using Python to evaluate financial stability across profitability, asset quality, capital adequacy, and liquidity metrics, ensuring precise and timely insights into Euro Area banks' health.
- **Optimized early warning systems:** Built predictive models to monitor loan performance and identify early signals of deterioration, such as transitions to Stage 3, optimizing risk detection processes.
- **Designed advanced analytical solutions:** Delivered actionable insights on macro-financial trends by integrating econometric models and data visualization techniques. Key contributions included analyses of Basel III reforms, sovereign-bank nexus risks, and capital market developments.
- **Streamlined automation and analytics:** Leveraged Python, SQL, and statistical tools to automate reporting workflows and analyze large datasets, improving operational efficiency and delivering critical intelligence to stakeholders.

University of California Los Angeles, Department of Economics
Visiting Researcher

LA, The United States
3.2023 – 9.2023

- Developed a **novel causal inference method** leveraging Instrumented Principal Component Analysis (IPCA) to improve causal estimation in high-dimensional datasets, with applications in finance and policy evaluation.
- Conducted econometric training and research in causal inference, focusing on advanced methods for identifying and quantifying causal relationships in economics.
- Designed and implemented data-driven econometric workflows, including advanced visualization, machine learning integration, and statistical modeling for cutting-edge economic research.

China Life Asset Management, Market Research Division
Market Analyst

Guangzhou, China
7.2020 – 9.2021

- **Streamlined workflows and enhanced efficiency:** Designed and implemented a data visualization tool to enable faster and more effective analysis of market trends, improving decision-making processes for internal and external stakeholders.
- **Optimized data analysis processes:** Utilized Python to analyze large datasets, ensuring accurate forecasting and actionable intelligence for business operations.

Cbonds, Research Department
Fixed Income Analyst

Saint Petersburg, Russia
3.2019 – 8.2019

- **Built bond database:** Built a Panda bond database using SQL, streamlining the collection, analysis, and reporting of fixed income data, enhancing operational efficiency and accuracy.
- **Supported financial modeling and forecasting:** Utilized econometric techniques to analyze fixed income trends and deliver intelligence, analytical solutions with strategic objectives.

SCHOLARSHIPS & AWARDS

University of Rome International Mobility Scholarship	2022
University of Rome fully founded Ph.D. Scholarship	2021
QTEM Honored Graduate Diploma	2020
HSE University International Mobility Scholarship	2019
HSE University Scholarship	2018

CONFERENCE & WORKSHOP

2024 European Winter Meeting of the Econometric Society The Econometric Society.	Palma de Majorca, Spain Dec 2024
Central Bank Research Association (CEBRA) Conference European Stability Mechanism.	Luxembourg Nov 2024
ESM Policy Conference European Stability Mechanism.	Luxembourg Nov 2024
12th IEA Workshop in Econometrics and Empirical Economics Italian Econometric Association.	Bertinoro, Italy Sep 2024
IMF Financial Programming and Policies Workshop European Stability Mechanism.	Luxembourg Jun 2024
Climate and the Environment Mini-Conference University of California, Los Angeles.	Los Angeles, USA Aug 2023
2023 North American Summer Meeting (NASM) The Econometric Society.	Los Angeles, USA Jun 2023
CCPR Differences-in-Differences Mini-Conference University of California, Los Angeles.	Los Angeles, USA May 2023
Empirical Tools/Applications in Banking and Macro-Finance Barcelona School of Economics, summer school.	Barcelona, Spain Jul 2022
Workshop on Demand System Asset Pricing Held by Ralph S.J. Koijen and Motohiro Yogo.	Online Jun 2022
Innovation, Growth, and Production. Models & Data Analysis Sapienza, University of Rome. Advanced Course 2022, 17th Edition.	Rome, Italy May 2022

SKILLS

Programming Language: Python (Expert), R (Advanced), STATA (Advanced), MATLAB
Data Visualization: Power BI (Expert), Tableau (Advanced)
Data Management: SQL (Expert)
Data Terminals: Bloomberg terminal (Expert), Refinitiv Eikon (Expert)
Human Language: Chinese (Native), English (Proficient), Russian (Intermediate)

REFERENCES

Valeria Patella
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Sapienza University of Rome
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Deputy Head of Division
European Stability Mechanism
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Juan Sole
Principal Economist
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PUBLICATIONS

Counterfactual and Synthetic Control Method: Causal Inference with Instrumented Principal Component Analysis

Job Market Paper

- *Abstract:* In this paper, we propose a novel method for causal inference within the framework of counterfactual and synthetic control. Matching forward the generalized synthetic control method, our instrumented principal component analysis method instruments factor loadings with predictive covariates rather than including them as regressors. These instrumented factor loadings exhibit time-varying dynamics, offering a better economic interpretation. Covariates are instrumented through a transformation matrix, Γ , when we have a large number of covariates it can be easily reduced in accordance with a small number of latent factors helping us to effectively handle high-dimensional datasets and making the model parsimonious. Moreover, the novel way of handling covariates is less exposed to model misspecification and achieved better prediction accuracy. Our simulations show that this method is less biased in the presence of unobserved covariates compared to other mainstream approaches. In the empirical application, we use the proposed method to evaluate the effect of Brexit on foreign direct investment to the UK.

Firms' Carbon Emissions and Stock Returns

Working paper

- *Abstract:* In recent years, the surge in unanticipated climate change risk has led to green assets outperforming their brown counterparts, a trend that contradicts the theoretical expectation that brown assets, exposed to higher risk associated with climate change, should achieve higher return compensations. This paper presents empirical evidence from the US stock market, utilizing both portfolio and individual stock analyses, to elucidate this discrepancy. Our findings reveal that, from 2002 to 2021, green portfolios, characterized by lower carbon emissions, consistently outperform brown portfolios. Similar patterns are observed at the firm level. We propose that unexpected concerns about climate change have shifted market preferences, leading to a differential demand shock for green and brown assets. This shift in preference is a key factor driving the superior performance of green assets over their brown counterparts.

Stock Return Prediction with Multiple Measures Using Neural Network Models

Published on **Financial Innovation**

- *Abstract:* In my research on empirical asset pricing, I investigated the performance of machine learning methods in predicting stock returns using various factor models. My findings demonstrated that neural network models consistently perform well with firm-specific variables, and their accuracy significantly improves with the inclusion of macroeconomic factors such as financial market data, economic activities, and investor sentiment. This improvement varies across different stock return measures. Additionally, I identified notable differences in model performance and variable importance when comparing abnormal returns from Fama–French models to excess returns, highlighting the complex interplay between factor models, stock returns, and macroeconomic conditions.