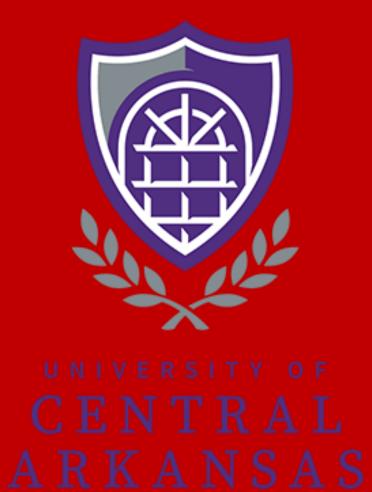


Pedestrian Detection in Autonomous Vehicle Using Al and Computer Vision

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1. Background and Introduction

- There were 53 percent more pedestrians killed in 2018 than in 2009
- Autonomous vehicles with advanced safety technology can help reduce pedestrian deaths
- Autonomous vehicles must understand their environment through various sensors such as RGB & FLIR camera, LiDAR, Radar, etc.
- This work was focusing on computer vision & deep learning for environmental perception and pedestrian detection with the use of RGB & IR thermal camera (IR for better nighttime detection)



Fig 1. Autonomous vehicles must understand their environment

2. Methodology

- Used YOLO v5 (You Only Look One version 5) a state of the art, fast and accurate model for real time object detection system
- Some advantages of using YOLOv5:
- Easy installation
- Fast training
- Flexible inference media
- Intuitive file layout
- Training YOLOv5 on FLIR thermal dataset consisting of >93k images and nulmages dataset consisting of >14k images
- FLIR dataset were collected by using Forward Looking InfraRed (FLIR) thermal camera while nulmages dataset were collected by using regular RGB camera
- Additionally used EfficientPS and Panoptic DeepLab state-of-theart algorithms for panoptic segmentation tasks

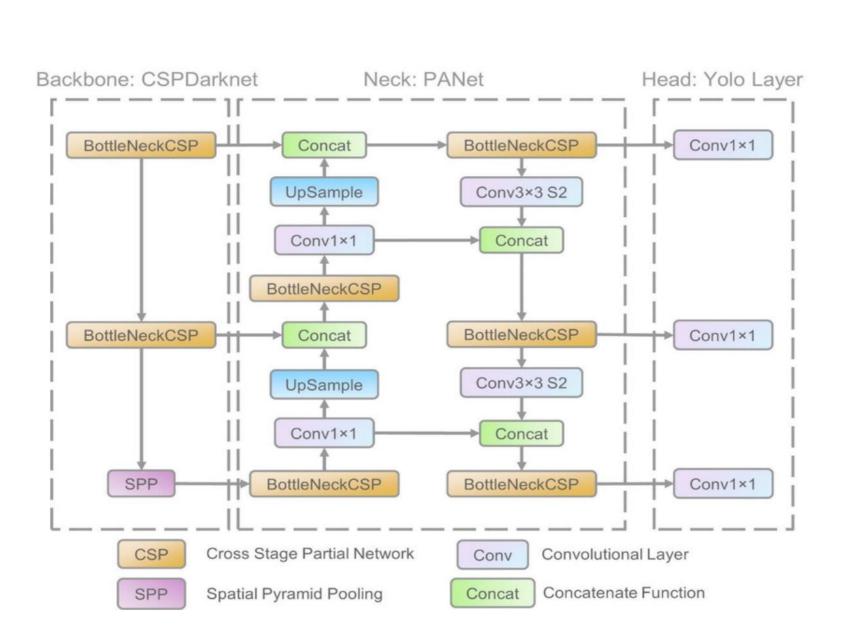


Fig 2. Yolov5 Architecture

3. Inference Results



Image 1. Inference using the pretrained YOLOv5 model on nulmages dataset with inference time of 54.55 FPS

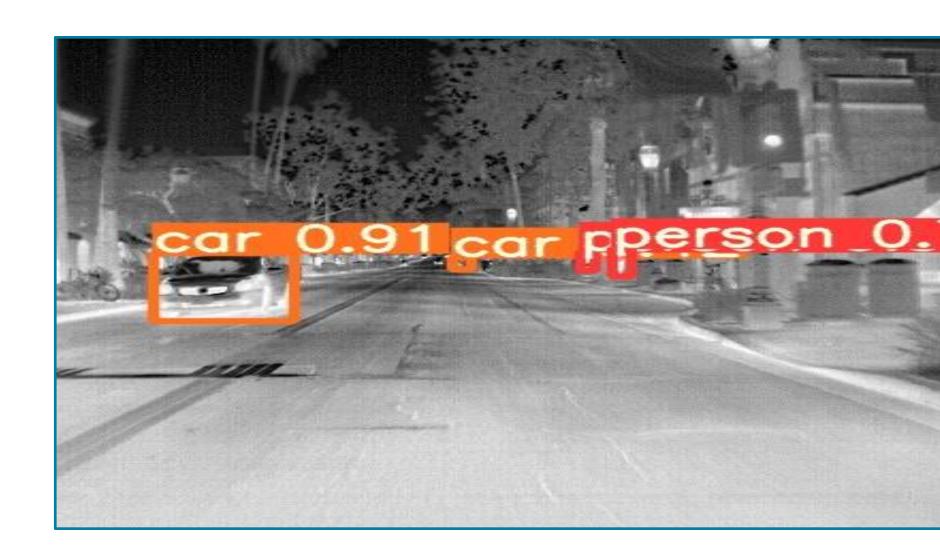


Image 3. Inference using the pretrained YOLOv5 model on FLIR dataset with inference time of 50.07 FPS

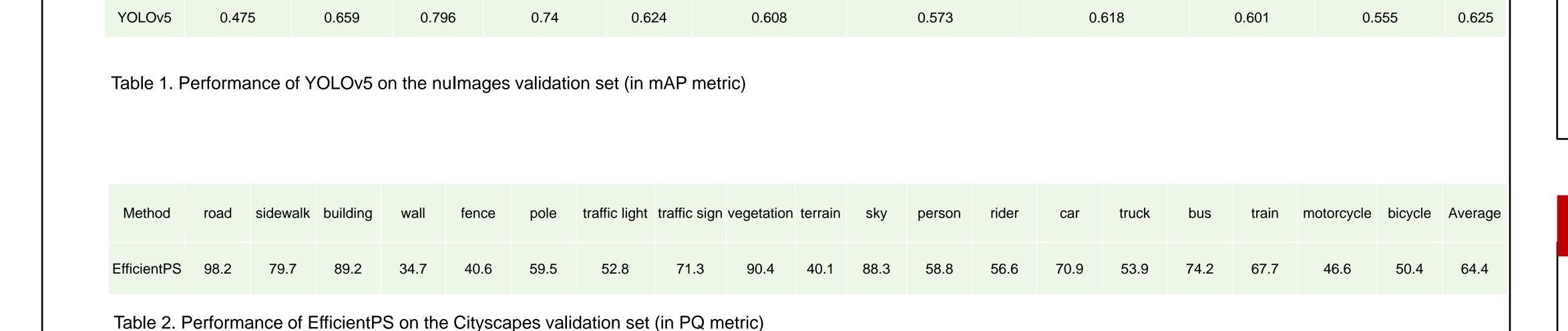


Image 2. Inference using the pretrained EfficientPS model on Cityscapes dataset with inference time of 0.61 FPS



Image 4. Inference using the pretrained Panoptic DeepLab model on Cityscapes dataset with inference time of 0.29 FPS

4. Performances



Method pedestrian.adult vehicle.bicycle vehicle.car vehicle.motorcycle vehicle.truck movable_object.barrier movable_object.trafficcone static_object.bicycle_rack vehicle.bus.rigid vehicle.construction Average

5. Conclusion

- YOLOv5 excellently detects pedestrian with high accuracy of >60 mAP and fast inference time of >50 fps
- YOLOv5 achieves the state-of-the-art for object detection
- EfficientPS and Panoptic DeepLab have high accuracy but low inference time
- This project helps me learn more about AI, deep learning and computer vision
- This work is a useful research experience which provides me the knowledge foundation for my continuing master education

6. Future Work

- Apply YOLOv5 in Autoware. Auto to test how accurate the model for pedestrian detection in real time driving application
- Autoware.Auto is a stack open-source software for autonomous driving simulation and real time car application controlling
- Develop my own algorithm based on top of YOLOv5 which is even faster and more accurate for pedestrian detection as well as other traffic detection

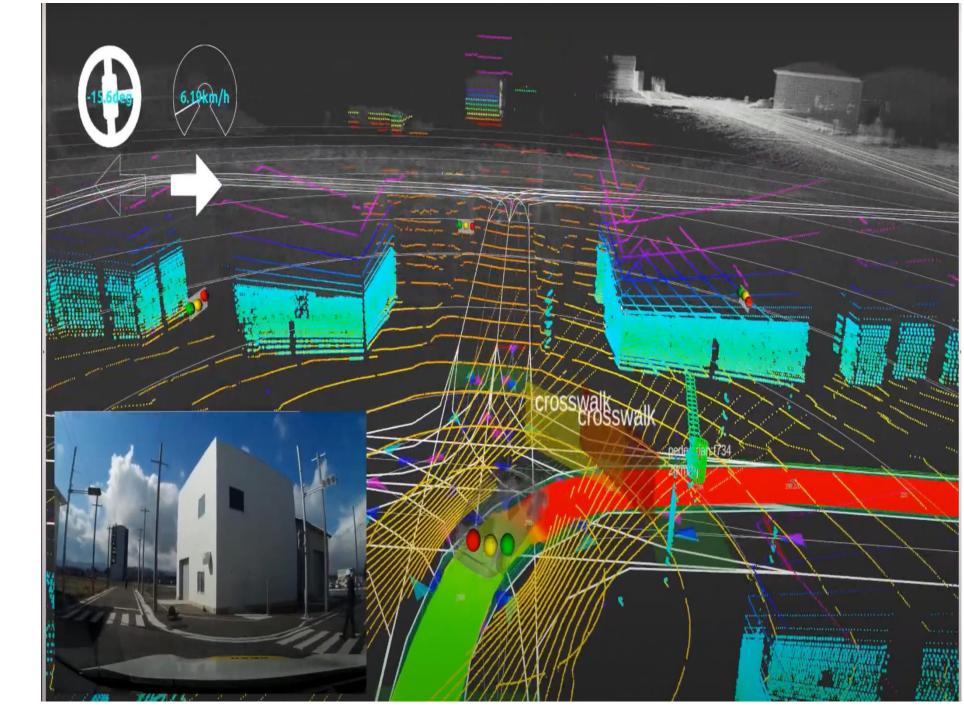


Fig 3. Environment perception in Autoware. Auto software

7. Acknowledgements



