



INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture



Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control in Small-scale Agriculture



Building the INTEL-IRRIS LoRa IoT platform Part 3: the INTEL-IRRIS starter-kit



Prof. Congduc Pham
<http://www.univ-pau.fr/~cpham>
Université de Pau, France



INTEL-IRRIS starter-kit

- "Intelligent Irrigation in-the-box", "plug-&-sense"
- From idea to reality!



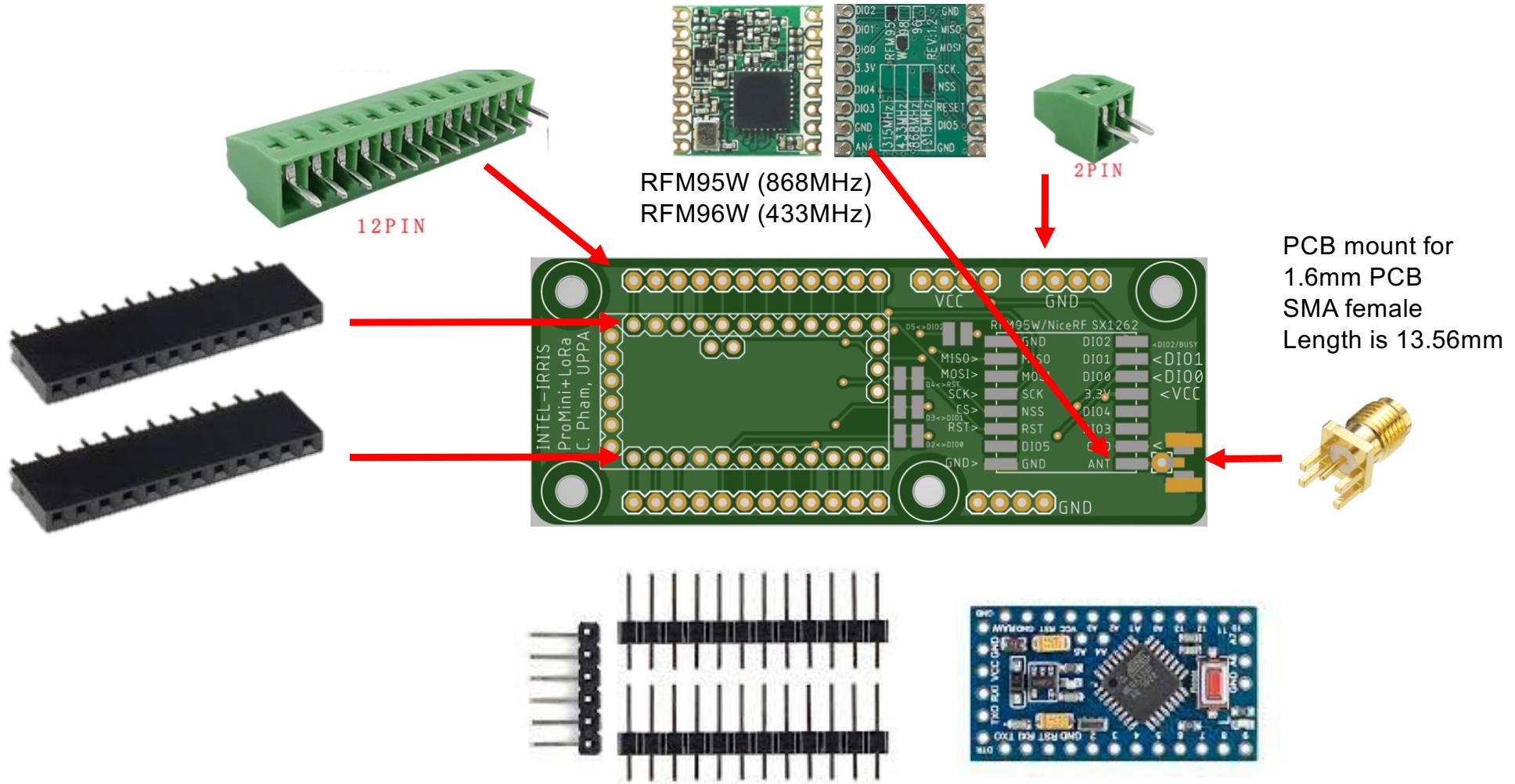
Preparing the starter-kits at UPPA



This non-technical video shows
the preparation of the kits
<https://youtu.be/5nznRcloe40>

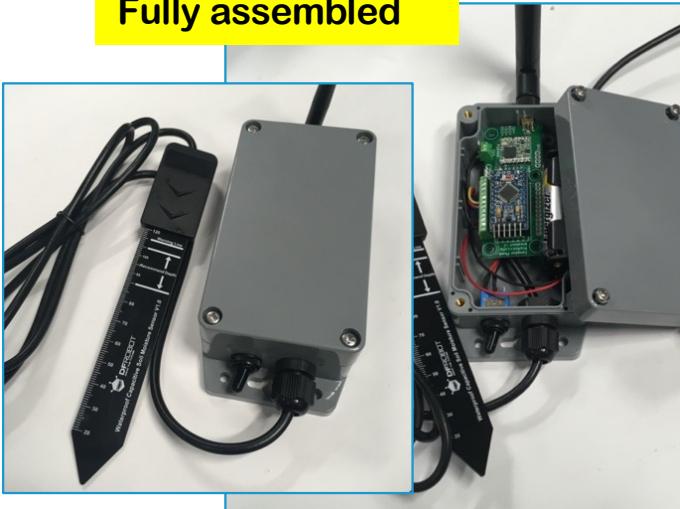


Soil sensor: electronic parts starter-kit version



Soil sensor device

Fully assembled



Packaging in enclosure



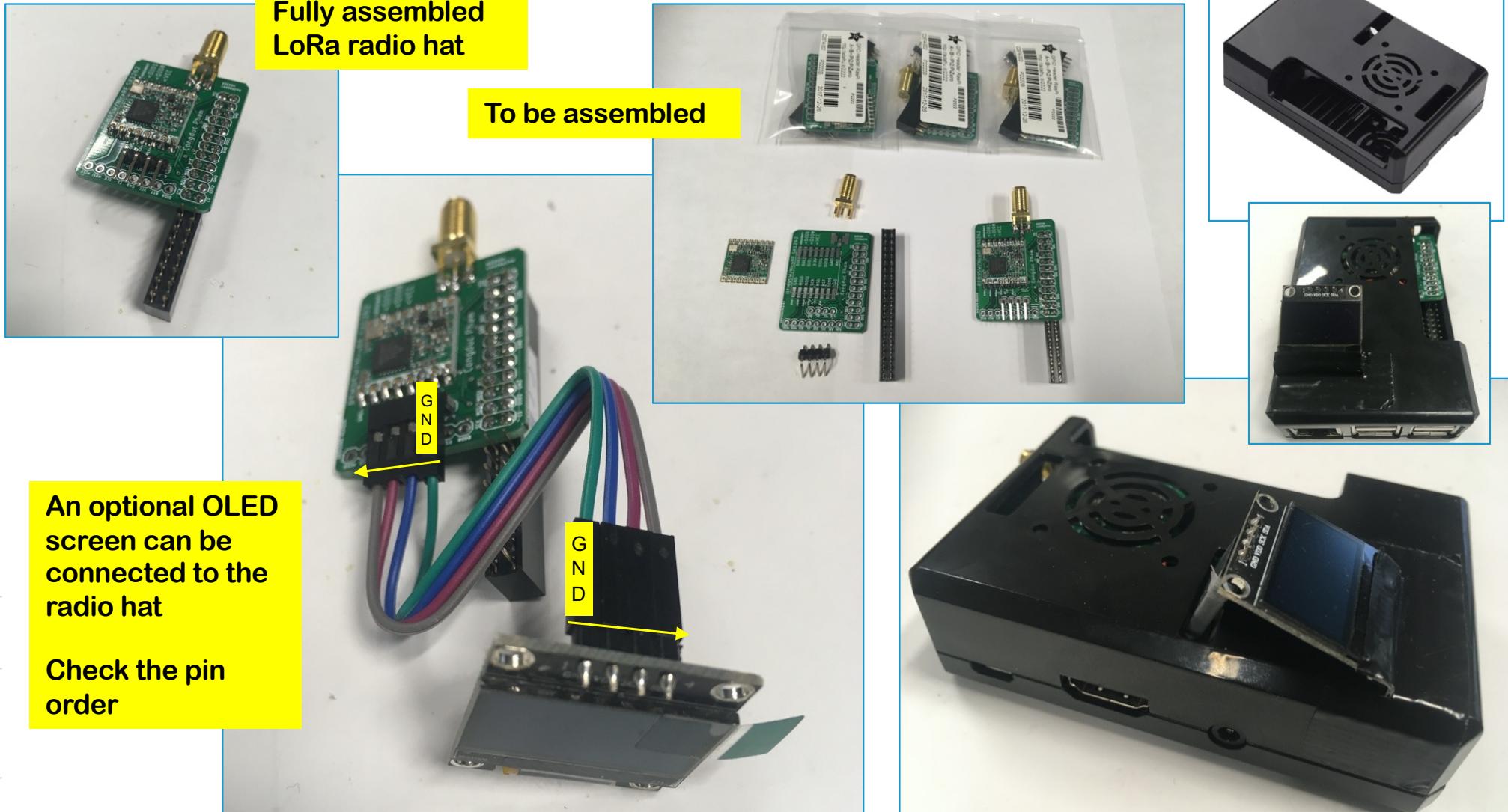
To be assembled

2 versions of the soil device



A soil temperature sensor can be added

INTEL-IRRIS gateway (WaziGate)



Assembling starter-kit

Algeria (UORAN1), Morocco (ENSA Safi)

- Part 1: Soil sensor device

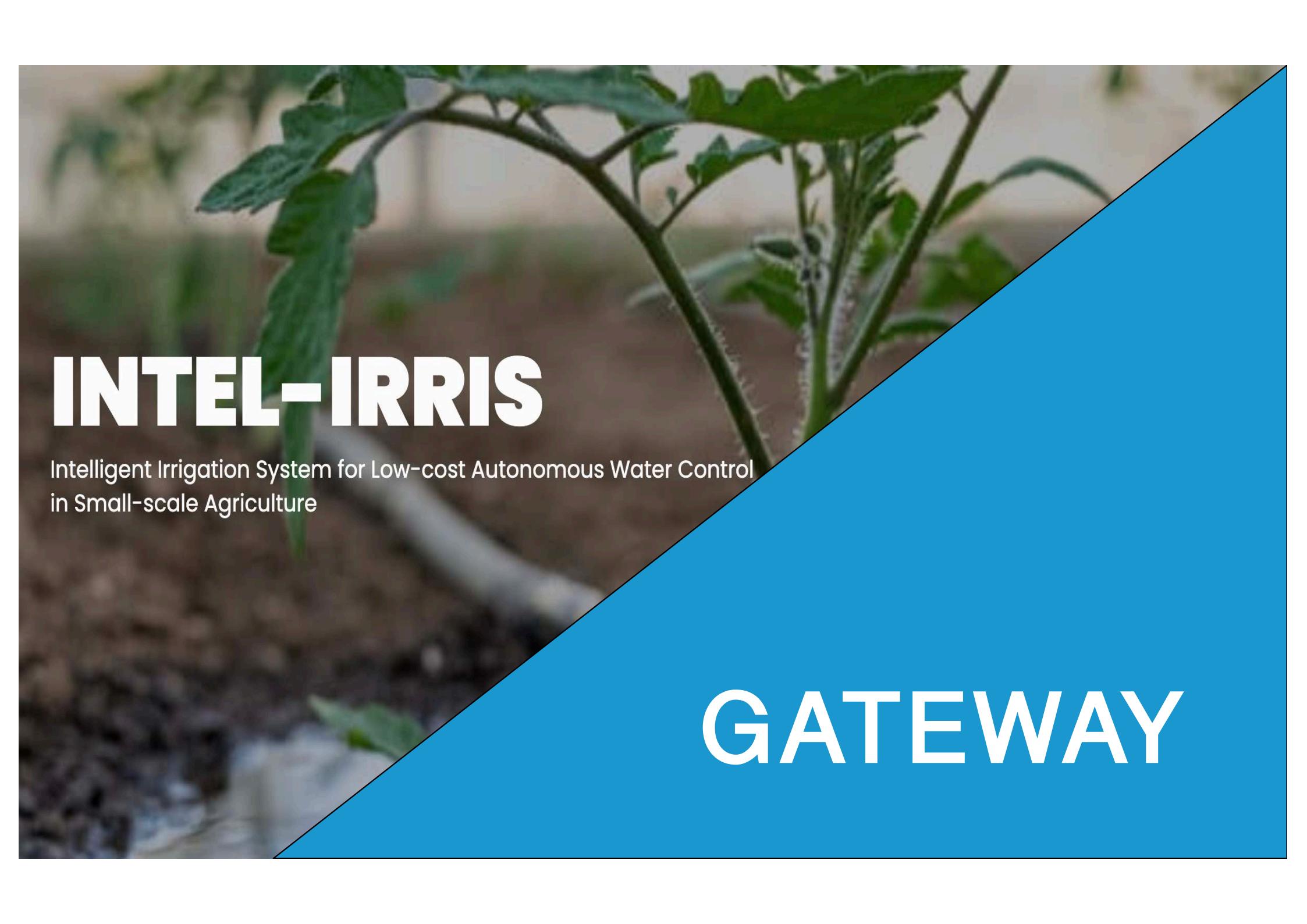
- [Tutorial slides on building & assembling the outdoor LoRa IoT soil sensor device](#)
- [Video n°1. YouTube tutorial video showing how to build the IoT microcontroller platform for the LoRa IoT soil sensor device.](#)
<https://youtu.be/3jdQ0Uo0phQ>
- [Video n°2. YouTube tutorial video showing how to build the outdoor LoRa IoT soil sensor device.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>
- [Video n°3. YouTube tutorial video showing how to wire the SEN0308 capacitive sensor.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>

- Part 2: INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate

- [Tutorial slides on preparing the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate IoT gateway](#)
- [Video n°4. YouTube tutorial video demonstrating the INTEL-IRRIS soil sensor device & WaziGate framework.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>

Preparation steps for the starter-kit

- Preparing WaziGate (hardware)
- Prepare INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate SD card image (software)
- Boot and check the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate
- Preparing soil sensor device
- Testing transmission to INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate
- **IMPORTANT**
 - 1 starter-kit = 1 soil sensor device + 1 INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate
 - device can be either with capacitive sensor or tensiometer sensor
 - 1 starter-kit per farm to be deployed and tested
 - The INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate is **pre-configured to be ready for**
 - 1 capacitive sensor & 1 tensiometer sensor (but only 1 device in starter-kit)
 - If there are need for other devices in a farm, see **advanced configuration**
- **All tutorials & videos:** <http://intel-iris.eu/tutorials-slides>

A close-up photograph of a young green plant with large, serrated leaves growing in dark brown soil. The plant has several thin stems and leaves visible. The background is slightly blurred.

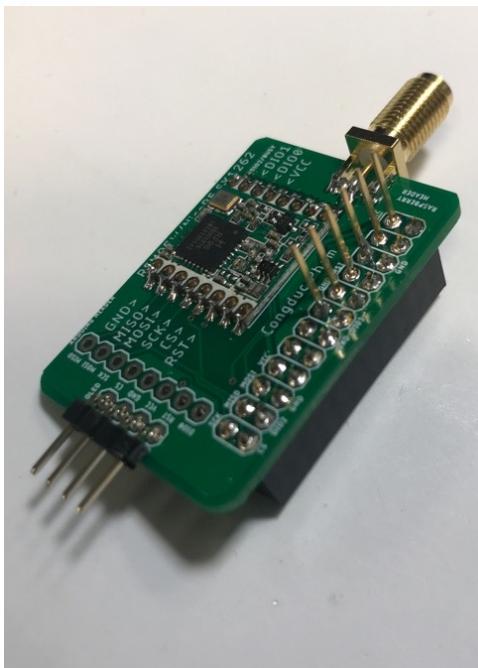
INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture

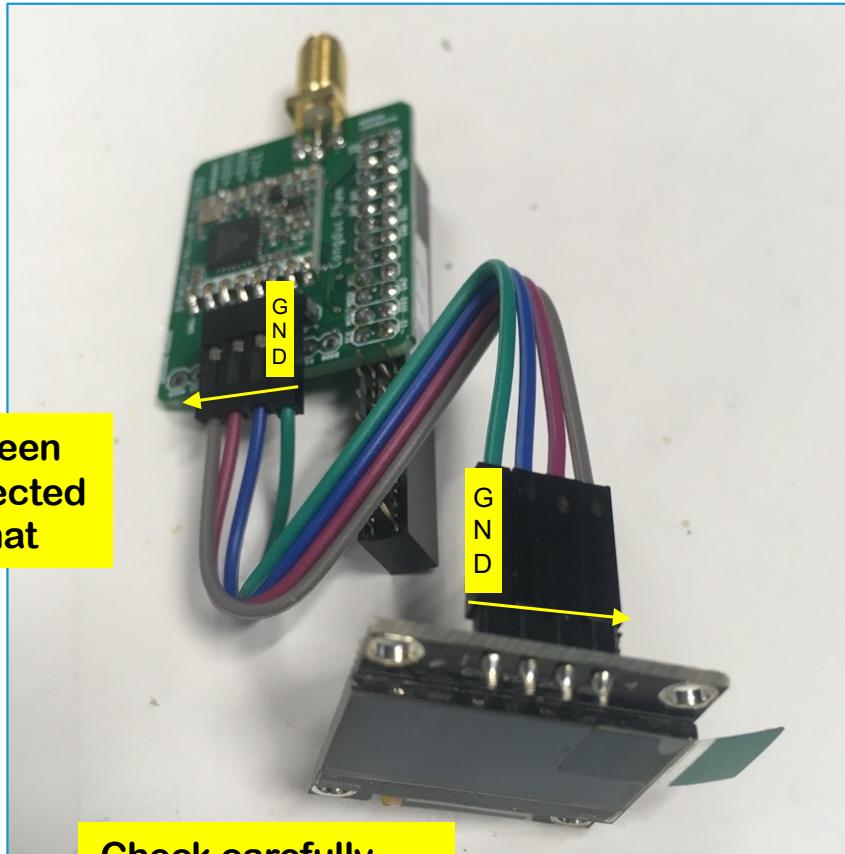
GATEWAY

Preparing WaziGate: RTC

- Connect Real-Time Clock module to LoRa hat (recommended)
 - With an additional RTC module, the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate working without Internet can keep the correct date & time
 - Connect the RTC module to the LoRa hat which should have been soldered with longer header pins



Preparing WaziGate: OLED



Preparing WaziGate: case & SD card

- Plug the LoRa hat on the RPI, insert in case, screw the antenna



- Download SD card image from <http://intel-irris.eu/results>
- Image uses EU433 frequency band (Algeria, Morocco, France)
- Flash SD card (minimum 8GB): [Video n°4 at t=124s](#),
<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=124>, then insert SD card

WaziGate power consumption



RPI3B consumes less than 300mA

There can be peak up to 800mA when booting

However, a 2.5A micro USB charger is needed to avoid undervoltage

Synching the RTC module

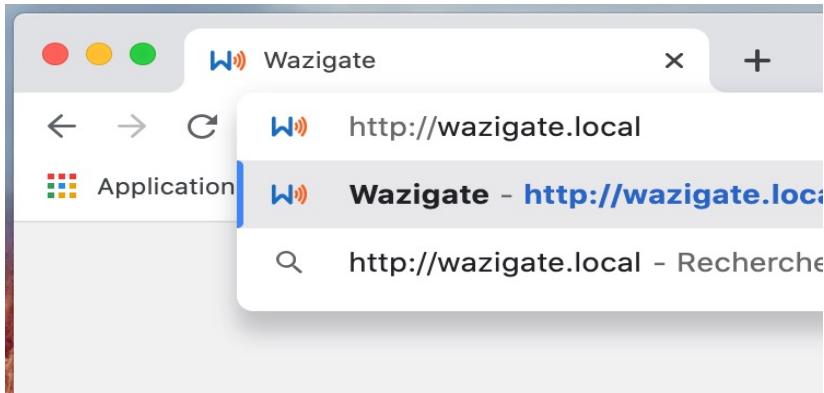
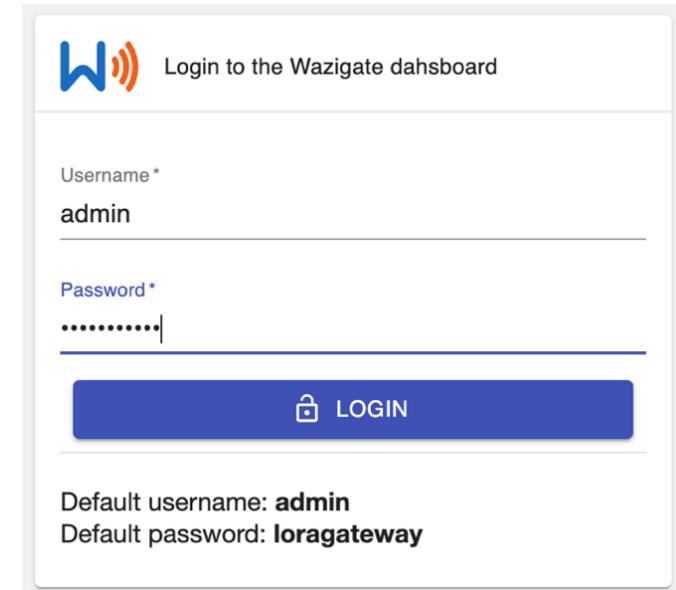
- As WaziGate will run without Internet access, its clock should be synched with an RTC module that also needs to be synched once
- Use your laptop that should itself be connected to the Internet (using your smartphone's WiFi sharing feature for instance)
- Make sure that your laptop will share its Internet connection to devices connected on its Ethernet port. See how to do so:
<https://www.waziup.io/documentation/wazigate/v2/install/#connect-with-ethernet-cable-to-pc>
- **Before powering WaziGate, connect it to your laptop by Ethernet cable**
- Then power the WaziGate and you should see the first [Internet OK] screen. Wait until the main INTEL-IRRIS OLED screen appears
- On boot, the RTC module will then be synched with Internet's time & date



Checking the WaziGate (Ethernet)



- Connect the WaziGate to your laptop which has Internet
- Enable Internet sharing, laptop provides IP address to WaziGate
- Power the WaziGate, wait 3-4mins for boot process
- Open web navigator. Go to <http://wazigate.local> or use IP address

Login to the Wazigate dashboard

Username *
admin

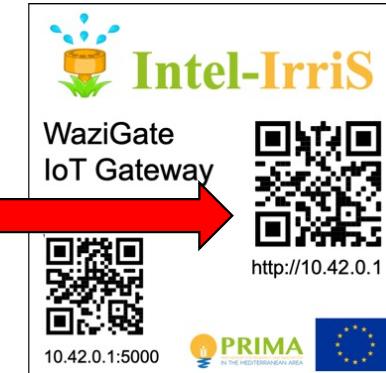
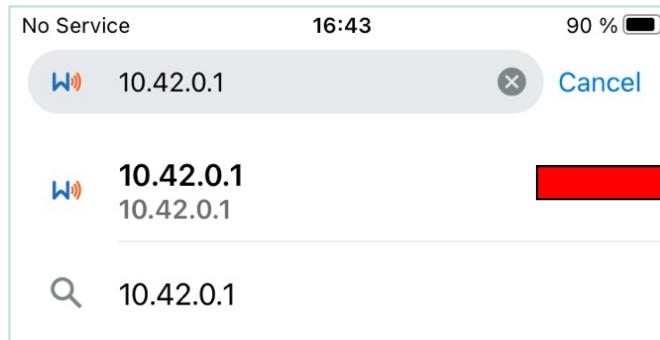
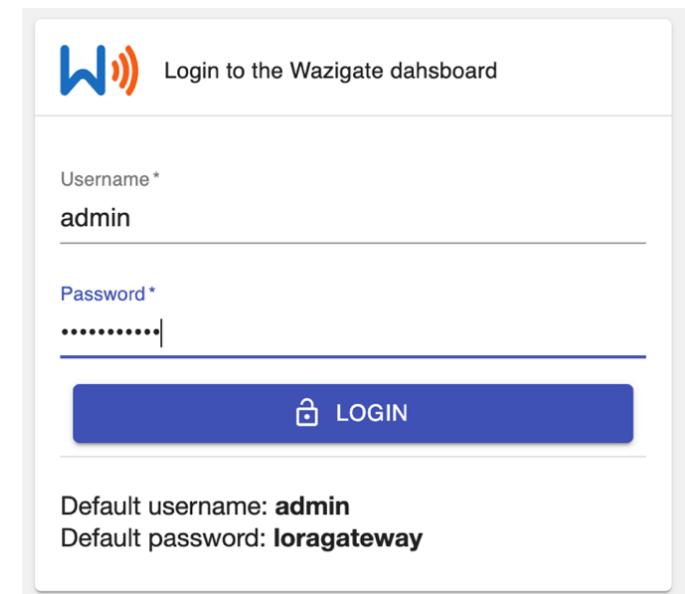
Password *
••••••••••

Default username: **admin**
Default password: **loragateway**

- Use default login to connect
 - User: admin
 - Password: loragateway

Checking the WaziGate (WiFi)

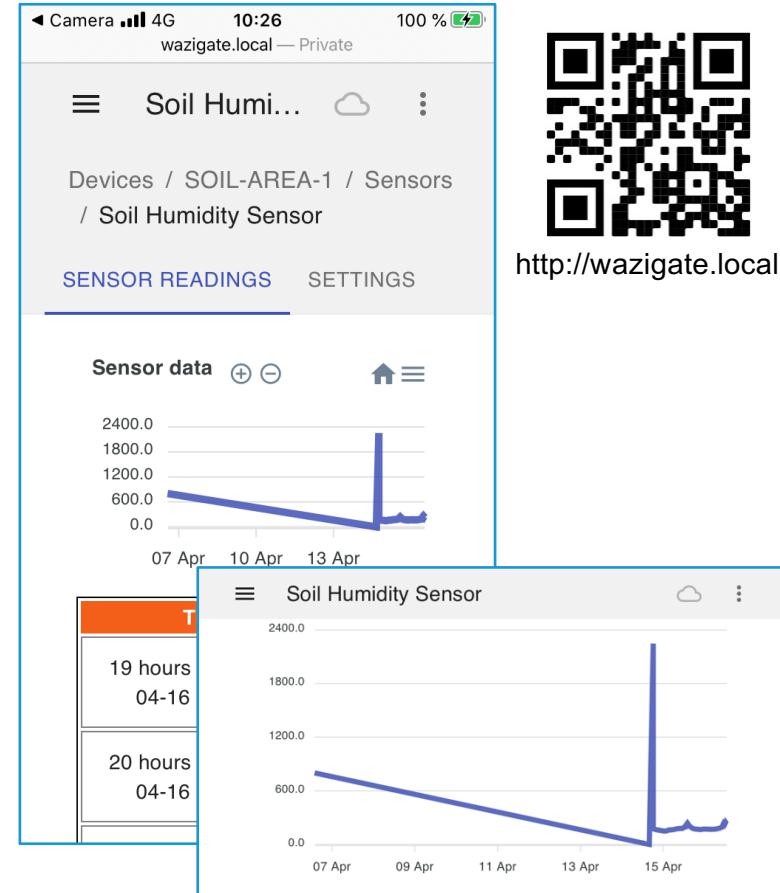
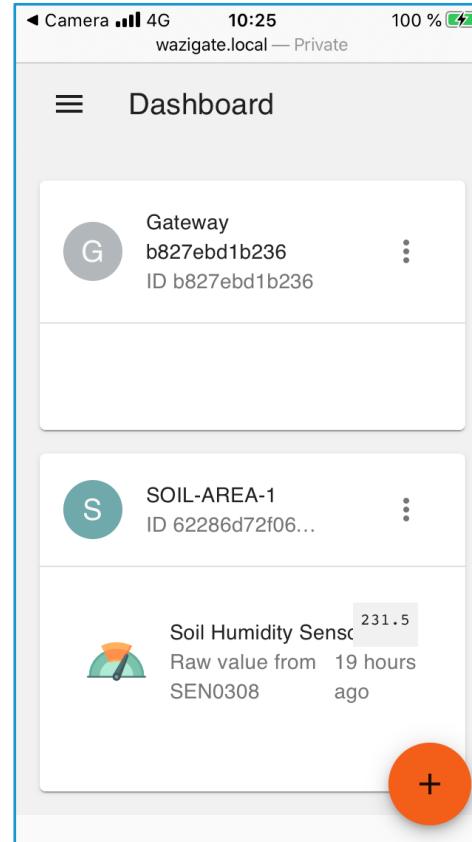
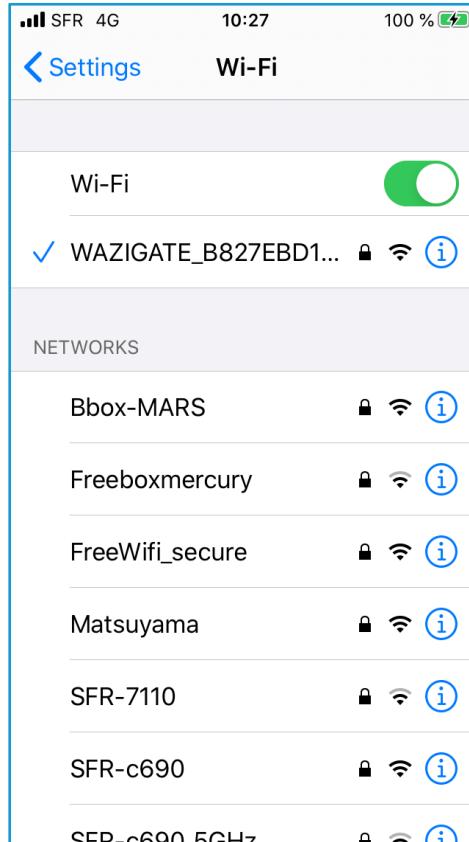
- Use a smartphone to check access to WaziGate through WiFi
- Connect to WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXXXX WiFi network
 - default WiFi password is loragateway
- Open web navigator. Go to <http://wazigate.local> or <http://10.42.0.1> or flash QR code

The login page for the Wazigate dashboard. It features a logo with a blue "W" and a green sprout icon. The text "Login to the Wazigate dashboard" is displayed. There are fields for "Username *" containing "admin" and "Password *" containing "loragateway". A blue "LOGIN" button is at the bottom. Below the form, text states "Default username: admin" and "Default password: loragateway".

- Use default login to connect
 - User: admin
 - Password: loragateway

Dashboard from a smartphone



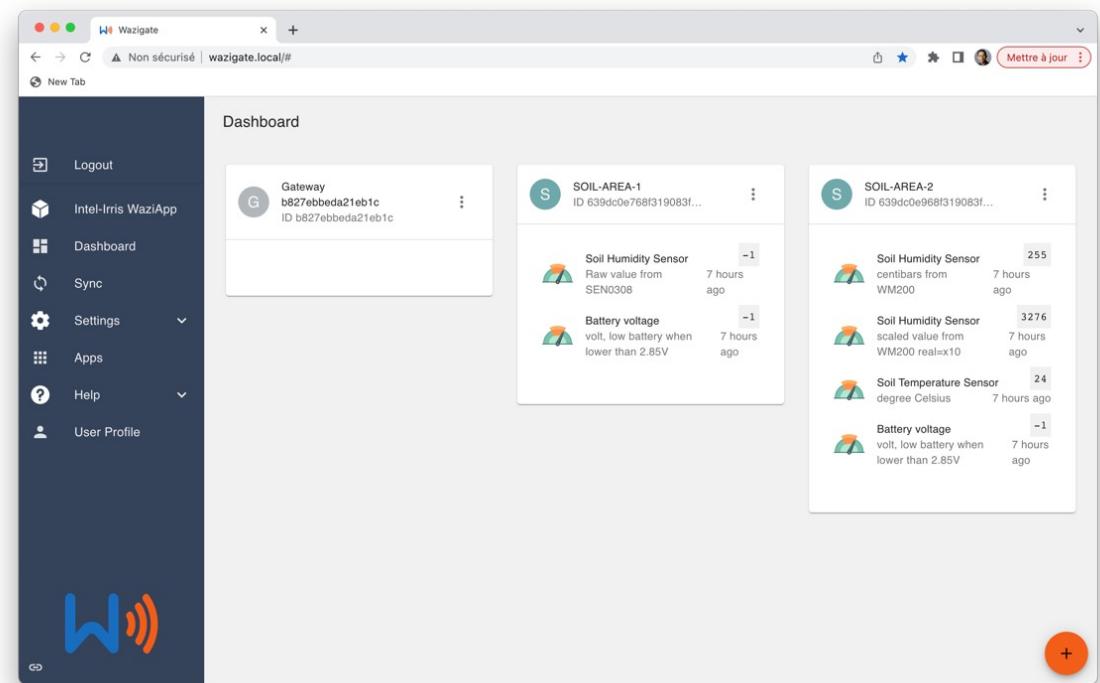
Look at [Video n°4 at t=239s](#)

<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=239>

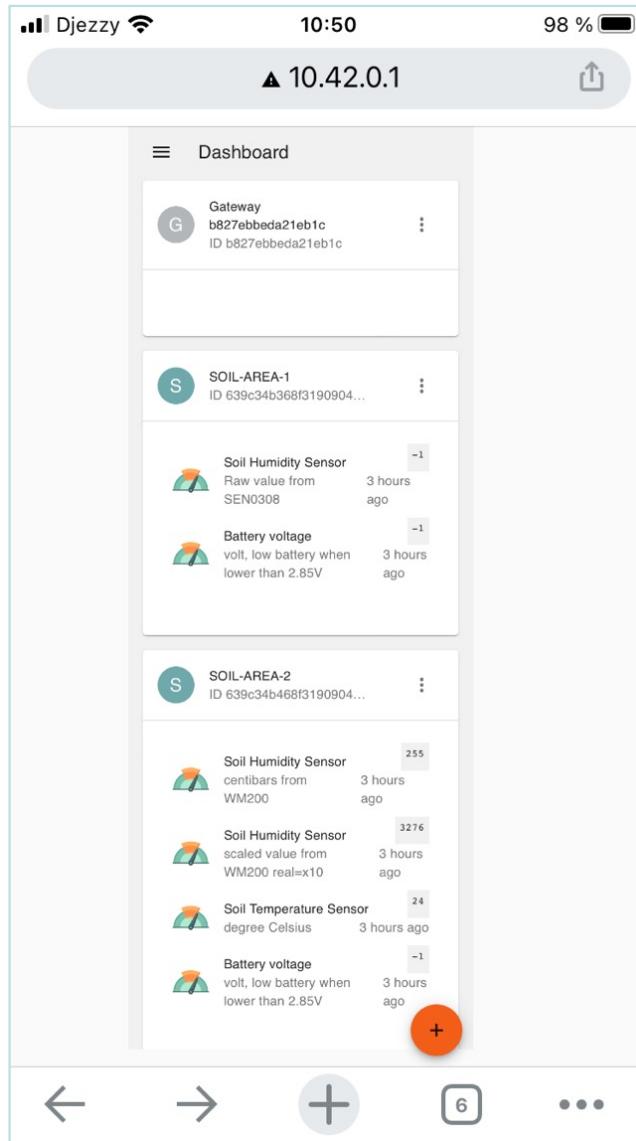
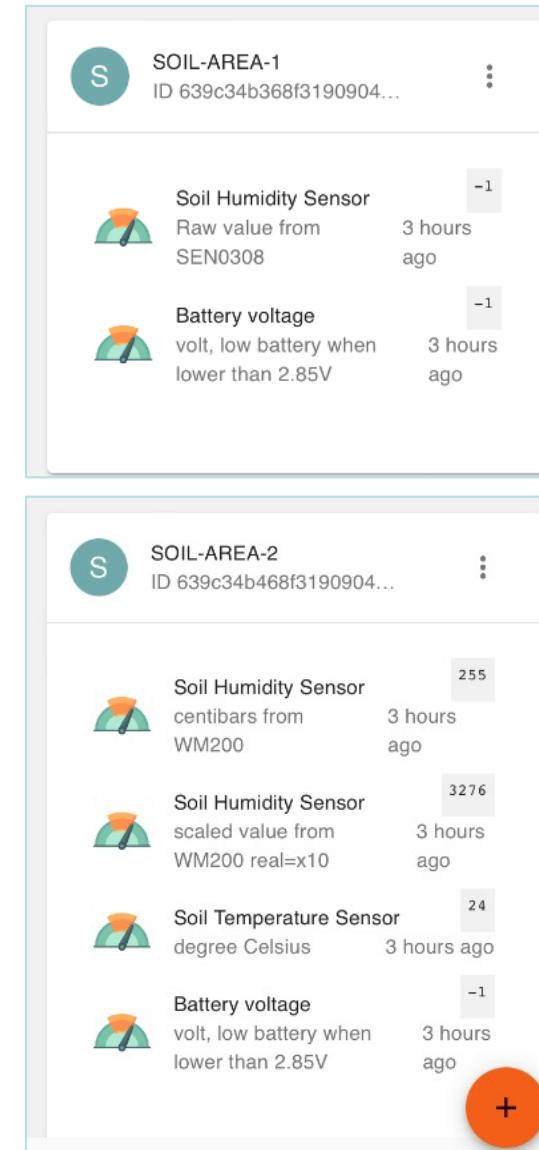


Default WaziGate configuration (1)

- For the starter-kit, the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate will be ready for
 - 1 capacitive sensor named SOIL-AREA-1 with address 26011DAA
 - 1 tensiometer sensor named SOIL-AREA-2 with address 26011DB1
- Capacitive device will show humidity and battery values
- Tensiometer device will show centibar, raw resistance, soil temperature and battery values



Default WaziGate configuration (2)

This section shows two separate dashboards for different soil areas.

- SOIL-AREA-1:** Displays two entries:
 - Soil Humidity Sensor: Raw value from SEN0308, value "-1", timestamp "3 hours ago".
 - Battery voltage: volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V, value "-1", timestamp "3 hours ago".
- SOIL-AREA-2:** Displays four entries:
 - Soil Humidity Sensor: centibars from WM200, value "255", timestamp "3 hours ago".
 - Soil Humidity Sensor: scaled value from WM200 real=x10, value "3276", timestamp "3 hours ago".
 - Soil Temperature Sensor: degree Celsius, value "24", timestamp "3 hours ago".
 - Battery voltage: volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V, value "-1", timestamp "3 hours ago".

Each dashboard has a "..." button at the bottom right corner.

Default values for the SEN0308 capacitive sensor

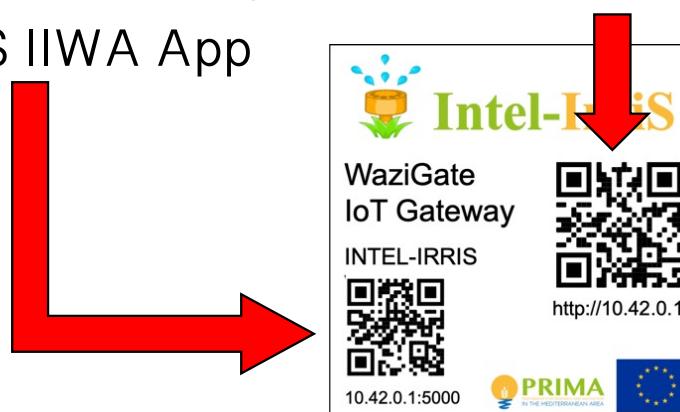


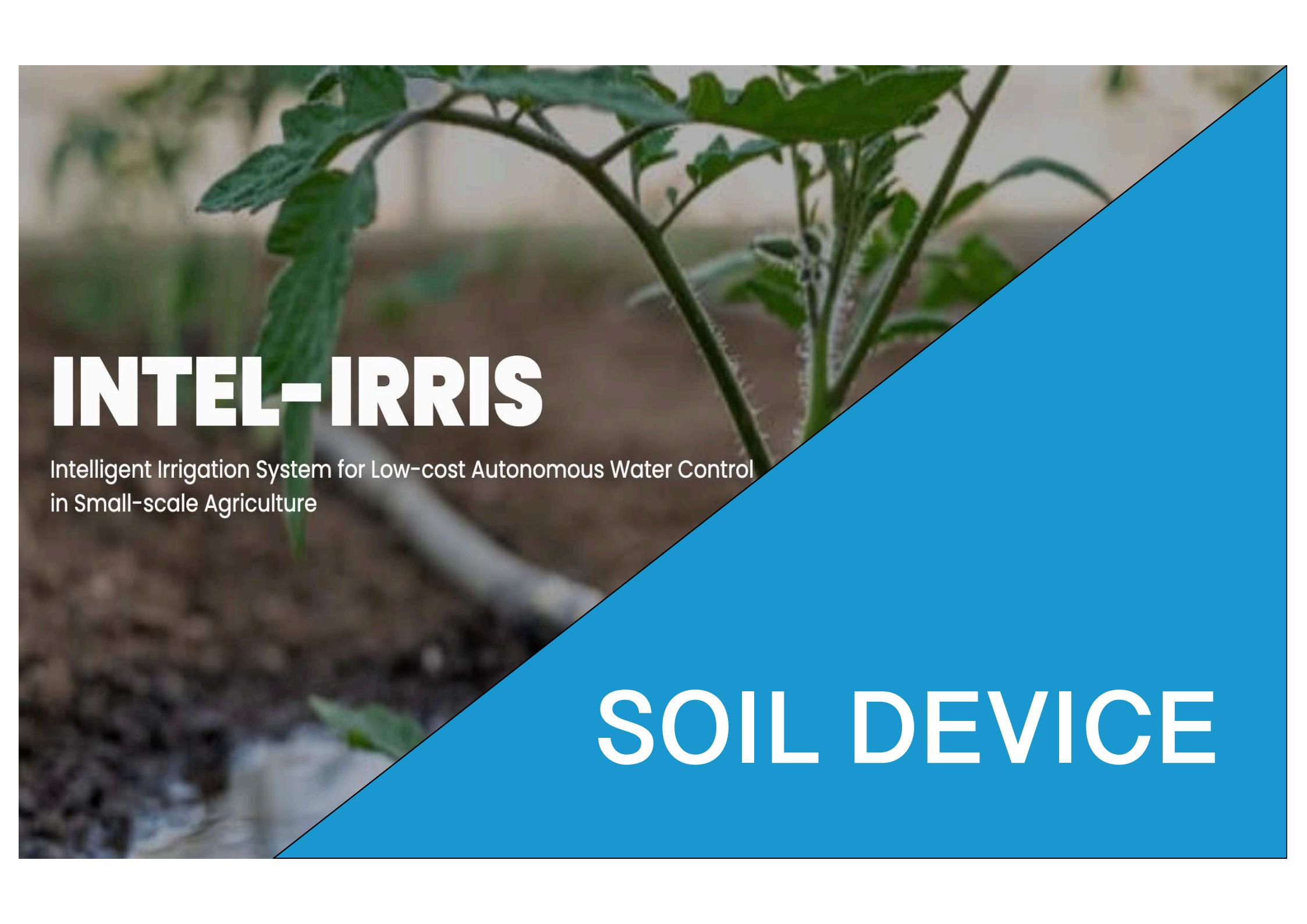
Default values for the WM200 tensiometer sensor



QR code for connecting to WiFi

- The WaziGate WiFi is WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXX where XXXXXXXXXXXX is the MAC address of the RPI
- For instance WAZIGATE_B827EBD1B236
- With the OLED, a QR code for joining the WiFi network is dynamically generated at boot time and displayed for 10s before the main screen so that users can automatically join with a smartphone
- Then, users can scan the static QR code on the WaziGate sticker to connect to the WaziGate's dashboard or the INTEL-IRRIS IIWA App



A close-up photograph of a young green plant with serrated leaves growing in dark brown soil. The plant has a thin stem and several leaves. The background is slightly blurred.

INTEL-IRRIS

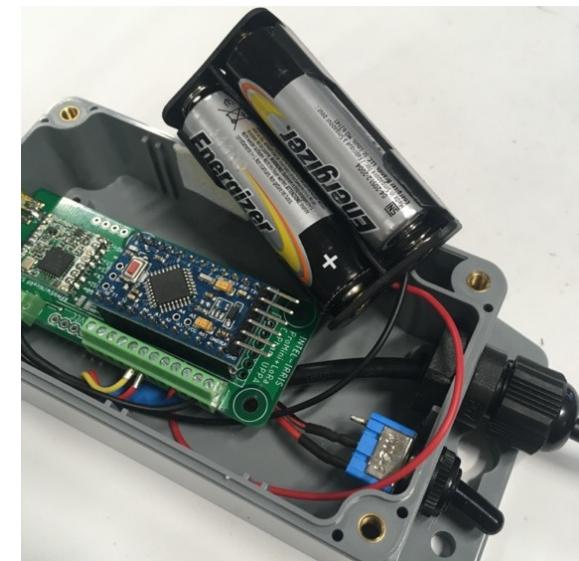
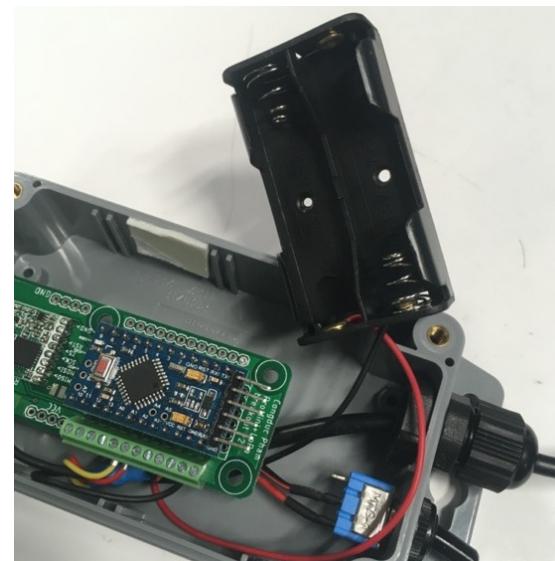
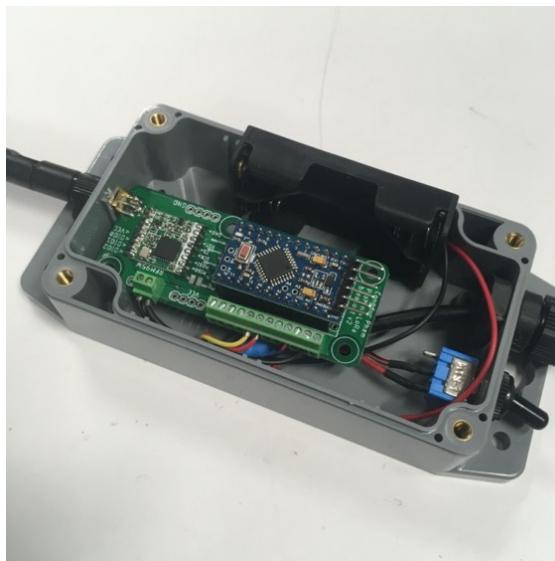
Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture

SOIL DEVICE

Preparing soil sensor device

install batteries

- Remove cover & install 2-AA batteries in battery holder
- Best way is to detach the battery holder



- Put back cover and be sure to tighten the cover
- Procedure is the same if you need to replace the batteries



Take good AA batteries

- Install new & high-grade alkaline AA batteries to allow for at least 2 years of autonomy
- Take a well-known brand



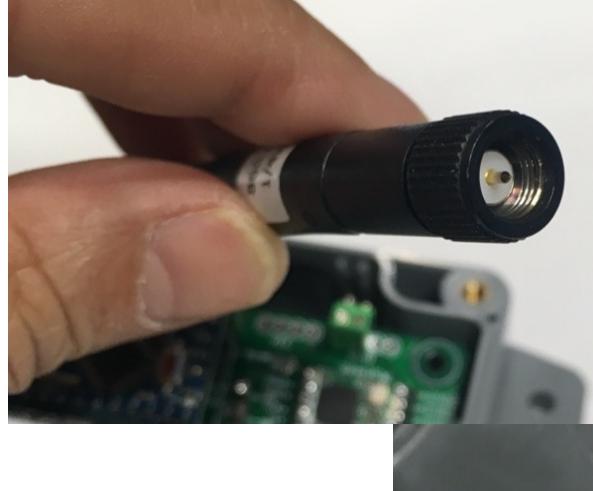


Never transmit without antenna

- NEVER, NEVER transmit without an antenna
- Doing so can damage the radio module
- If your board is already connected to the radio module and you need to flash the board, connect the antenna
- If you need to update the existing code and your device already run a code that transmit data, connect the antenna
- It is safer when programming the device to remove the Arduino board from the PCB and program it disconnected from the radio module
- If you deploy a device, make sure that the antenna is correctly connected before powering on the device and realizing any transmission test

Preparing soil sensor device

screw in the antenna

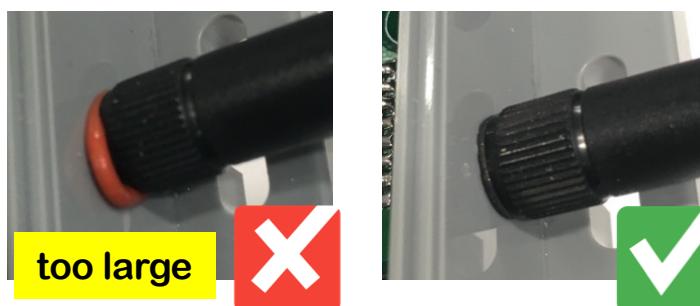
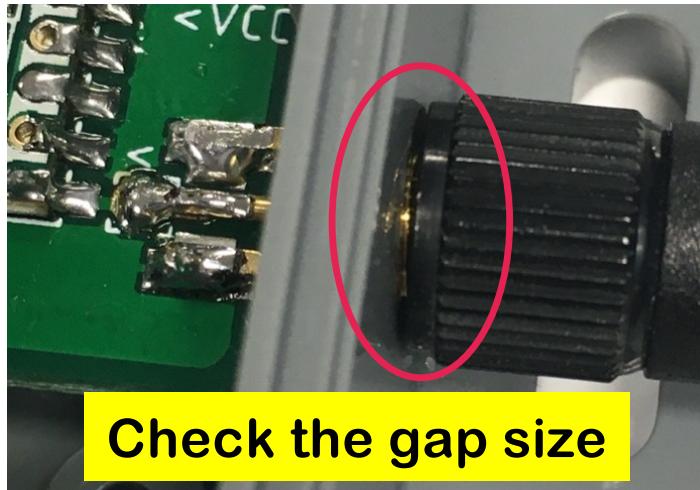


Be sure to connect the matching antenna
Here, SMA female with SMA male antenna
Need to screw the antenna in all the way

The antenna junction is critical because this
is where rain water can come in



The antenna junction



Even when the antenna is screwed in all the way, there might still be a gap

Even with no apparent gap, it is necessary to waterproof the junction

Take an o-ring for that purpose, but do not take it too thick or too large!

Too thick: the antenna will not be screwed in all the way!

There are o-ring for SMA connector but the gap size is an indication

Do not have or can not use o-ring?

Maybe the gap is too big? Use silicon joint sealant



First, screw in the antenna all the way

Put small amount of silicon around the antenna junction (use a flat screw driver or other flat tool)



Use a wet toothpick to finish and clean the silicon all around the antenna junction



check especially
the back side

Even with o-ring, it is safer to add silicon!

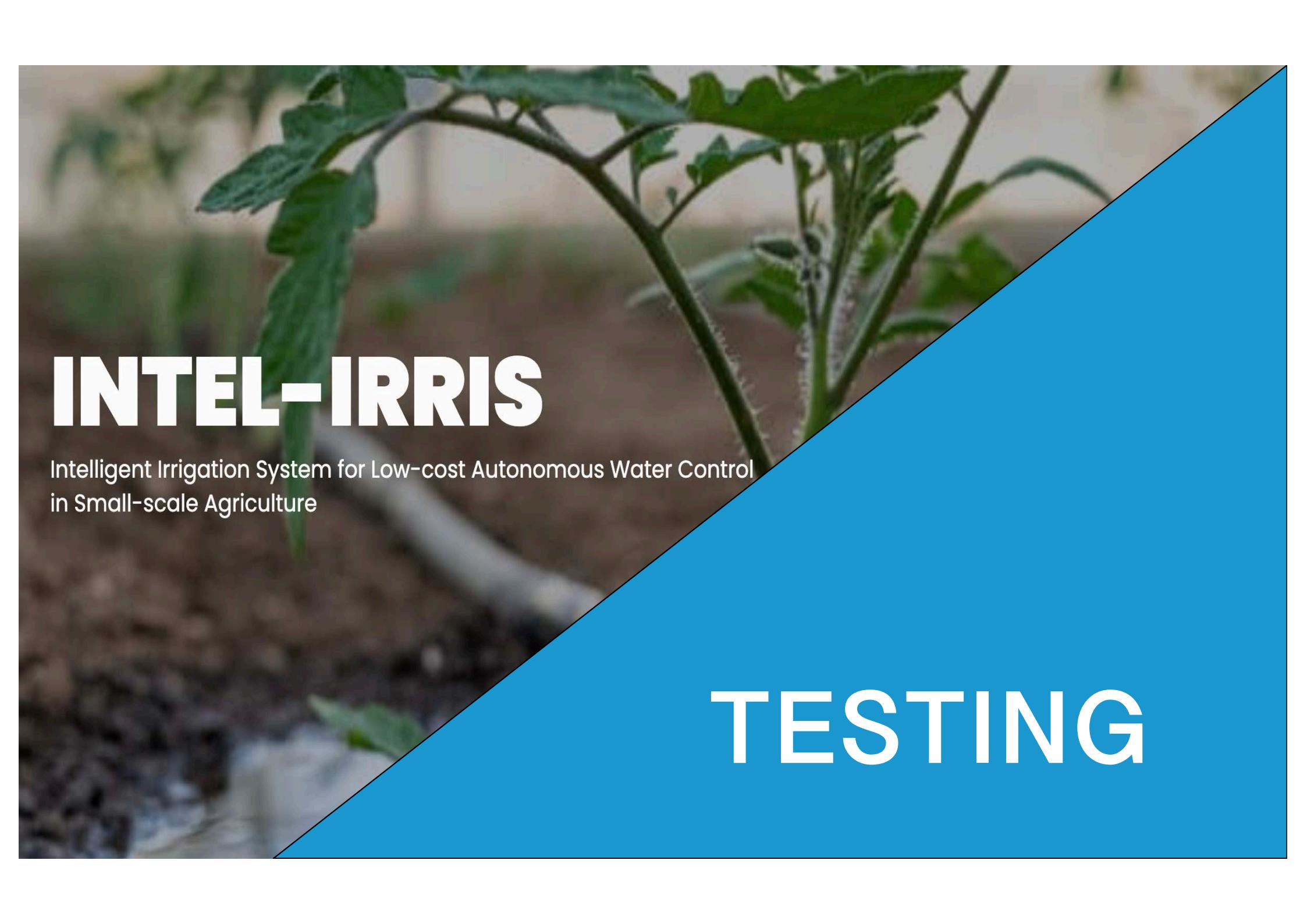
Put the device sticker

- Put the INTEL-IRRIS device sticker on the device cover
- See how the OFF and ON position are indicated
- You may use a waterproof marker to write the device address



**SEN0308 capacitive device
has default address
26011DAA**

**WM200 tensiometer device
has default address
26011DB1**

A close-up photograph of a young green plant with serrated leaves growing in dark brown soil. The plant has several thin stems and small leaves. The background is slightly blurred.

INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture

TESTING

Testing transmission to WaziGate

- Test with the fully assembled & configured soil sensor device
 - Check that antenna is connected
 - Switch ON the soil sensor device to get data transmission
 - Wait for about 10s, then switch OFF the soil sensor device
 - Check reception of data on WaziGate's dashboard
 - You need to refresh the web page on the web navigator



Look at [Video n°4 at t=331s](#)
<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=331>

Transmission to WaziGate



Parameters for
INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate
(default in red)

LoRaWAN™
SF12BW125
868.1MHz | **433.175MHz**
Node id is **26011DAA**
1 msg/60mins
1 sensor
XLPP data



This dedicated video will show all these steps, from connecting the SEN0308 to testing transmission to the WaziGate
 Video n°4: <https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM>

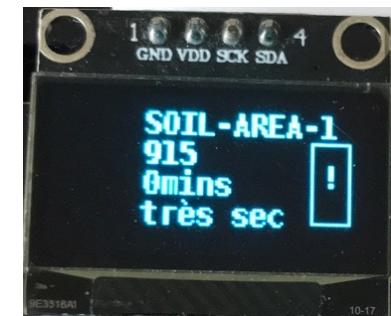
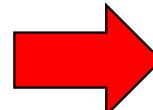


Check data reception on OLED

YOU CAN ALSO VIEW ON DASHBOARD

Testing with
capacitive device

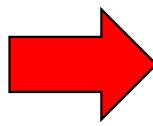
Default values for the
SEN0308 capacitive sensor



Testing with
tensiometer device

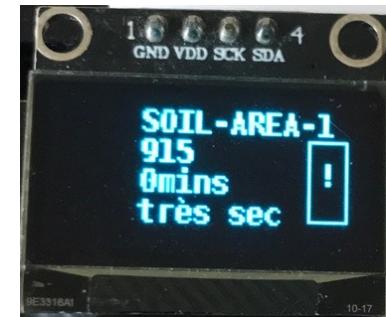
Default values for the WM200
tensiometer sensor

VALUES ARE ONLY INDICATIVE

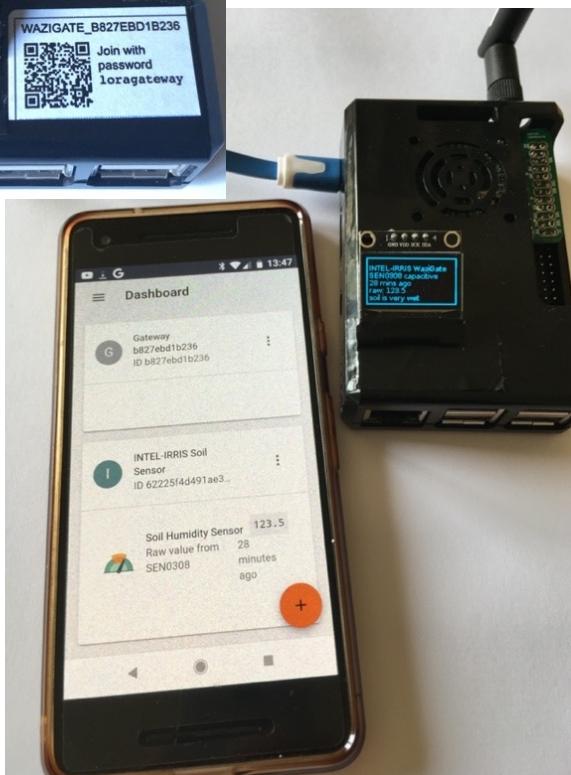
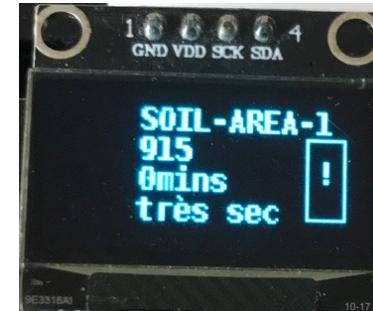


Soil sensor information on OLED

- The OLED displays the latest received sensor data for the end-user: the device name, the time of last received data, the sensor raw value and the soil condition
- The main screen is displayed for 6s every 30s. Then a screen saver display will show a shorter version of these information with a 5-bar visual
- 5 bars: saturated | 4 bars: wet
- 3 bars: wet-dry | 2 bars: dry-wet
- 1 bar: dry | 0 bar: very dry



Summary of INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate various User Interfaces



 **Intel-Irris**

Intel-Irris Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA)

SOIL-AREA-1

Soil condition : wet capacitive

Value : 123






SOIL-AREA-2

Soil condition : saturated tensiometer_cbar

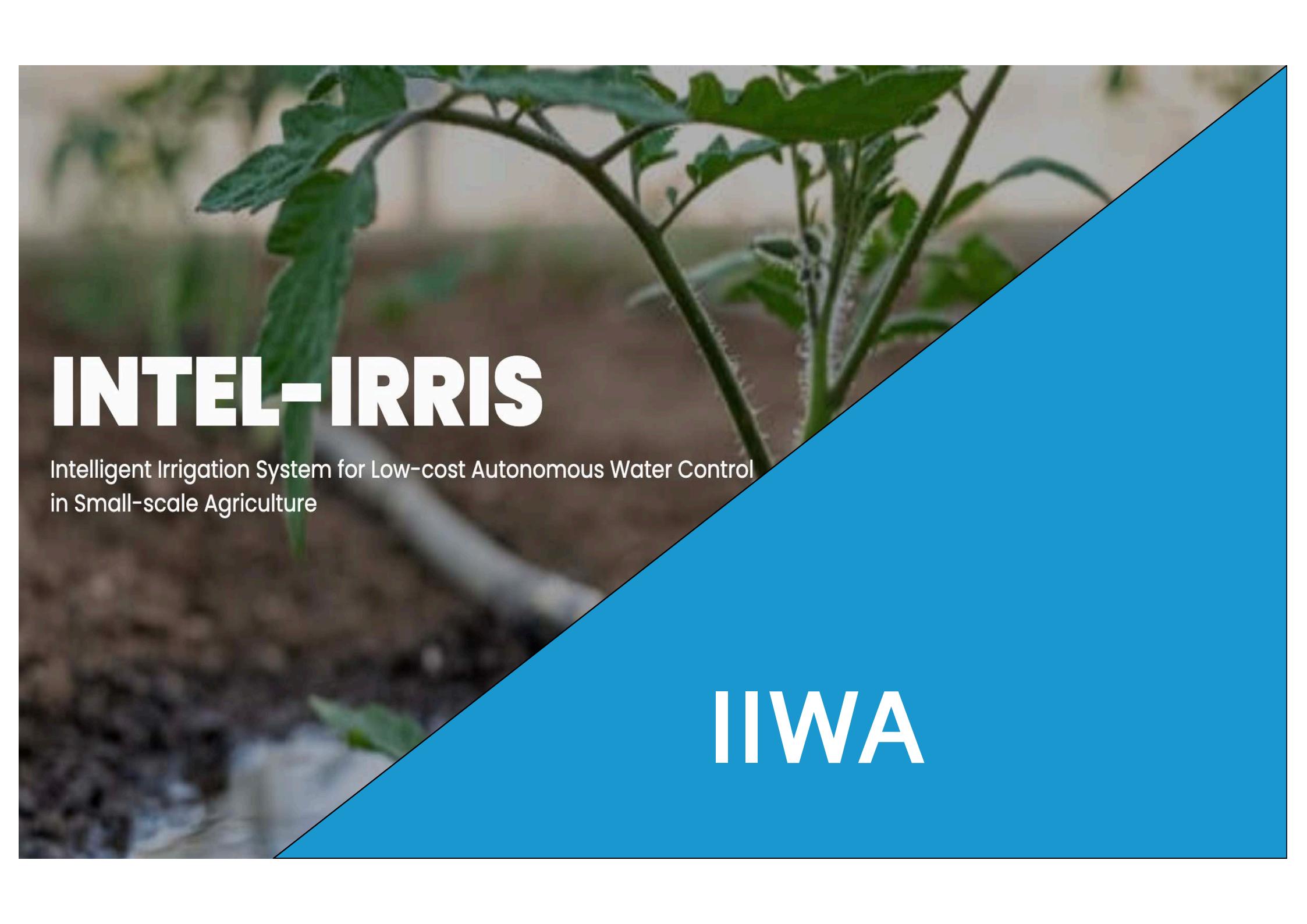
Value : 5






Deploying the starter-kit

- Install the soil sensor device in the field
 - See dedicated slides/videos [to come]
- Install the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate in the farmer's office/home
 - Just power the WaziGate, no Internet is required
 - Test access to WaziGate's dashboard with farmer's smartphone
- **NEVER TRANSMIT WITHOUT AN ANTENNA**
- Test correct data reception on INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate
 - Switch ON the soil sensor device to get data transmission
 - Check reception of data on WaziGate's dashboard or OLED screen

A close-up photograph of a young green plant with several leaves. In the background, a white, ribbed irrigation tube lies on the dark brown soil. The top right corner of the slide features a solid blue diagonal band.

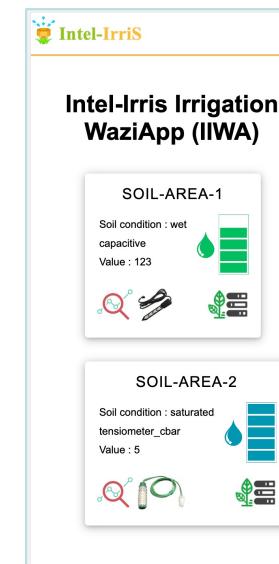
INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture

IIWA

INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp

- The INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA) is an embedded application running on the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate itself
- It is included in the starter-kit to implement the "**intelligent Irrigation in-the-box**" & "**plug-&-sense**" approach
- Its objective is to enhance the irrigation indication by applying sensor calibration models with soil/plant/weather parameters



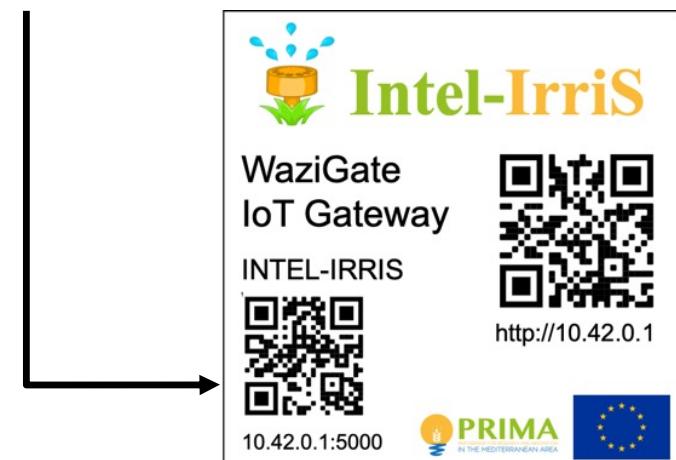
Connect to IIWA

- First, connect to INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate WiFi which should look like WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXX
 - Password is loragateway
- Otherwise, with the OLED screen, a QR code for automatically joining the WiFi network is periodically displayed for 10s
 - scan the displayed QR code with a smartphone to connect to WaziGate's WiFi
- Then, scan the static QR code on the WaziGate sticker to connect to the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp on : <http://10.42.0.1:5000>



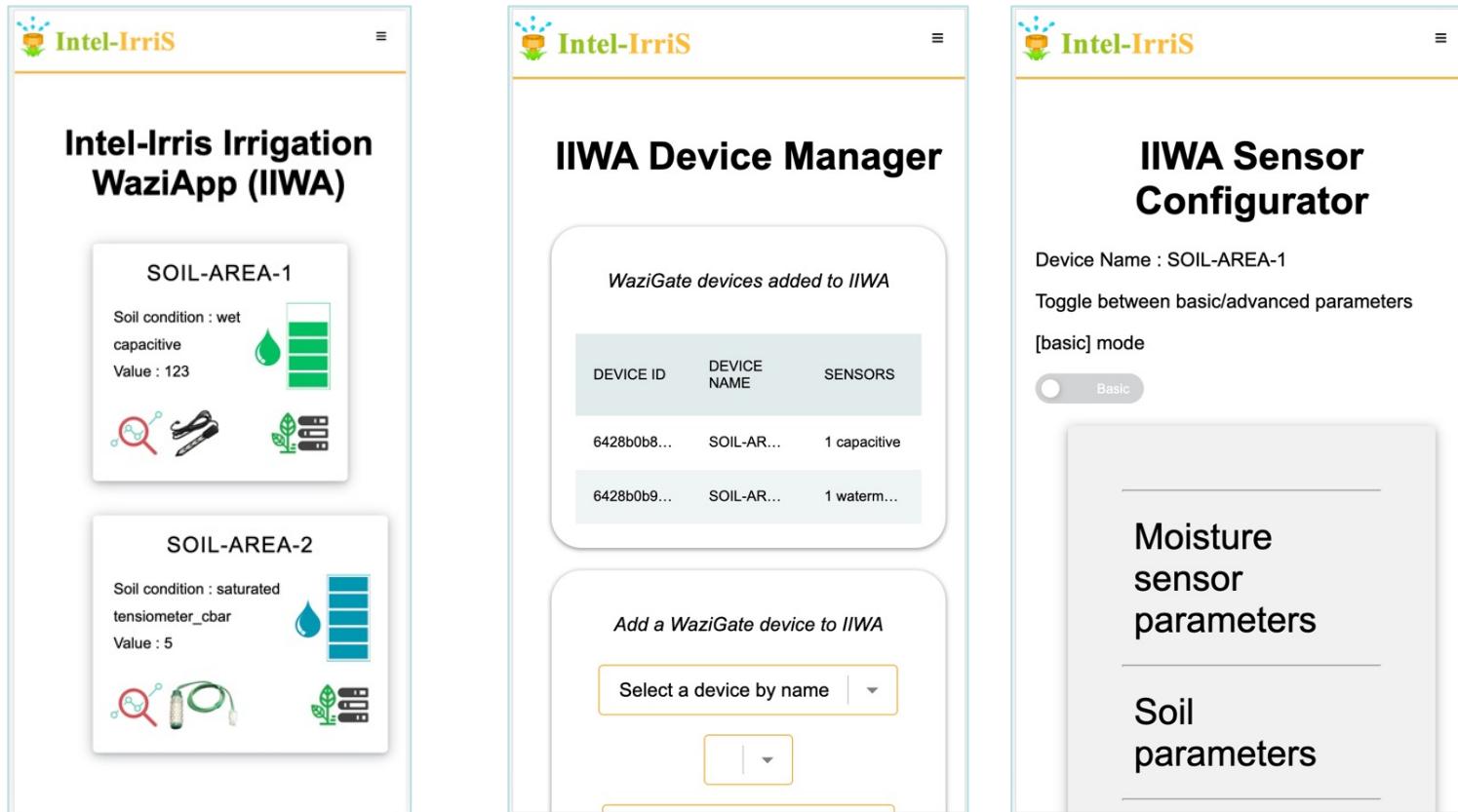
EXAMPLE:

WAZIGATE_DCA6325C2A7A



Get the IIWA presentation slides

- Part 4: the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp
 - [Tutorial slides on the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp](#)

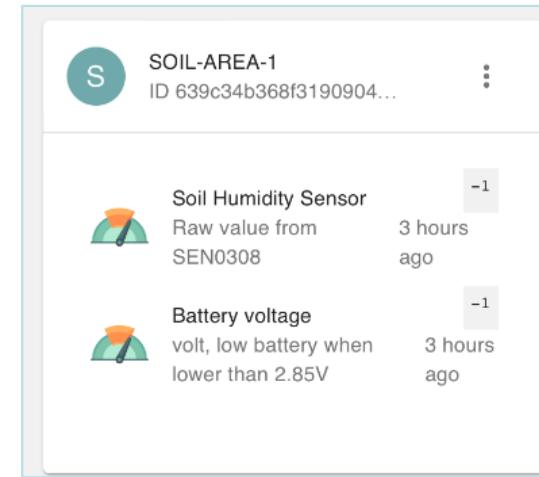


The image displays three mobile application screens for the Intel-Irris Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA). The first screen shows two soil monitoring areas: SOIL-AREA-1 (wet, capacitive, value 123) and SOIL-AREA-2 (saturated, tensiometer_cbar, value 5). The second screen is the IIWA Device Manager, listing WaziGate devices added to IIWA, specifically two soil sensors (SOIL-AREA-1 and SOIL-AREA-2). The third screen is the IIWA Sensor Configurator, showing moisture sensor parameters and soil parameters for the selected device.

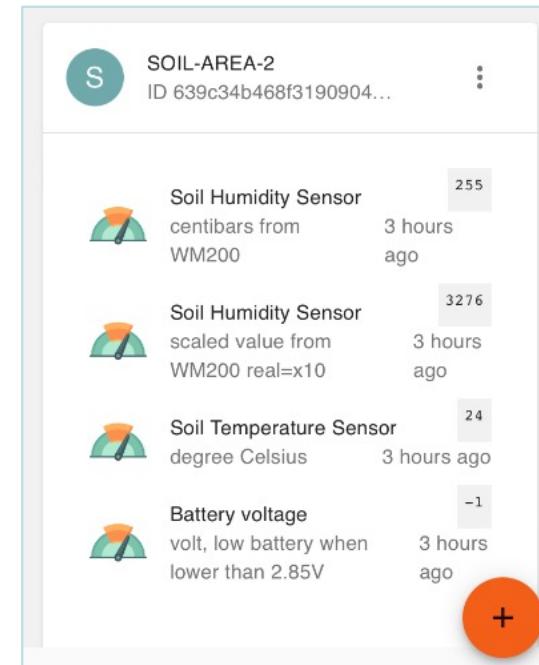
DEVICE ID	DEVICE NAME	SENSORS
6428b0b8...	SOIL-AR...	1 capacitive
6428b0b9...	SOIL-AR...	1 waterm...

Default WaziGate configuration & IIWA

- For the starter-kit, the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate will be ready for
 - 1 capacitive sensor named SOIL-AREA-1 with address 26011DAA
 - 1 tensiometer sensor named SOIL-AREA-2 with address 26011DB1
- IIWA default configuration
 - Both SOIL-AREA-1 & SOIL-AREA-2 are added to IIWA
 - **SOIL-AREA-1 is the active device**
 - Raw value from SEN0308 is the active sensor



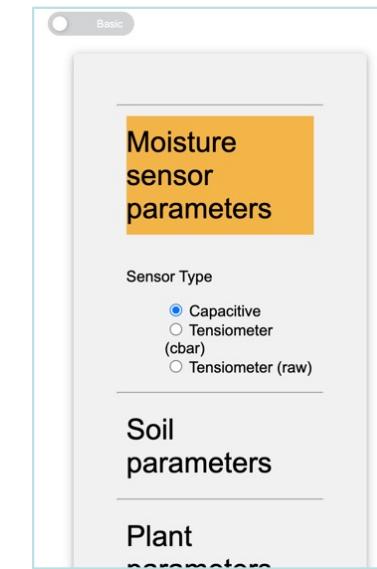
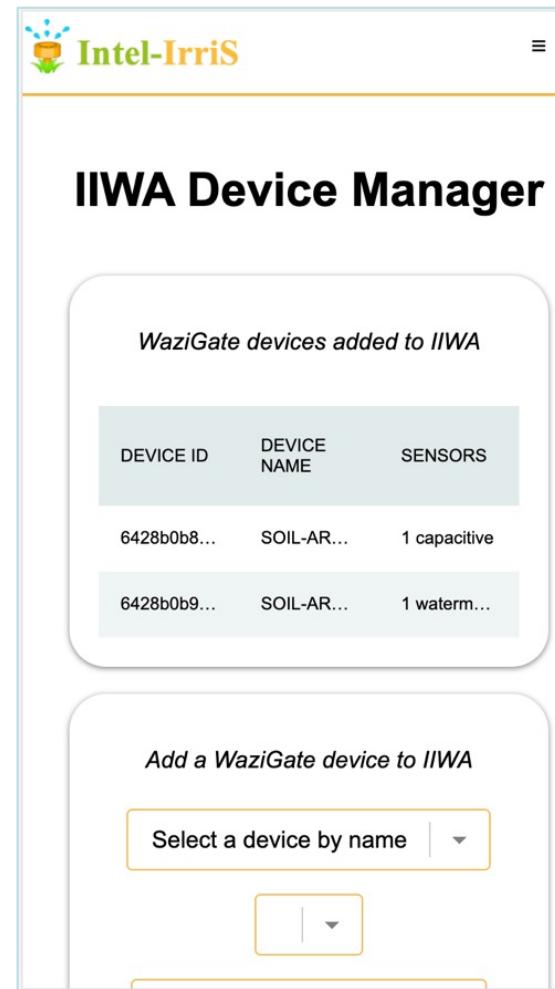
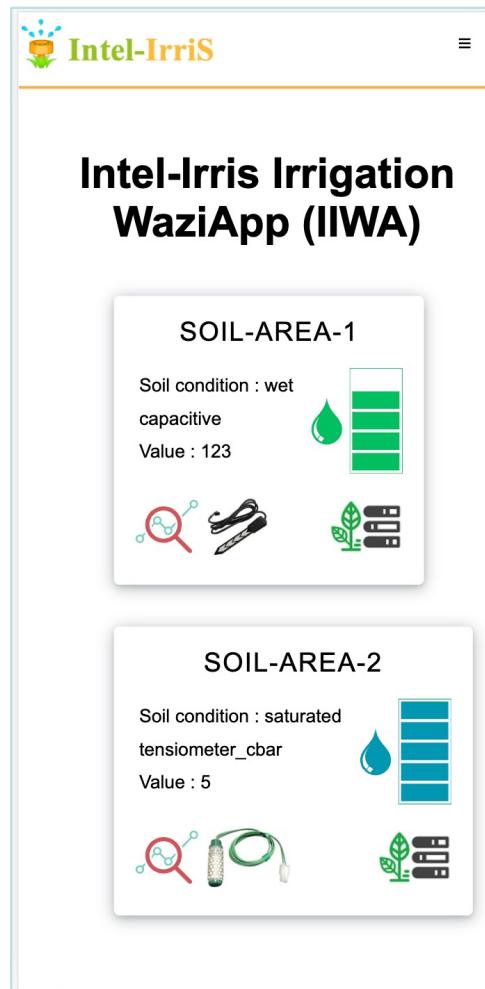
Default values for the SEN0308 capacitive sensor



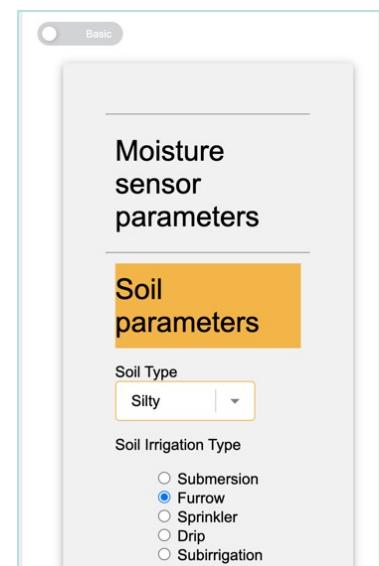
Default values for the WM200 tensiometer sensor



Default IIWA screens & configuration



It is OK to use the IIWA default configuration





INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture

ADVANCED CONFIG

Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices

- Only to have several capacitive soil devices on 1 Wazigate – change the device address in the soil device Arduino code

Default address for capacitive sensor is

```
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA };
```

Just increase the last byte

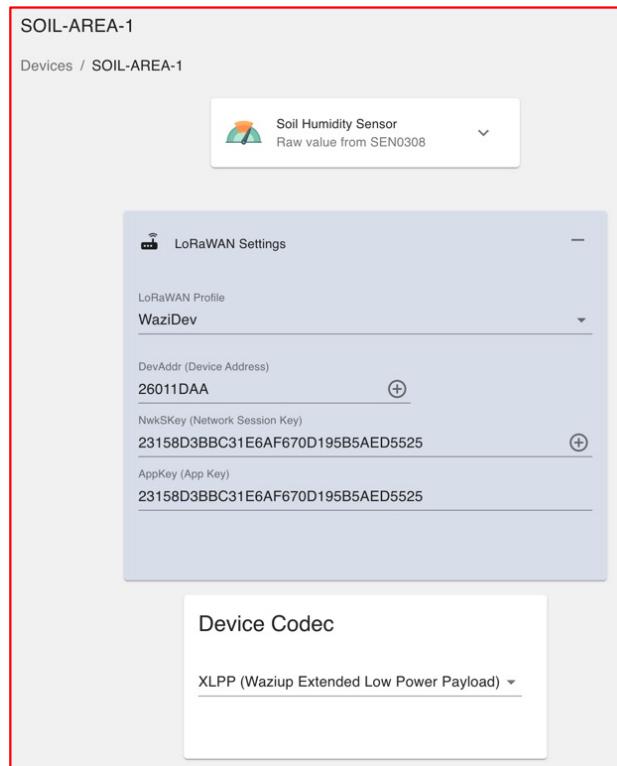
```
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAB };
```

Compile and upload the code to the additional soil sensor device

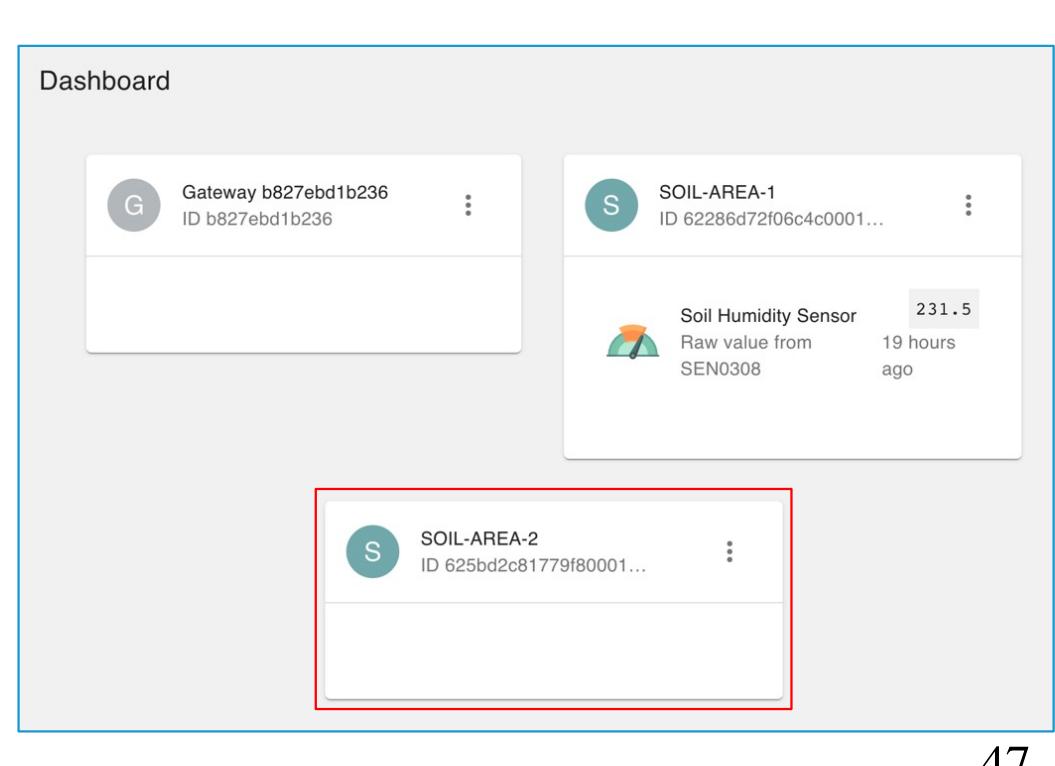
Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Left figure shows WaziGate config with 1 soil sensor device
- Create a new device, e.g. device name SOIL-AREA-2
- Avoid space, limit to 12 characters for correct display on OLED



The screenshot shows the WaziGate configuration interface for a device named "SOIL-AREA-1". It includes sections for LoRaWAN Settings (DevAddr: 26011DAA, NwkKey: 23158D3BBC31E6AF670D195B5AED5525, AppKey: 23158D3BBC31E6AF670D195B5AED5525), a Device Codec section (XLPP (Waziup Extended Low Power Payload)), and a preview of the "Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308" card.

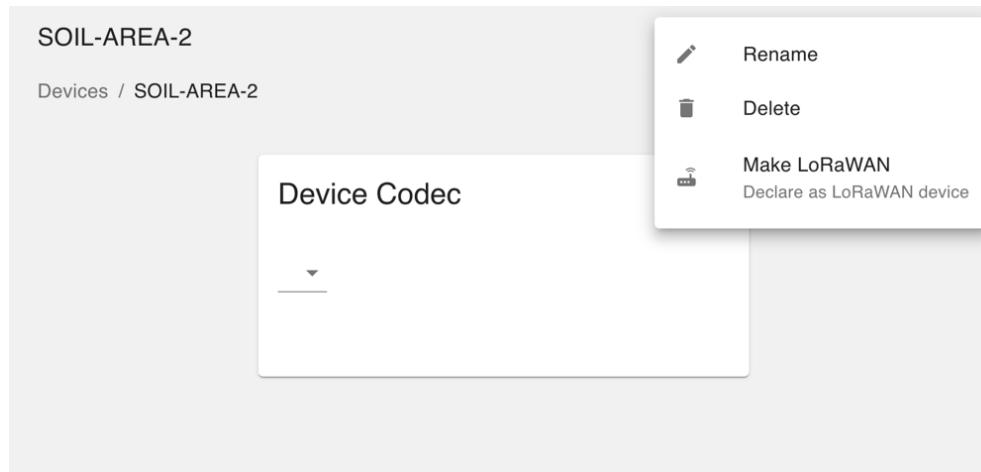


The screenshot shows the WaziGate dashboard with three cards. The first card is for the "Gateway b827ebd1b236" (ID: b827ebd1b236). The second card is for the "SOIL-AREA-1" device (ID: 62286d72f06c4c0001...), showing a "Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308" of 231.5 measured 19 hours ago. The third card, which is highlighted with a red border, is for the "SOIL-AREA-2" device (ID: 625bd2c81779f80001...).

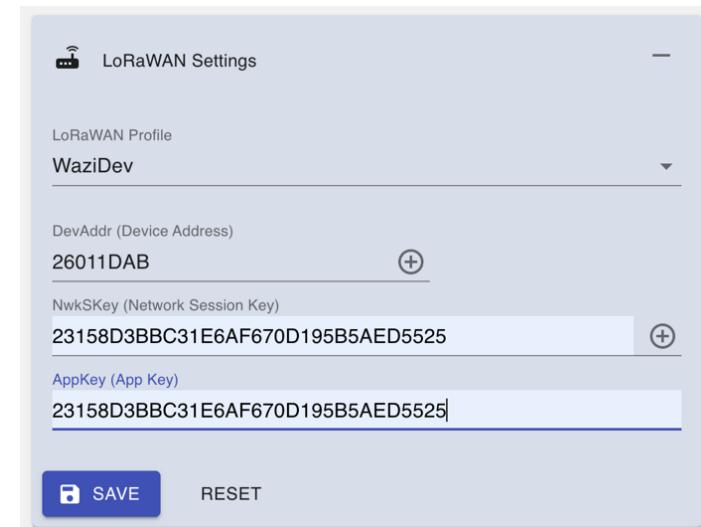
Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Select the new device and make it as LoRaWAN device



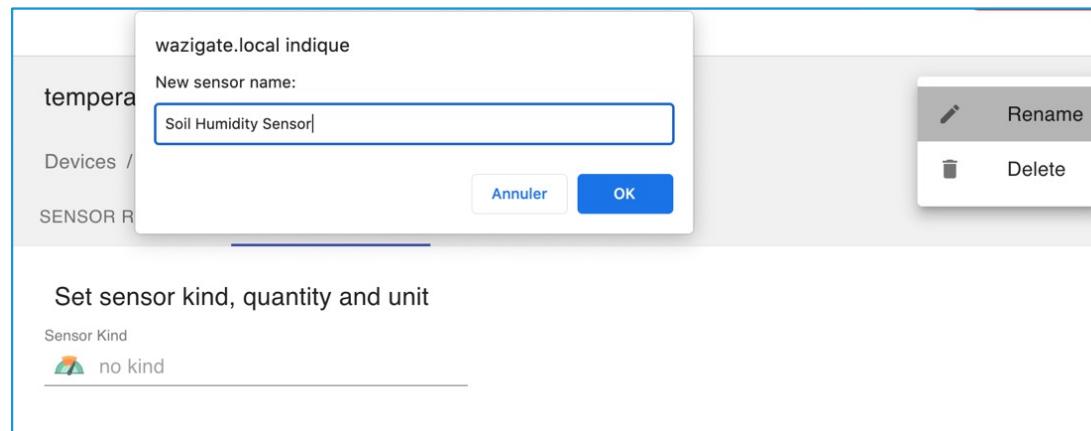
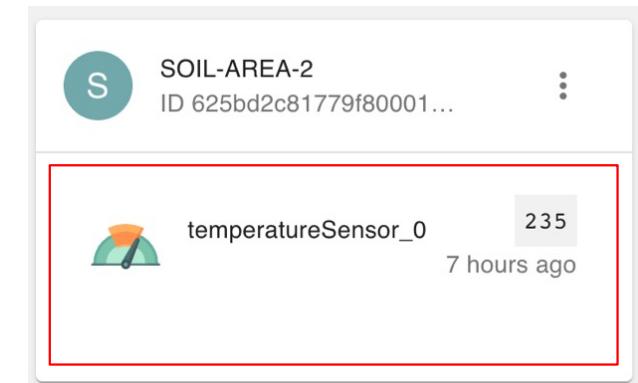
- Set the new address, matching the one of the Arduino code: 26011DAB
- keep same encryption keys
- Select XLPP as codec



Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

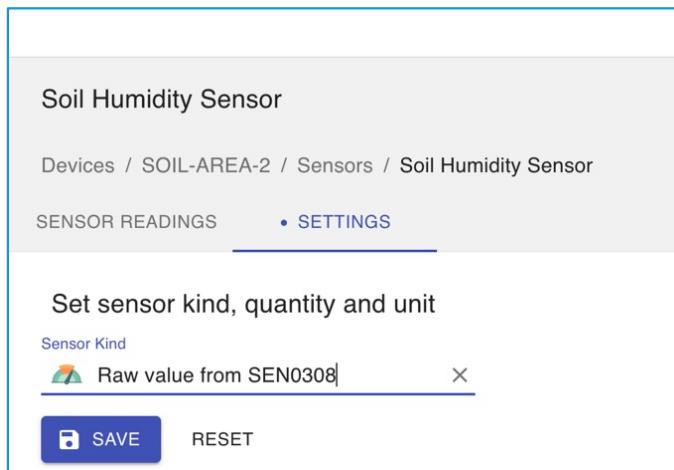
- DO NOT manually create a sensor. Instead,...
- ... power on the new soil sensor device for data transmission
- Refresh the WaziGate dashboard, the new data should appear
- New sensor name is "temperatureSensor_0"
- Click on "temperatureSensor_0" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Humidity Sensor"



Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Change Sensor kind to "Raw value from SEN0308"



Soil Humidity Sensor

Devices / SOIL-AREA-2 / Sensors / Soil Humidity Sensor

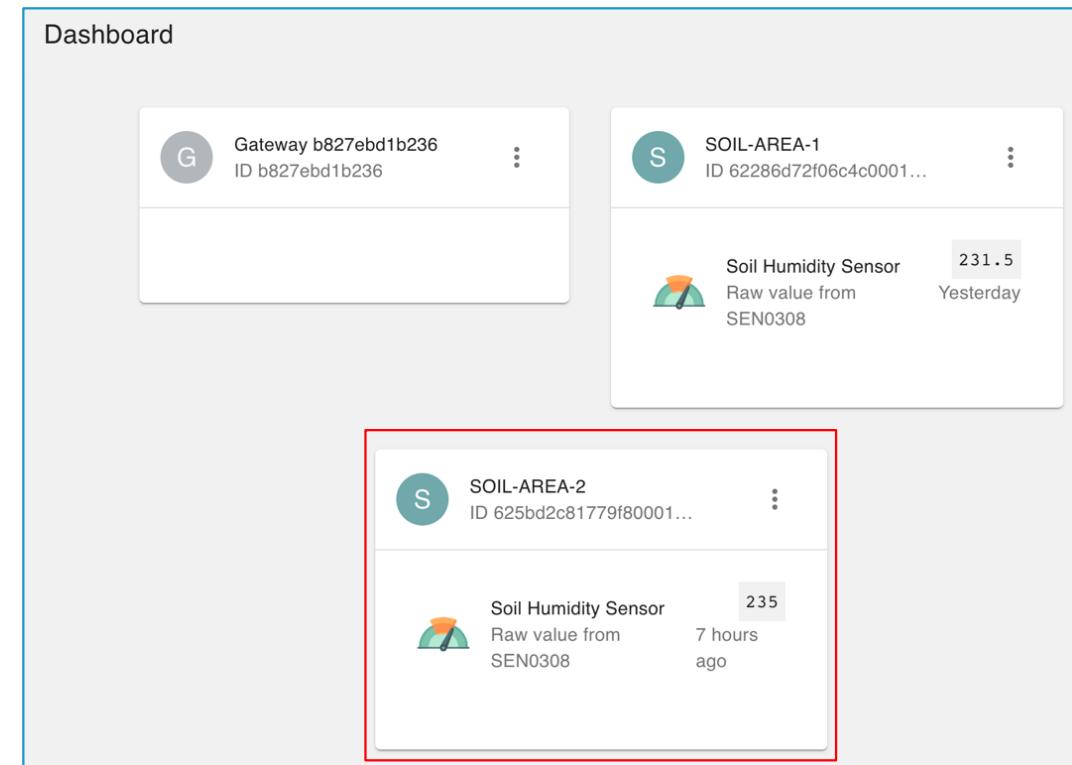
SENSOR READINGS • SETTINGS

Set sensor kind, quantity and unit

Sensor Kind

Raw value from SEN0308

SAVE RESET



Dashboard

G Gateway b827ebd1b236 ID b827ebd1b236 ...

S SOIL-AREA-1 ID 62286d72f06c4c0001... ...

Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 231.5 Yesterday

S SOIL-AREA-2 ID 625bd2c81779f80001... ...

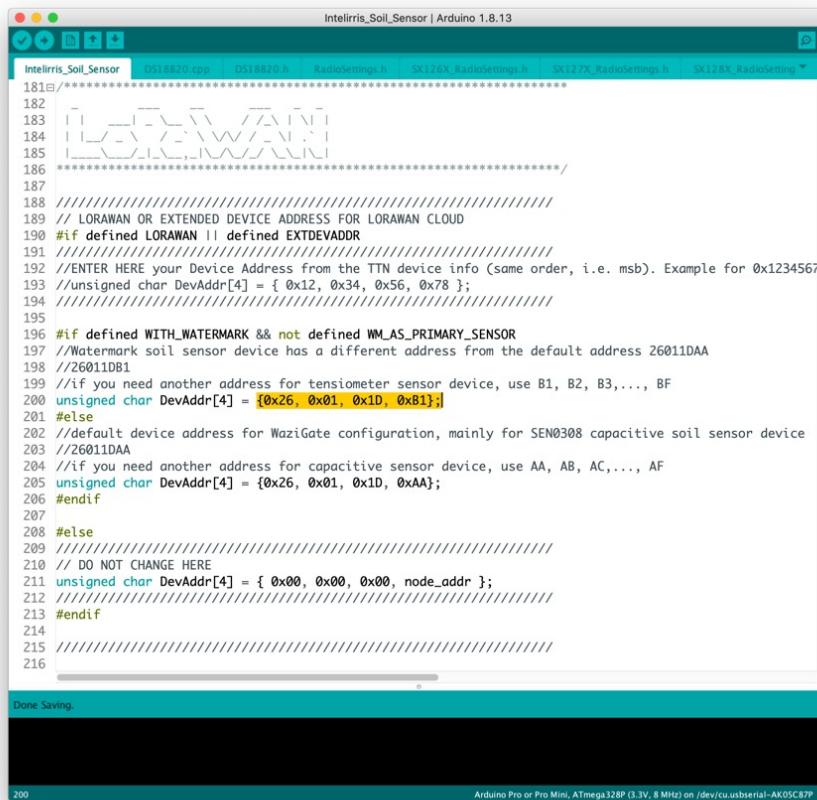
Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 235 7 hours ago

- The dashboard now displays correctly the new device with its sensor

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices

- Only to have several tensiometer soil devices on 1 Wazigate – change the device address in the soil device Arduino code



```

 181 //*****
 182 // WAZIGATE
 183 // WAZIGATE
 184 // WAZIGATE
 185 //*****
 186 *****/
 187
 188 //////////////// LORAWAN OR EXTENDED DEVICE ADDRESS FOR LORAWAN CLOUD
 189 #if defined LORAWAN || defined EXTDEVADDR
 190 //ENTER HERE your Device Address from the TTN device info (same order, i.e. msb). Example for 0x1234567
 191 //unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x12, 0x34, 0x56, 0x78 };
 192 ///////////////
 193 #if defined WITH_WATERMARK && not defined WM_AS_PRIMARY_SENSOR
 194 //Watermark soil sensor device has a different address from the default address 26011DAA
 195 //26011DB1
 196 //if you need another address for tensiometer sensor device, use B1, B2, B3,..., BF
 197 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB1};
 198 #else
 199 //default device address for WaziGate configuration, mainly for SEN0308 capacitive soil sensor device
 200 //26011DA
 201 //if you need another address for capacitive sensor device, use AA, AB, AC,..., AF
 202 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA};
 203 #endif
 204 //DO NOT CHANGE HERE
 205 #ifndef node_addr
 206 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, node_addr };
 207 #endif
 208 //*****
 209 // DO NOT CHANGE HERE
 210 #endif
 211 //*****
 212
 213
 214
 215
 216

```

Done Saving.

Arduino Pro or Pro Mini, ATmega328P (3.3V, 8 MHz) on /dev/cu.usbserial-AK05C87P

Default address for tensiometer sensor is

{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB1 };

Just increase the last byte

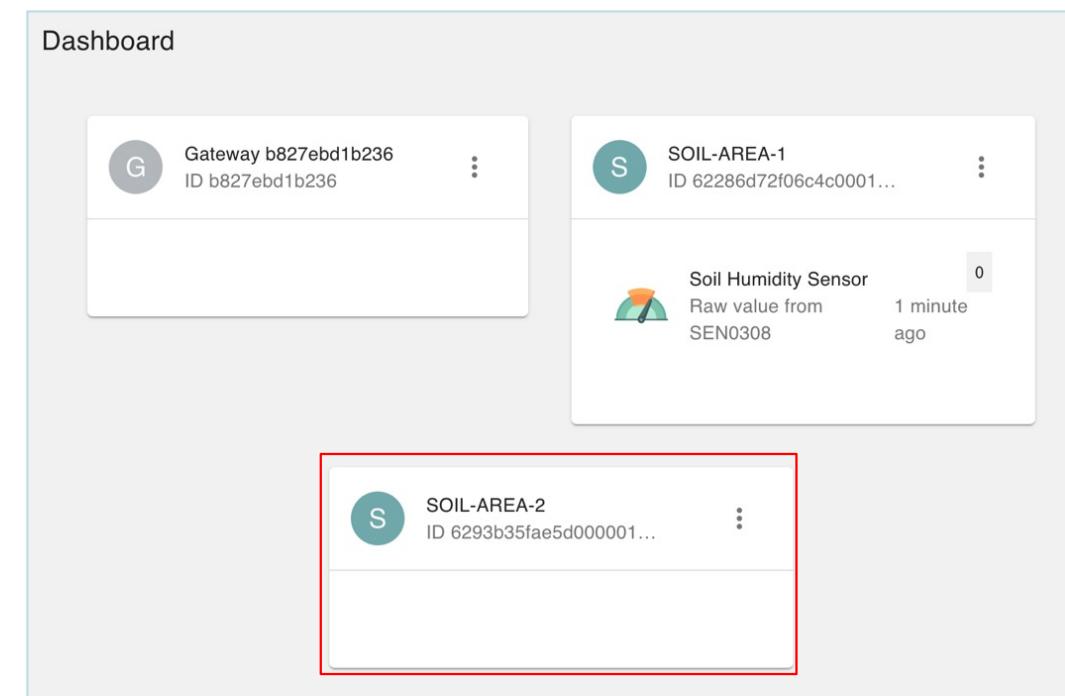
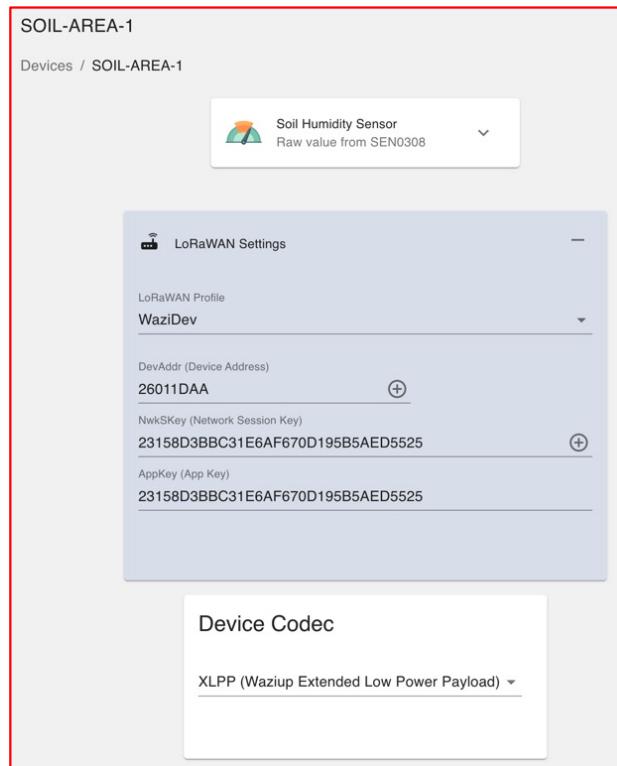
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB2 };

Compile and upload the code to the soil sensor device

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

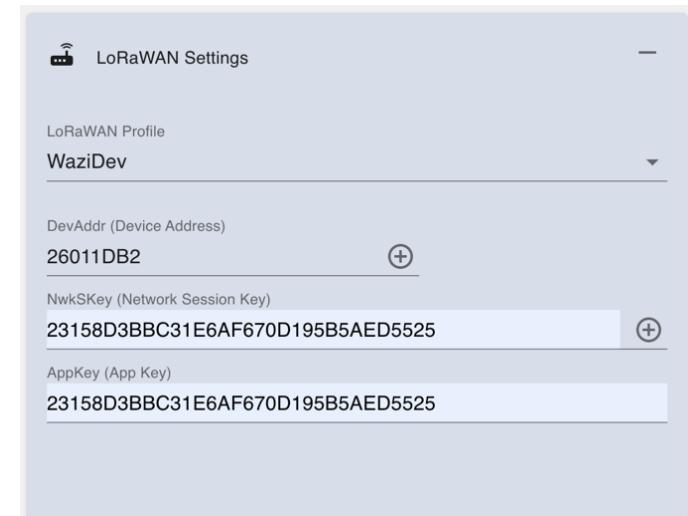
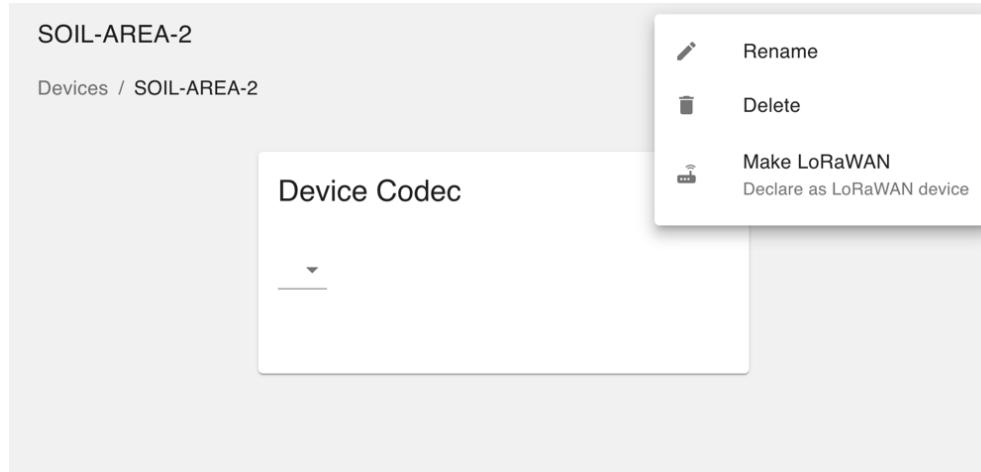
- Left figure shows WaziGate config with 1 soil sensor device
- Create a new device, e.g. device name SOIL-AREA-2
- Avoid space, limit to 12 characters for correct display on OLED



Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- Select the new device and make it as LoRaWAN device

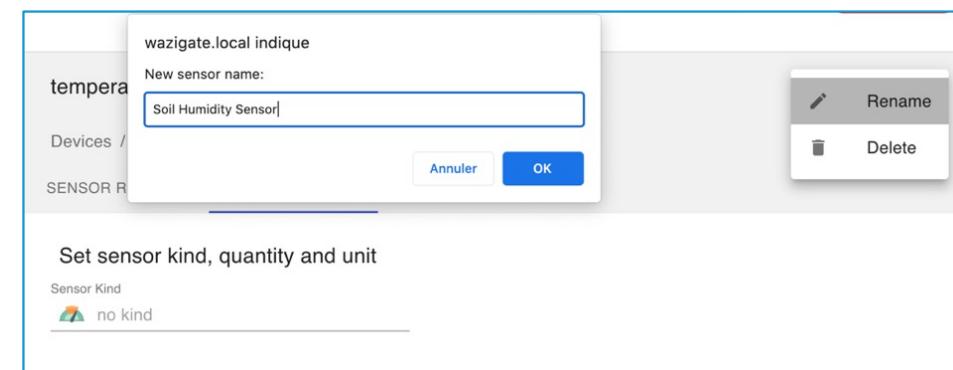
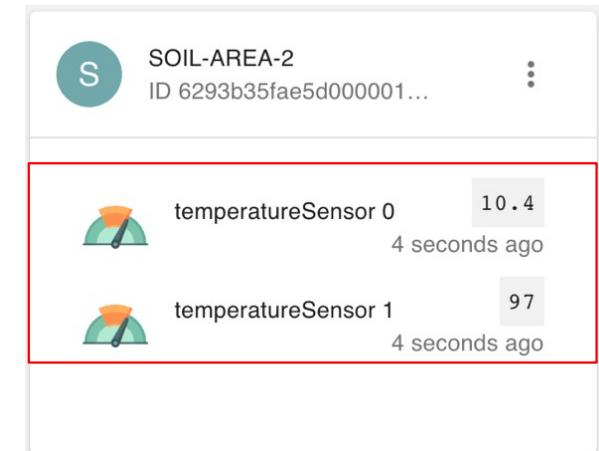


- Set the new address, matching the one of the Arduino code: 26011DB2
- keep same encryption keys
- Select XLPP as codec

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- DO NOT manually create a sensor. Instead,...
- ... power on the new soil sensor device for data transmission
- Refresh the WaziGate dashboard, the new data should appear
- There should be 2 new sensor names
 - "temperatureSensor_0" & "temperatureSensor_1"
- Click on "temperatureSensor_0" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Humidity Sensor"
- Do the same for "temperatureSensor_1"



Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- For first sensor, change Sensor kind to "centibars from WM200"
- For second sensor, use "scaled value from WM200 real=x10"

Soil Humidity Sensor

Devices / SOIL-AREA-2 / Sensors / Soil Humidity Sensor

SENSOR READINGS • SETTINGS

Set sensor kind, quantity and unit

Sensor Kind

 centibars from WM200 ×

SAVE RESET

Dashboard

G Gateway b827ebd1b236 ID b827ebd1b236 ...

S SOIL-AREA-1 ID 62286d72f06c4c0001... ...

 Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 0 12 minutes ago

S SOIL-AREA-2 ID 6293b35fae5d000001... ...

 Soil Humidity Sensor centibars from WM200 10.4 3 minutes ago

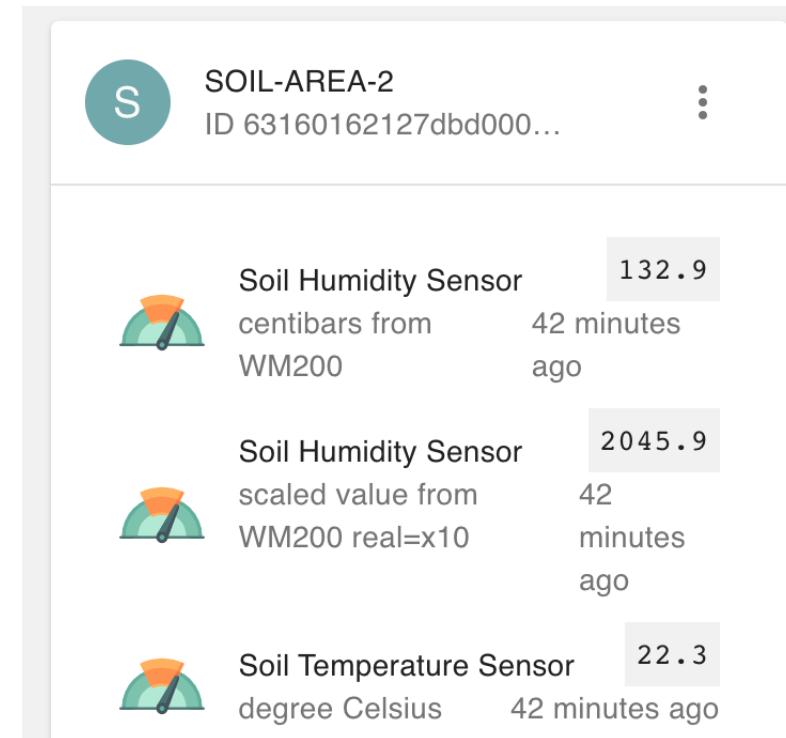
 Soil Hulmidity Sensor Scaled value from WM200 real=x10 97 3 minutes ago

- The dashboard now displays correctly the new device with its sensors

Advanced configuration

ex 1 & 2: with a soil temperature sensor

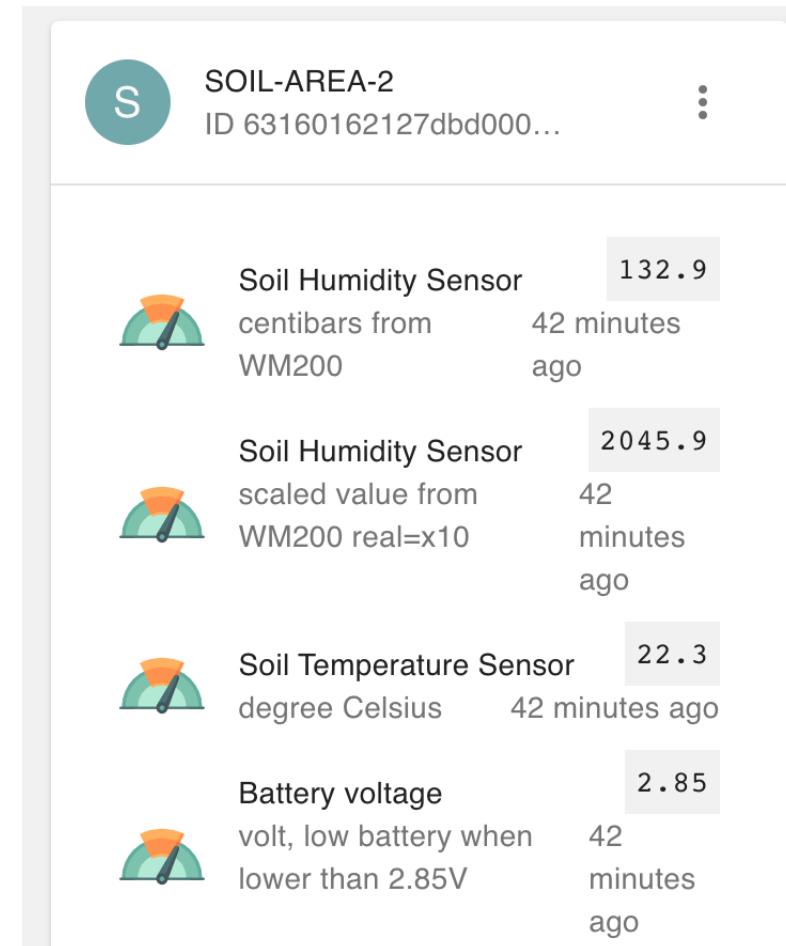
- If there is a soil temperature sensor attached, a sensor named "temperatureSensor_5" will also appear
- Click on "temperatureSensor_5" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Temperature Sensor"
- Change Sensor kind to "degree Celsius"
- Reload dashboard which should now displays correctly the new device with its sensors



Advanced configuration

ex 1 & 2: with battery voltage monitor

- With battery voltage monitor, a sensor named "analogSensor_6" will also appear
- Click on "analogSensor_6" and then rename it, e.g. "Battery voltage"
- Change Sensor kind to "volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V"
- Reload dashboard which should now displays correctly the new device with its sensors

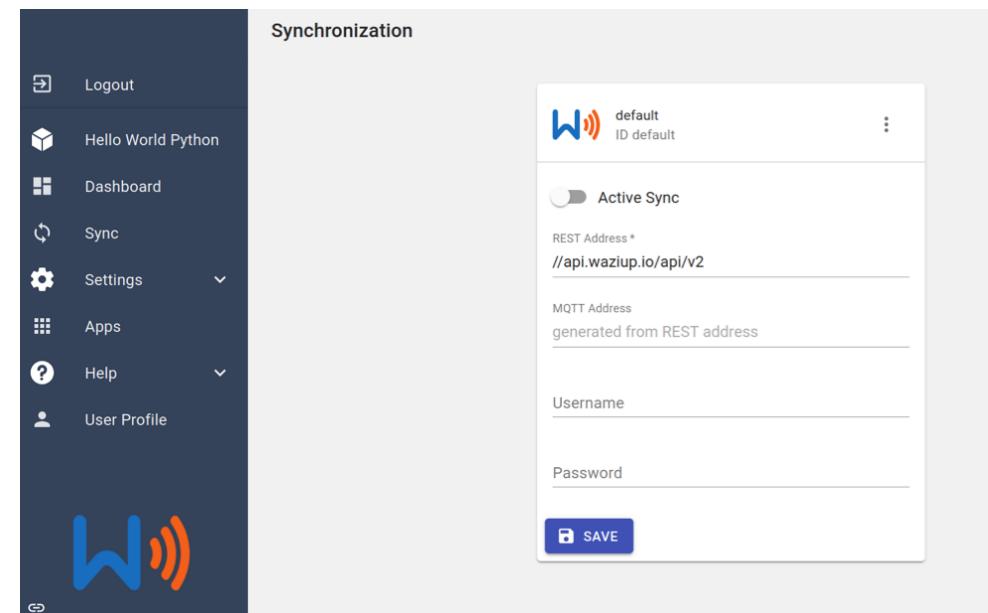


Advanced configuration

ex 3: sync WaziGate and its devices to the cloud

- If you want to sync your WaziGate to the WAZIUP Cloud, look at this tutorial page to see what it means
 - <https://www.waziup.io/documentation/wazigate/v2/install/#registration-with-the-cloud>

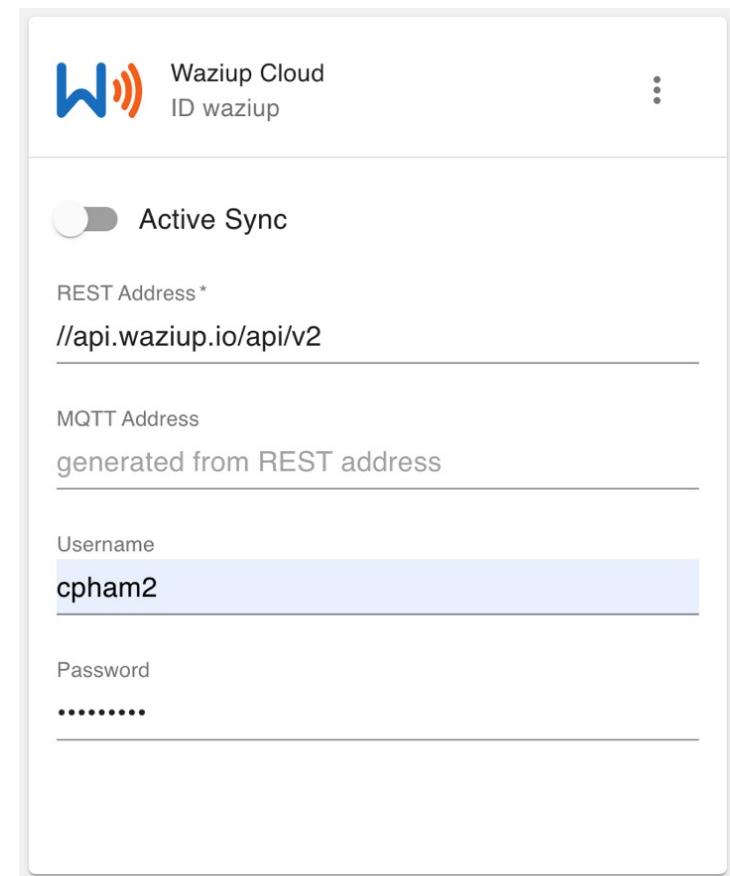
- You will need an account on WAZIUP Cloud dashboard
- If you don't have one, you need to create one first
- <https://dashboard.waziup.io/>



Advanced configuration

ex 3: sync WaziGate and its devices to the cloud, con't

- Then, enter your WAZIUP account credential in the sync menu
- And enable "Active Sync"
- Log in the WAZIUP Cloud dashboard and check that you see your gateway and your device



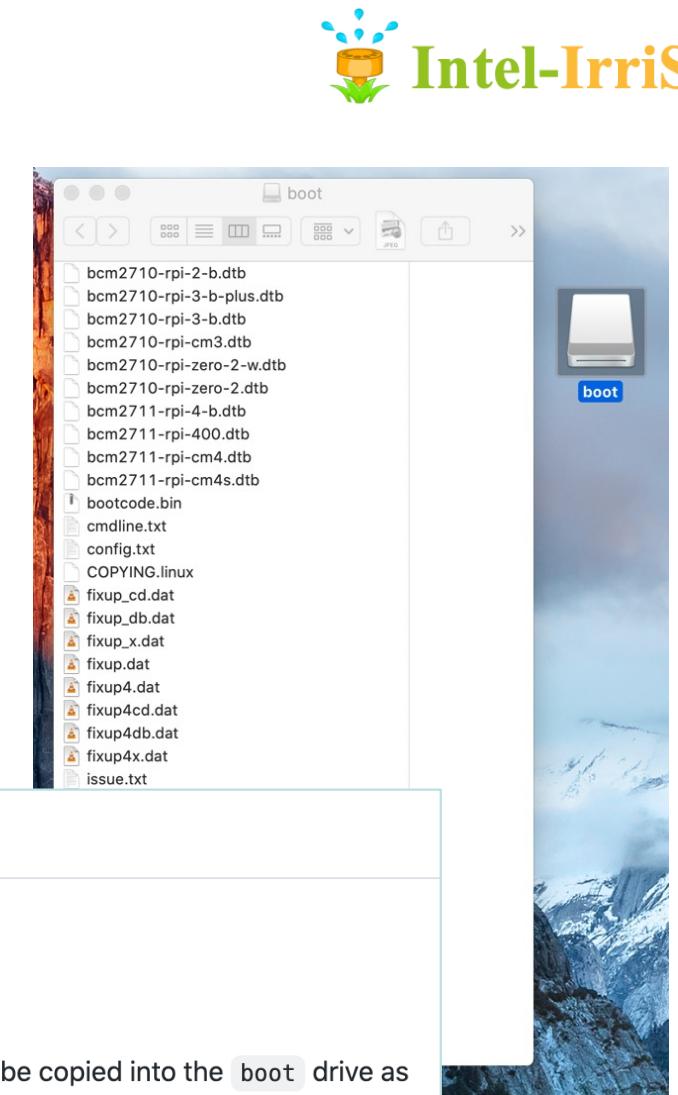
Advanced configuration

ex 4: use 868MHz frequency band

- The default SD card image uses EU433 frequency band
- To set to 868MHz, read carefully & use the auto-configuration mechanism
 - <https://github.com/CongducPham/PRIMA-Intel-Irris/tree/main/Gateway/boot#auto-configuration-on-boot-for-the-intel-irris-wazigate>

Example 1: set INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate in 868MHz version

- flash the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate SD card image
- insert the SD card in any computer (Windows, Linux, MacOS)
- open the `boot` drive that should appear on your computer
- download from INTEL-IRRIS GitHub (`Gateway/boot`) `intel-irris-band-868.txt` to be copied into the `boot` drive as `intel-irris-band.txt`
- be sure that there is no `intel-irris-auto-config.done` file in the `boot` drive, otherwise delete the file
- safely eject the `boot` drive
- insert the SD card in the RPI and power the RPI



Advanced configuration

ex 5: execute automatic custom configuration

- Default SD card image defines
 - 1 capacitive sensor SOIL-AREA-1
 - 1 tensiometer sensor SOIL-AREA-2
- To change configuration, read carefully & use the auto-configuration mechanism
 - <https://github.com/CongducPham/PRIMA-Intel-Irris/tree/main/Gateway/boot#auto-configuration-on-boot-for-the-intel-irris-wazigate>

Example 4: have the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate working with a customized setting

- flash the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate SD card image
- insert the SD card in any computer (Windows, Linux, MacOS)
- open the `boot` drive that should appear on your computer
- download from INTEL-IRRIS GitHub (`Gateway/boot`) `create-custom-example/intel-irris-auto-config.sh` and see how the script creates one capacitive and one tensiometer device (SOIL-AREA-1/26011DAA and SOIL-AREA-2/26011DB1)
- based on this example, you can create on your computer an `intel-irris-auto-config.sh` script that actually creates and configures devices according to your setting
- copy the file into the `boot` drive as `intel-irris-auto-config.sh`
- be sure that there is no `intel-irris-auto-config.done` file in the `boot` drive, otherwise delete the file
- safely eject the `boot` drive
- insert the SD card in the RPI and power the RPI

Advanced configuration

ex 5: execute automatic custom configuration, con't

- Some of auto-configuration options (GitHub: Gateway/boot)
 - create-starter-kit-demo-capacitive-watermark-st-iiwa-ha: **default config of starter-kit**
default capacitive: SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DAA
default tensiometer + 1 soil temperature: SOIL-AREA-2, 26011DB1
Home Assistant included
these 2 devices are added to IIWA and HA
 - create-default-capacitive: default capacitive
SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DAA
 - create-default-watermark: replace default capacitive by default WM
SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DB1
 - create-default-watermark-st: default WM + 1 soil temperature (s-t)
SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DB1
 - create-default-2-watermark: 2 default WM (on same device)
SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DB1
 - create-default-2-watermark-st: 2 default WM (same device) + 1 soil temperature
SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DB1
 - create-4-watermark: 4 devices, each with 1 default WM
SOIL-AREA-[1, 2, 3, 4], 26011D[B1, B2, B3, B4]

Advanced configuration

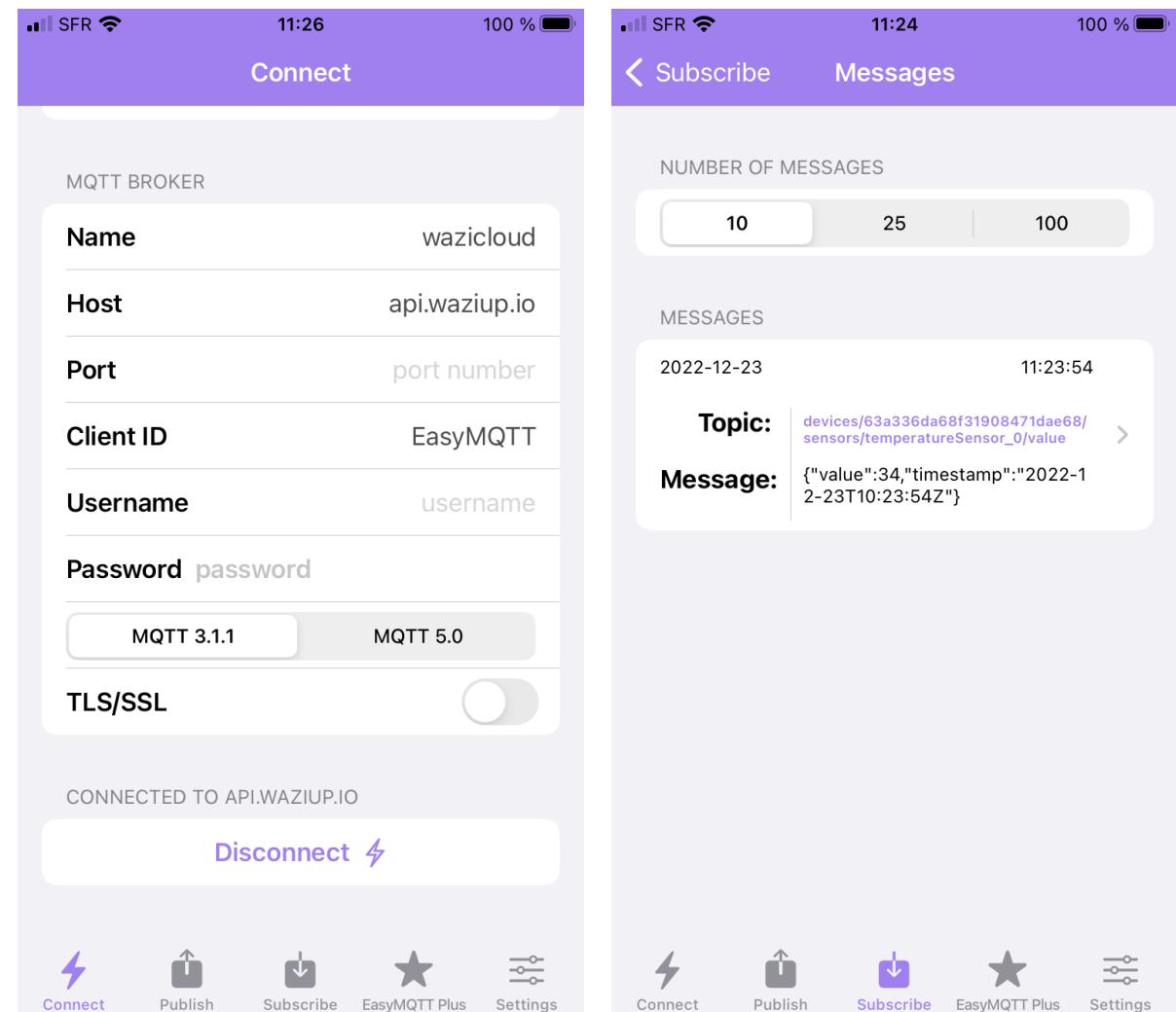
ex 6: MQTT integration

- With sensor data on WaziCloud, it is possible to subscribe to those data with MQTT protocol
- With command line mosquitto_sub
 - mosquitto_sub
-L "mqtt://api.waziup.io/devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value"
 - mosquitto_sub
-h api.waziup.io -t devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value
- With other MQTT integration client/platform
 - Host: api.waziup.io
 - Topic: devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value
- Output
 - { "value": 34, "timestamp": "2022-12-23T10:23:54Z" }

Advanced configuration

ex 6: MQTT integration, con't

- Example with an MQTT client (EasyMQTT) on an iPhone7



NOTICE ON THE STARTER-KIT



- NEVER TRANSMIT WITHOUT AN ANTENNA
- 1 FULLY ASSEMBLED & CONFIGURED SOIL SENSOR
 - NEED TO INSTALL 2-AA BATTERIES
 - TAKE HIGH-GRADE BATTERIES
 - DO NOT SWITCH ON WITHOUT ANTENNA ATTACHED
 - ALREADY CONFIGURED FOR WAZIGATE
- STARTER-KIT= 1 SOIL SENSOR + 1 WAZIGATE
- INTEL-IRRIS WAZIGATE IMAGE TO BE DOWNLOADED FROM <http://intel-iris.eu/results>
- FLASH IMAGE ON 8GB SD CARD (OR 16GB OR 32GB)
- THE WAZIGATE IS ONLY PRE-CONFIGURED FOR 1 SOIL SENSOR PER FARM
- STARTER-KIT TUTORIAL : <http://intel-iris.eu/tutorials-slides>

