

INTEL-IRRIS

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control
in Small-scale Agriculture



This project is part of the PRIMA
Programme supported by the
European Union



Intel-IrriS



PRIMA
PARTNERSHIP FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION
IN THE MEDITERRANEAN AREA

Intelligent Irrigation System for Low-cost Autonomous Water Control in Small-scale Agriculture



Building the INTEL-IRRIS LoRa IoT platform Part 3: the INTEL-IRRIS starter-kit



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INTEL-IRRIS starter-kit

- "Intelligent Irrigation in-the-box", "plug-&-sense"
- From idea to reality!



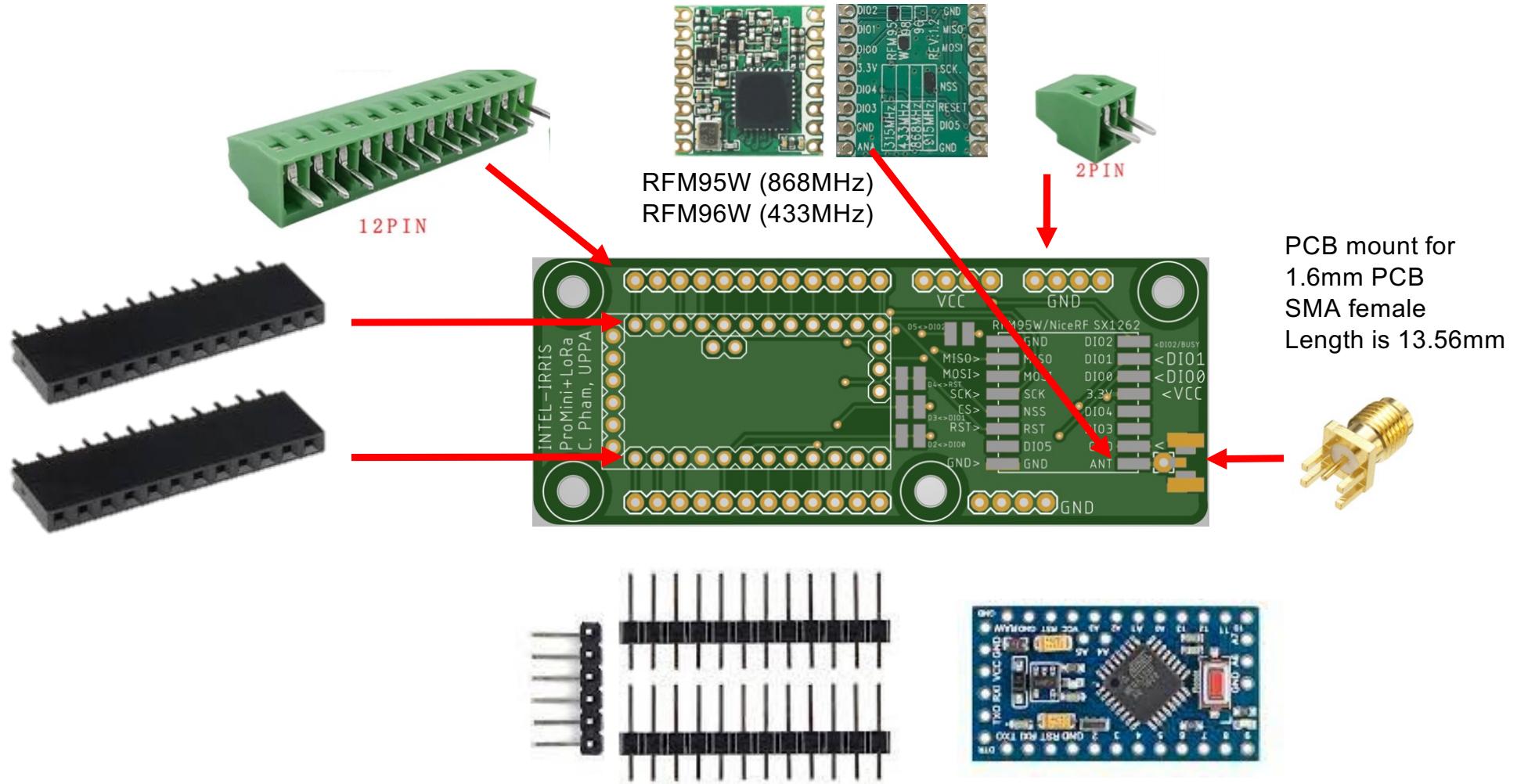
Preparing the starter-kits at UPPA



This non-technical video shows
the preparation of the kits
<https://youtu.be/5nznRcloe40>

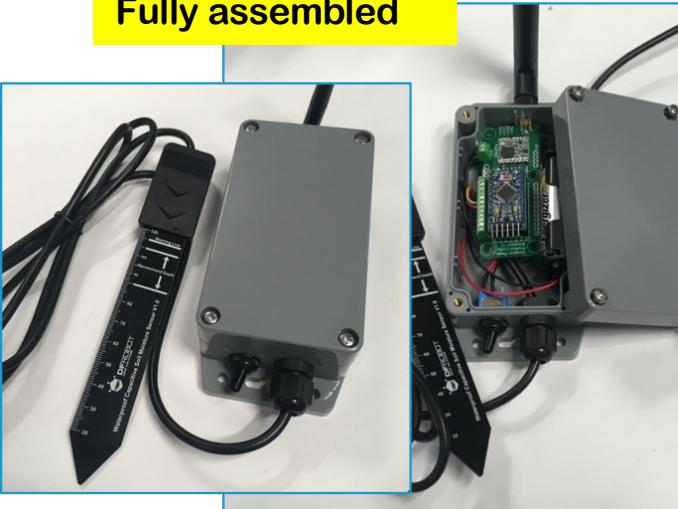


Soil sensor: electronic parts starter-kit version



Soil sensor device

Fully assembled

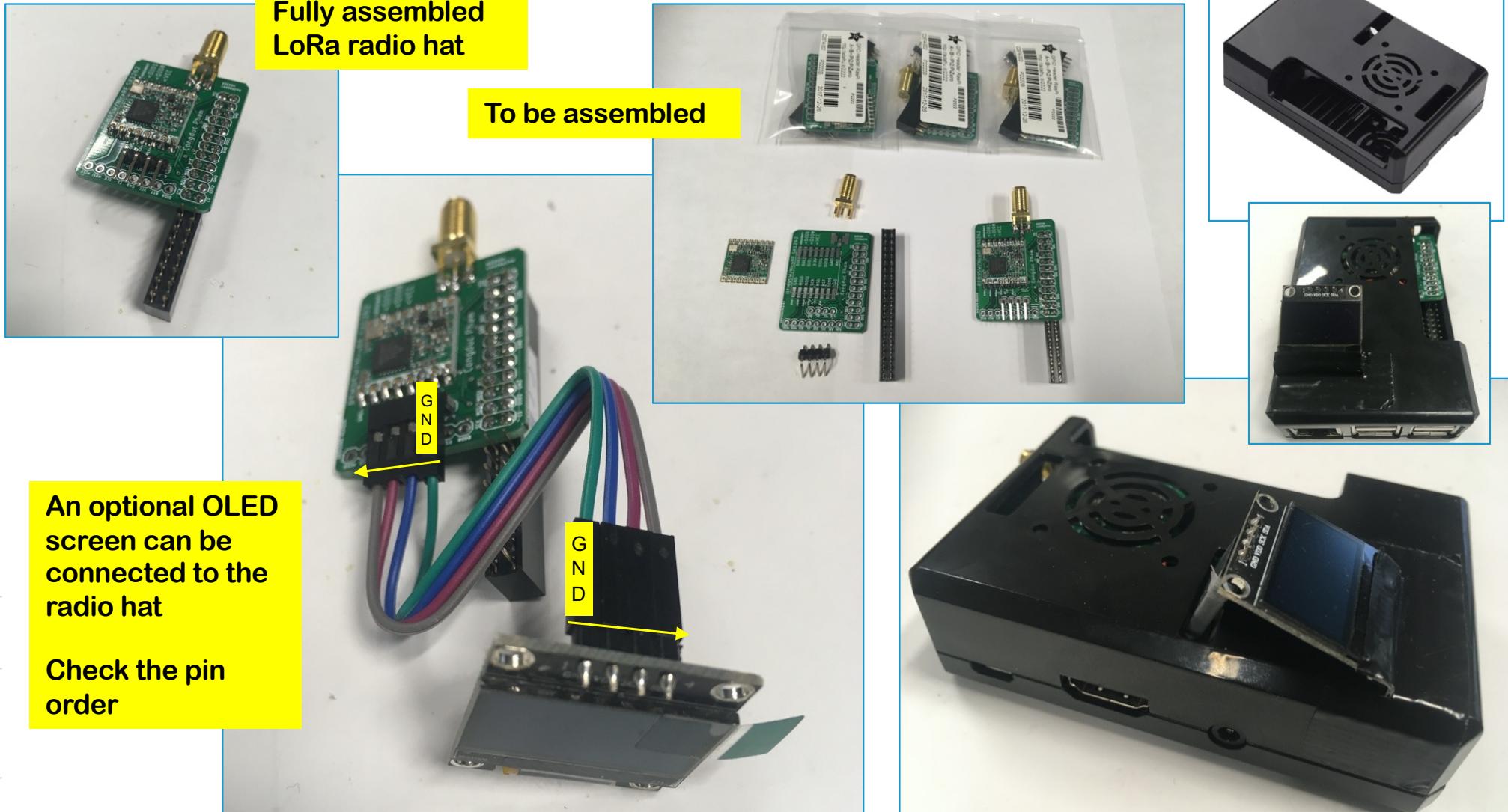


2 versions of the soil device



A soil temperature sensor can be added

INTEL-IRRIS gateway (WaziGate)



Assembling starter-kit

Algeria (UORAN1), Morocco (ENSA Safi)

- Part 1: Soil sensor device

- [Tutorial slides on building & assembling the outdoor LoRa IoT soil sensor device](#)
- [Video n°1. YouTube tutorial video showing how to build the IoT microcontroller platform for the LoRa IoT soil sensor device.](#)
<https://youtu.be/3jdQ0Uo0phQ>
- [Video n°2. YouTube tutorial video showing how to build the outdoor LoRa IoT soil sensor device.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>
- [Video n°3. YouTube tutorial video showing how to wire the SEN0308 capacitive sensor.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>

- Part 2: INTEL-IRRIS gateway

- [Tutorial slides on preparing the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate IoT gateway](#)
- [Video n°4. YouTube tutorial video demonstrating the INTEL-IRRIS soil sensor device & WaziGate framework.](#) <https://youtu.be/zcazzDbXvHk>

Preparation steps for the starter-kit

- Preparing gateway (hardware)
- Prepare INTEL-IRRIS gateway SD card image (software)
- Boot and check the INTEL-IRRIS gateway
- Preparing soil sensor device
- Testing transmission to INTEL-IRRIS gateway
- **IMPORTANT**
 - 1 starter-kit = 1 soil sensor device + 1 INTEL-IRRIS gateway
 - device can be either with capacitive sensor or tensiometer sensor
 - 1 starter-kit per farm to be deployed and tested
 - The INTEL-IRRIS gateway is **pre-configured to be ready for**
 - 1 capacitive sensor & 1 tensiometer sensor (but only 1 device in starter-kit)
 - If there are need for other devices in a farm, see **advanced configuration**
- **All tutorials & videos:** <http://intel-irris.eu/tutorials-slides>

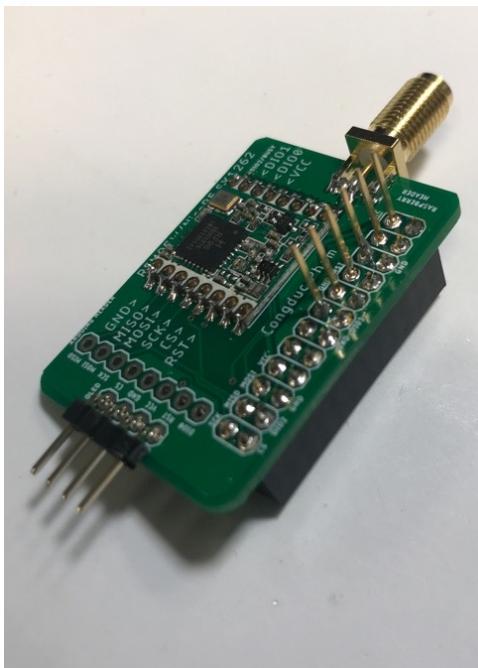
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PREPARING THE GATEWAY

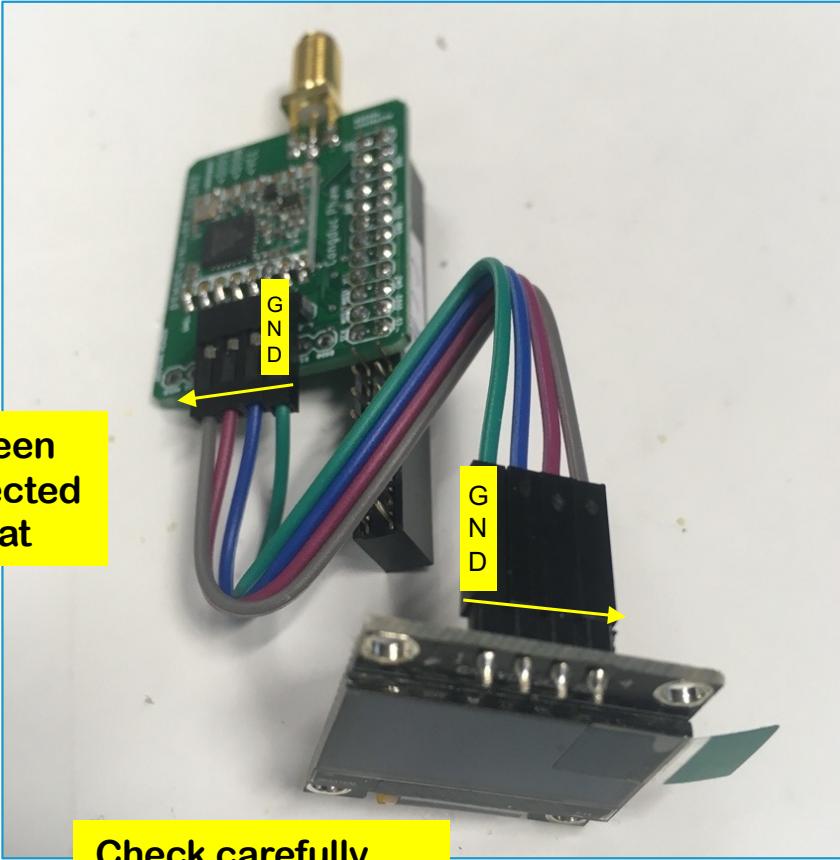
Preparing gateway: RTC

- Connect Real-Time Clock module to LoRa hat (recommended)
 - With an additional RTC module, the INTEL-IRRIS gateway working without Internet can keep the correct date & time
 - Connect the RTC module to the LoRa hat which should have been soldered with longer header pins – **be careful to insert as shown**



Preparing gateway: OLED

An OLED screen
can be connected
to the radio hat



Check carefully
the pin order
which is reversed

Secure the OLED
screen with tape so
that it will not move



Be careful to not press
on the OLED screen too
strongly, it is fragile!

Preparing gateway: case & SD card

- Plug the LoRa hat on the RPI, insert in case, **screw the antenna**



- Download SD card image from <http://intel-irris.eu/results>
- Image uses EU868 frequency band (Algeria, France)
- Flash SD card (minimum 8GB): [Video n°4 at t=124s](#),
<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=124>, then insert SD card

Installing a higher gain antenna



- The "small" antenna shipped by default with the INTEL-IRRIS gateway may be too small to provide good reception in case of large distance or many obstacles between the soil sensor device and the gateway
- You can use a higher gain antenna to be screwed in an indoor antenna base
- More information in the [antenna tests tutorial](#)



Gateway power consumption



RPI3B consumes less than 300mA

There can be peak up to 800mA when booting

However, a 2.5A micro USB charger is needed to avoid undervoltage

Booting the gateway

Option 1: with Internet, enabling RTC to sync on boot

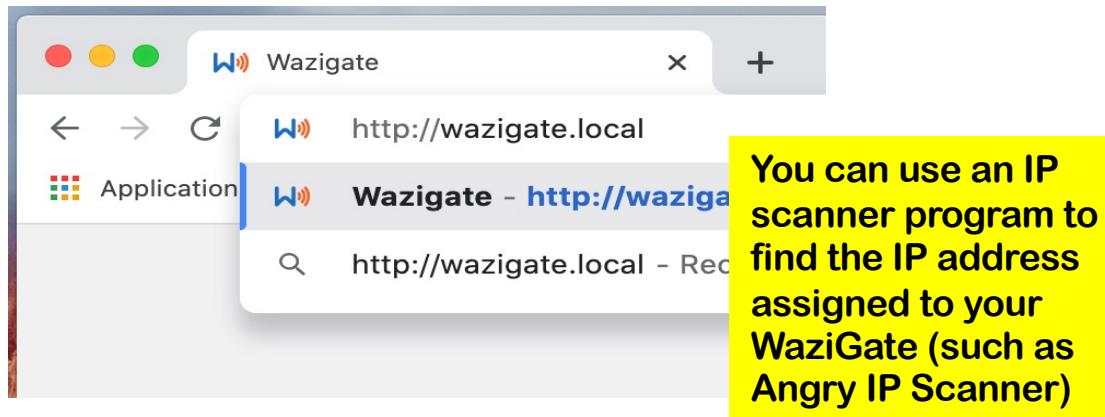
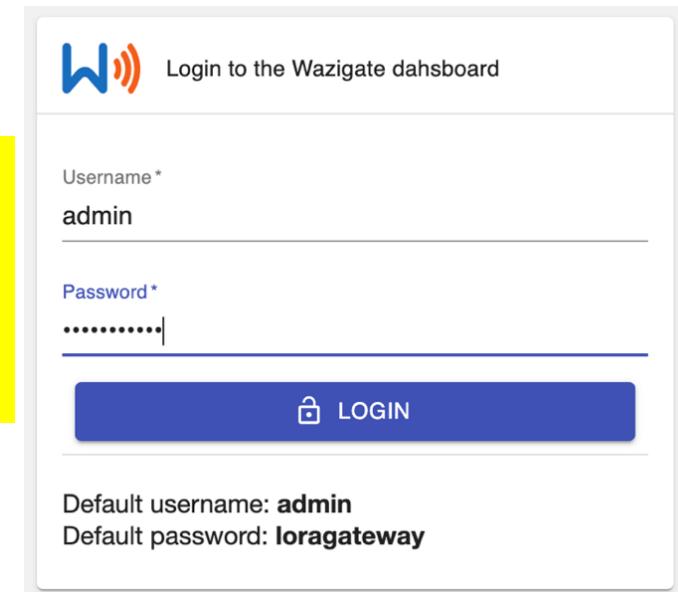
- Use your laptop that should itself be **connected to the Internet** (using your smartphone's WiFi sharing feature for instance)
- Make sure that your laptop will share its Internet connection to devices connected on its Ethernet port. See how to do so:
<https://www.waziup.io/documentation/wazigate/v2/install/#connect-with-ethernet-cable-to-pc>
- **Before powering gateway, connect it to your laptop by Ethernet cable**
- As the gateway will normally run without Internet once deployed, its clock should be synched with the **RTC that also needs to be synched**
- Then power the gateway. You should see the first [Internet OK] screen. Wait 3-4mins for the main INTEL-IRRIS OLED screen to appear
- **On boot (and only on boot), the RTC module will then be automatically synched with Internet's time & date**



Checking the gateway

Solution 1: gateway is connected to laptop

- Once the QR code appears on the gateway's OLED screen
- Open web navigator. Go to <http://wazigate.local> or use IP address

Login to the Wazigate dashboard

Username*
admin

Password*
.....

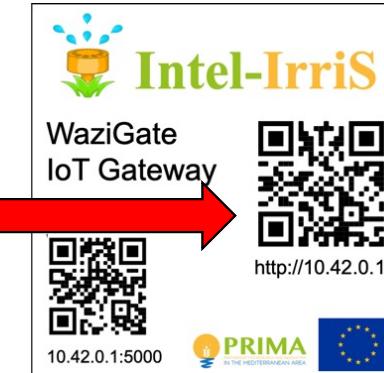
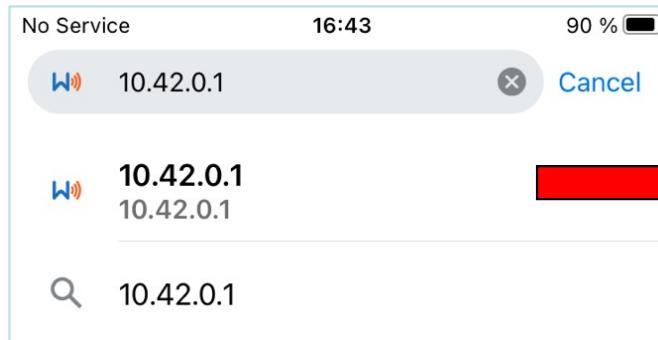
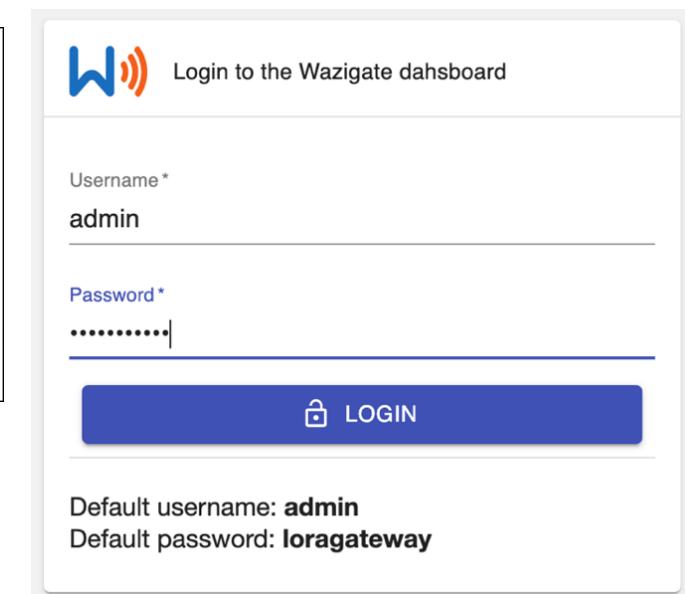
Default username: **admin**
Default password: **loragateway**

- Use default login to connect
 - User: admin
 - Password: loragateway

Checking the gateway

Solution 2: using gateway's WiFi

- Use a smartphone/laptop to access WaziGate through WiFi
- Connect to **WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXXXX** WiFi network
 - default WiFi password is loragateway
- Open web navigator. Go to <http://wazigate.local> or <http://10.42.0.1> or flash QR code

Login to the Wazigate dashboard

Username *
admin

Password *
.....

LOGIN

Default username: **admin**
Default password: **loragateway**

- Use default login to connect
 - User: admin
 - Password: loragateway

QR code for connecting to WiFi

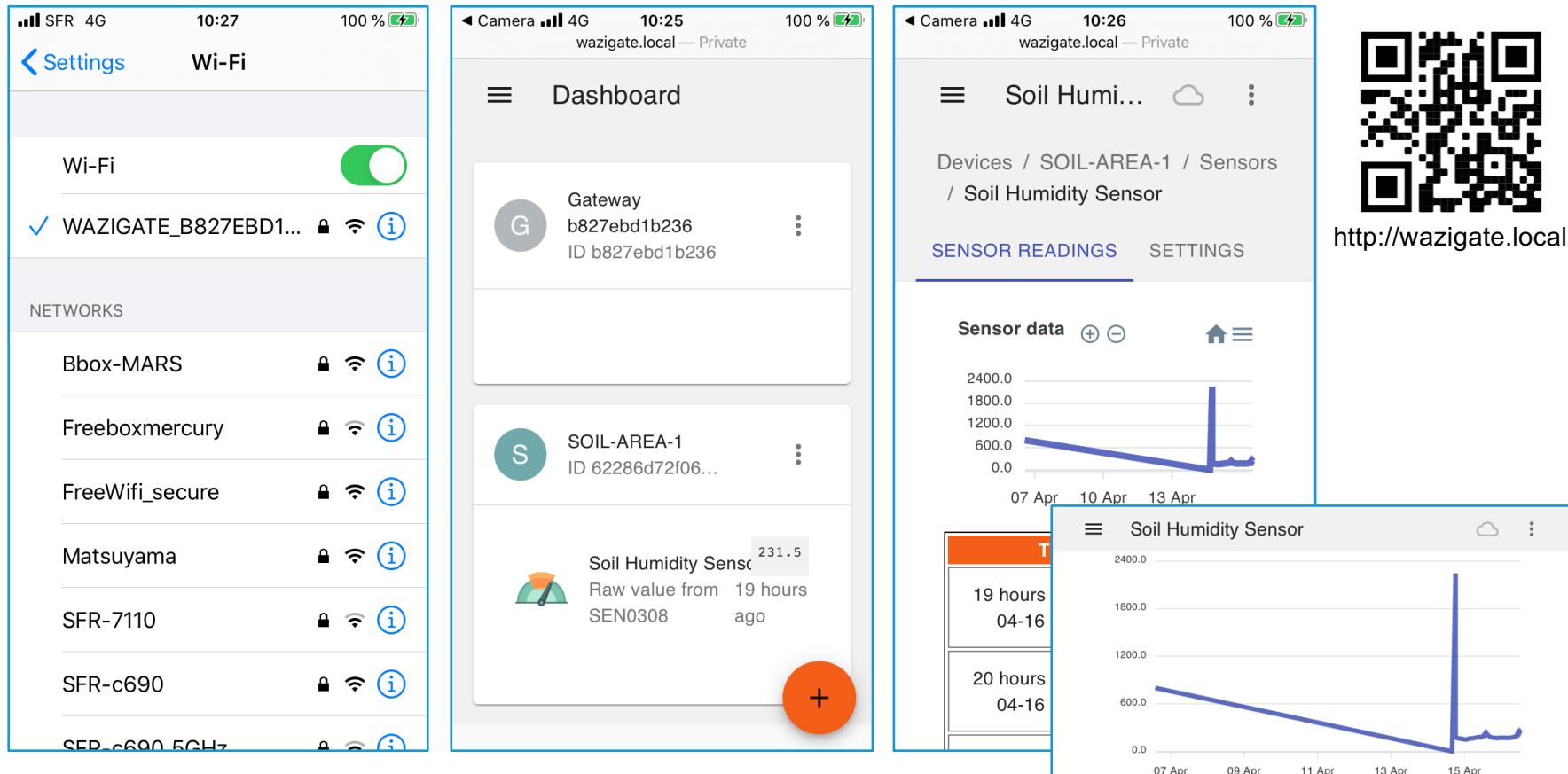
- The gateway WiFi is WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXX where XXXXXXXXXXXX is the MAC address of the RPI
- For instance WAZIGATE_B827EBD1B236
- With the OLED, a QR code for joining the WiFi network is dynamically generated at boot time and displayed for 10s before the main screen so that users can automatically join with a smartphone
- Once connected to WiFi, users can scan the static QR code on the gateway sticker to connect to the gateway's dashboard or the INTEL-IRRIS IIWA App



View dashboard on a smartphone



Solution 2: using gateway's WiFi



The figure consists of four screenshots from a smartphone. The first screenshot shows the WiFi settings with 'WAZIGATE_B827EBD1...' selected. The second screenshot shows the dashboard with a gateway and soil area entries. The third screenshot shows the soil humidity sensor details and a graph. A callout box highlights the graph with the URL 'http://wazigate.local'. The fourth screenshot shows another QR code and the URL 'http://10.42.0.1'.

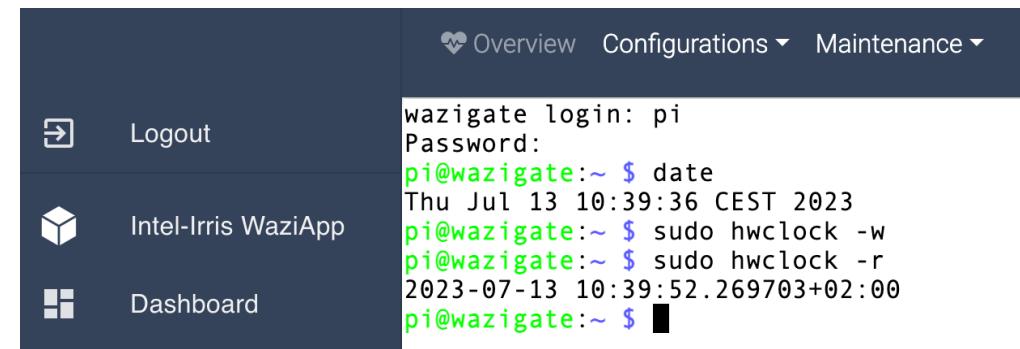
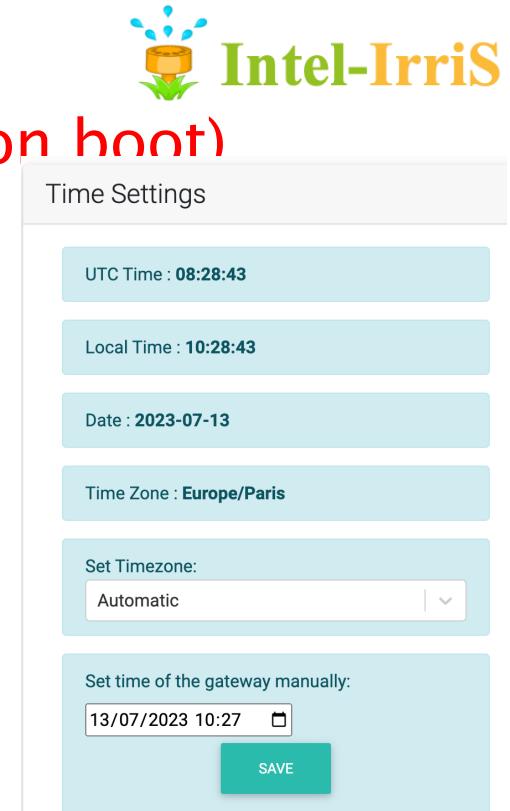
Look at [Video n°4 at t=239s](#)

<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=239>

Booting the gateway

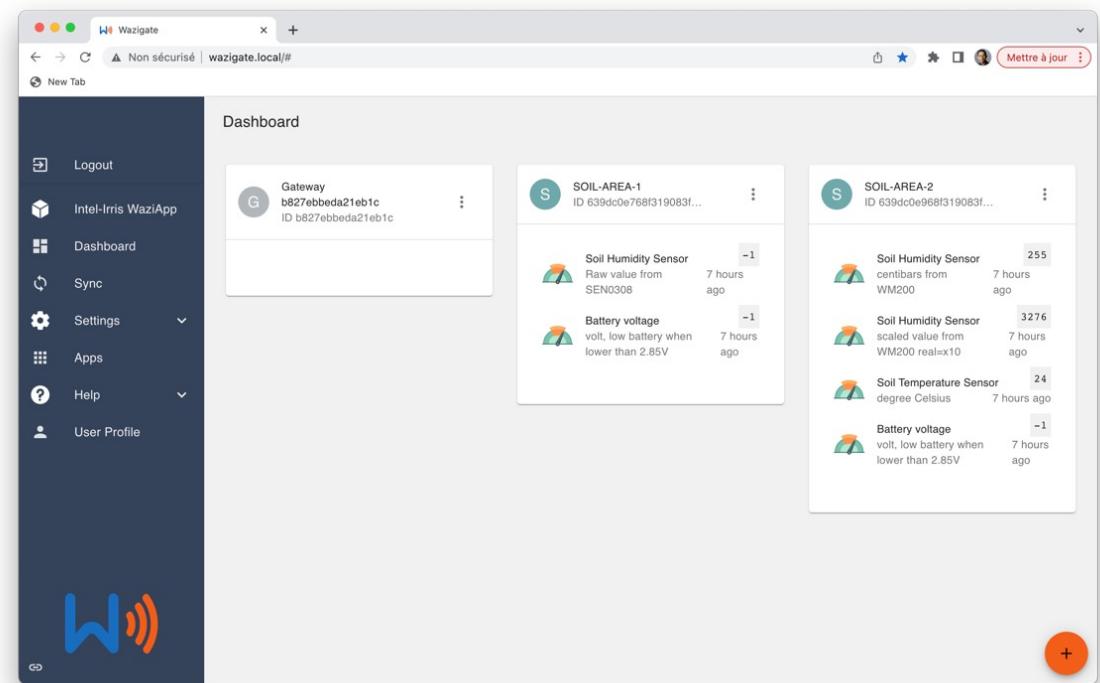
Option 2: without Internet (RTC can not sync on boot)

- It is possible to sync the RTC manually, after boot
- First, power gateway then connect to gateway's WiFi
- Go to Settings then Configuration in Configurations top menu. Set time & date manually. Click on SAVE
- Then use the embedded SSH functionalities (in Settings/Maintenance) to log in the gateway (user pi/ pwd loragateway)
- Then type "date" to check if the previously date & time has been saved
- Then "sudo hwclock -w"
- Check with "sudo hwclock -r"
- **It is possible to sync other RTC modules with this method by hot plugging another RTC module**

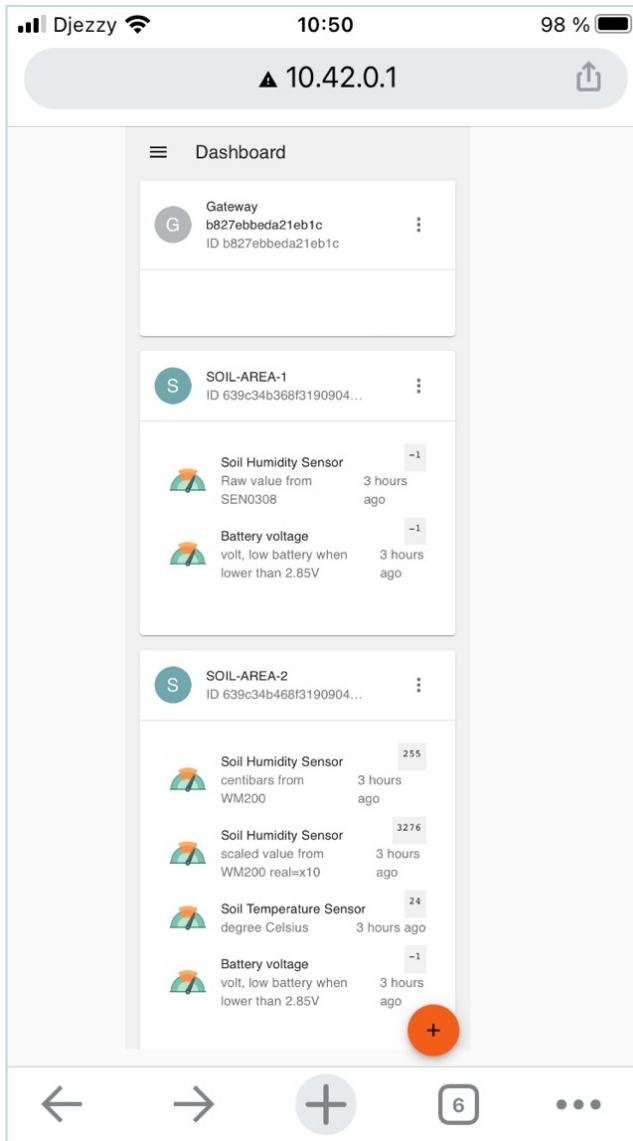
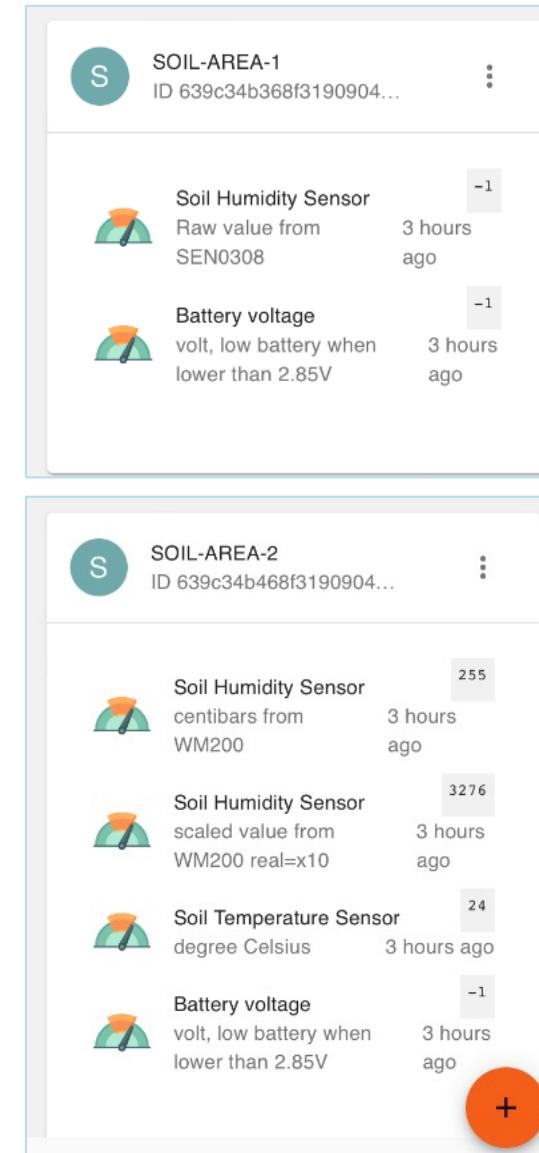


Default gateway configuration (1)

- For the starter-kit, the INTEL-IRRIS gateway will be ready for
 - **1 capacitive sensor named SOIL-AREA-1 with address 26011DAA**
 - **1 tensiometer sensor named SOIL-AREA-2 with address 26011DB1**
- Capacitive device will show humidity and battery values
- Tensiometer device will show centibar, raw resistance, soil temperature and battery values



Default gateway configuration (2)

SOIL-AREA-1
ID 639c34b368f3190904...

Soil Humidity Sensor
Raw value from SEN0308 -1 3 hours ago

Battery voltage
volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V -1 3 hours ago

SOIL-AREA-2
ID 639c34b468f3190904...

Soil Humidity Sensor
centibars from WM200 255 3 hours ago

Soil Humidity Sensor
scaled value from WM200 real=x10 3276 3 hours ago

Soil Temperature Sensor
degree Celsius 24 3 hours ago

Battery voltage
volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V -1 3 hours ago

+

Default values for the SEN0308 capacitive sensor

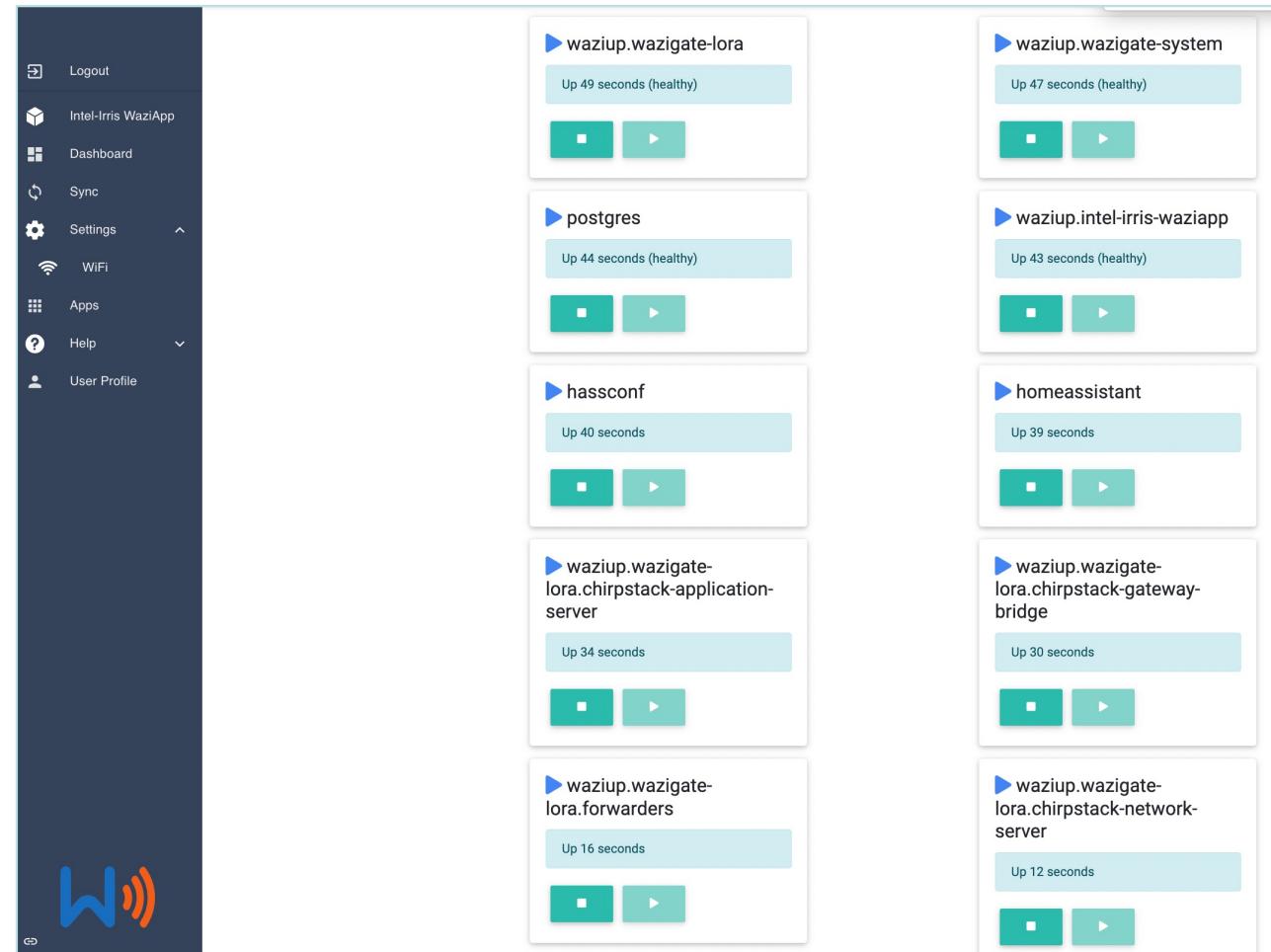


Default values for the WM200 tensiometer sensor



Optionally: check all containers

- Go in Settings/Maintenance/Containers
- Check that all containers are up and running
- Otherwise, click on the "run" icon of the faulty container



INTEL-IRRIS

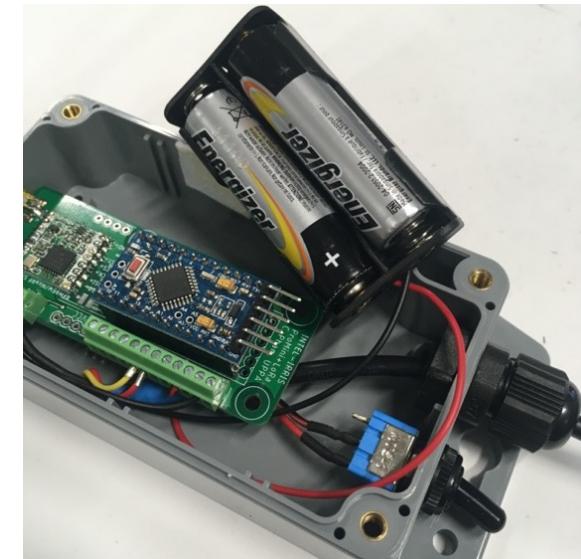
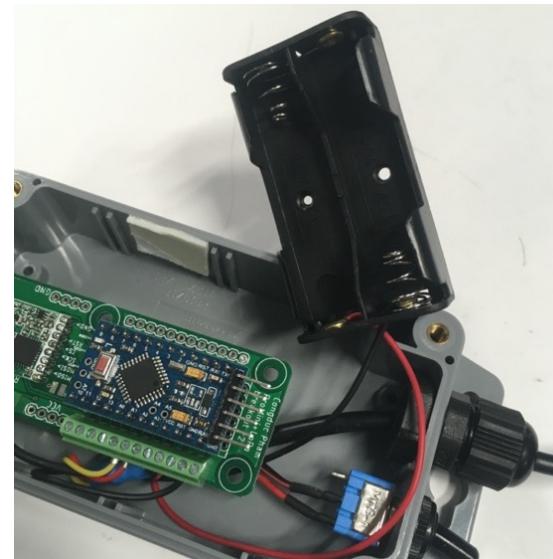
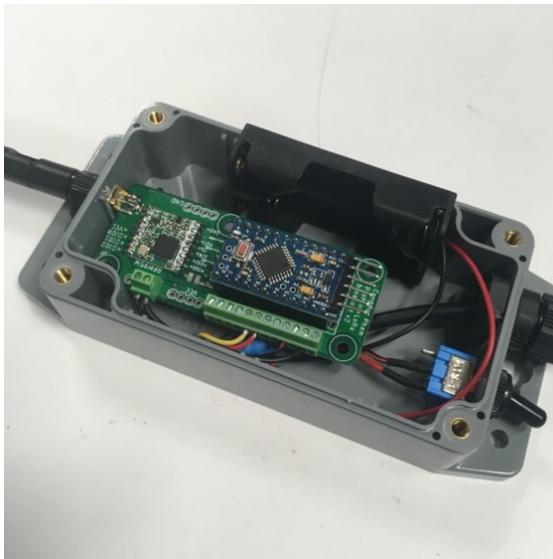
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PREPARING THE SOIL DEVICE

Preparing soil sensor device

install batteries

- Remove cover & install 2-AA batteries in battery holder
- Best way is to detach the battery holder



- Put back cover and be sure to tighten the cover
- Procedure is the same if you need to replace the batteries



Take good AA batteries

- Install new & high-grade alkaline AA batteries to allow for at least 2 years of autonomy
- Take a well-known brand and "heavy-duty" or "long-life" or "max" models



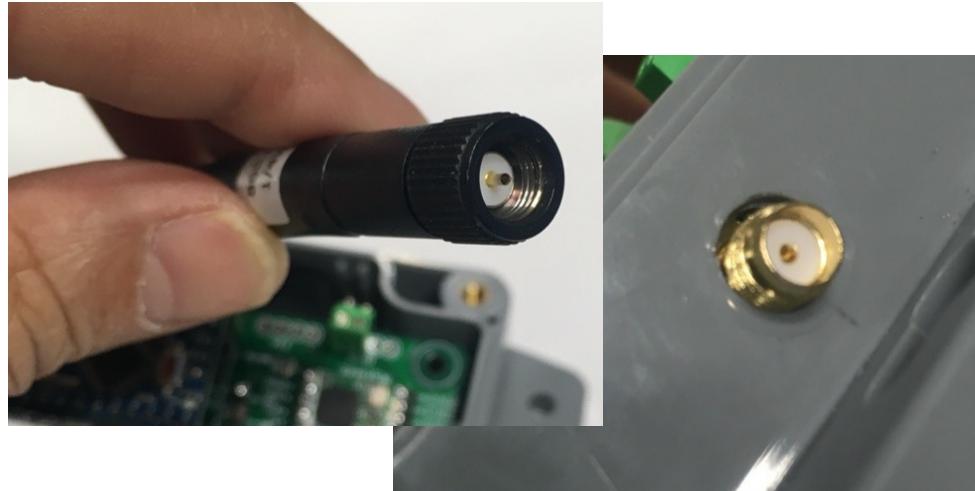


Never transmit without antenna

- NEVER, NEVER transmit without an antenna
- Doing so can damage the radio module
- If your board is already connected to the radio module and you need to flash the board, connect the antenna
- If you need to update the existing code and your device already run a code that transmit data, connect the antenna
- It is safer when programming the device to remove the Arduino board from the PCB and program it disconnected from the radio module
- If you deploy a device, make sure that the antenna is correctly connected before powering on the device and realizing any transmission test

Preparing soil sensor device

screw in the antenna

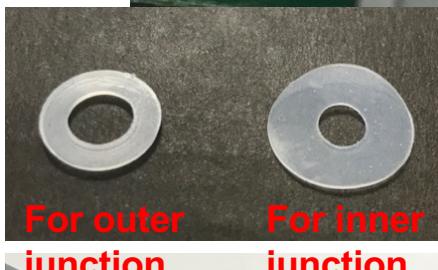


Be sure to connect the matching antenna
Here, SMA female with SMA male antenna
Need to screw the antenna in all the way

The antenna junction is critical because this
is where rain water can come in

Waterproofing the antenna junction

Check the gap size



See example in
the list of part



Even when the antenna is
screwed in all the way, there
might still be a gap

Even with no apparent gap, it is
necessary to waterproof the
junction

Take flat silicon seals for that
purpose, but do not take it too
thick or too large!

Too thick: the antenna will not be
screwed in all the way!

Do not have or can not use flat seal?

Maybe the gap is too big? Use silicon joint sealant



Put small amount of silicon around the antenna junction (use a flat screw driver or other flat tool)



Use a wet toothpick to finish and clean the silicon all around the antenna junction



check especially
the back side

Put the device sticker

- Put the INTEL-IRRIS device sticker on the device cover
- See how the OFF and ON position are indicated
- You may use a waterproof marker to write the device address



**SEN0308 capacitive device
has default address
26011DAA**

**WM200 tensiometer device
has default address
26011DB1**

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TESTING TRANSMISSION

Testing transmission to gateway

- Test with the fully assembled & configured soil sensor device
 - Check that antenna is connected
 - Switch ON the soil sensor device to get data transmission
 - Wait for about 10s, then switch OFF the soil sensor device
 - Check reception of data on gateway's dashboard
 - You need to refresh the web page on the web navigator



Look at [Video n°4 at t=331s](#)

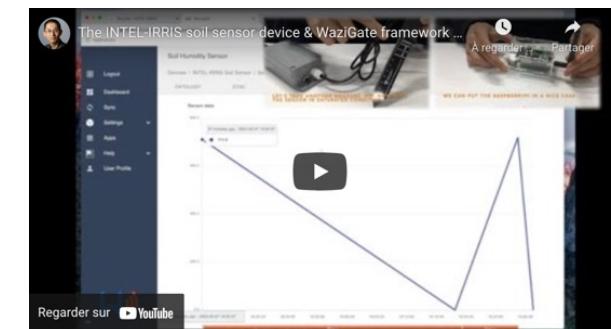
<https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM?t=331>

Transmission to gateway



Parameters for
INTEL-IRRIS gateway
(default in red)

LoRaWAN™
SF12BW125
868.1MHz | 433.175MHz
Node id is 26011DAA
1 msg/60mins
1 sensor
XLPP data



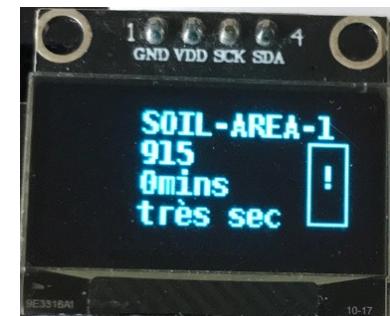
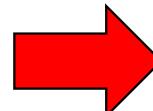
This dedicated video will show all these steps, from connecting the SEN0308 to testing transmission to the gateway
 Video n°4: <https://youtu.be/j-1Nk0tv0xM>

Check data reception on OLED

YOU CAN ALSO VIEW ON DASHBOARD

Default values for the
SEN0308 capacitive sensor

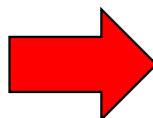
Testing with
capacitive device



Default values for the WM200
tensiometer sensor

VALUES ARE ONLY INDICATIVE

Testing with
tensiometer device



Soil sensor information on OLED

- The OLED displays the latest received sensor data for the end-user: the device name, the time of last received data, the sensor raw value and the soil condition
- The main screen is displayed for 6s every 30s. Then a screen saver display will show a shorter version of these information with a 5-bar visual
- 5 bars: saturated | 4 bars: wet
- 3 bars: wet | 2 bars: dry
- 1 bar: dry | 0 bar: very dry



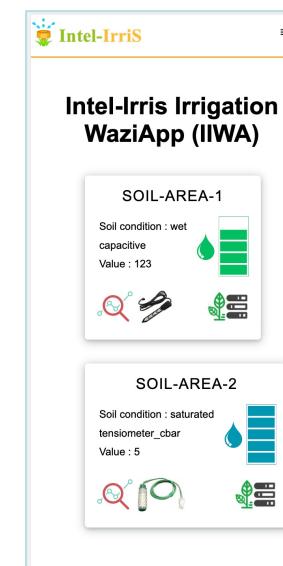
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IIWA APPLICATION

INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp

- The INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA) is an embedded application running on the INTEL-IRRIS gateway itself
- It is included in the starter-kit to implement the "**intelligent Irrigation in-the-box**" & "**plug-&-sense**" approach
- Its objective is to enhance the irrigation indication by applying sensor calibration models with soil/plant/weather parameters



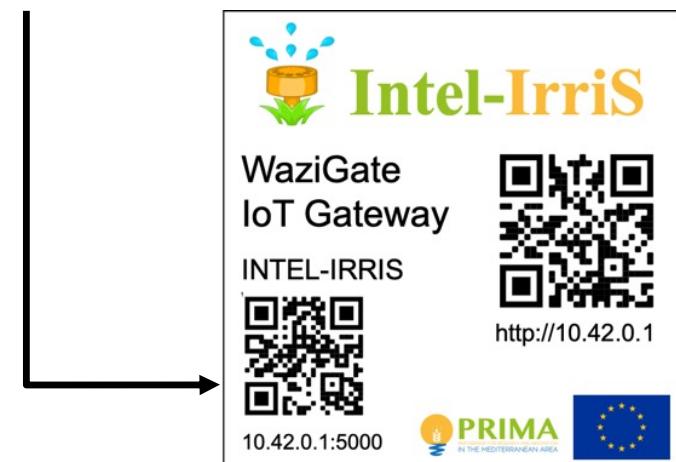
Connect to IIWA

- First, connect to INTEL-IRRIS gateway WiFi which should look like WAZIGATE_XXXXXXXXXXXX
 - Password is loragateway
- Otherwise, with the OLED screen, a QR code for automatically joining the WiFi network is periodically displayed for 10s
 - scan the displayed QR code with a smartphone to connect to gateway's WiFi
- Then, scan the static QR code on the gateway sticker to connect to the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp on : <http://10.42.0.1:5000>



EXAMPLE:

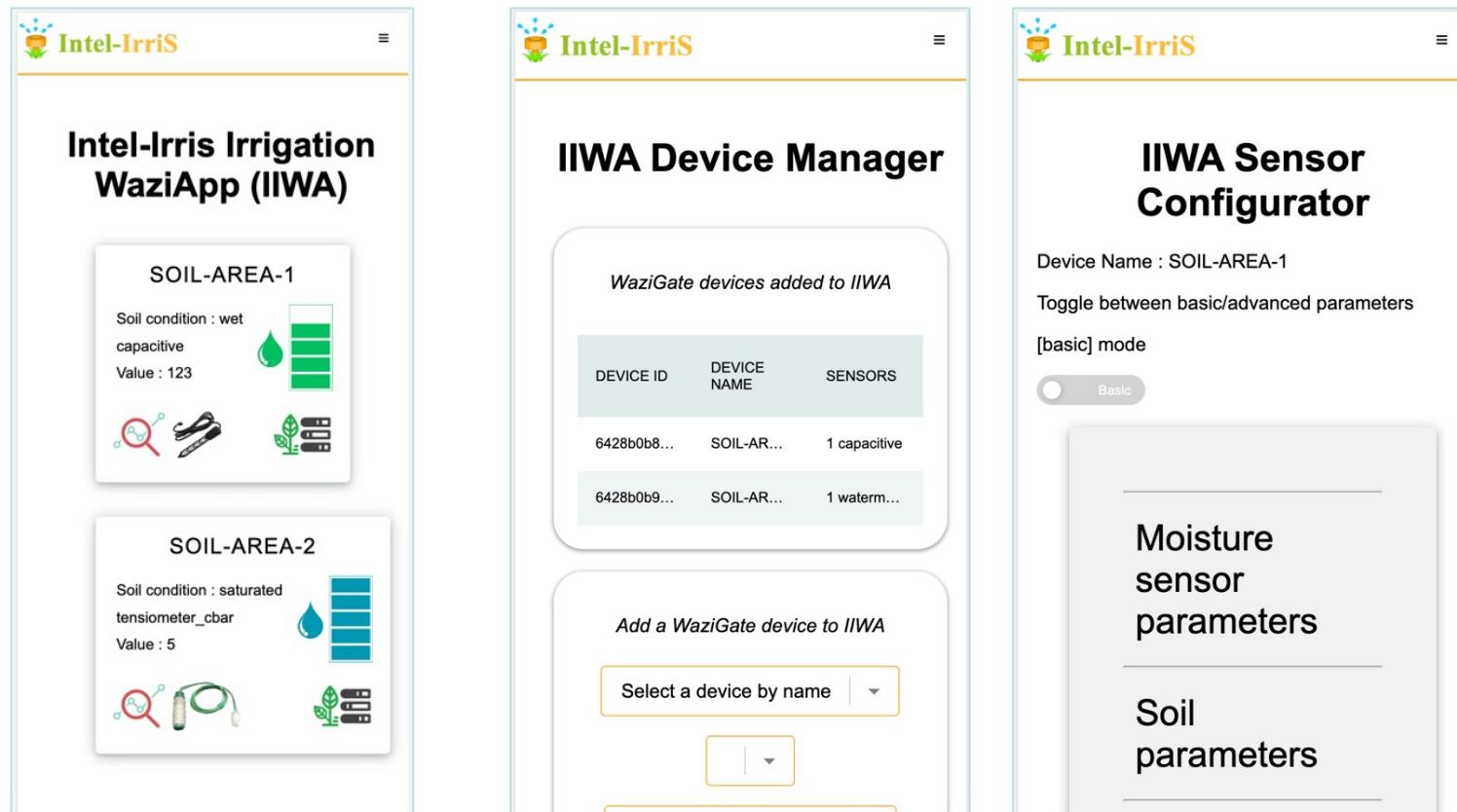
WAZIGATE_DCA6325C2A7A



Get the IIWA presentation slides

- Part 4: the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp

- Tutorial slides on the INTEL-IRRIS Irrigation WaziApp



The image displays three screenshots of the Intel-Irris Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA) interface, showing different features of the app:

- Intel-Irris Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA)**: This screen shows two soil monitoring areas.
 - SOIL-AREA-1**: Soil condition: wet, capacitive; Value: 123. It includes icons for a magnifying glass, a pair of shears, and a plant.
 - SOIL-AREA-2**: Soil condition: saturated, tensiometer_cbar; Value: 5. It includes icons for a magnifying glass, a tensiometer probe, and a plant.
- IIWA Device Manager**: This screen lists WaziGate devices added to IIWA.

DEVICE ID	DEVICE NAME	SENSORS
6428b0b8...	SOIL-AR...	1 capacitive
6428b0b9...	SOIL-AR...	1 waterm...

Below this is a section to "Add a WaziGate device to IIWA" with a dropdown menu labeled "Select a device by name".
- IIWA Sensor Configurator**: This screen is for configuring sensors.

Device Name : SOIL-AREA-1
 Toggle between basic/advanced parameters
 [basic] mode

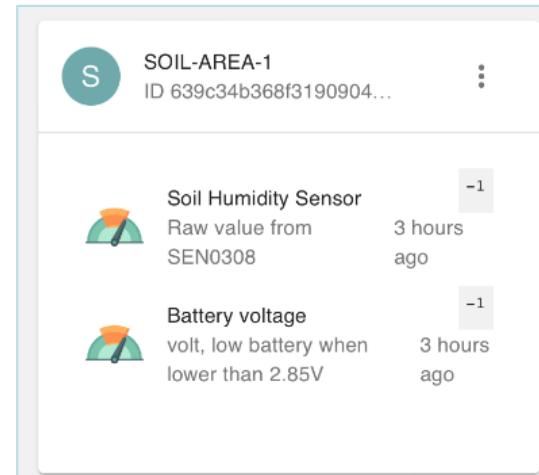
Basic

Moisture sensor parameters

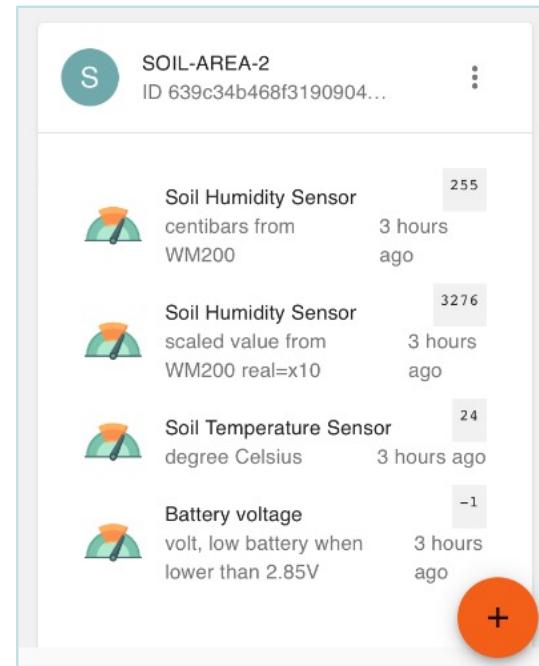
Soil parameters

Default gateway configuration & IIWA

- For the starter-kit, the INTEL-IRRIS gateway will be ready for
 - 1 capacitive sensor named SOIL-AREA-1 with address 26011DAA
 - 1 tensiometer sensor named SOIL-AREA-2 with address 26011DB1
- IIWA default configuration
 - Both SOIL-AREA-1 & SOIL-AREA-2 are added to IIWA
 - Soil condition will be determined for both devices, if relevant data are received



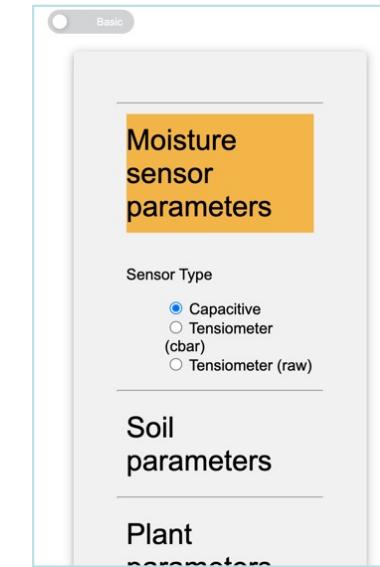
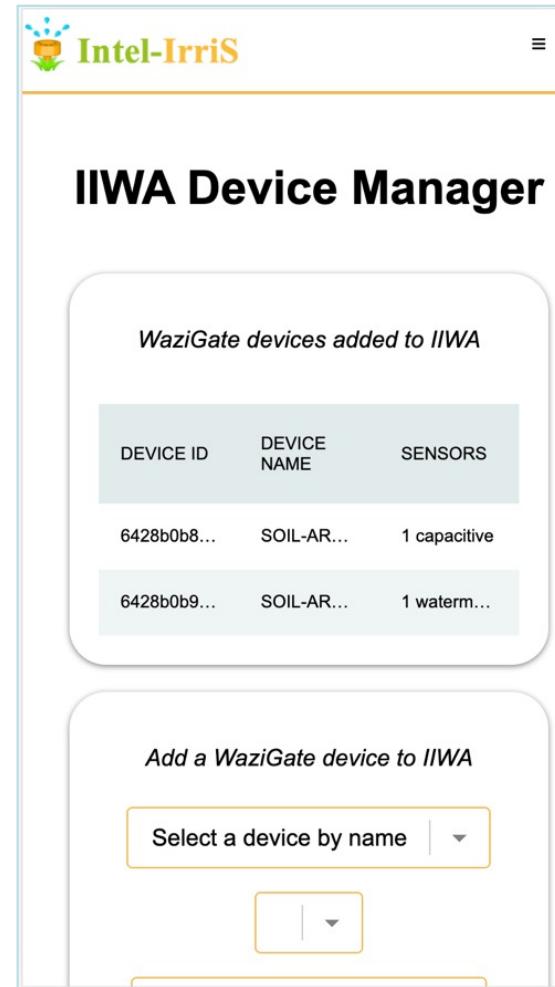
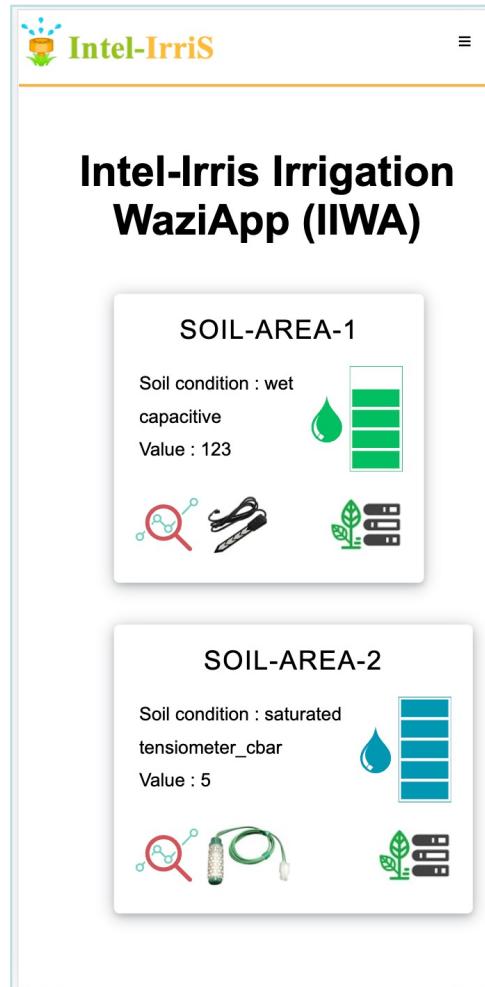
Default values for the SEN0308 capacitive sensor



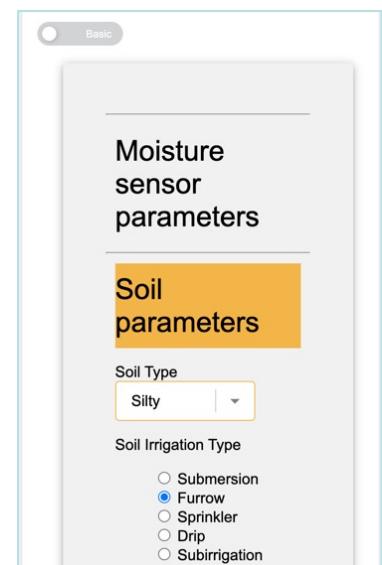
Default values for the WM200 tensiometer sensor



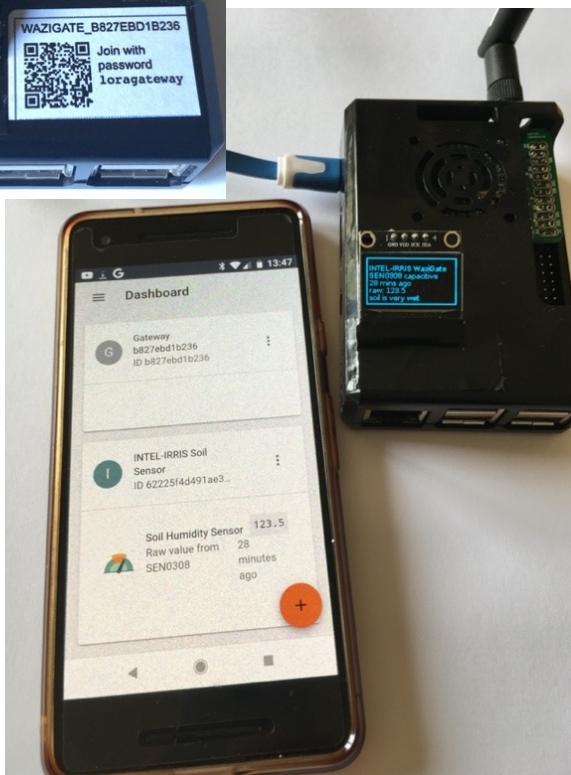
Default IIWA screens & configuration



It is OK to use the IIWA default configuration



Summary of INTEL-IRRIS gateway various User Interfaces



Intel-Irris Irrigation WaziApp (IIWA)

SOIL-AREA-1

Soil condition : wet capacitive

Value : 123



SOIL-AREA-2

Soil condition : saturated tensiometer_cbar

Value : 5



INTEL-IRRIS

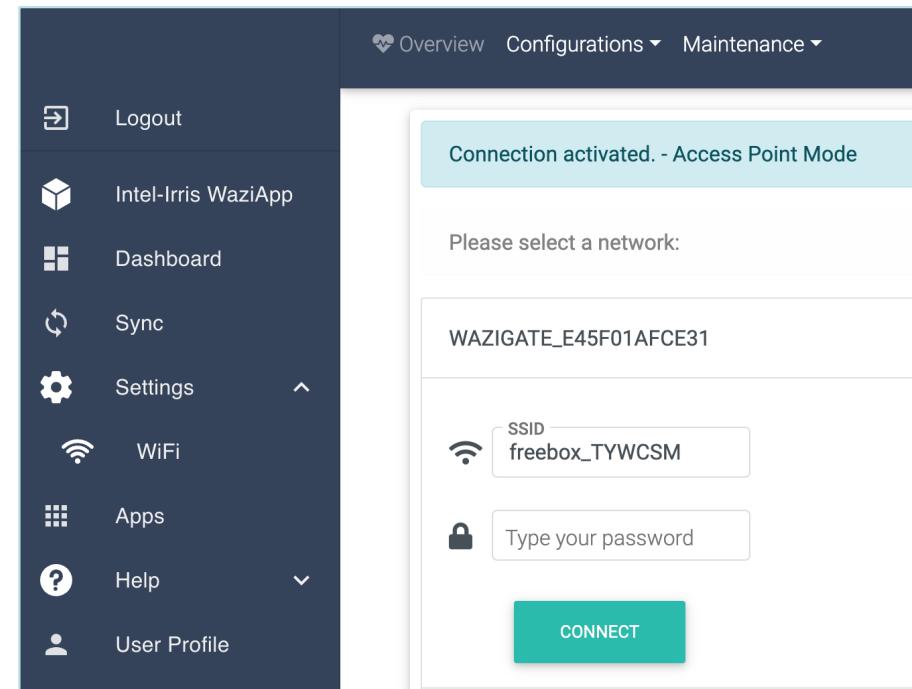
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ADVANCED CONFIGURATION

Advanced configuration

connect gateway to a WiFi network

- By default, the gateway acts as a WiFi Access Point
- To connect the gateway to a WiFi network, go to Setting/WiFi to list all available WiFi networks
- Then select the one you want in order to provide the WiFi password
- Ex: connect to freebox_TYWCSM
- Once connected, gateway is in WiFi Client mode



Advanced configuration

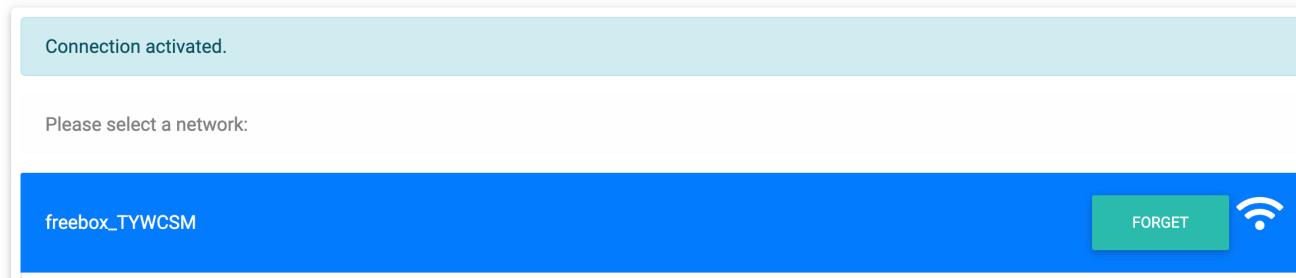
connect gateway to a WiFi network, con't

- You can connect to several WiFi networks, one after another, to have a list of known WiFi networks
- They will be memorized and if the current WiFi network is not available, another available network in the list of known WiFi networks will be selected
- If there are no available WiFi networks in the list of known WiFi networks anymore, then the gateway switches back to Access Point mode

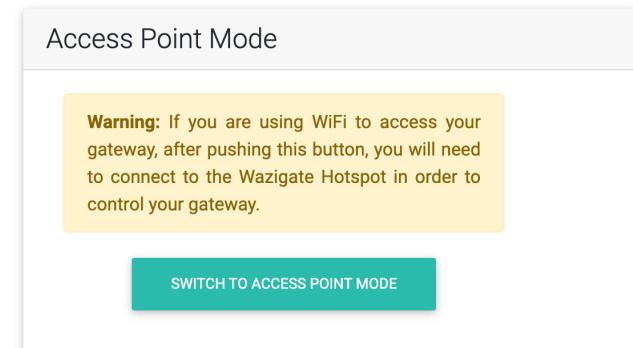
Advanced configuration

switch gateway back to WiFi access point mode

- To get back to Access Point mode, go to Setting/WiFi and simply click on "Forget" for the current WiFi network



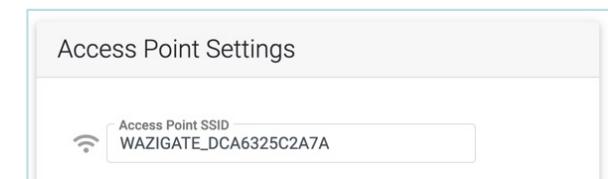
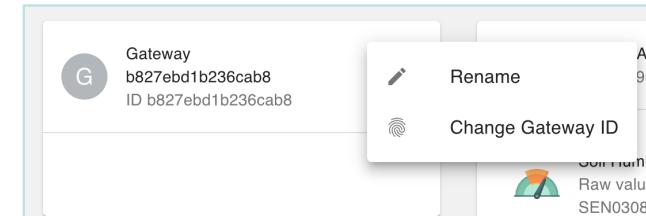
- If you previously added several WiFi networks, click on "Forget" for **ALL** known & memorized WiFi networks
- **DO NOT USE** the "SWITCH TO ACCESS POINT MODE" option
- **IT IS NOT STABLE!**



Advanced configuration

sync gateway and its devices to the cloud

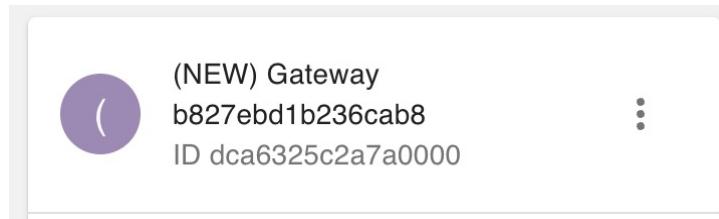
- To sync your gateway to the Waziup Cloud, look at this tutorial
 - <https://www.waziup.io/documentation/wazigate/v2/install/#registration-with-the-cloud>
- You will need an account on Waziup Cloud dashboard
 - If you don't have one, you need to create one first
 - <https://dashboard.waziup.io/>
- Then, you NEED to change your gateway id
 - Use the unique MAC address of your gateway that appears in Settings/Configuration (it is used as your gateway's WiFi hotspot)
 - Here: DCA6325C2A7A
 - Add 0000 at the end to have 16 digits
 - -> DCA6325C2A7A0000



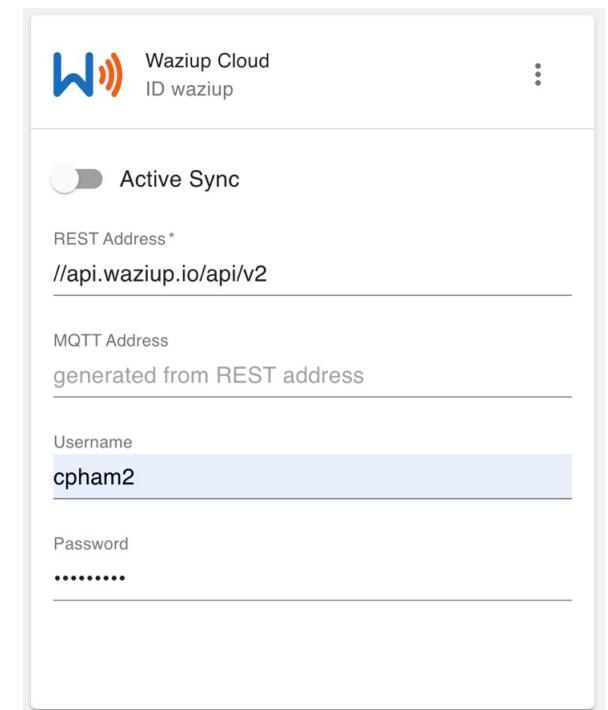
Advanced configuration

sync gateway and its devices to the cloud, con't

- You should have a new gateway on your dashboard with the new ID



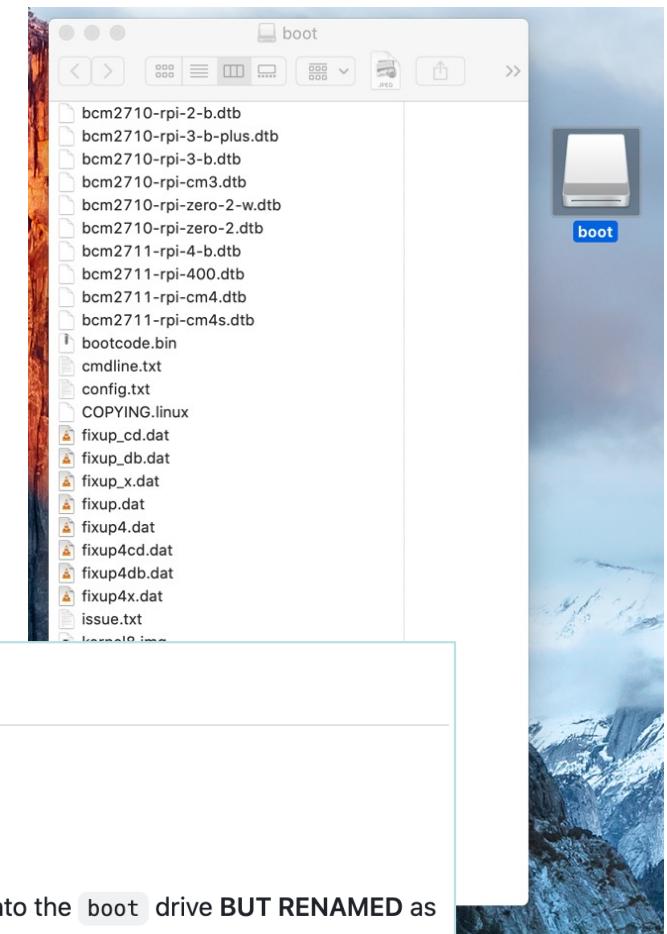
- Enter your Waziup Cloud credentials in the Sync menu
- Then, just activate sync on your gateway which needs to be connected to Internet
- Log in the Waziup Cloud dashboard and check that you see your gateway and your device
- You can activate/deactivate synchronization at anytime



Advanced configuration

use 433MHz frequency band

- The default SD card image uses EU868 frequency band
- To set to 433MHz, read carefully & use the auto-configuration mechanism
 - <https://github.com/CongducPham/PRIMA-Intel-Irris/tree/main/Gateway/boot#auto-configuration-on-boot-for-the-intel-irris-wazigate>



Example 1: set INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate in 433MHz version

- flash the INTEL-IRRIS WaziGate SD card image
- insert the SD card in any computer (Windows, Linux, MacOS)
- open the `boot` drive that should appear on your computer
- download from INTEL-IRRIS GitHub (`Gateway/boot`) `intel-irris-band-433.txt` to be copied into the `boot` drive **BUT RENAMED** as `intel-irris-band.txt`
- be sure that there is no `intel-irris-auto-config.done` file in the `boot` drive, otherwise delete the file
- safely eject the `boot` drive
- insert the SD card in the RPI and power the RPI

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices

- Only to have several capacitive soil devices on 1 Wazigate – change the device address in the soil device Arduino code

```
Intelirris_Soil_Sensor | Arduino 1.8.13

Intelirris_Soil_Sensor DS18B20.cpp DS18B20.h RadioSettings.h SK128X_RadioSettings.h SK127X_RadioSettings.h SK128X_RadioSettings.h
181 //*****
182 //***** [REDACTED]
183 //***** [REDACTED]
184 //***** [REDACTED]
185 //***** [REDACTED]
186 //*****
187
188 /////////////////
189 // LORAWAN OR EXTENDED DEVICE ADDRESS FOR LORAWAN CLOUD
190 #if defined LORAWAN || defined EXTDEVADDR
191 //////////////////
192 //ENTER HERE your Device Address from the TTN device info (same order, i.e. msb). Example for 0x12345678
193 //unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x12, 0x34, 0x56, 0x78 };
194 //////////////////
195
196 #if defined WITH_WATERMARK && not defined WMLAS_PRIMARY_SENSOR
197 //Watermark soil sensor device has a different address from the default address 26011DAA
198 //26011DB1
199 //if you need another address for tensiometer sensor device, use B1, B2, B3,..., BF
200 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA};
201 #else
202 //default device address for WaziGate configuration, mainly for SEN0308 capacitive soil sensor device
203 //26011DAA
204 //if you need another address for capacitive sensor device, use AA, AB, AC,..., AF
205 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA};
206 #endif
207
208 #else
209 //////////////////
210 // DO NOT CHANGE HERE
211 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, node_addr };
212 //////////////////
213 #endif
214
215 //////////////////
216
```

Default address for capacitive sensor is

```
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA };
```

Just increase the last byte

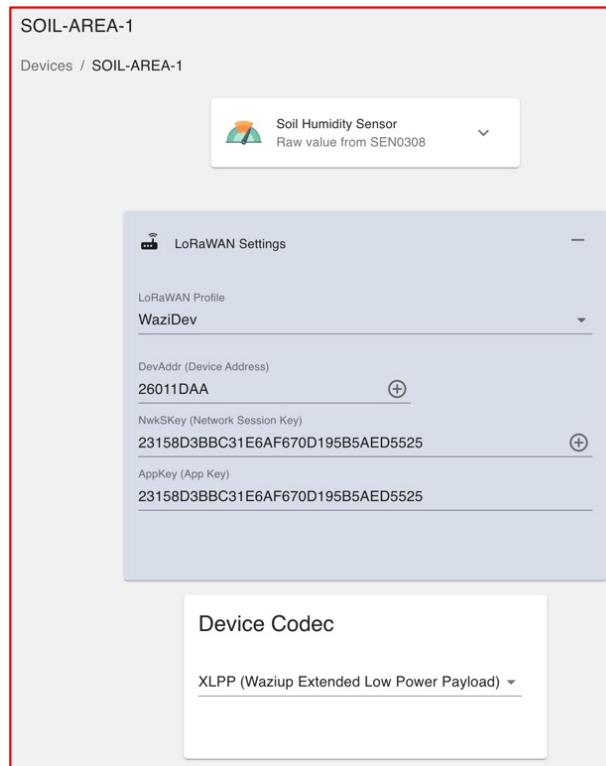
```
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAB };
```

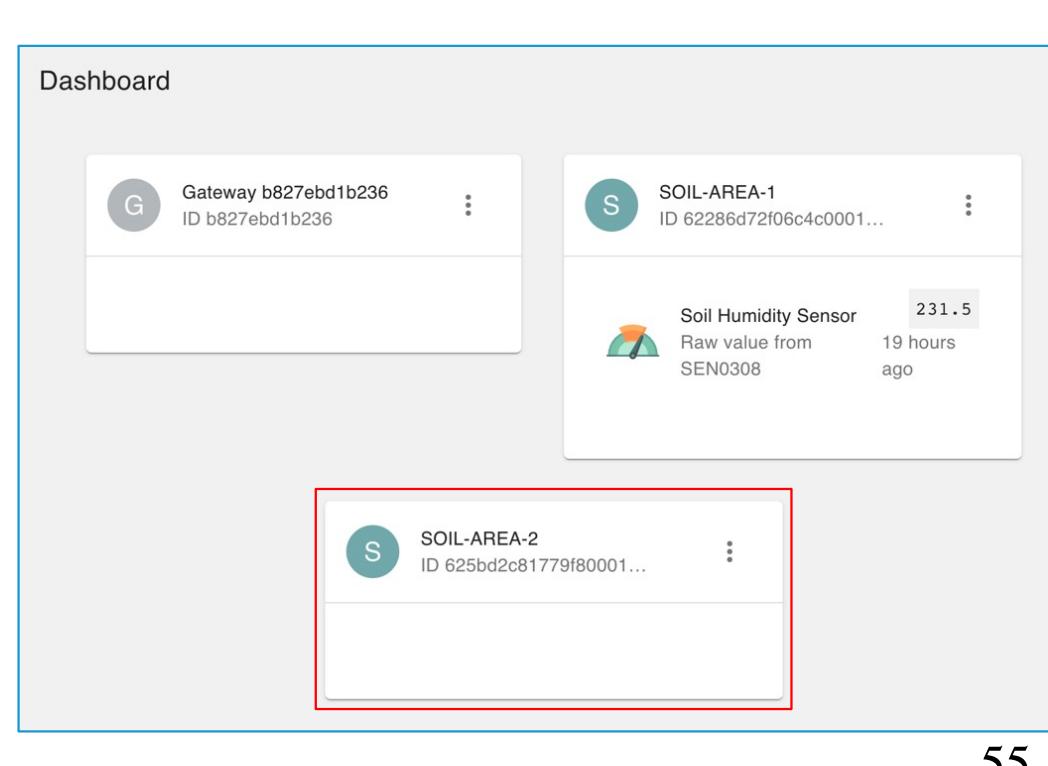
Compile and upload the code to the additional soil sensor device

Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Left figure shows gateway config with 1 soil sensor device
- Create a new device, e.g. device name SOIL-AREA-2
- Avoid space, limit to 12 characters for correct display on OLED

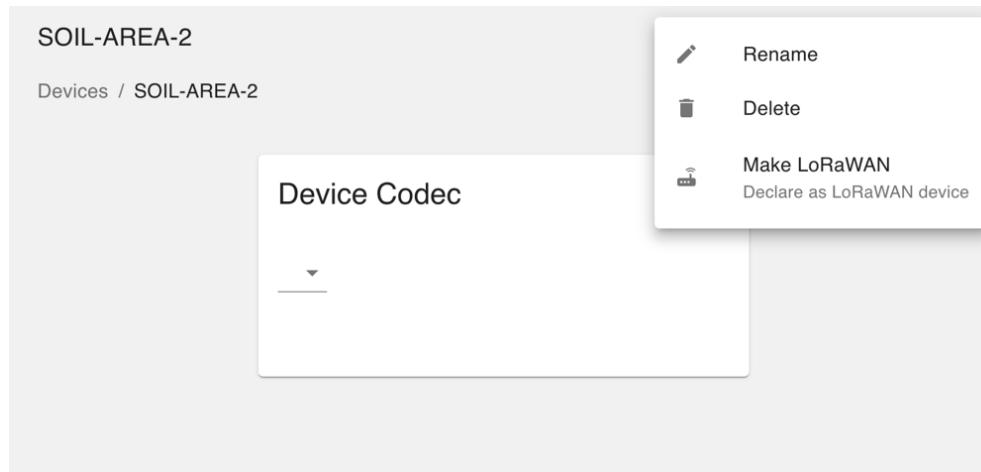




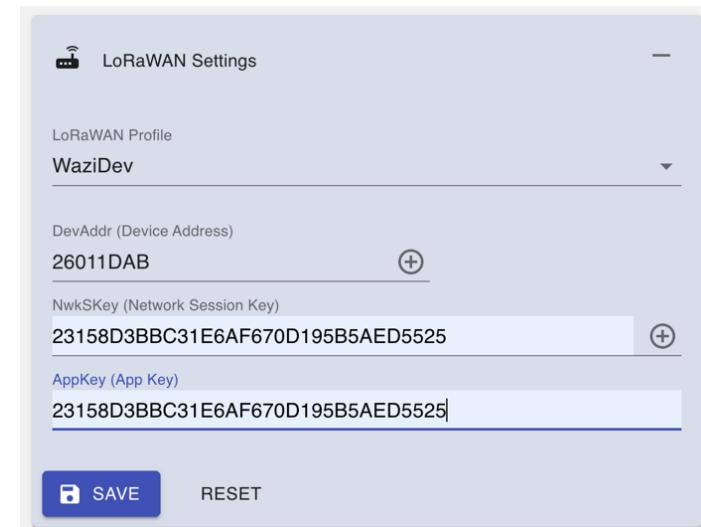
Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Select the new device and make it as LoRaWAN device



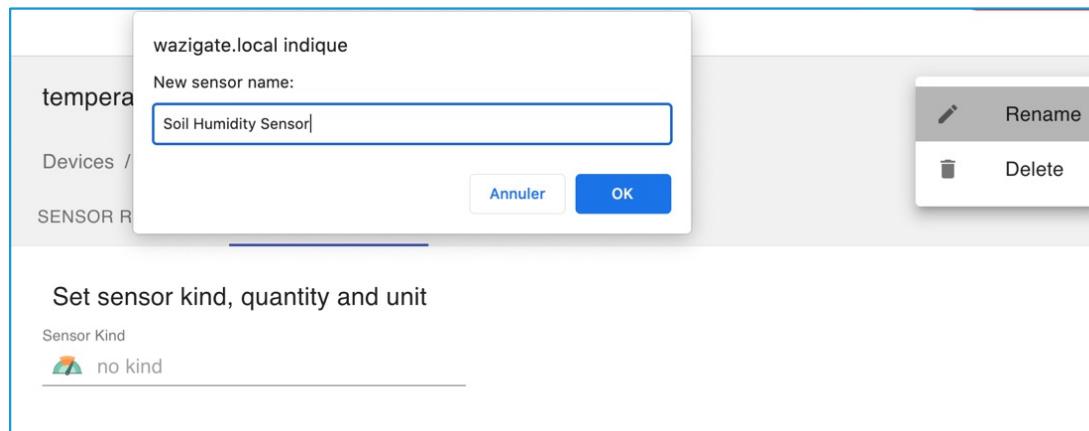
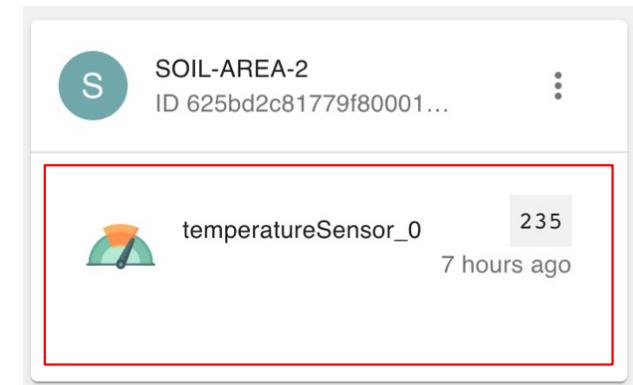
- Set the new address, matching the one of the Arduino code: 26011DAB
- keep same encryption keys
- Select XLPP as codec



Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

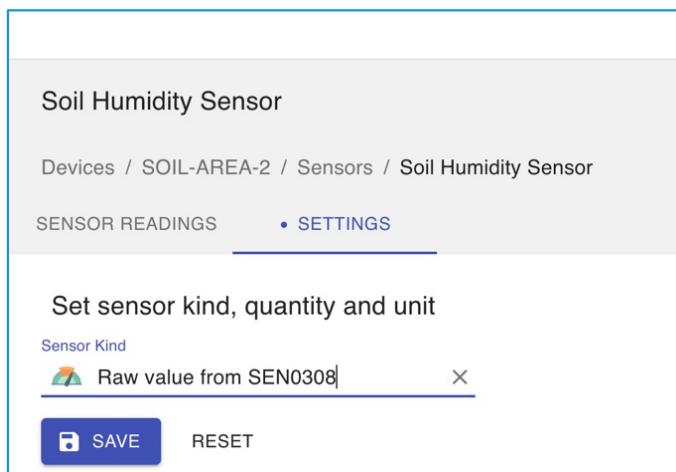
- DO NOT manually create a sensor. Instead,...
- ... power on the new soil sensor device for data transmission
- Refresh the gateway dashboard, the new data should appear
- New sensor name is "temperatureSensor_0"
- Click on "temperatureSensor_0" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Humidity Sensor"



Advanced configuration

ex 1: have several capacitive soil sensor devices, con't

- Change Sensor kind to "Raw value from SEN0308"



Soil Humidity Sensor

Devices / SOIL-AREA-2 / Sensors / Soil Humidity Sensor

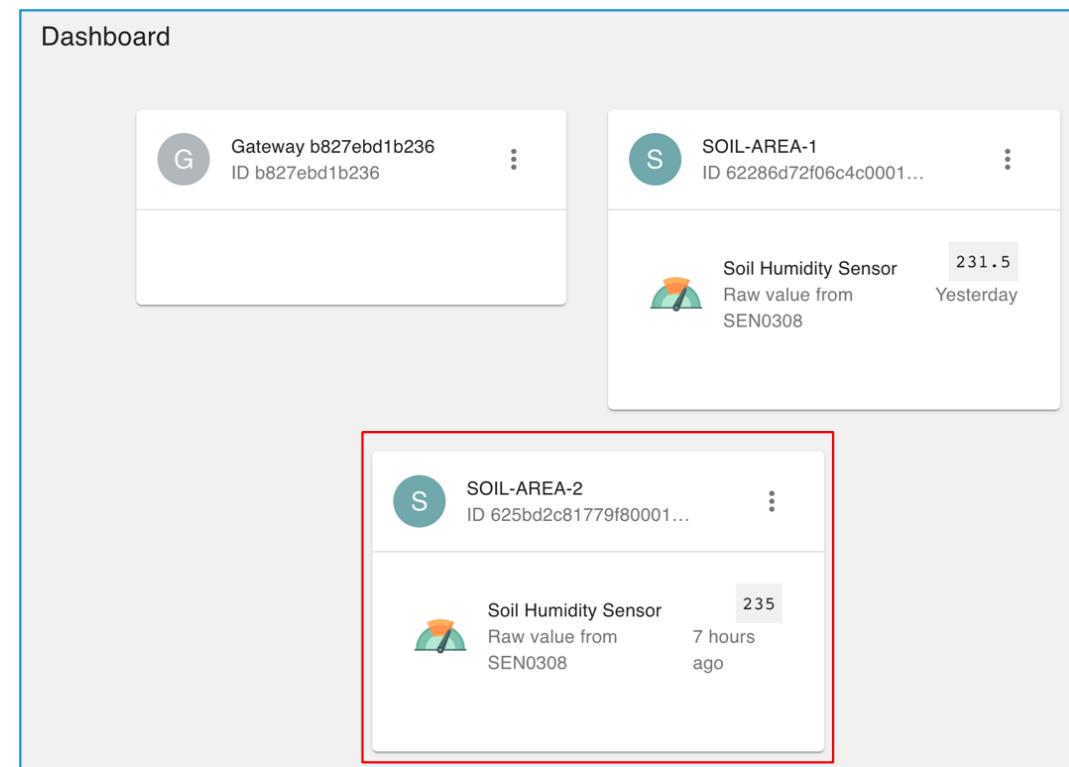
SENSOR READINGS • SETTINGS

Set sensor kind, quantity and unit

Sensor Kind

Raw value from SEN0308

SAVE RESET



Dashboard

G Gateway b827ebd1b236 ID b827ebd1b236 ...

S SOIL-AREA-1 ID 62286d72f06c4c0001... 231.5 ...

Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 Yesterday

S SOIL-AREA-2 ID 625bd2c81779f80001... 235 ...

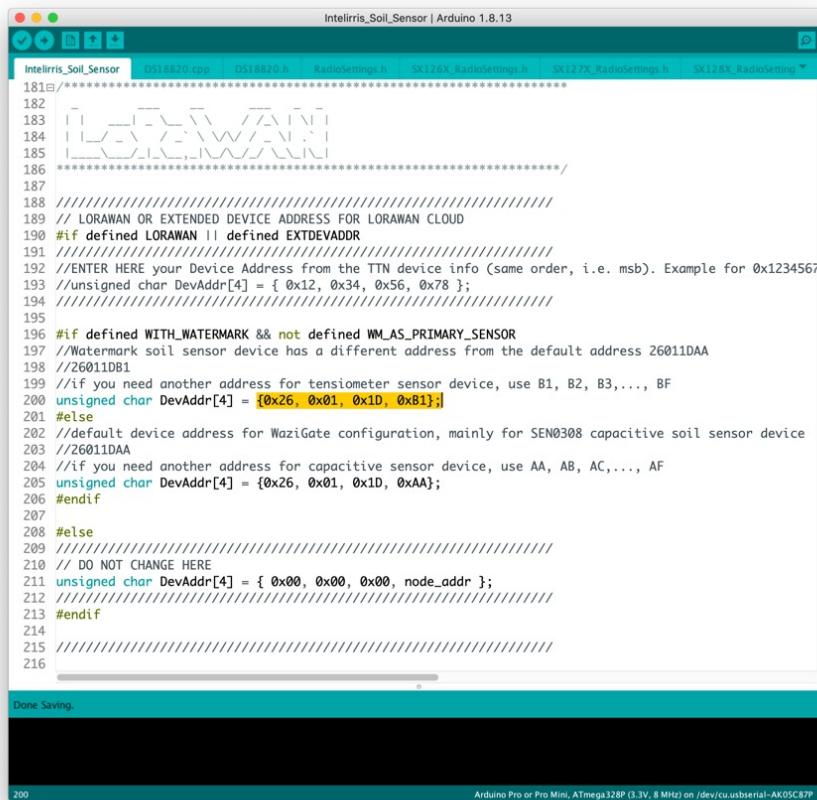
Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 7 hours ago

- The dashboard now displays correctly the new device with its sensor

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices

- Only to have several tensiometer soil devices on 1 Wazigate – change the device address in the soil device Arduino code



```

 181 //*****
 182 // WAZIGATE
 183 // WAZIGATE
 184 // WAZIGATE
 185 //*****
 186 *****/
 187
 188 //////////////// LORAWAN OR EXTENDED DEVICE ADDRESS FOR LORAWAN CLOUD
 189 #if defined LORAWAN || defined EXTDEVADDR
 190 //ENTER HERE your Device Address from the TTN device info (same order, i.e. msb). Example for 0x1234567
 191 //unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x12, 0x34, 0x56, 0x78 };
 192 ///////////////
 193 #if defined WITH_WATERMARK && not defined WM_AS_PRIMARY_SENSOR
 194 //Watermark soil sensor device has a different address from the default address 26011DAA
 195 //26011DB1
 196 //if you need another address for tensiometer sensor device, use B1, B2, B3,..., BF
 197 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB1};
 198 #else
 199 //default device address for WaziGate configuration, mainly for SEN0308 capacitive soil sensor device
 200 //26011DA
 201 //if you need another address for capacitive sensor device, use AA, AB, AC,..., AF
 202 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = {0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xAA};
 203 #endif
 204 //DO NOT CHANGE HERE
 205 #ifndef node_addr
 206 unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, node_addr };
 207 #endif
 208 //*****
 209 // DO NOT CHANGE HERE
 210 //unsigned char DevAddr[4] = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, node_addr };
 211 //*****
 212
 213
 214
 215
 216

```

Done Saving.

Arduino Pro or Pro Mini, ATmega328P (3.3V, 8 MHz) on /dev/cu.usbserial-AK05C87P

Default address for tensiometer sensor is

{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB1 };

Just increase the last byte

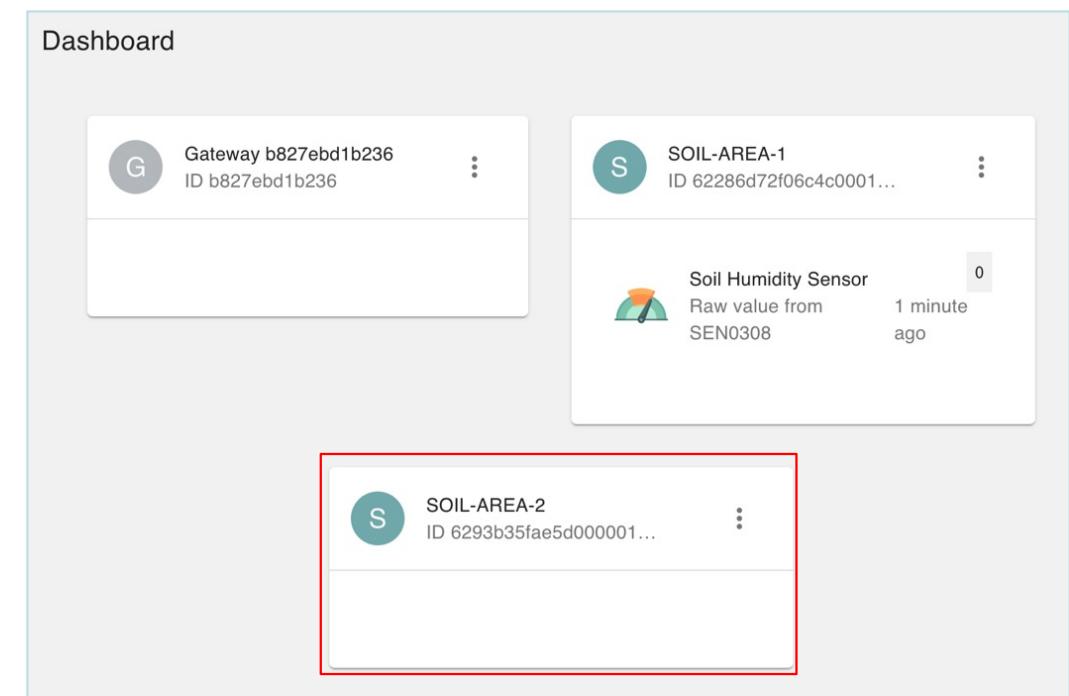
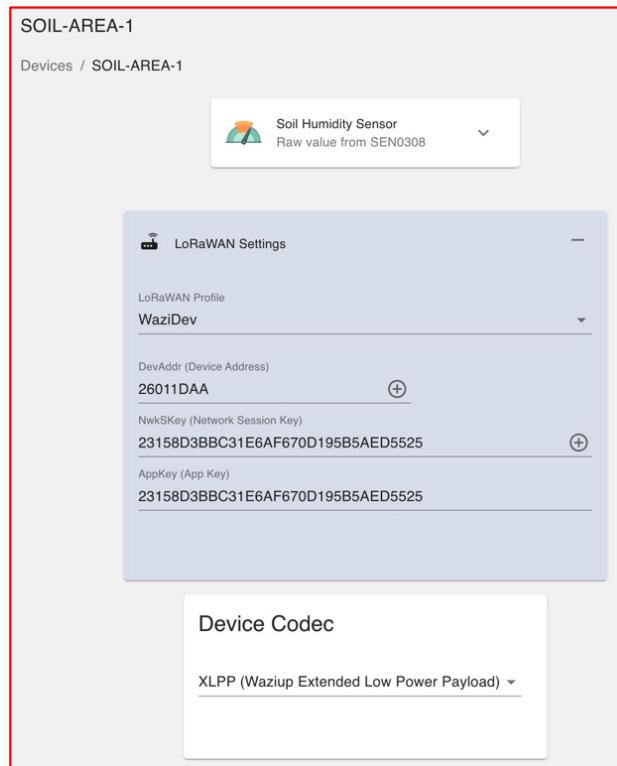
{ 0x26, 0x01, 0x1D, 0xB2 };

Compile and upload the code to the soil sensor device

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

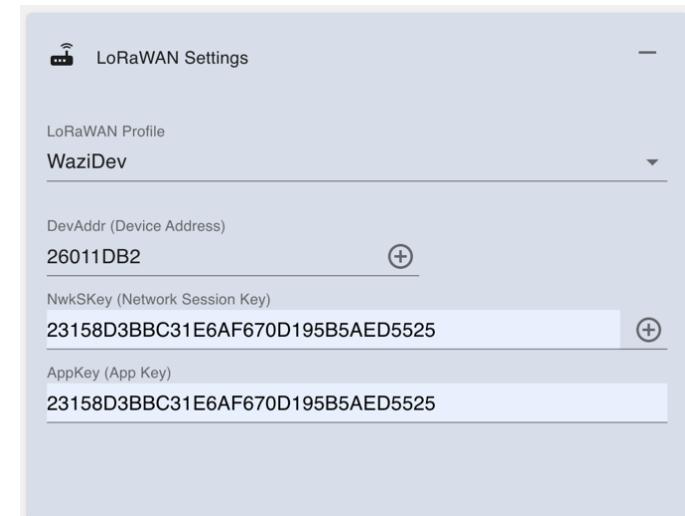
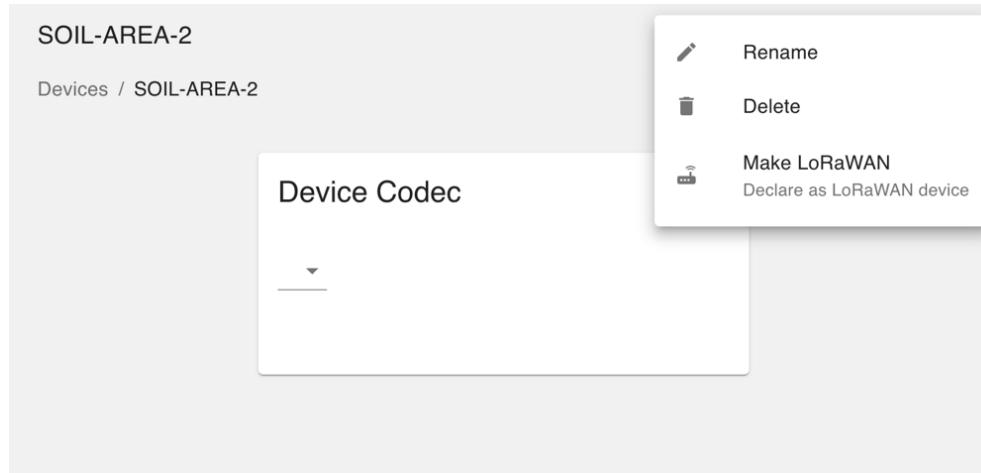
- Left figure shows gateway config with 1 soil sensor device
- Create a new device, e.g. device name SOIL-AREA-2
- Avoid space, limit to 12 characters for correct display on OLED



Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- Select the new device and make it as LoRaWAN device

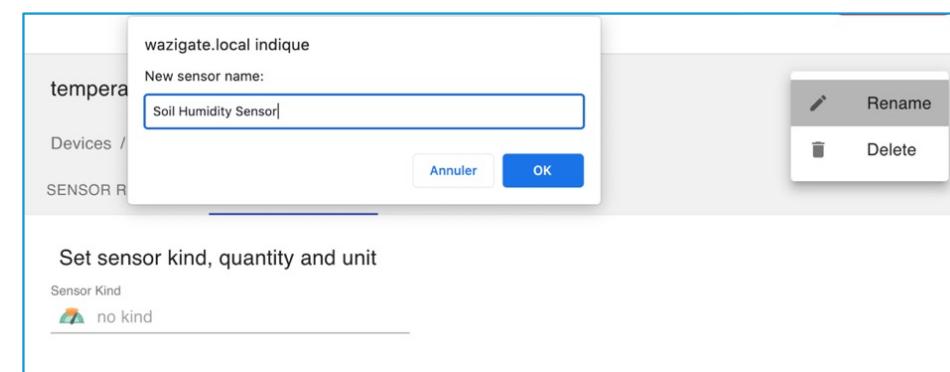
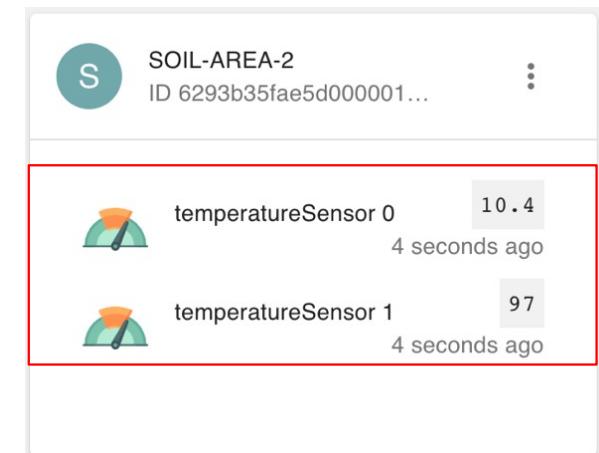


- Set the new address, matching the one of the Arduino code: 26011DB2
- keep same encryption keys
- Select XLPP as codec

Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- DO NOT manually create a sensor. Instead,...
- ... power on the new soil sensor device for data transmission
- Refresh the gateway dashboard, the new data should appear
- There should be 2 new sensor names
 - "temperatureSensor_0" & "temperatureSensor_1"
- Click on "temperatureSensor_0" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Humidity Sensor"
- Do the same for "temperatureSensor_1"



Advanced configuration

ex 2: have several tensiometer soil sensor devices, con't

- For first sensor, change Sensor kind to "centibars from WM200"
- For second sensor, use "scaled value from WM200 real=x10"

Soil Humidity Sensor

Devices / SOIL-AREA-2 / Sensors / Soil Humidity Sensor

SENSOR READINGS • SETTINGS

Set sensor kind, quantity and unit

Sensor Kind: centibars from WM200

 SAVE  RESET

Dashboard

G Gateway b827ebd1b236 ID b827ebd1b236 ...

S SOIL-AREA-1 ID 62286d72f06c4c0001... ...

Soil Humidity Sensor Raw value from SEN0308 0 12 minutes ago

S SOIL-AREA-2 ID 6293b35fae5d000001... ...

Soil Humidity Sensor centibars from WM200 10.4 3 minutes ago

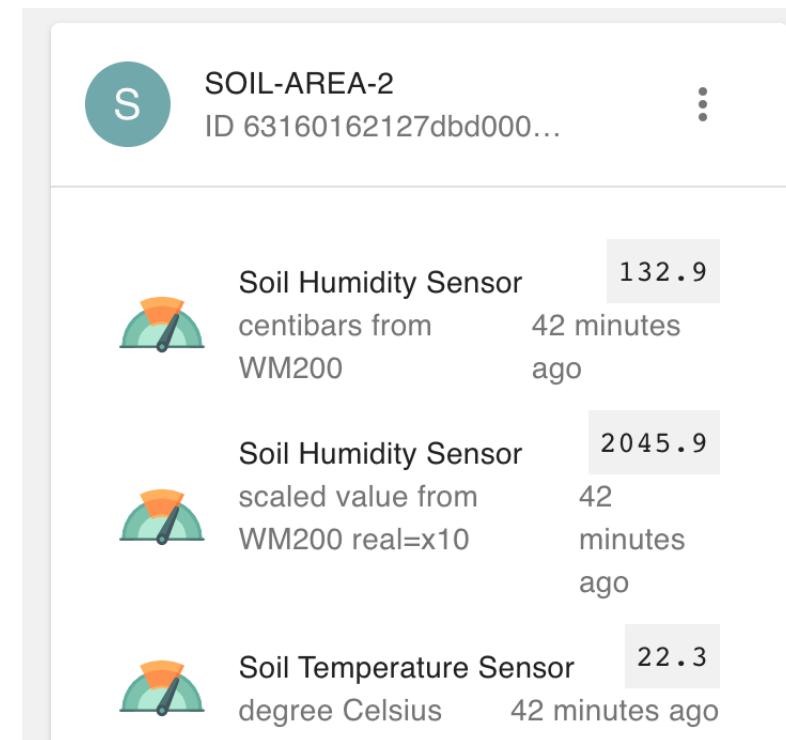
Soil Humidity Sensor Scaled value from WM200 real=x10 97 3 minutes ago

- The dashboard now displays correctly the new device with its sensors

Advanced configuration

ex 1 & 2: with a soil temperature sensor

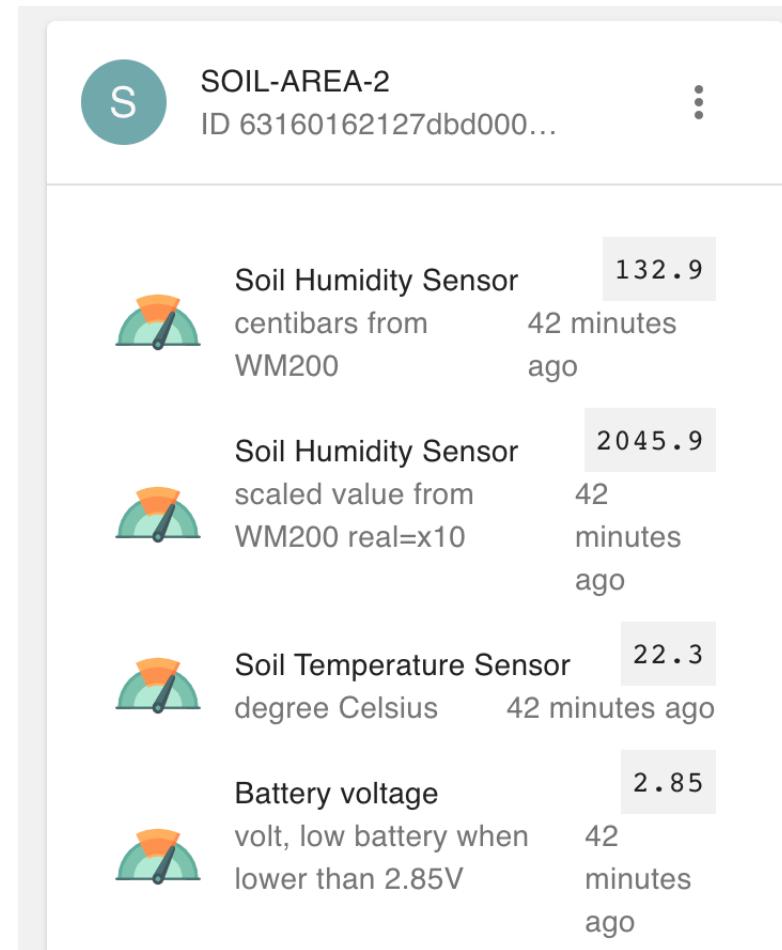
- If there is a soil temperature sensor attached, a sensor named "temperatureSensor_5" will also appear
- Click on "temperatureSensor_5" and then rename it, e.g. "Soil Temperature Sensor"
- Change Sensor kind to "degree Celsius"
- Reload dashboard which should now displays correctly the new device with its sensors



Advanced configuration

ex 1 & 2: with battery voltage monitor

- With battery voltage monitor, a sensor named "analogSensor_6" will also appear
- Click on "analogSensor_6" and then rename it, e.g. "Battery voltage"
- Change Sensor kind to "volt, low battery when lower than 2.85V"
- Reload dashboard which should now displays correctly the new device with its sensors



Advanced configuration

execute automatic custom configuration

- Default SD card image defines
 - 1 capacitive sensor SOIL-AREA-1
 - 1 tensiometer sensor SOIL-AREA-2
- To change configuration, read carefully & use the auto-configuration mechanism
 - <https://github.com/CongducPham/PRIMA-Intel-Irris/tree/main/Gateway/boot#auto-configuration-on-boot-for-the-intel-irris-wazigate>
- Default auto-configuration (GitHub: Gateway/boot)
 - create-starter-kit-demo-capacitive-watermark-st-iiwa-ha
default capacitive: SOIL-AREA-1, 26011DAA
default tensiometer + 1 soil temperature: SOIL-AREA-2, 26011DB1
Home Assistant included
these 2 devices are added to IIWA and HA

Advanced configuration

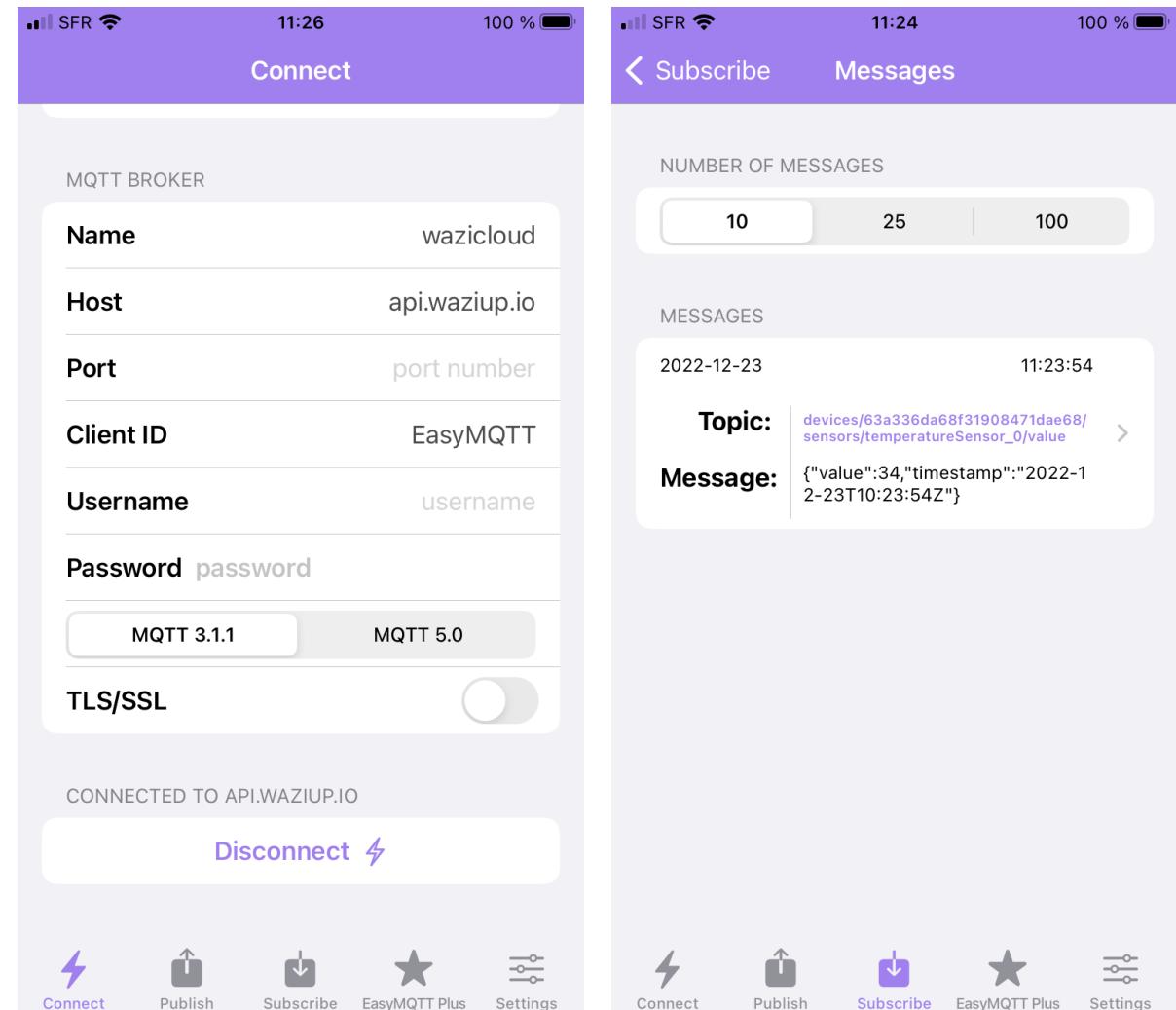
MQTT integration

- With sensor data on WaziCloud, it is possible to subscribe to those data with MQTT protocol
- With command line mosquitto_sub
 - mosquitto_sub
-L "mqtt://api.waziup.io/devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value"
 - mosquitto_sub
-h api.waziup.io -t devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value
- With other MQTT integration client/platform
 - Host: api.waziup.io
 - Topic: devices/<deviceID>/sensors/<sensorID>/value
- Output
 - { "value": 34, "timestamp": "2022-12-23T10:23:54Z" }

Advanced configuration

MQTT integration, con't

- Example with an MQTT client (EasyMQTT) on an iPhone7



NOTICE ON THE STARTER-KIT



- NEVER TRANSMIT WITHOUT AN ANTENNA
- 1 FULLY ASSEMBLED & CONFIGURED SOIL SENSOR
 - NEED TO INSTALL 2-AA BATTERIES
 - TAKE HIGH-GRADE BATTERIES
 - DO NOT SWITCH ON WITHOUT ANTENNA ATTACHED
 - ALREADY CONFIGURED FOR WAZIGATE
- STARTER-KIT= 1 SOIL SENSOR + 1 GATEWAY
- INTEL-IRRIS GATEWAY IMAGE CAN BE DOWNLOADED FROM <https://intel-iris.eu/results>
- FLASH IMAGE ON 8GB SD CARD (OR 16GB OR 32GB)
- THE GATEWAY IS ONLY PRE-CONFIGURED FOR 1 SOIL SENSOR PER FARM
- STARTER-KIT TUTORIAL : <https://intel-iris.eu/tutorials-slides>