Question 4

4. What are 3 ways to improve the accessibility of HTML?

Answer:

- 1. **Use Semantic HTML**: Utilize proper HTML elements to convey meaning (e.g., headings, lists, and landmarks).
 - Why we should use Semantic HTML: Semantic HTML elements (like <header>, <nav>, <main>, <footer>, <article>, and <section>) help screen readers and other assistive technologies understand the structure and purpose of your content.
 - How Should we use it: Replace generic elements like <div> and with semantic HTML elements that describe the content's role. For example, use <button> for clickable actions rather than styling a <div> to look like a button.
- 2. **Provide Text Alternatives**: Use alt attributes for images and provide transcripts for audio and video content.
 - Why we should use: Alternative text (alt text) describes images for users who
 cannot see them, such as those using screen readers or with visual impairments.
 - How we can use: Use the alt attribute in tags to provide a concise description of the image's content or purpose. For purely decorative images, use alt="" to ensure they are ignored by screen readers.
- Ensure Keyboard Navigation: Make sure all interactive elements can be accessed and operated using a keyboard.
 - Why we need to use: Many users rely on keyboard navigation instead of a mouse.
 Ensuring that all interactive elements can be accessed and used via keyboard is crucial for accessibility.
 - How we can use it: Make sure that all form fields, links, and buttons are focusable
 and usable with the keyboard. You can use the tabindex attribute to control the
 order of focusable elements, and ensure that custom interactive elements have
 appropriate keyboard event handlers.

Improving HTML accessibility involves making web content usable by people with a variety of disabilities. Here are three effective ways to enhance HTML accessibility: