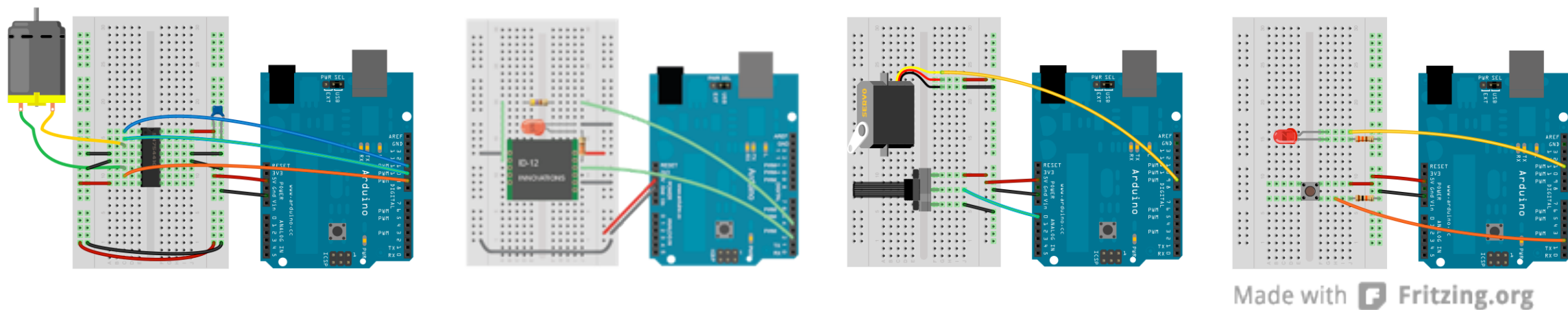


# Schematics for Breakout Examples



This document contains wiring diagrams and component lists for the examples. A diagram may be used for more than one example file. The corresponding files are listed for each diagram.

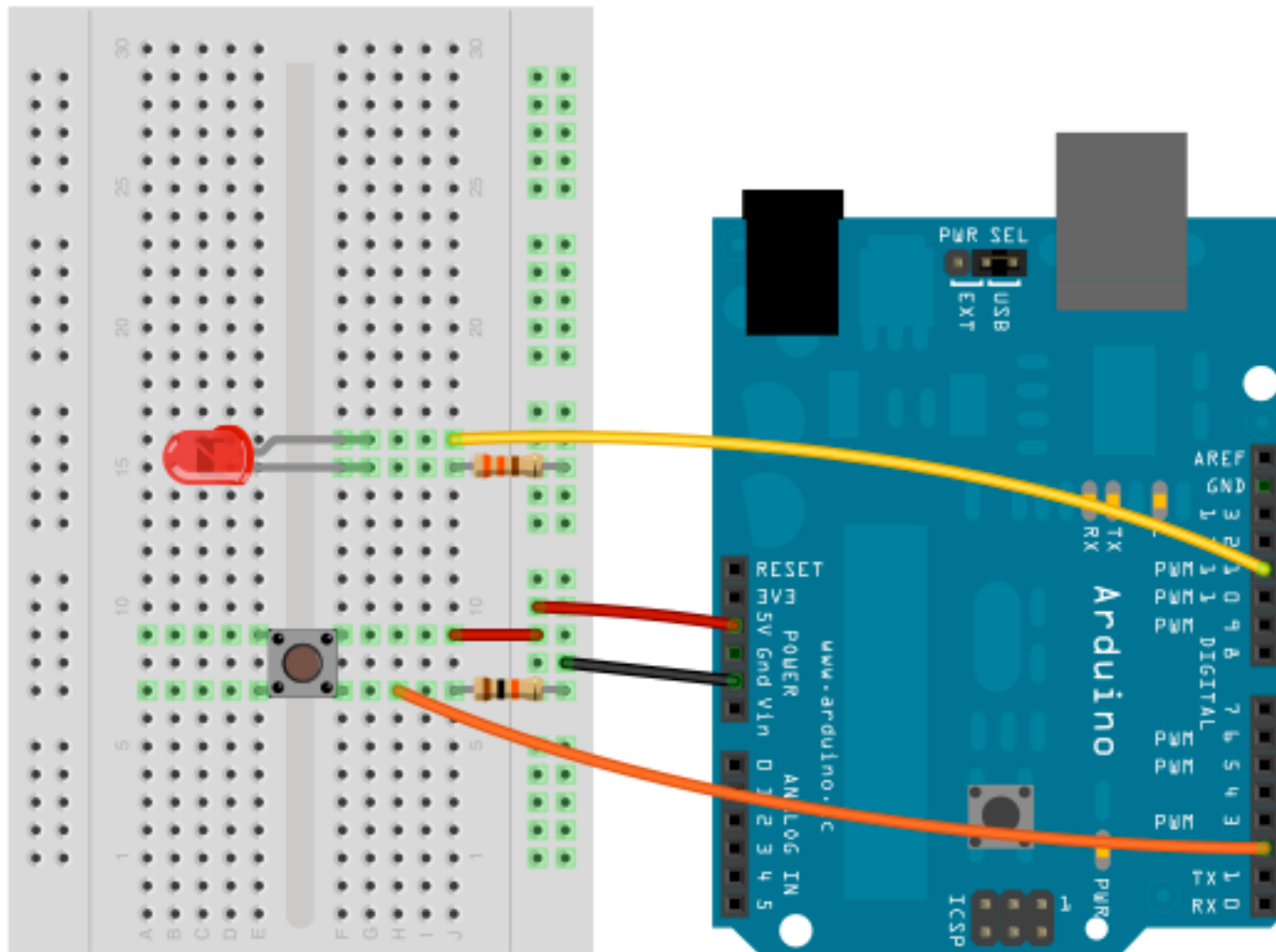
# Getting Started: Hello World

[/examples/getting\\_started/hello\\_world.html](/examples/getting_started/hello_world.html)

[/examples/getting\\_started/hello\\_world\\_node.html](/examples/getting_started/hello_world_node.html)

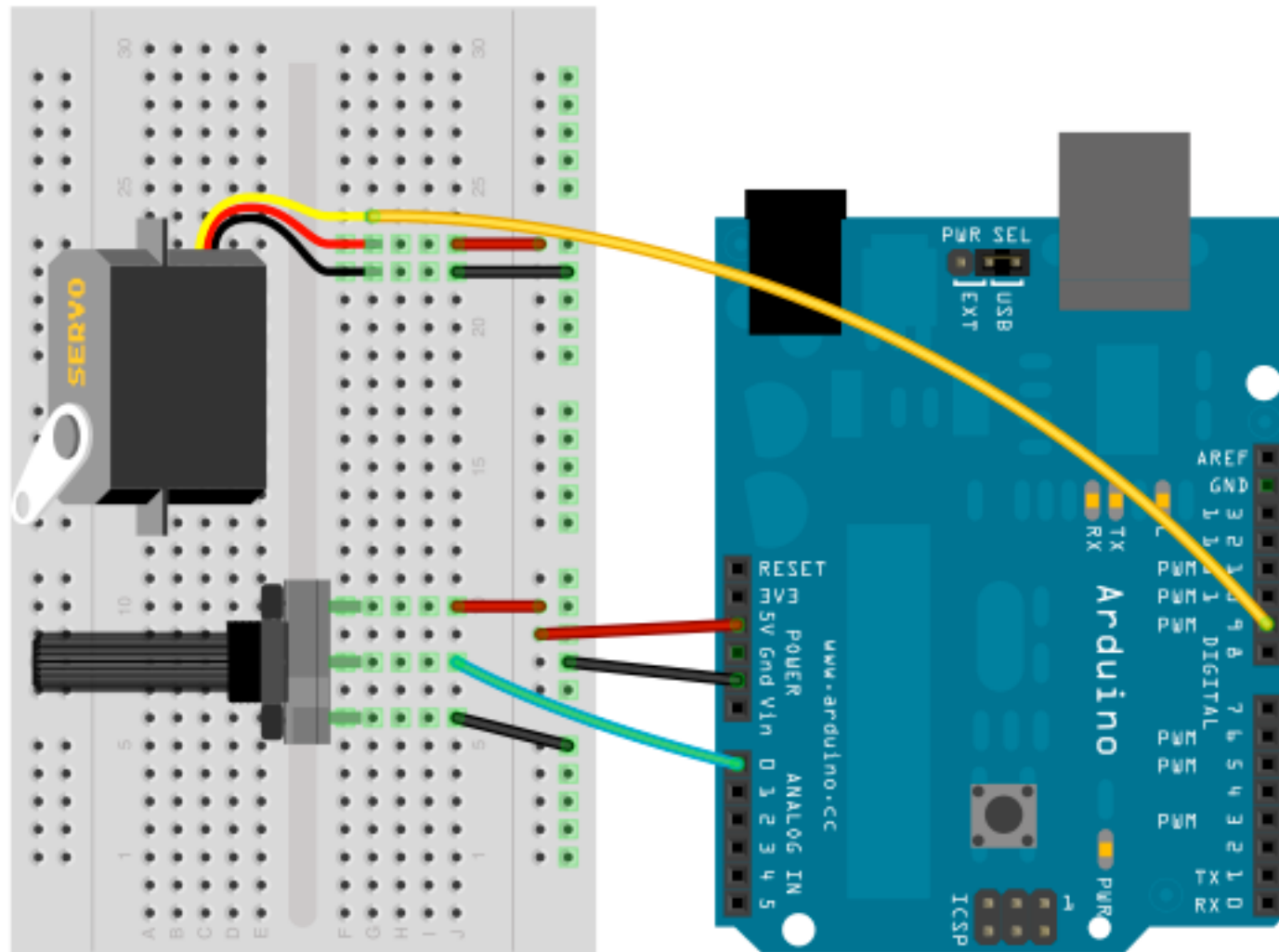
## Component List

- Button
- Led
- 10k resistor
- 330 ohm resistor



# Actuators: Servo

</examples/actuators/servo.html>

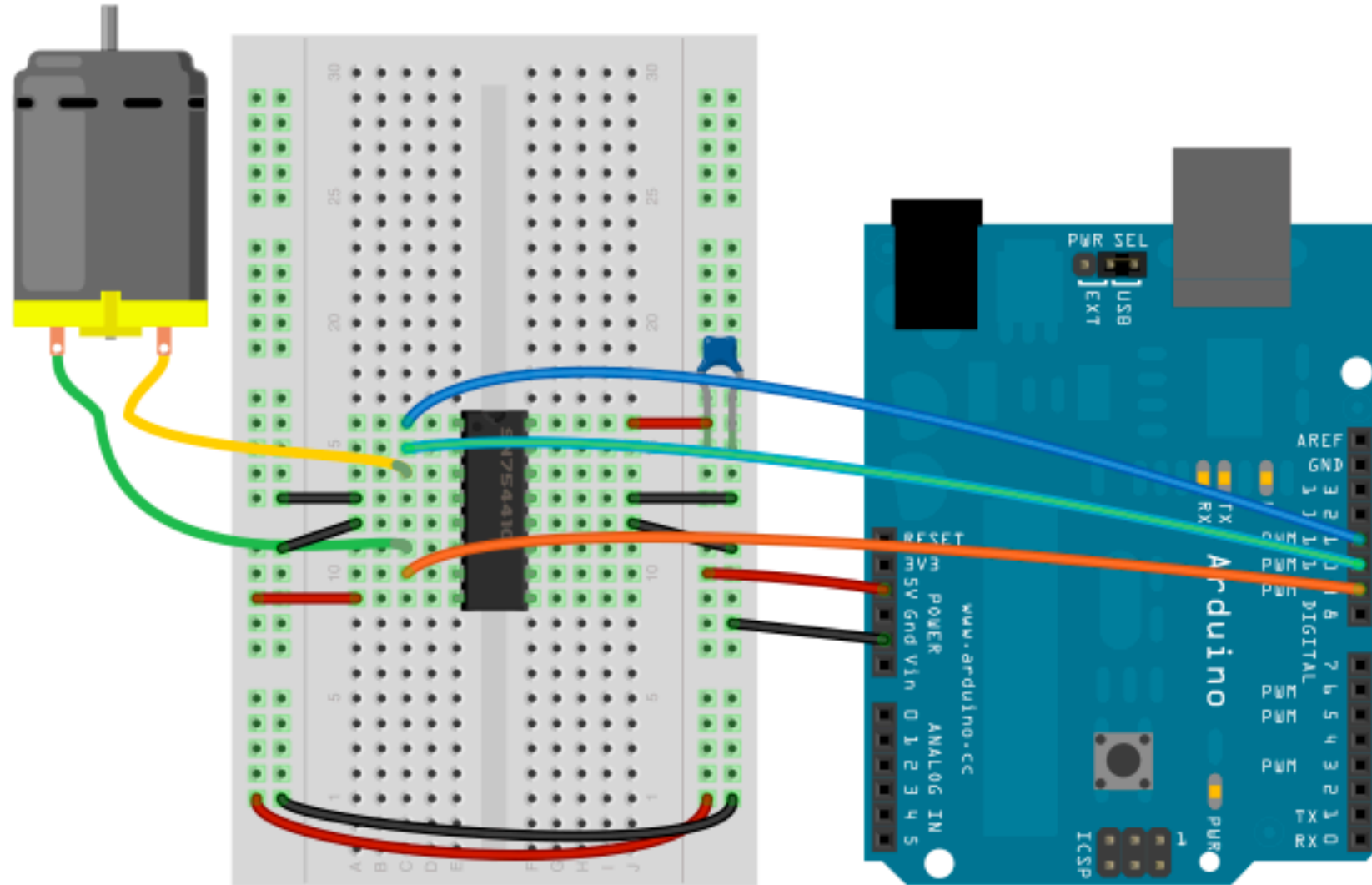


## Component List

- Servo motor
- Potentiometer

# Actuators: DC Motor

</examples/actuators/DCmotor.html>



## Component List

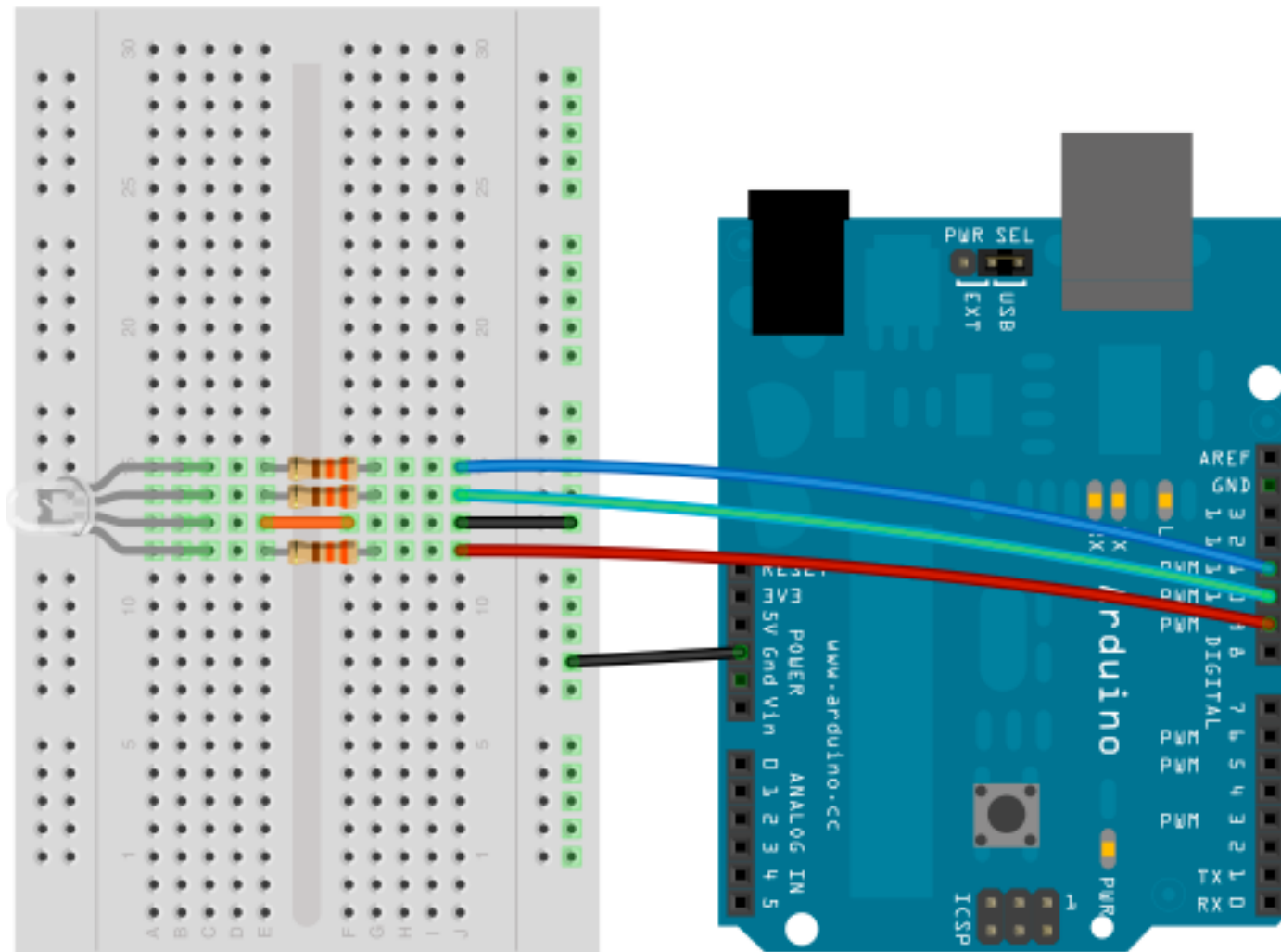
- DC motor
- 0.1 uF capacitor
- H-bridge SN754410 or equivalent

# Actuators: RGB Led (Common Cathode)

[/examples/actuators/rgb\\_led.html](/examples/actuators/rgb_led.html)

## Component List

- RGB led
- 3 330 ohm resistors



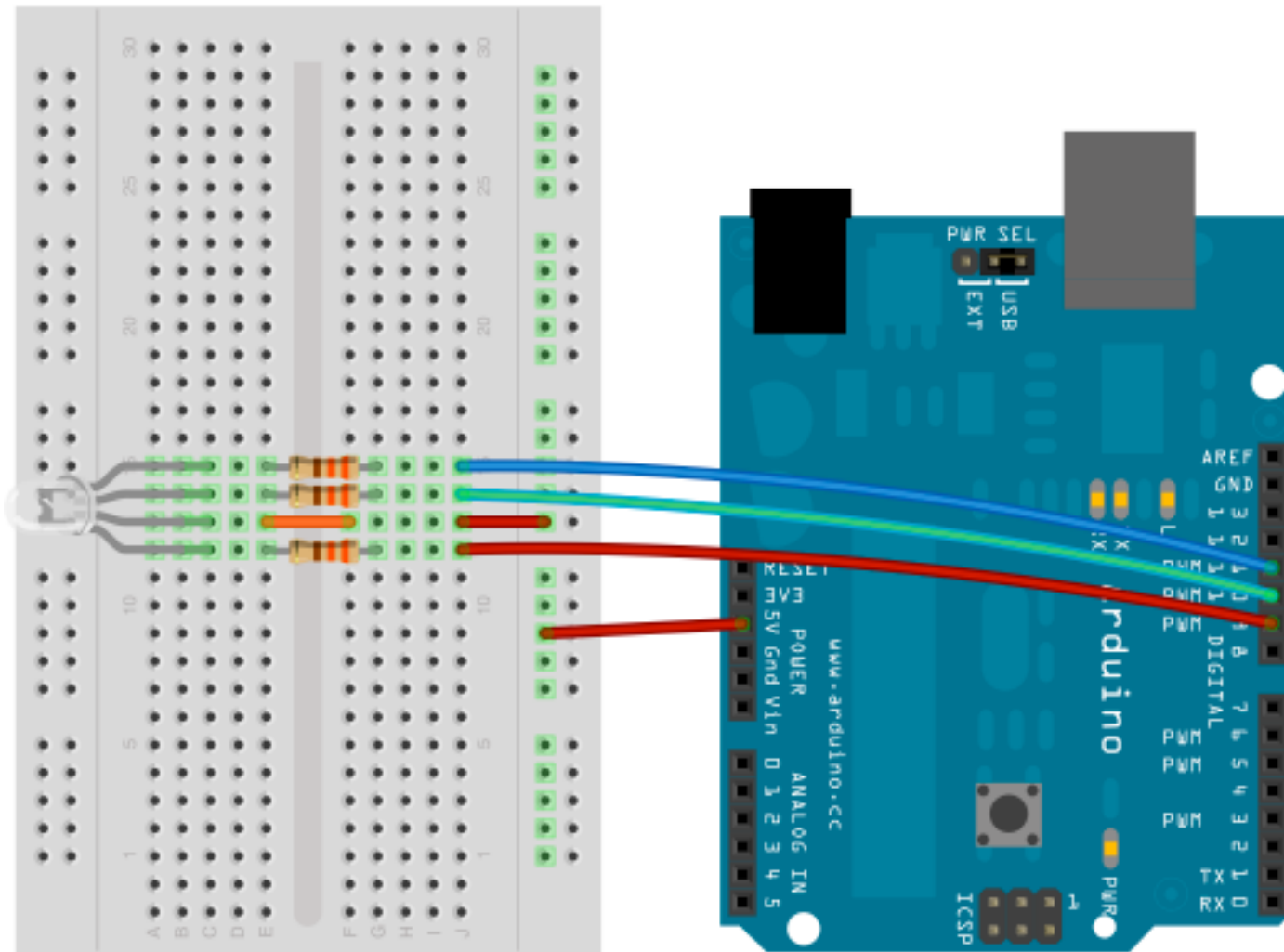
Check the data sheet for the LED to determine if it is common cathode or common anode

# Actuators: RGB Led (Common Anode)

[/examples/actuators/rgb\\_led.html](/examples/actuators/rgb_led.html)

## Component List

- RGB led
- 3 330 ohm resistors



Check the data sheet for the LED to determine if it is common cathode or common anode

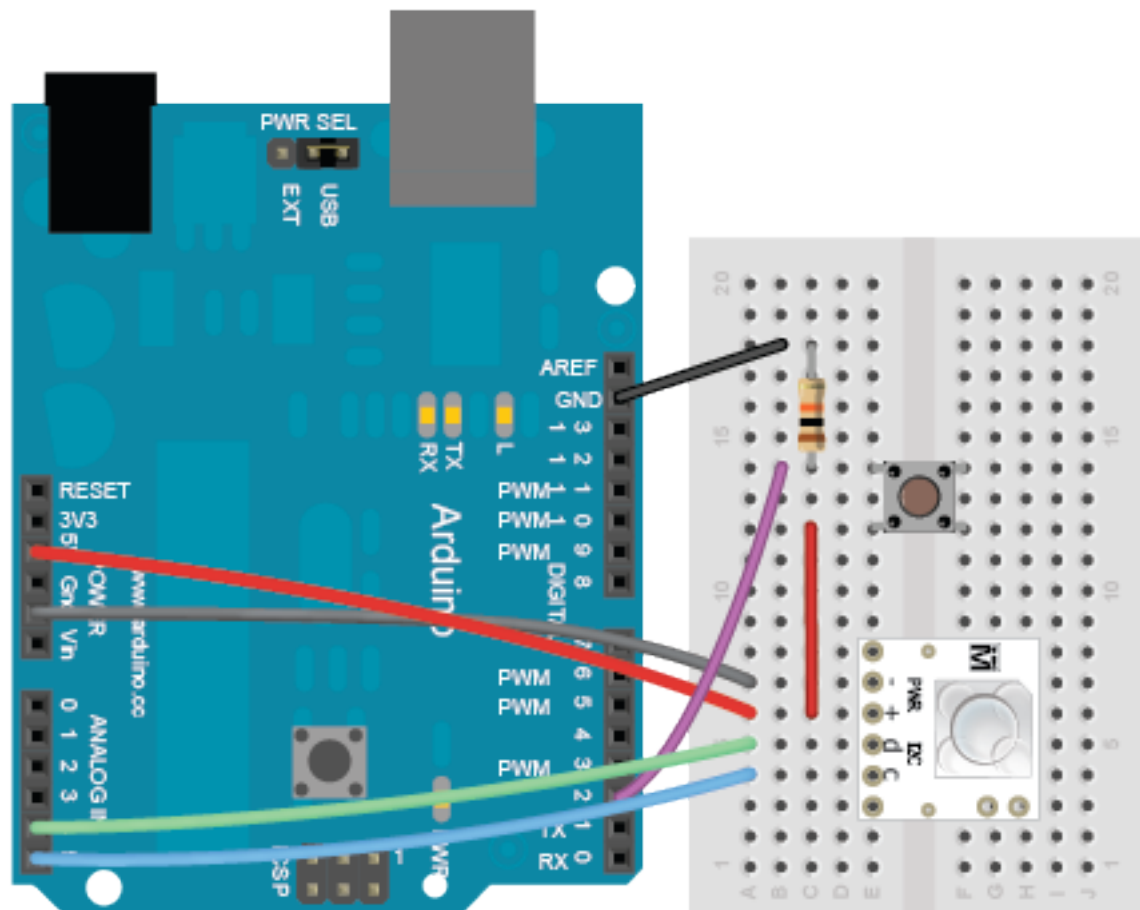


# Actuators: BlinkM RGB Led Module

</examples/actuators/blinkM.html>

## Component List

- BlinkM led module
- Button
- 10k resistor



# Filters: Filtering Analog Input

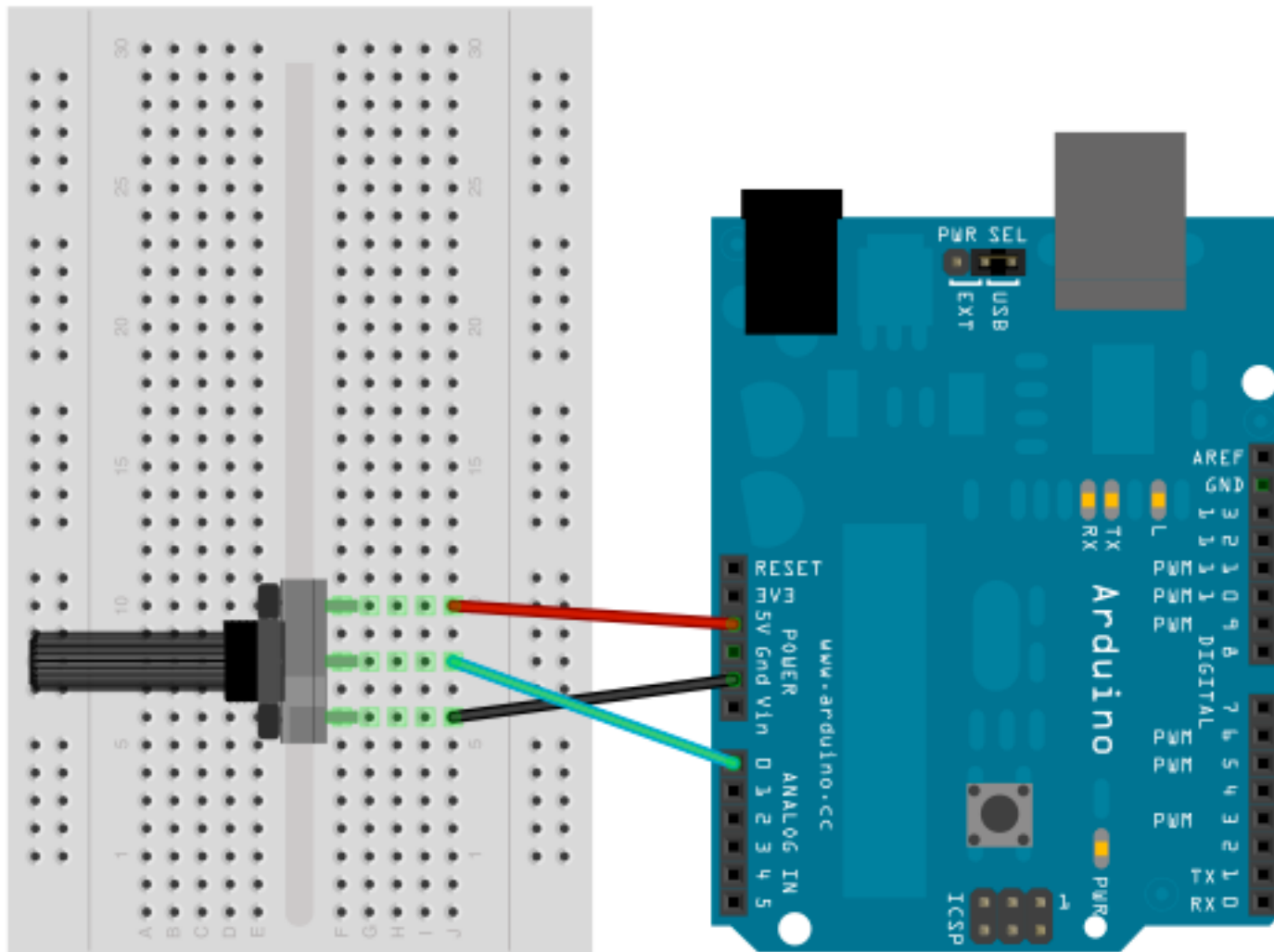
</examples/filters/convolution.html>

</examples/filters/scaler.html>

</examples/filters/triggerpoint.html>

## Component List

- Potentiometer



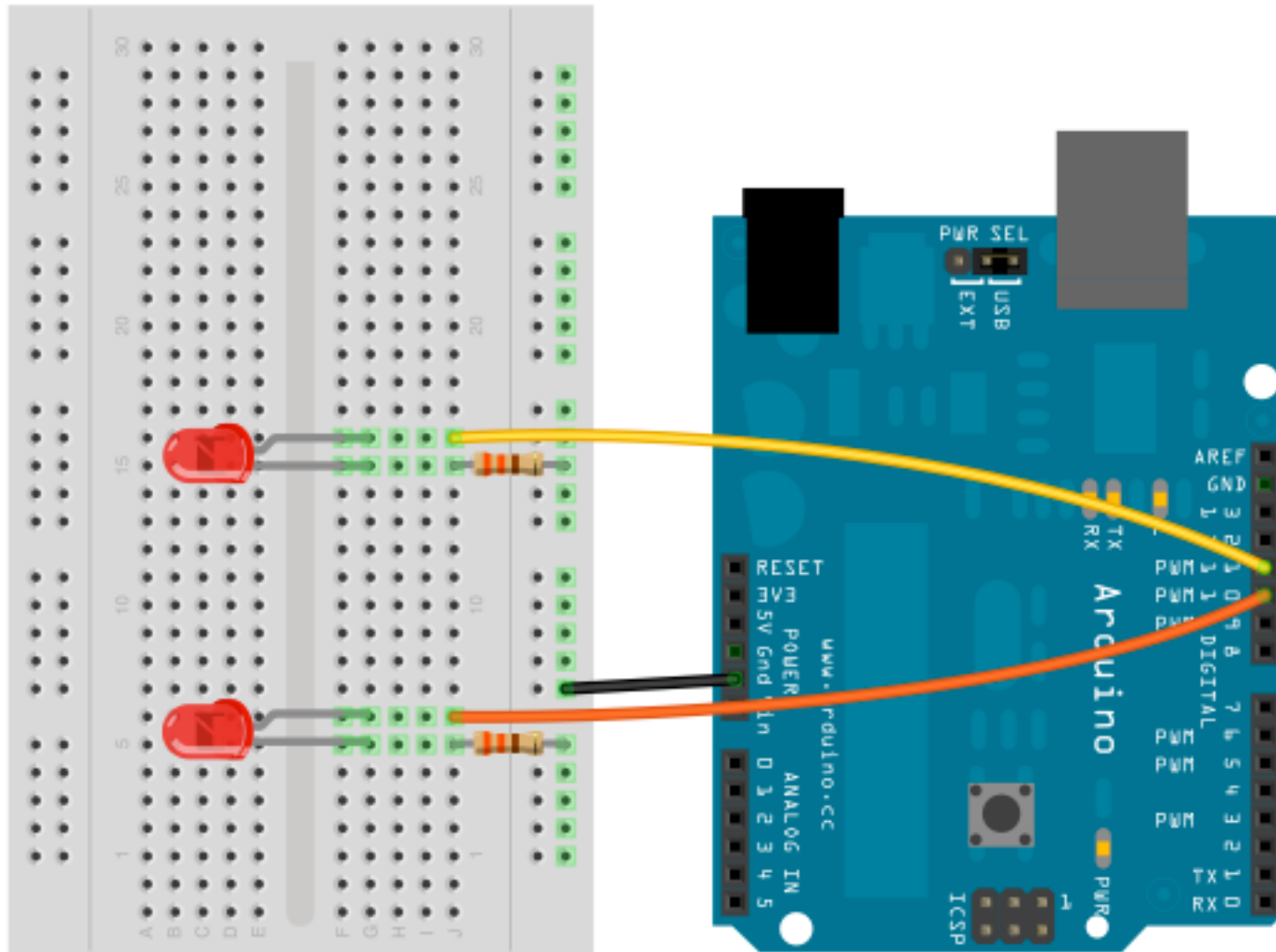


# Generators: Generating Output Signals

</examples/generators/oscillator.html>

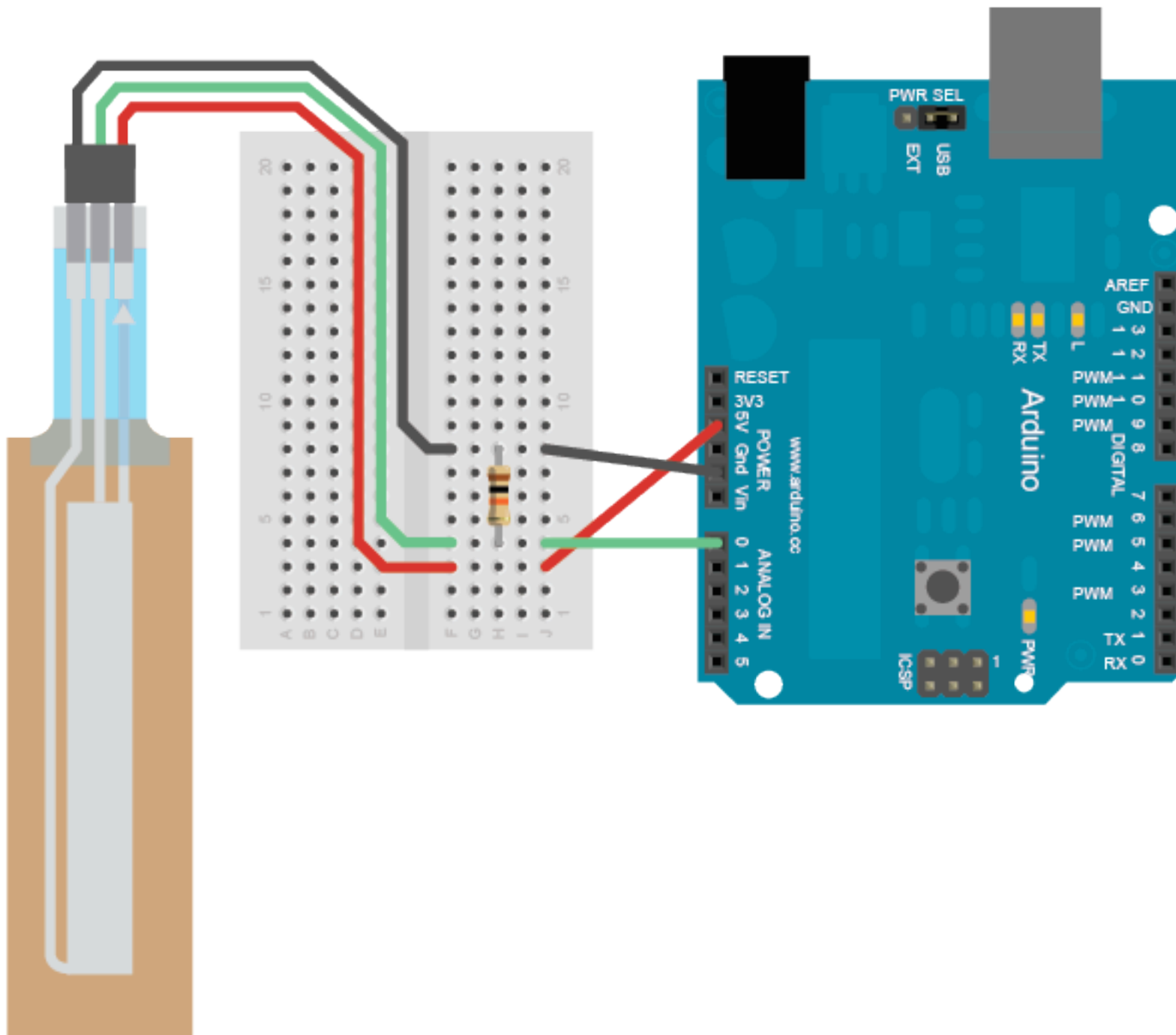
## Component List

- 2 Leds
- 2 330 ohm resistors



# Sensors: Softpot

</examples/sensors/softpot.html>



## Component List

- Softpot
- 10k resistor

# Sensors: Analog Accelerometer

[/examples/sensors/analog\\_accelerometer.html](/examples/sensors/analog_accelerometer.html)

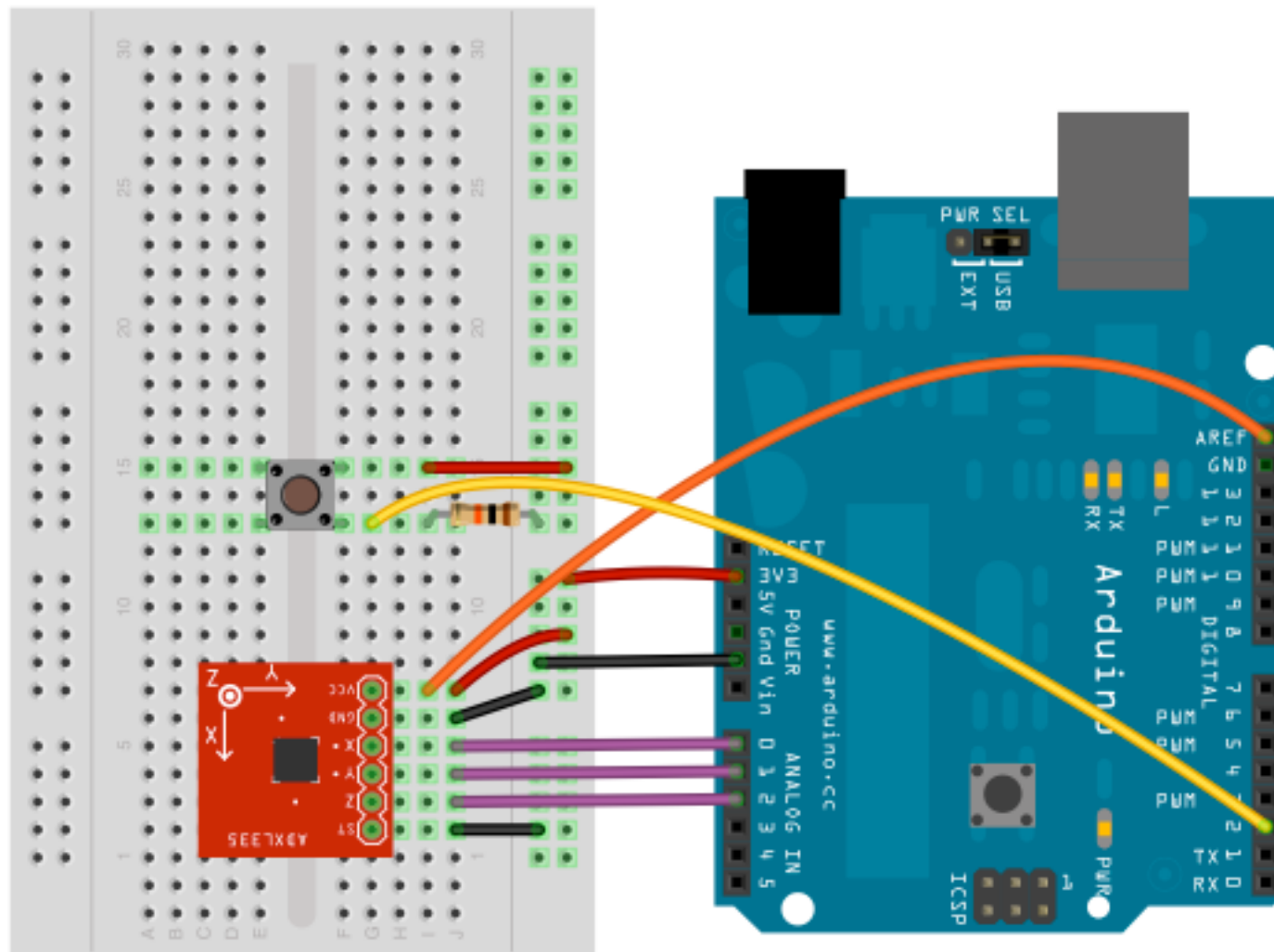
[/examples/sensors/calibrate\\_accelerometer.html](/examples/sensors/calibrate_accelerometer.html)

[/examples/three\\_js/accelerometer.html](/examples/three_js/accelerometer.html)

[/examples/processing\\_js/accelerometer.html](/examples/processing_js/accelerometer.html)

## Component List

- ADXL335 (or 330)
- Button
- 10k resistor



The analog accelerometer examples should work for any analog accelerometer. The ADXL335 just happens to be the accelerometer used for this schematic.

# Sensors: HMC6352 Compass

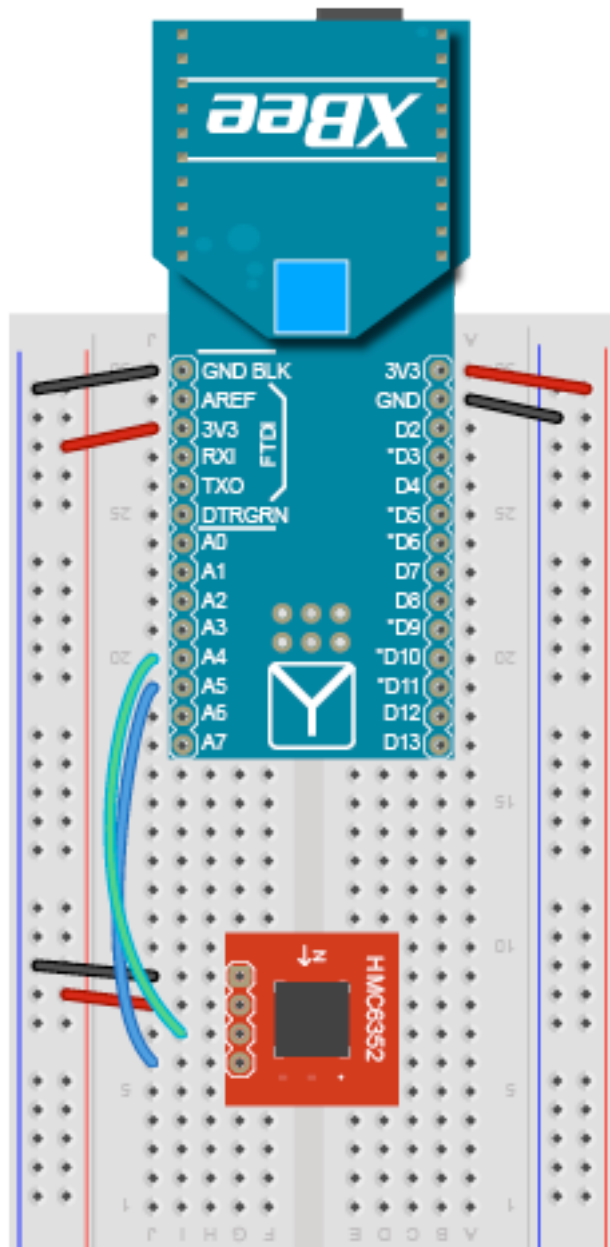
</examples/sensors/hmc6352.html>

[/examples/processing\\_js/compass.html](/examples/processing_js/compass.html)

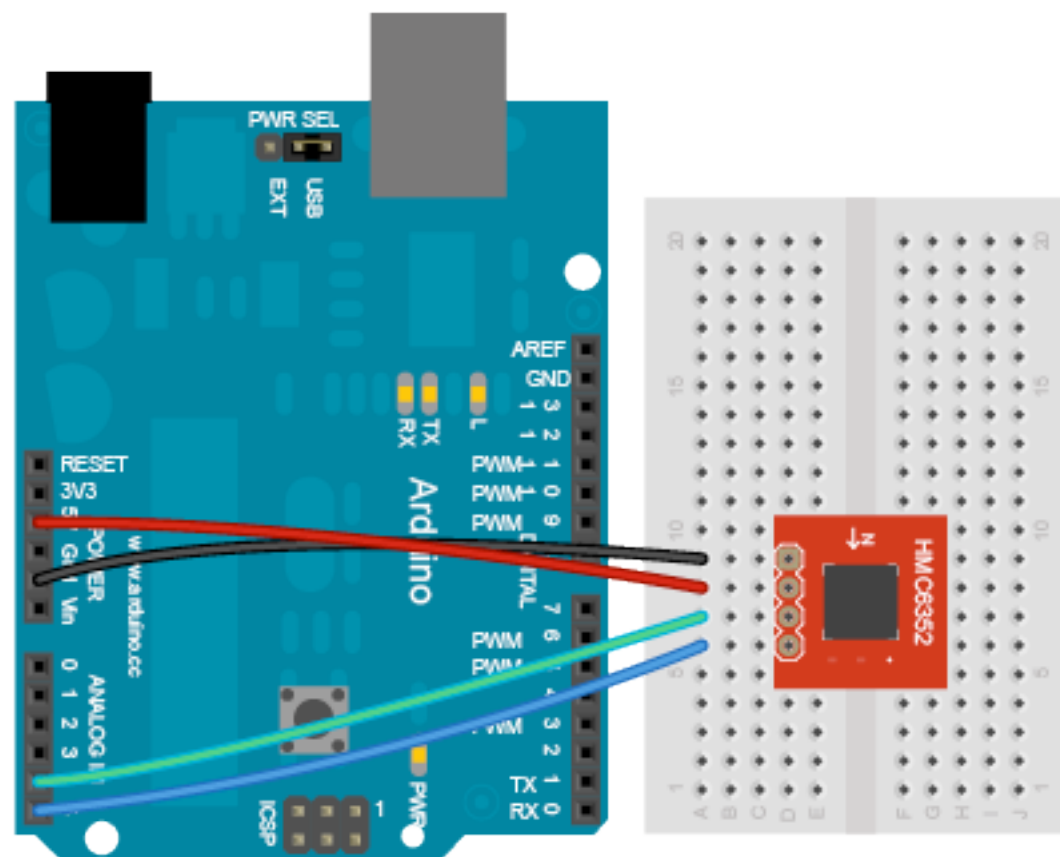
## Component List

- HMC6352 compass
- Arduino FIO, Uno or other I/O board

Unlike the other I2C sensors in this document, the HMC6352 is 5v tolerant so you can use it with any I/O board.



Arduino FIO with XBee wireless connection



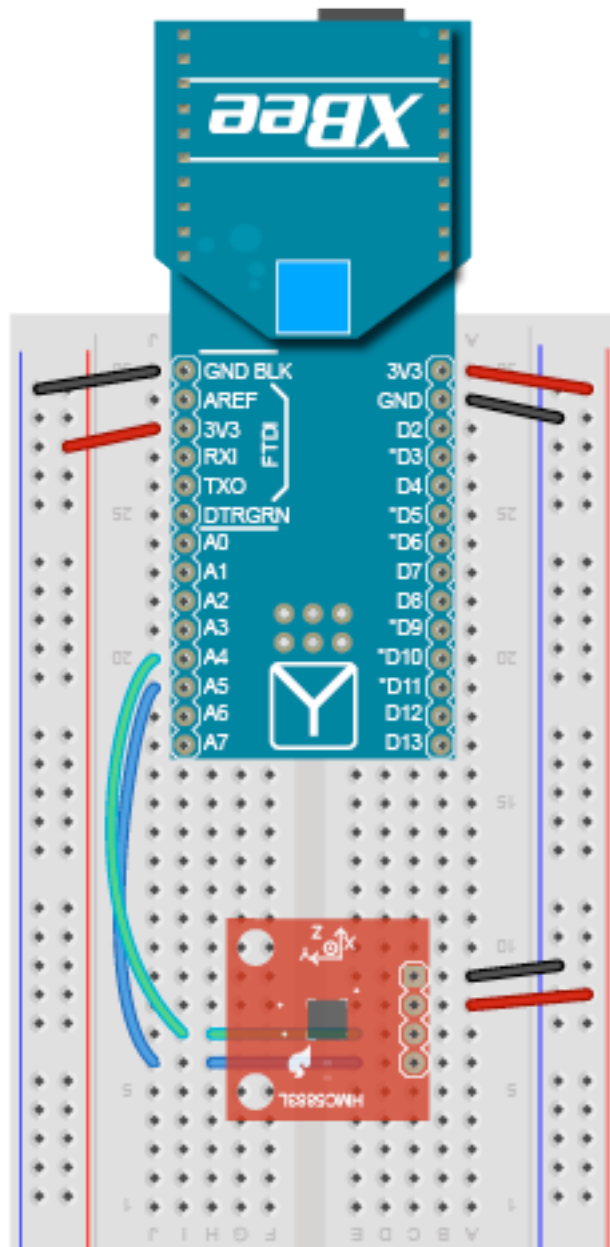
Arduino Uno or other board

# Sensors: HMC5883 3-axis Magnetometer

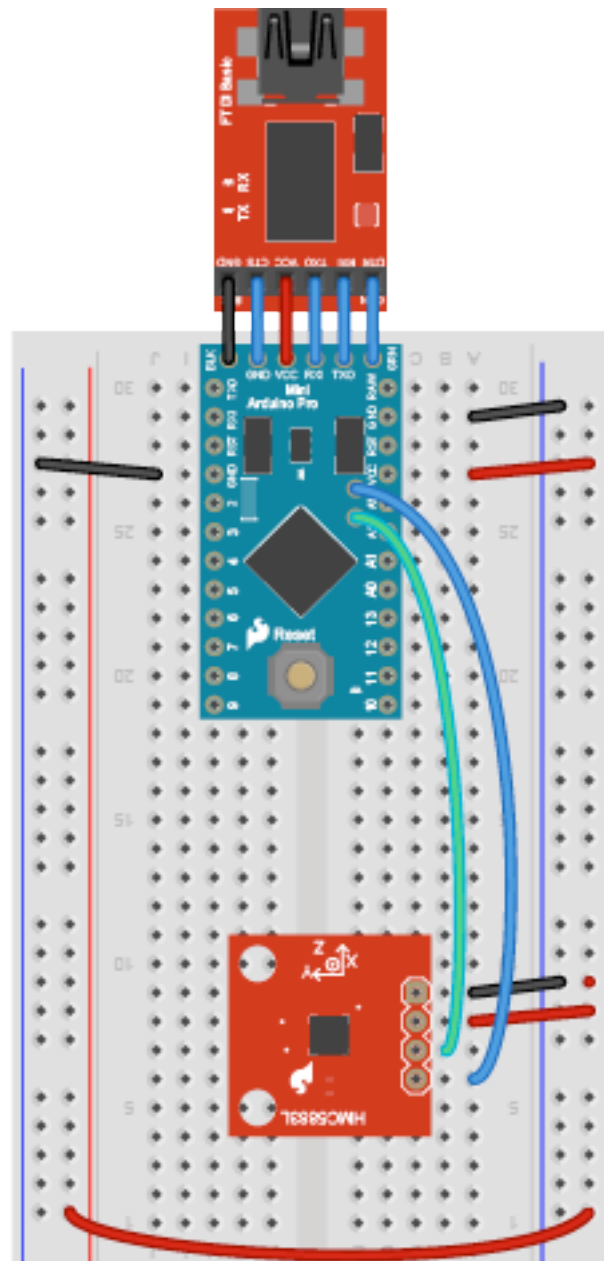
</examples/sensors/hmc5883.html>

## Component List

- HMC5883 magnetometer
- Arduino FIO,  
or Pro Mini (3.3v),  
or other 3.3v I/O board



- OR -



Arduino FIO with Xbee  
wireless connection

Arduino Pro Mini 3.3v with  
FTDI Basic Breakout 3.3v

You must use this sensor with a 3.3v or lower I/O board or use a logic level converter if using an I/O board at a higher voltage.

See Appendix A for an example of wiring a low voltage I2C sensor to a 5v I/O board.

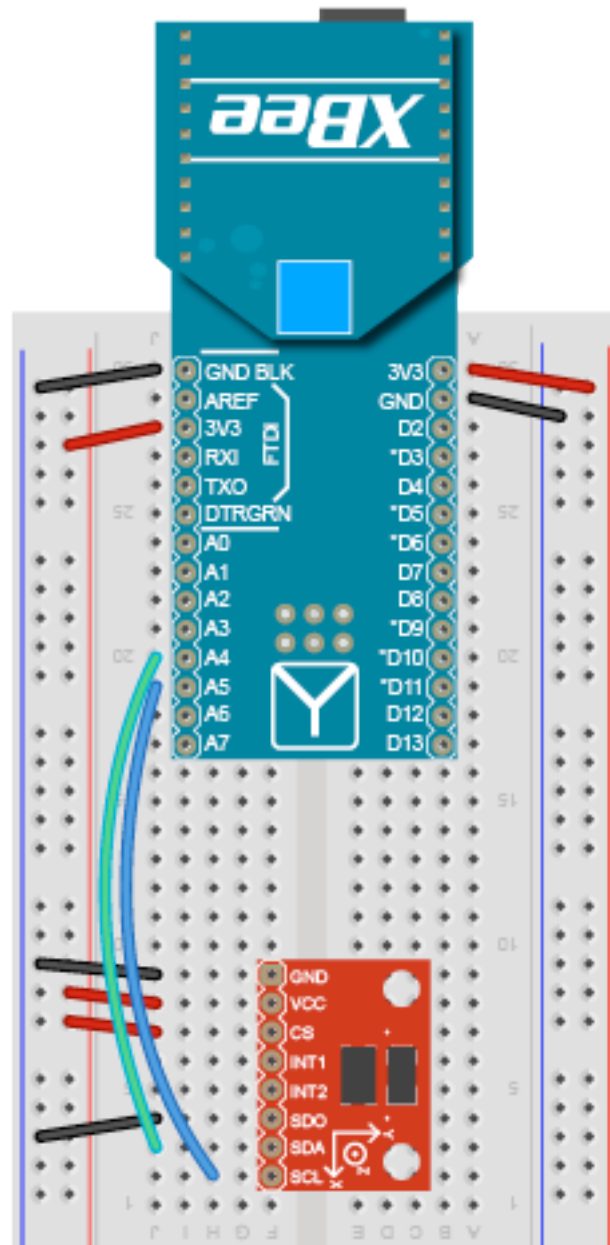


# Sensors: ADXL345 3-axis Accelerometer

</examples/sensors/adxl345.html>

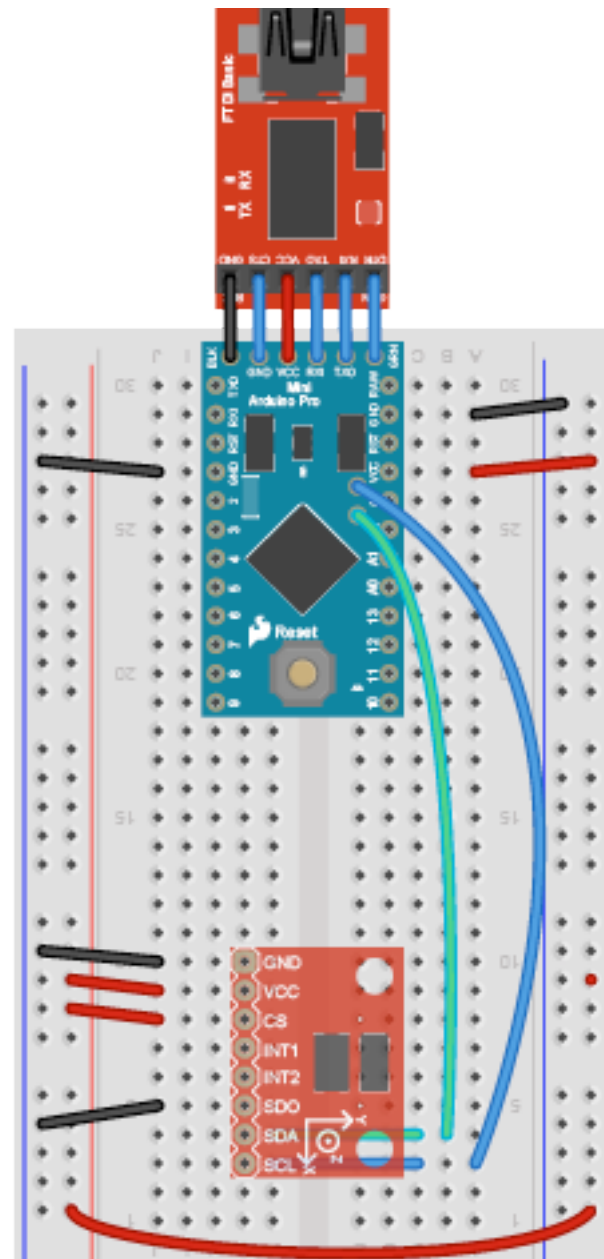
## Component List

- ADXL345 accelerometer
- Arduino FIO,  
or Pro Mini (3.3v),  
or other 3.3v I/O board



Arduino FIO with Xbee  
wireless connection

- OR -



Arduino Pro Mini 3.3v with  
FTDI Basic Breakout 3.3v

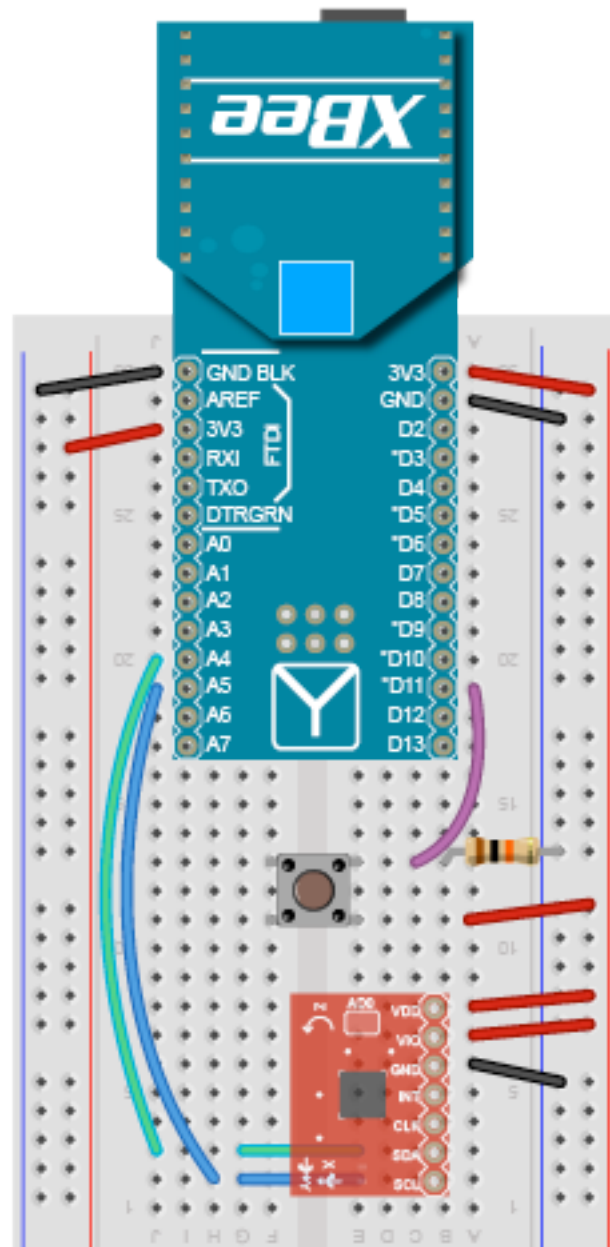
You must use this sensor with a 3.3v or lower I/O board or use a logic level converter if using an I/O board at a higher voltage.

See Appendix A for an example of wiring a low voltage I2C sensor to a 5v I/O board.

# Sensors: ITG3200 3-axis Gyroscope

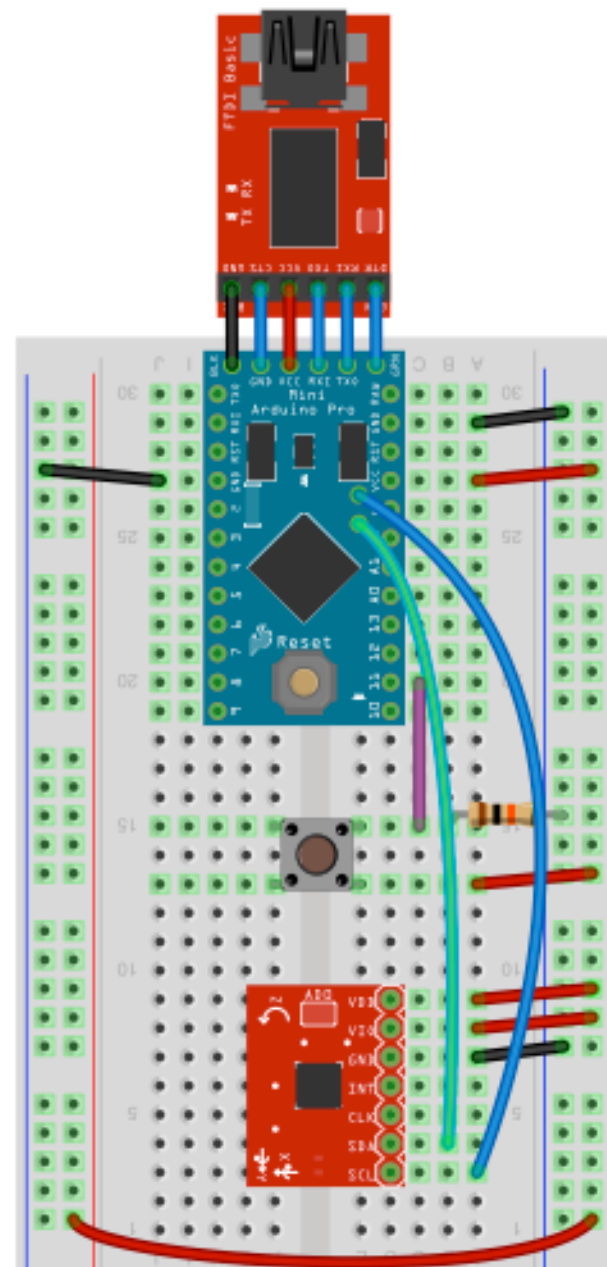
</examples/sensors/itg3200.html>

[/examples/processing\\_js/gyro.html](/examples/processing_js/gyro.html)



Arduino FIO with XBee wireless connection

- OR -



Arduino Pro Mini 3.3v with FTDI Basic Breakout 3.3v

## Component List

- ITG3200 gyro
- Button
- 10k resistor
- Arduino FIO, or Pro Mini (3.3v), or other 3.3v I/O board

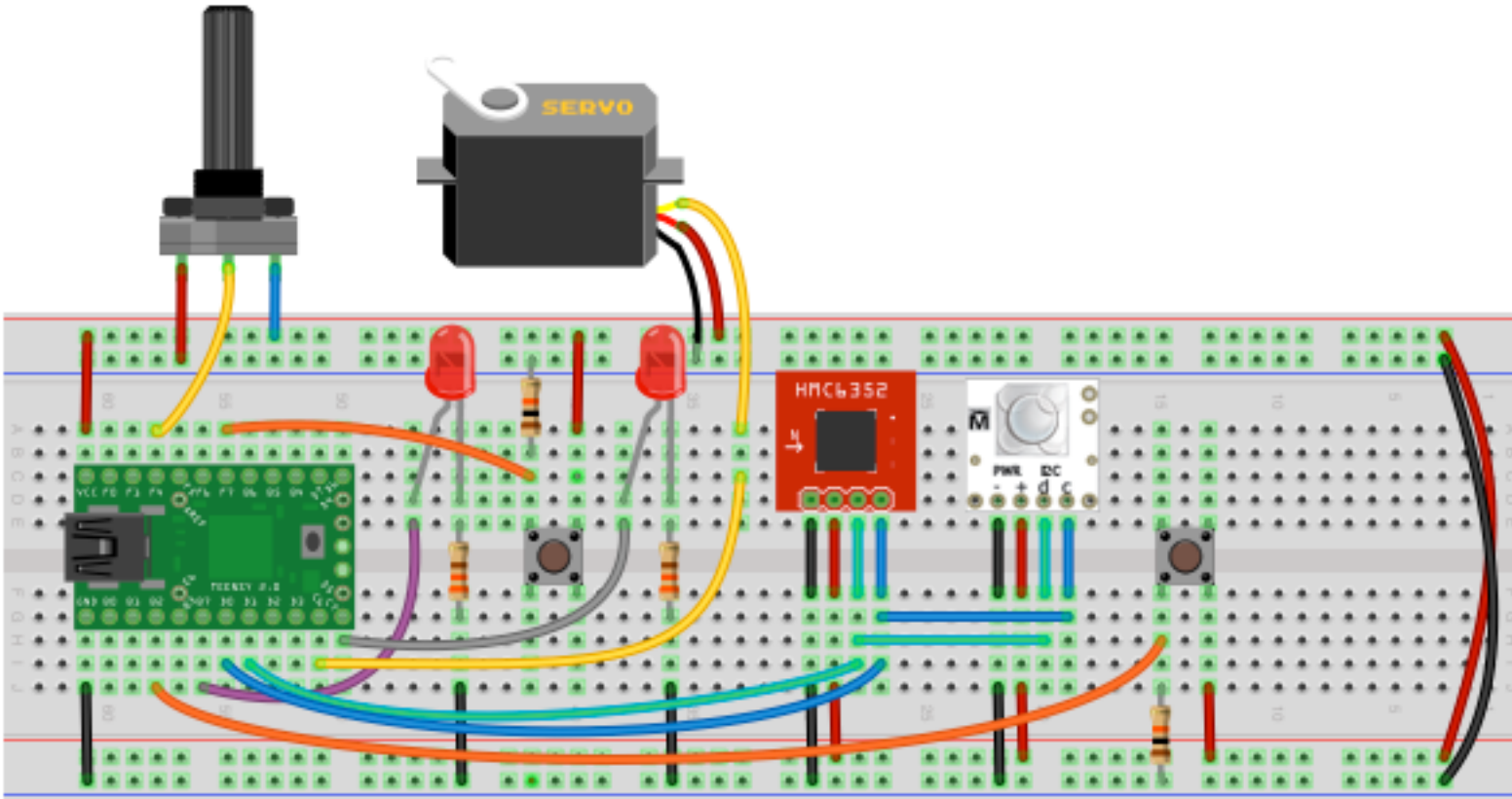
You must use this sensor with a 3.3v or lower I/O board or use a logic level converter if using an I/O board at a higher voltage.

See Appendix A for an example of wiring a low voltage I2C sensor to a 5v I/O board.



## Boards: Teensy 2.0

</examples/boards/teensy.html>



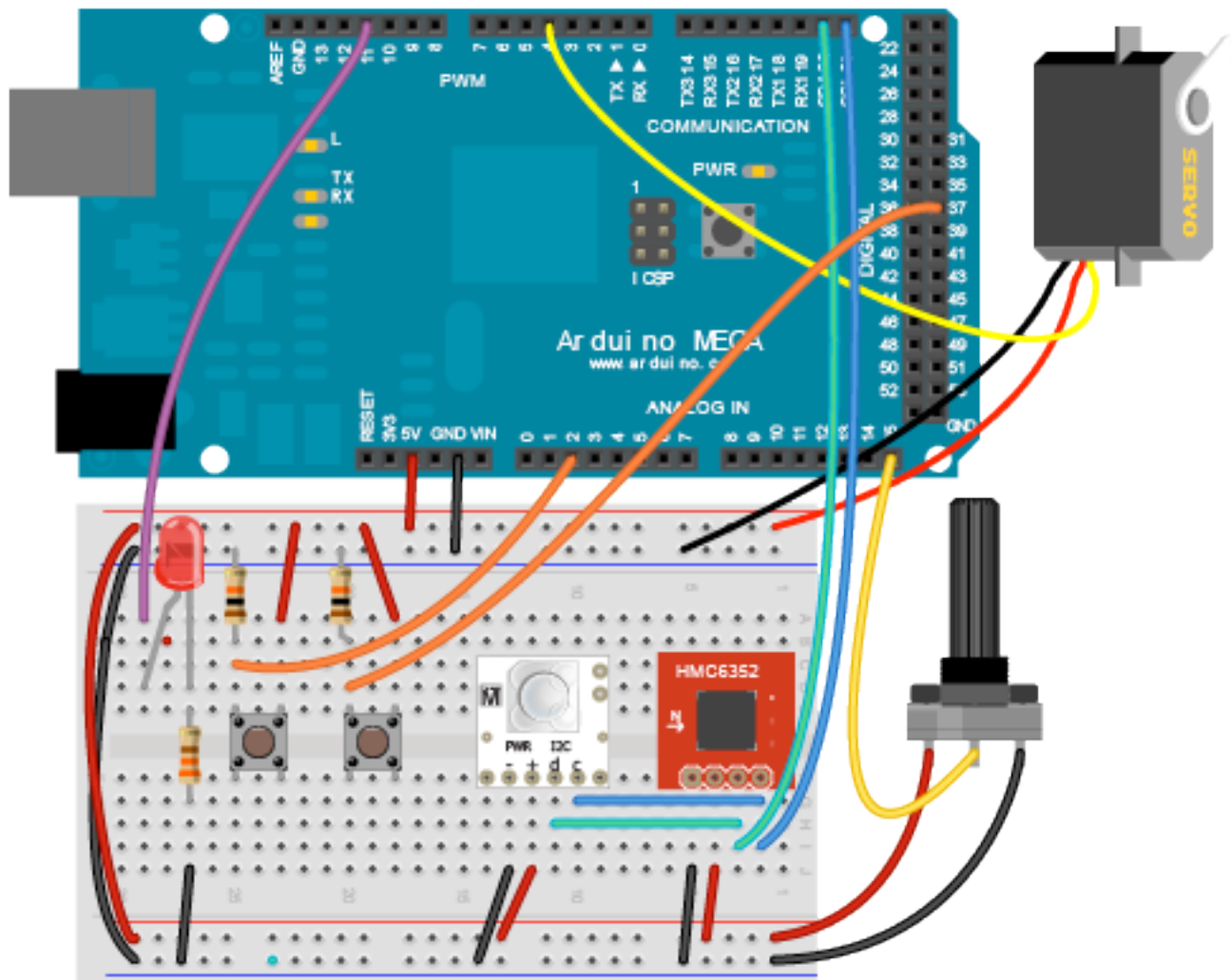
## Component List

- Teensy 2.0
- 2 Buttons
- 2 10k resistors
- 2 Leds
- 2 330 ohm resistors
- Potentiometer
- Servo
- HMC6352 Compass
- BlinkM Led Module

This schematic is used to test the Teensy 2.0 board with Breakout. The teensy.html example can be used even if you do not have all of these components.

# Boards: Arduino Mega

</examples/boards/mega.html>



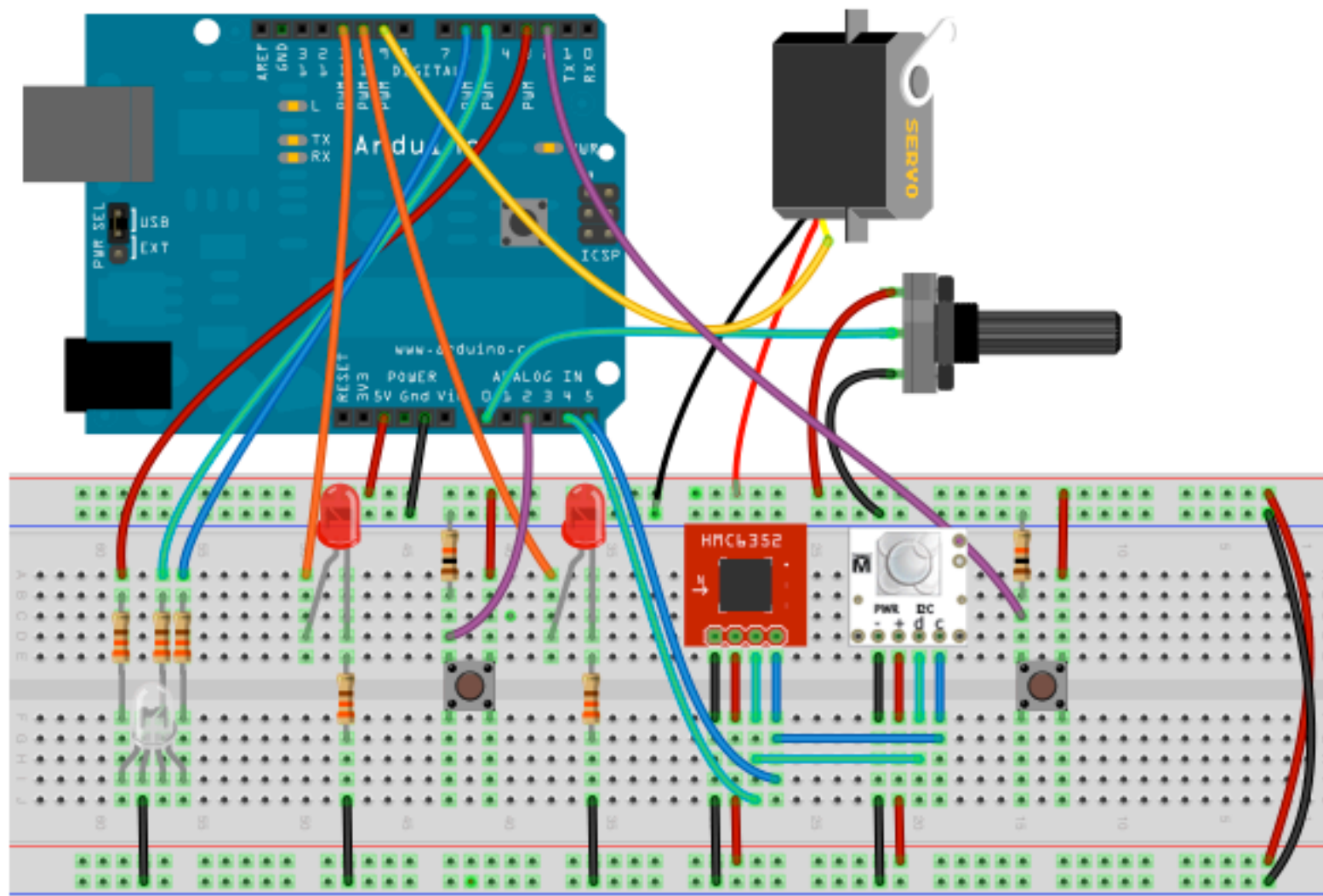
## Component List

- Arduino Mega
- 2 Buttons
- 2 10k resistors
- 1 Led
- 1 330 ohm resistors
- Potentiometer
- Servo
- HMC6352 Compass
- BlinkM Led Module

This schematic is used to test the Arduino Mega board with Breakout. The mega.html example can be used even if you do not have all of these components.

# Boards: Arduino Uno

</examples/boards/uno.html>



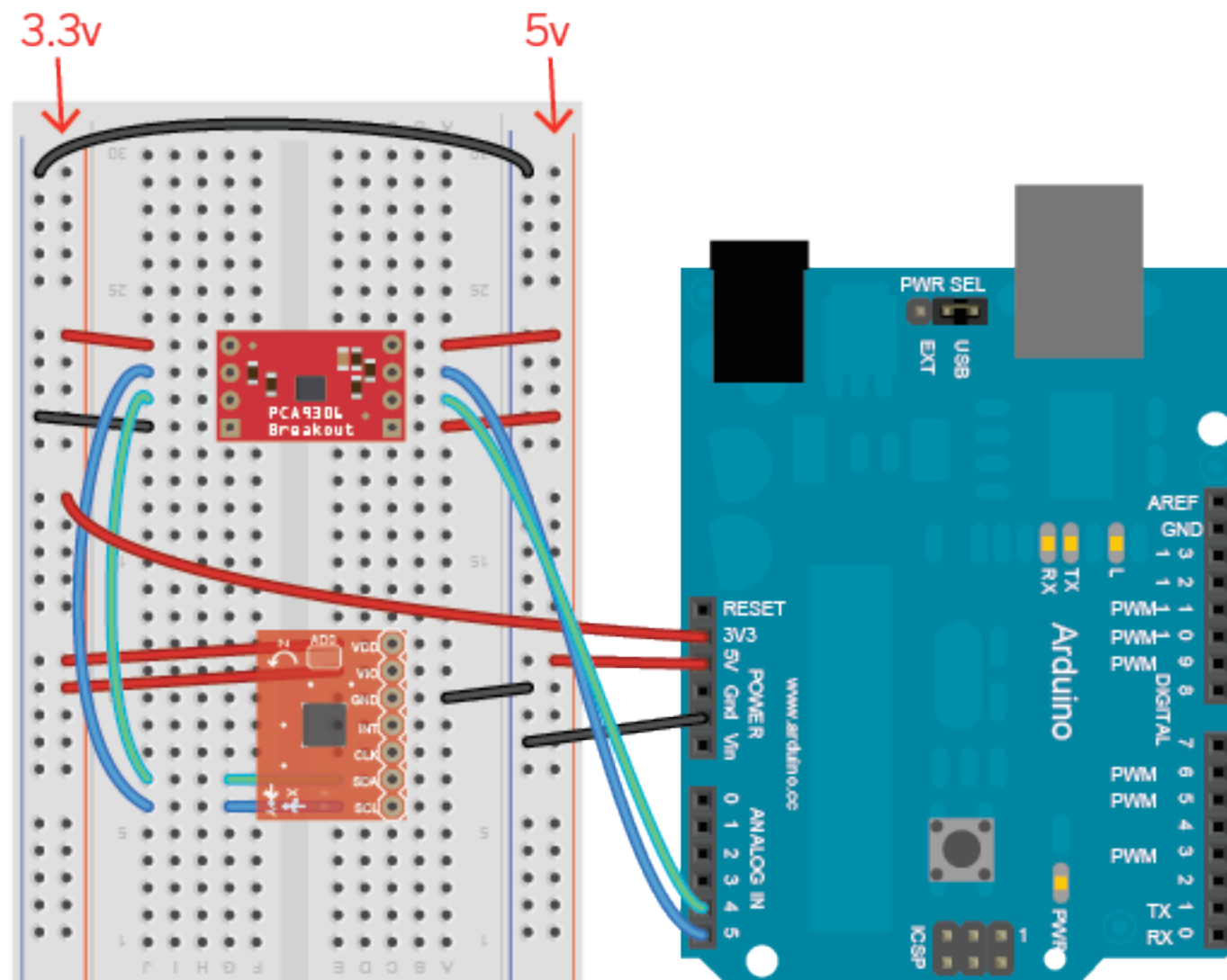
## Component List

- Arduino Uno (or other similar)
- 2 Buttons
- 2 10k resistors
- 2 Leds
- 1 RGB Led
- 5 330 ohm resistors
- Potentiometer
- Servo
- HMC6352 Compass
- BlinkM Led Module

This schematic is used to test the Arduino Uno (or similar) board with Breakout. The uno.html example can be used even if you do not have all of these components.

# Appendix A: Using 3.3v I2C Sensors with a 5v I/O board

Although the itg3200 gyro is featured in this schematic, it applies to any I2C sensors that require 3.3v or less.



## Component List

- ITG3200 gyro (or other I2C sensor)
- Arduino
- PCA9306 level translator breakout board

You can also connect multiple I2C sensors to the same translator board all sensors share the I2C bus (SCL and SDA)