```
function [t_vals, x_vals, X_analytical, X, U_sol, t_sol, delta_x, delta_t] = \( \varepsilon \)
basic heat(t iter, x iter)
    t 0 = 0;
    t f = 2;
    t_vals = linspace(t_0, t_f, t_iter);
    L = 3;
    X = zeros(t_iter, x_iter);
    x = 0 = 0(x) \sin(pi*x) + \sin(2*pi*x);
    x vals = linspace(0,L,x iter);
    X(1, :) = x 0(x vals);
    X(:,1) = 0;
    X(:,end) = 0;
    K = zeros(4, x iter);
    delta t = t vals(2) - t vals(1);
    delta x = x vals(2) - x vals(1);
    alpha = 2;
    if delta t > 0.5*delta x^2/alpha
        fprintf('Upper Bound: %g\n', 0.5*delta x^2/alpha)
        fprintf('Delta t: %g\n', delta t)
        disp("Unstable, increase t iter or decrease x iter")
        return
    end
    for i = 2 : t iter
       K(1,2:x iter-1) = alpha*(X(i-1,3:x iter) - 2*X(i-1,2:x iter-1) + X(i-1,1: \checkmark
x iter-2))/delta x^2;
        K(2,2:x iter-1) = alpha*((X(i-1,3:x iter) + (delta t/2)*K(1,3:x iter)) - 2*(X \checkmark
(i-1,2:x iter-1) + (delta t/2)*K(1,2:x iter-1)) + (X(i-1,1:x iter-2) + (delta t/2)*K ✓
(1,1:x iter-2)))/delta x^2;
        K(3,2:x iter-1) = alpha*((X(i-1,3:x iter) + (delta t/2)*K(2,3:x iter)) - 2*(X \checkmark
(i-1,2:x_{i-1}) + (delta_t/2)*K(2,2:x_{i-1}) + (X(i-1,1:x_{i-1}) + (delta_t/2)*K
(2,1:x iter-2))/delta x^2;
        K(4,2:x \text{ iter-1}) = alpha*((X(i-1,3:x \text{ iter}) + (delta t)*K(3,3:x \text{ iter})) - 2*(X \checkmark
(i-1,2:x_{iter-1}) + (delta_t)*K(3,2:x_{iter-1}) + (X(i-1,1:x_{iter-2}) + (delta_t)*K(3,1: 
x iter-2)))/delta x^2;
        X(i,:) = X(i-1,:) + (delta t/6)*(K(1,:) + K(2,:) + K(3,:) + K(4,:));
    end
    X analytical = zeros(t_iter, x_iter);
    f = @(x,t) \exp(-2*pi^2*t)*sin(pi*x) + \exp(-8*pi^2*t)*sin(2*pi*x);
    for i = 1:length(t vals)
        for j = 2:length(x vals) - 1
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X_{analytical(i,j)} = f(x_{vals(j),t_vals(i))};
        end
    end
    U0 = x 0(x vals);
    tspan = t vals;
    % Solve using ode45
    [t sol, U sol] = ode45(@(t,U) heatODE(t, U, alpha, delta x, x iter), tspan, U0);
    str = "";
    if t iter >= 1000
        str = "Caution: At current number of iterations, animation may take a long ✔
time. ";
    end
    decide = input(str + "Press enter to exit. Type 1 for RK4 vs. Analytical, Type 2 ∠
for RK4 vs ode45, Type 3 for all three.", "s");
    switch decide
        case "1"
            animation speed = 0.05;
            figure;
            hold on
            h = plot(x vals, X(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            g = plot(x vals, X analytical(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            xlabel('Position along the rod, x');
            ylabel('Temperature');
            title('Heat Equation Animation');
            legend('Estimation', 'Analytical', 'Location', 'best')
            grid on;
            % Fix y-axis limits to avoid recalculating each frame
            ylim([min(X(:)), max(X(:))]);
            % Improve rendering performance by reducing overhead
            set(gcf, 'Renderer', 'painters');
            % Efficiently animate without redrawing the full figure
            for timestep = 1:size(X,1)
                h.YData = X(timestep,:); % only updating data, very efficient
                g.YData = X analytical(timestep,:);
                title(sprintf('Temperature Distribution at Time Step: %d', <
timestep));
                drawnow limitrate;
                                          % significantly improves performance
                pause(animation speed); % adjust animation speed
            end
        case "2"
            animation speed = 0;
            figure;
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hold on
            g = plot(x vals, X(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            h = plot(x vals, U sol(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            ylim([min(U sol(:)) max(U sol(:))]);
            grid on;
            xlabel('Position along the rod, x');
            ylabel('Temperature');
            legend('RK4', 'ode45', 'Location', 'best')
            for k = 1:length(t sol)
                set(h, 'YData', U sol(k,:));
                set(g, 'YData', X(k,:));
                title(sprintf('Time = %.2f s', t sol(k)));
                drawnow limitrate;
                pause (animation speed);
            end
        case "3"
            animation speed = 0;
            figure;
            hold on
            g = plot(x_vals, X(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            h = plot(x vals, U sol(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            i = plot(x vals, X analytical(1,:), 'LineWidth', 2);
            ylim([min(U sol(:)) max(U sol(:))]);
            grid on;
            xlabel('Position along the rod, x');
            ylabel('Temperature');
            legend('RK4', 'ode45', 'Analytical', 'Location', 'best')
            for k = 1:length(t sol)
                set(h, 'YData', U_sol(k,:));
                set(g, 'YData', X(k,:));
                set(i, 'YData', X analytical(k,:));
                title(sprintf('Time = %.2f s', t sol(k)));
                drawnow limitrate;
                pause (animation speed);
            end
        case isempty(decide)
            return
    end
end
function dUdt = heatODE(t, U, alpha, delta x, x iter)
    dUdt = zeros(x iter, 1);
    % Boundary conditions (example: Dirichlet - fixed endpoints)
    U(1) = 0;
                % u(0,t) boundary (fixed)
                       % u(L,t) boundary (fixed)
    U(x iter) = 0;
    % Interior points (second-order finite difference)
```