Setting up a CI/CD Pipeline in GitHub Actions

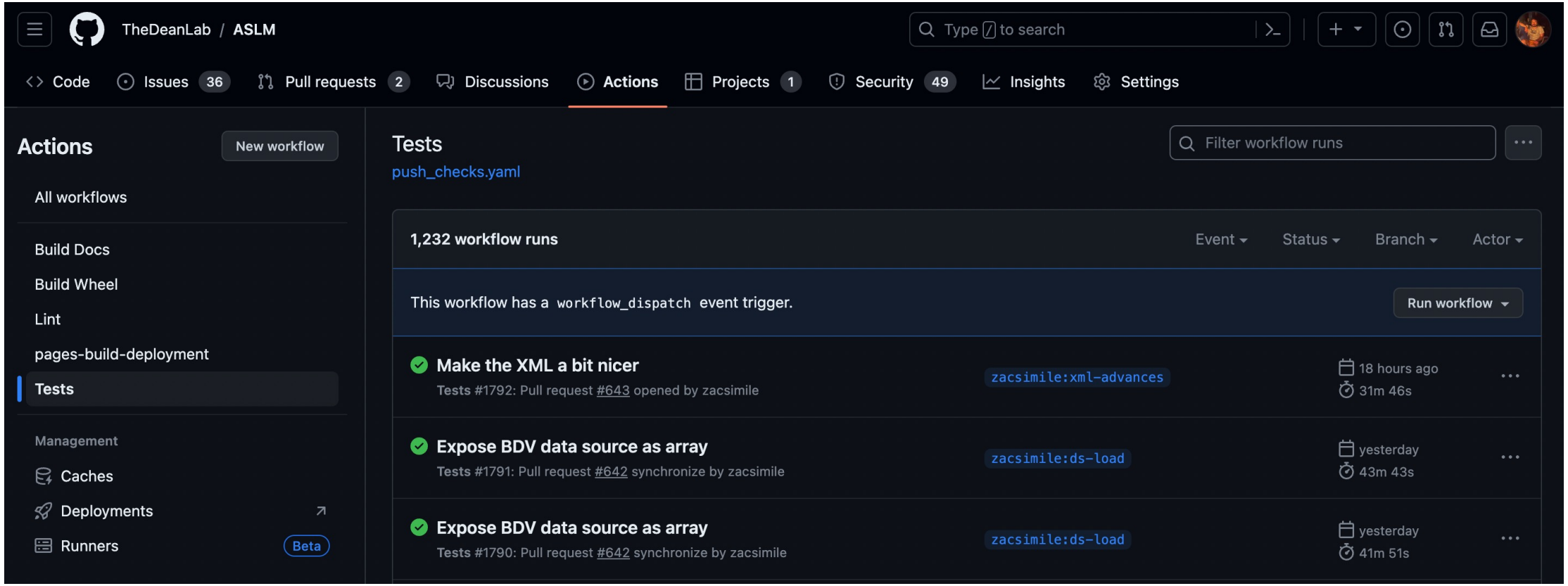
Introduction to Python Software Development on GitHub 2023

Lyda Hill Department of Bioinformatics

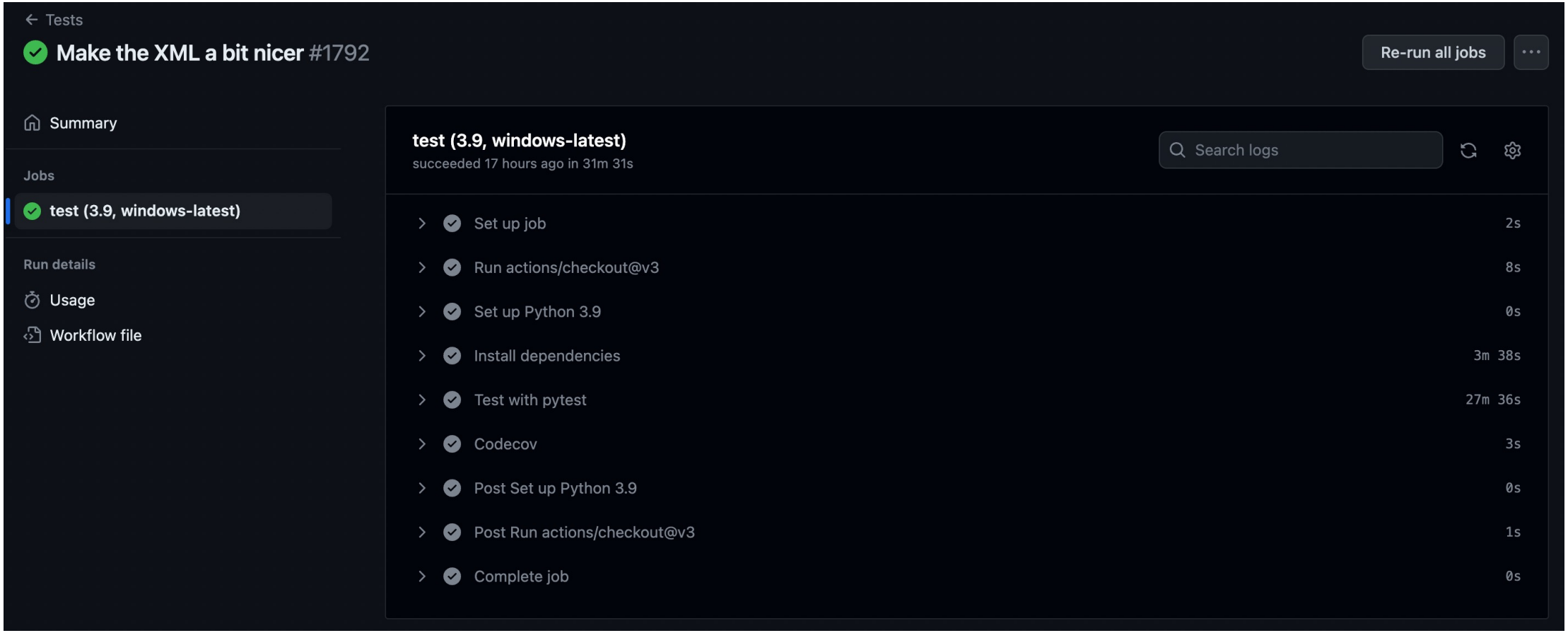
UT Southwestern Medical Center

https://www.eslflashcards.com/set/action-flashcards-set-a/

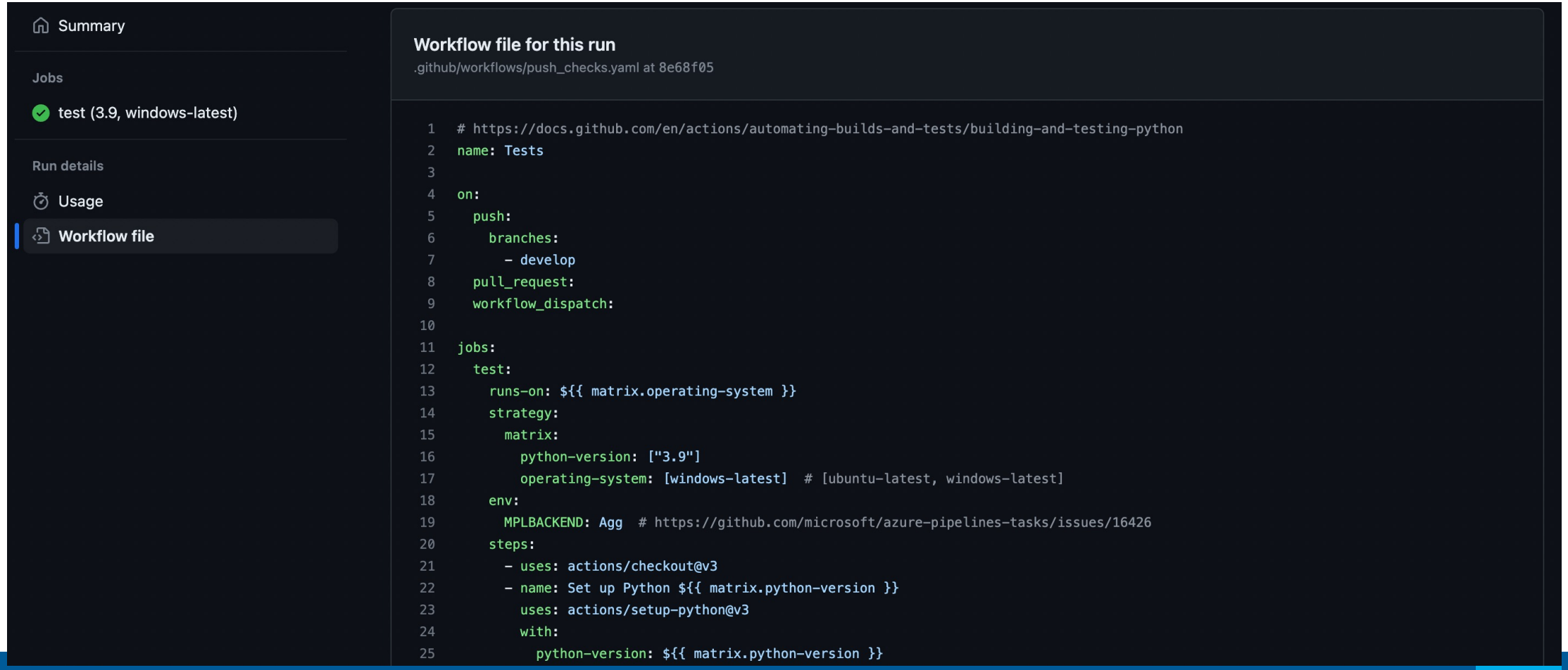
GitHub Actions Dashboard



GitHub Actions Workflow Example



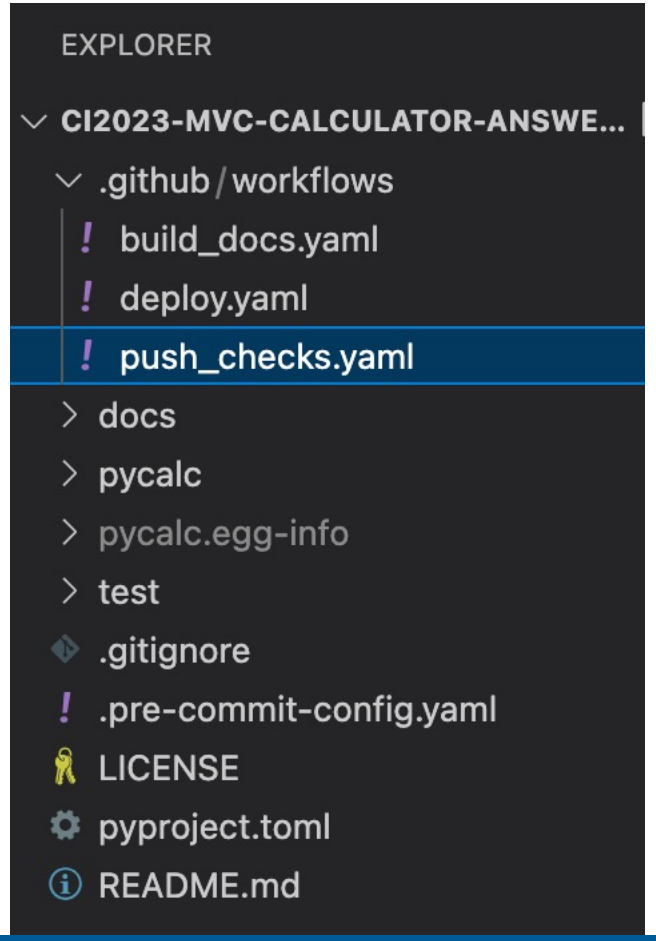
GitHub Actions Workflow Example



Let’s create a GitHub workflow

- You can follow along at https://docs.github.com/en/actions/quickstart

Where does the workflow file go?



- They are stored in your Git repository, under .github/workflows
- Create the .github folder
- Create the .github/workflows folder
- Create github-actions-demo.yml

github-actions-demo.yml

- https://docs.github.com/en/actions/quickstart

YAML

```yaml
name: GitHub Actions Demo
run-name: ${{ github.actor }} is testing out GitHub Actions 🚀
on: [push]
jobs:
  Explore-GitHub-Actions:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - run: echo "🎉 The job was automatically triggered by a ${{
github.event_name }} event."
      - run: echo "🐧 This job is now running on a ${{ runner.os }} server
hosted by GitHub!"
      - run: echo "🔎 The name of your branch is ${{ github.ref }} and your
repository is ${{ github.repository }}."
      - name: Check out repository code
        uses: actions/checkout@v4
      - run: echo "💡 The ${{ github.repository }} repository has been cloned
to the runner."
      - run: echo "🖥️ The workflow is now ready to test your code on the
runner."
      - name: List files in the repository
        run: |
          ls ${{ github.workspace }}
      - run: echo "🍏 This job's status is ${{ job.status }}."
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What are these two lines doing??

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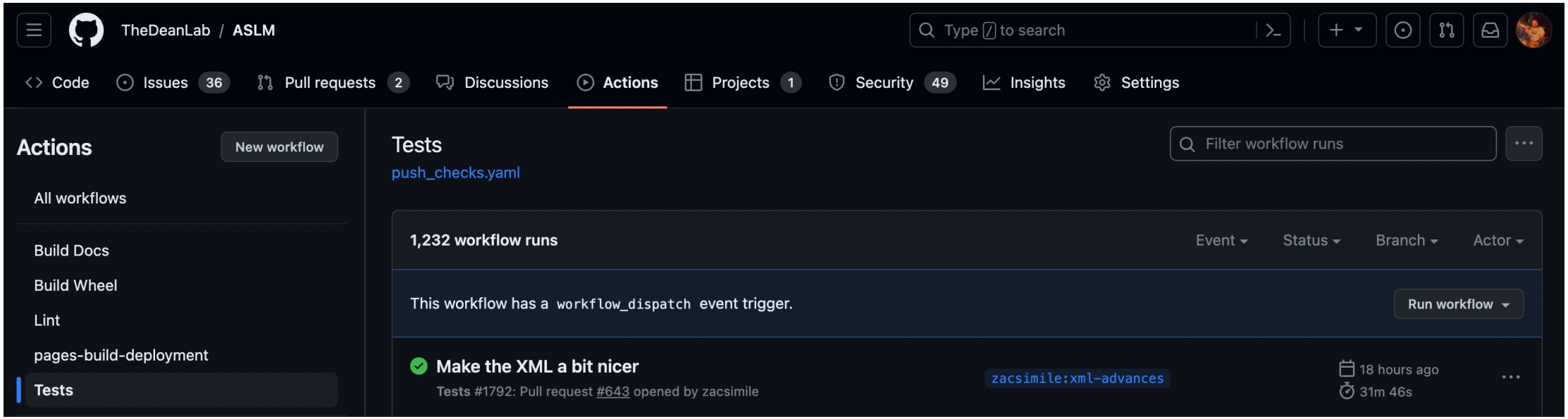

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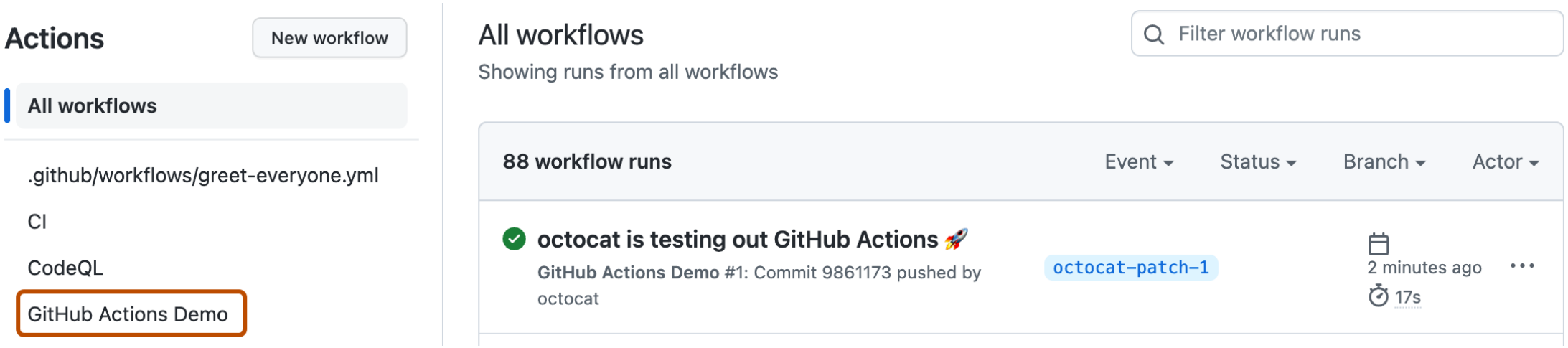

What is ${{ }}?

- It's an expression (see https://docs.github.com/en/actions/learn-github-actions/expressions)
- Expressions evaluate what's inside them
- `${{ github.actor }}` evaluates to `octocat` in the example
- `${{ github.actor == "octocat" }}` evaluates to `true`

What does `on: [push]` do?

- It triggers the jobs under `jobs` when code is `git push`ed to the repository

- There are other events. For example, this will trigger a job
  - on a `git push` to the `main` branch
  - when a Pull Request is opened
  - if we hit ”Run workflow” in the Actions dashboard

```yaml
on:
  push:
    branches:
      - main
  pull_request:
  workflow_dispatch:
```

Defining the jobs

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jobs:
  Explore-GitHub-Actions:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
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- What is `jobs`?

Defining the jobs

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- What is `jobs`? The key that holds all the jobs that run in the workflow file.

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- What is `Explore-GitHub-Actions`?

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- What are `steps`?

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- What is `jobs`? The key that holds all the jobs that run in the workflow file.
- What is `Explore-GitHub-Actions`? The name of a job.
- What does `runs-on: ubuntu-latest` mean? This workflow will run on an Ubuntu Linux virtual machine.
- What are `steps`? The key that holds all of the steps to run in this job.

The full `Explore-GitHub-Actions` job

YAML

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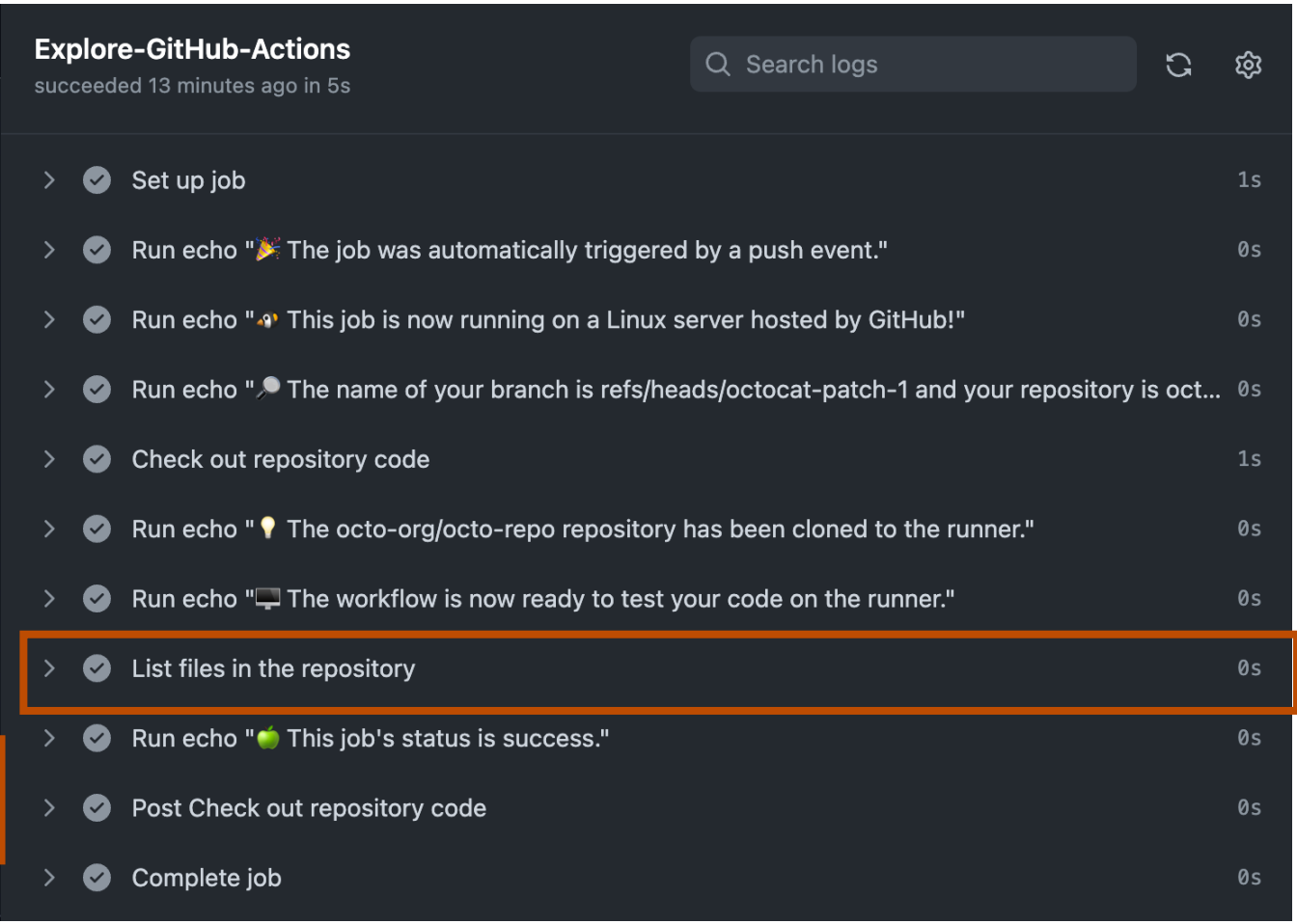
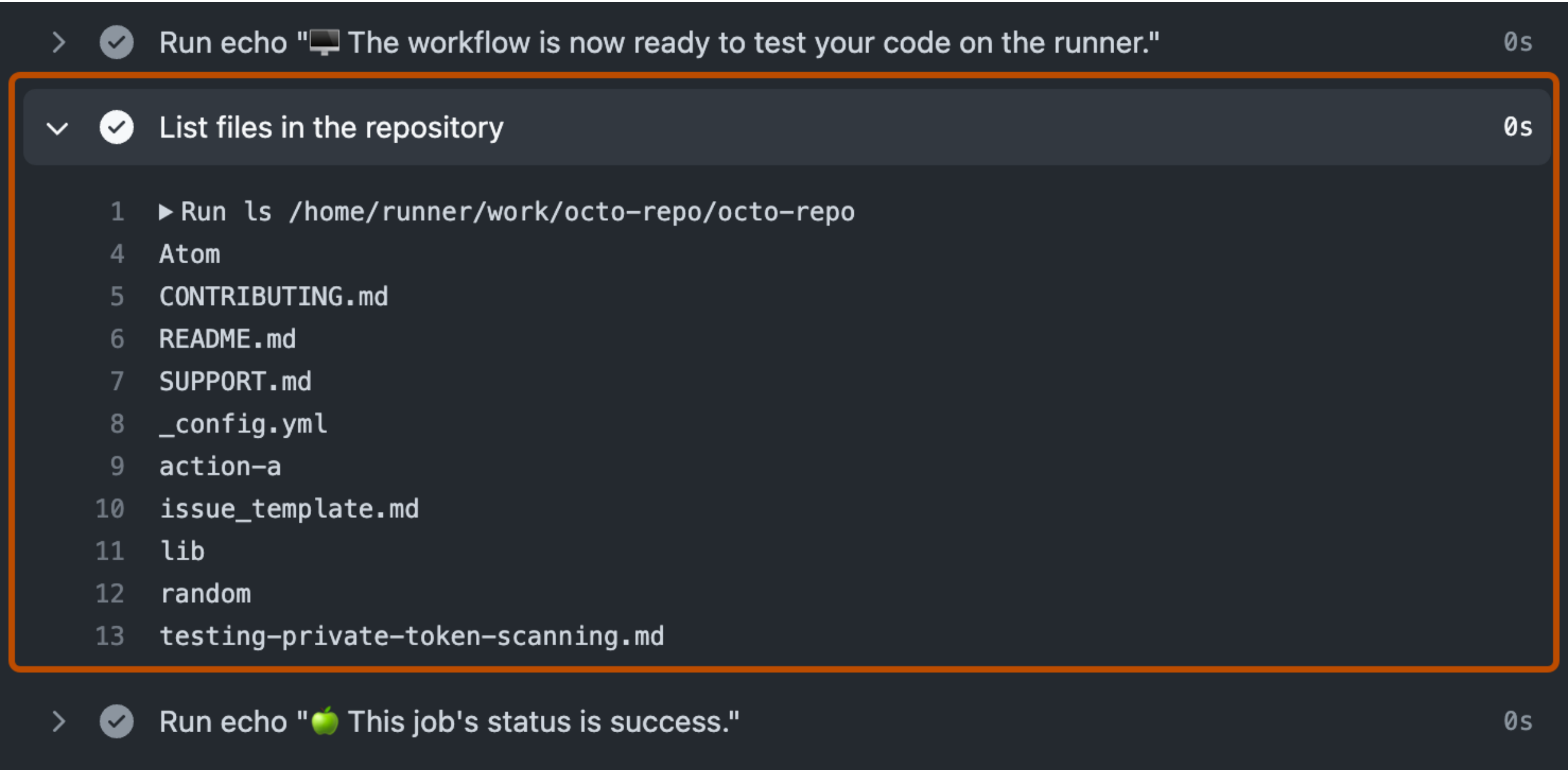
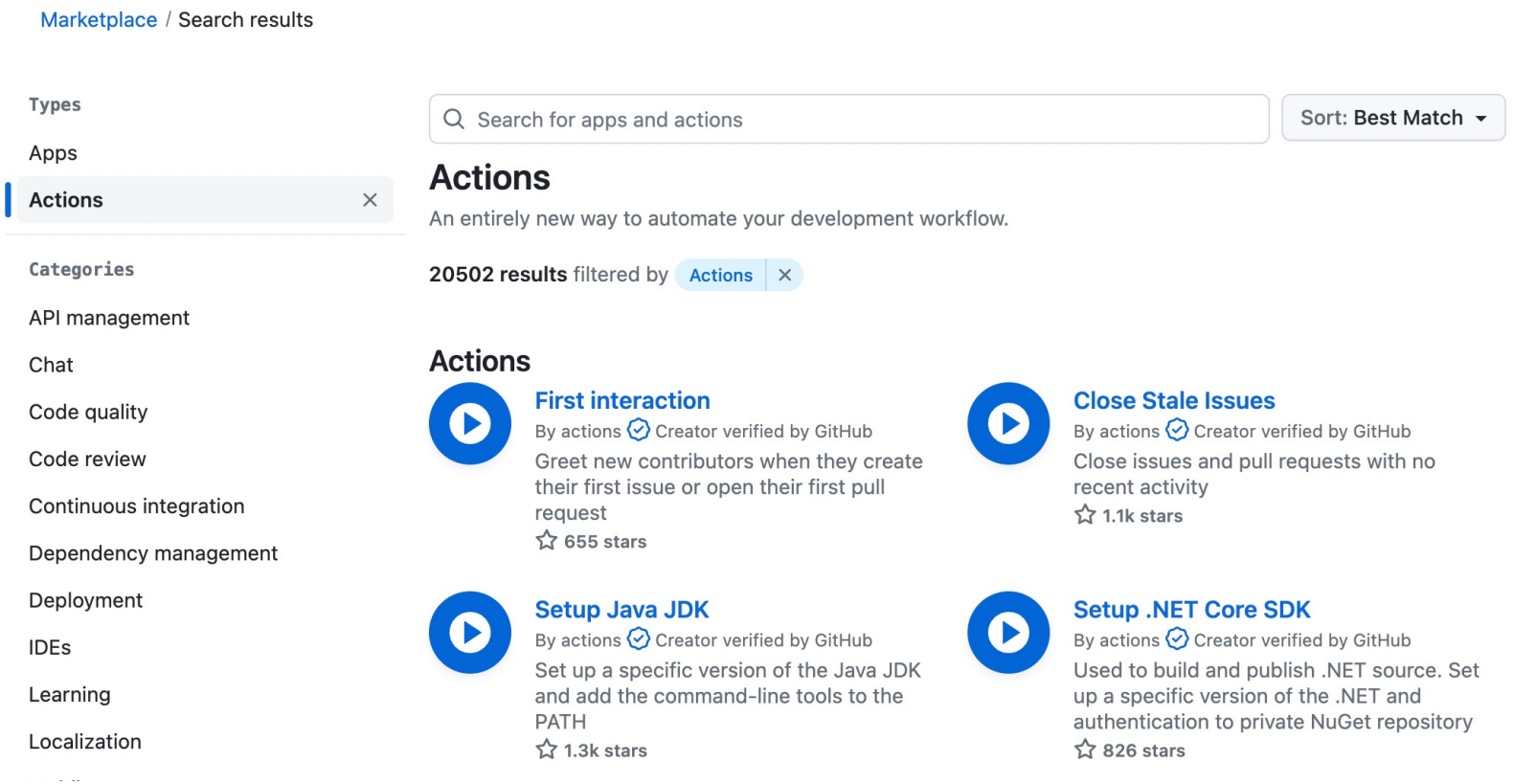



Run echo "🖥️ The workflow is now ready to test your code on the runner." 0s
List files in the repository 0s
1 ▶ Run ls /home/runner/work/octo-repo/octo-repo
4 Atom
5 CONTRIBUTING.md
6 README.md
7 SUPPORT.md
8 _config.yml
9 action-a
10 issue_template.md
11 lib
12 random
13 testing-private-token-scanning.md
Run echo "🍏 This job's status is success." 0s

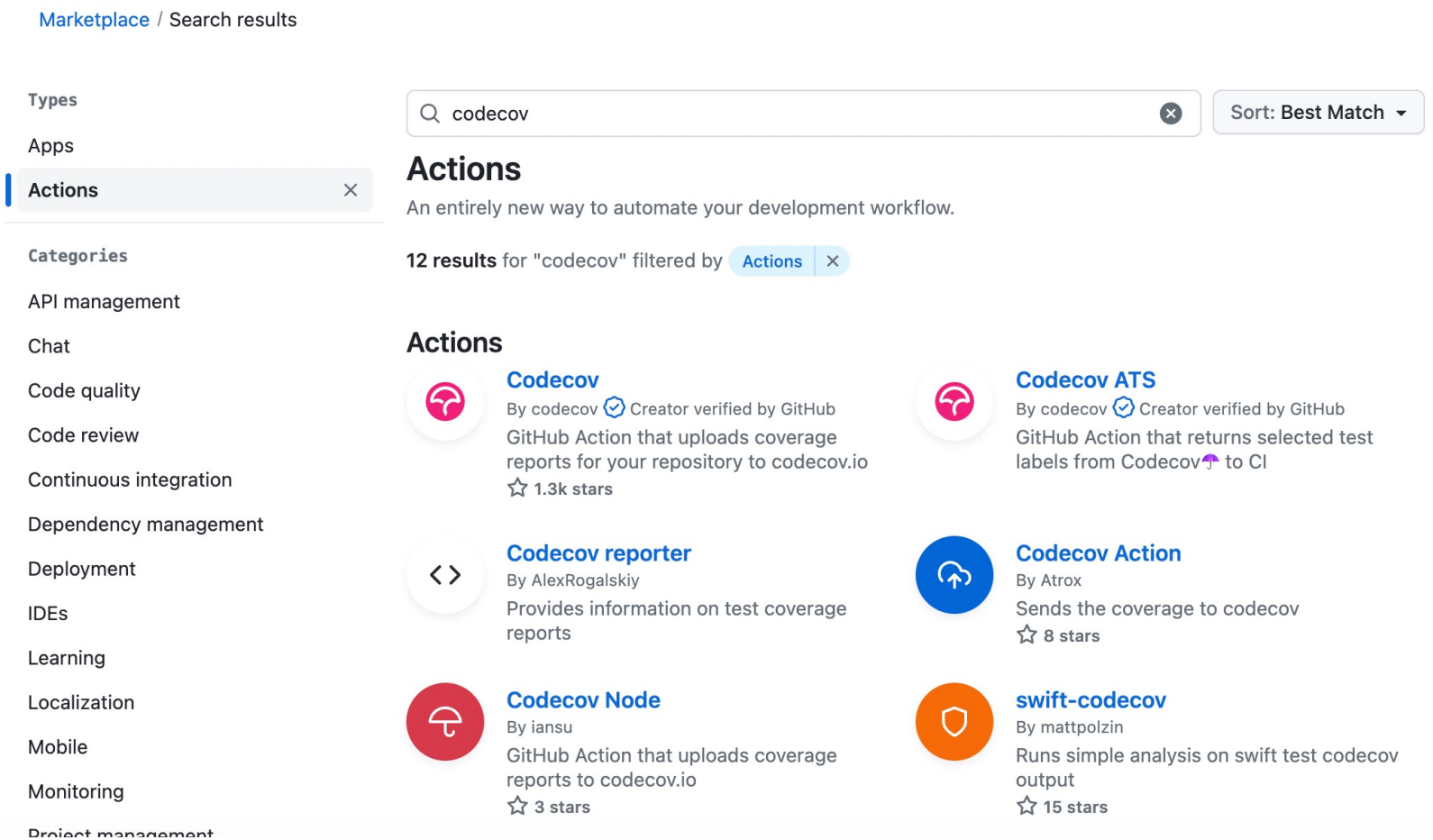
How can we establish a useful set of steps?

- We can copy commands that work locally into `run:` operations
- We can find common actions on the GitHub Marketplace: https://github.com/marketplace?type=actions

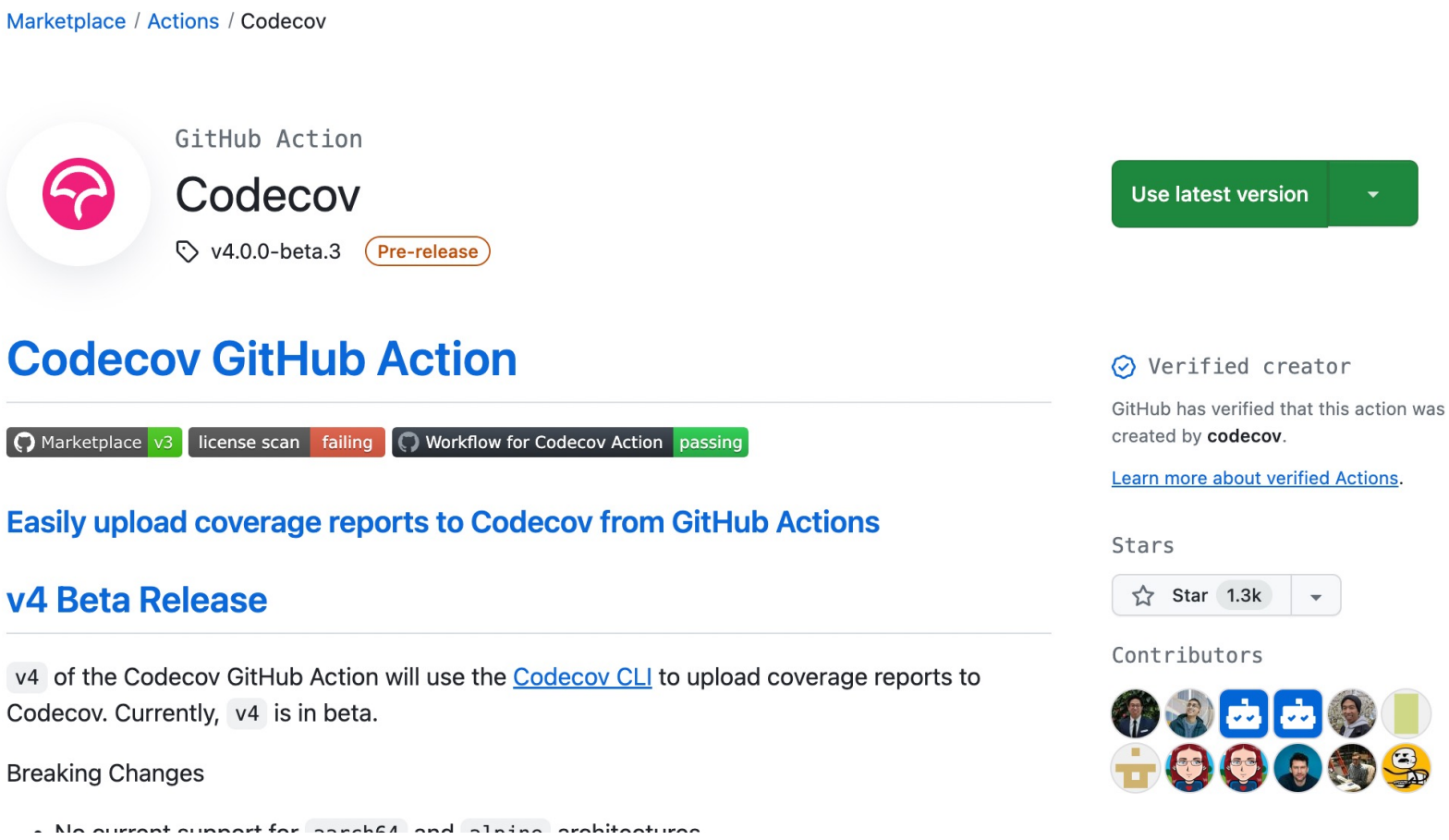
GitHub Marketplace



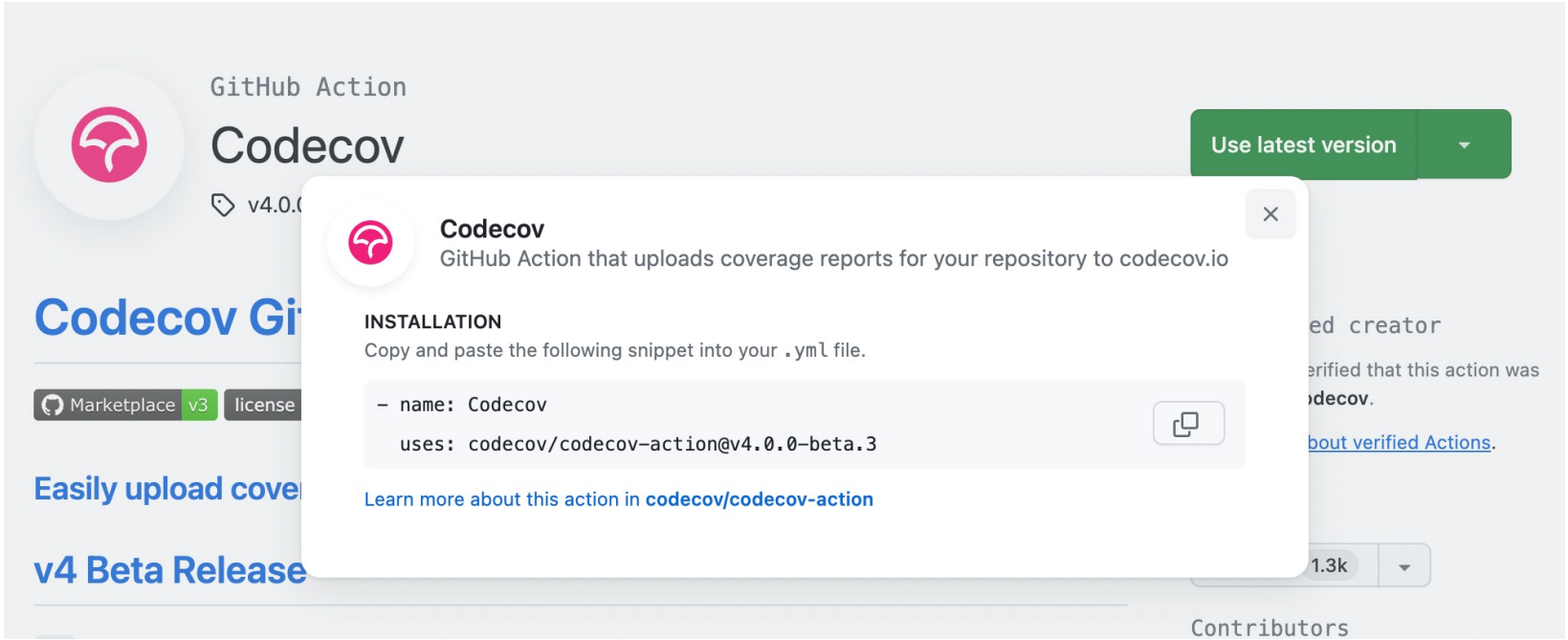
Search for Codecov



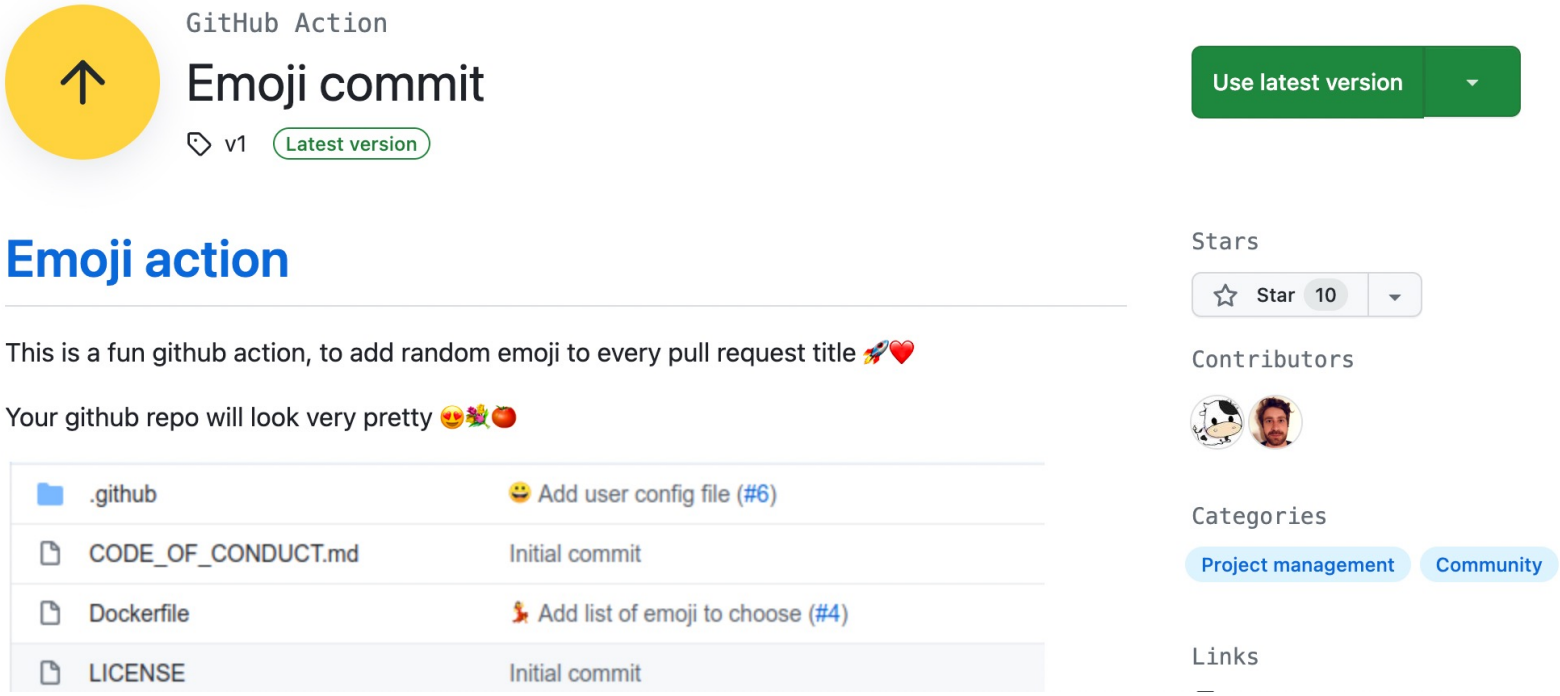
Click “Use latest version”



Copy the action as a step in your job



There’s an action for everything



Exercise: Add a workflow to automatically run unit tests on `git push` to your repository

- Use `pytest`
- Can you test on multiple versions of Python? Can you test on `windows-latest` and `macos-latest`?
- Hint hint: https://docs.github.com/en/actions/automating-builds-and-tests/building-and-testing-python