SheetsApi.js

Description

This file encapsulates the functions initializing the google client, calling the google sheets api, and some helper methods for parsing the response of api calls.

How to use it

In order to use it successfully, the google api.js file should be imported before the SheetsApi.js and your own js file should be imported after that. Here is an example.

```
<script src="https://apis.google.com/js/api.js"></script>
<script src="SheetsApi.js"></script>
<script src="test.js"></script>
```

When using the SheetsApi to login, the login user should have the permission to read the target spreadsheet.

Constructor for SheetsApi Object

SheetsApi (spreadSheetId, ApiKey, ClientId)

SpreadSheetId is the target spreadsheet id. This can be found in the url of the spreadsheet. The following shows the structure of the URL and where spreadSheetId can be found:

```
https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/spreadsheetId/edit#gid=sheetId
```

The ApiKey and ClientId should be configured in the developer console of google. Instructions can be found on the following websites. The OAuth 2.0 client ID should be set for Web application when creating.

- 1. If not already done, enable the Google Sheets API and check the quota for your project at https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/sheets
- 2. Get access keys for your application. See https://developers.google.com/api-client-library/javascript/start/start-js#get-access-keys-for-your-application
- 3. For additional information on authentication, see https://developers.google.com/sheets/api/quickstart/js#step_2_set_up_the_sample

After successfully created the OAuth 2.0 client ID, please get into the client ID by clicking its name and add the "http://localhost:8000" into the authorized JavaScript origins.

Functions

Function name	Return type	Parameters	Description
handleClientLoad()	void	N/A	This is the function to load the gapi. Should be called after created the SheetsApi instance.
handleSignInClick(event)	void	event (can be ignored)	This is the function handle the user's sign in operation.
handleSignOutClick(event)	void	event (can be ignored)	This is the function handle the user's sign out operation.
getSpreadsheetInfo()	Promise	N/A	This function will return a promise for getting the information of the spreadsheet.
parseSpreadsheetInfo(response)	Object	Response: the response from getSpreadsheetInfo ()	This function will return an object containing the title of the spreadsheet and the sheets information in the spreadsheet
getSheet(sheetName)	Promise	sheetName: the target sheet name	This function returns a promise for getting all values of the target sheet
parseSheetValues(response)	String[][]	response: the response from getSheet(inputRan ge)	This function parses the response from getSheet(inputRange) and returns a 2D array of values in the response
selectFromTableWhereConditions (response, returnCols, conditions, returnType)	String[][] or object[]	response: the response from getSheet. returnCols: an array of the names of columns need to return, passing "*" will return all columns. conditions: an array of conditions. Each condition is an object with format: {header:"the name of a header", value:"the value to check for"}.	This function takes the response from the getSheet and return the wanted type of values

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			returns the updated row number
batchUpdateTable(sheetValues, sheetName, colVal, conditions)	Promise	sheetValues: the whole set of values of the target sheet, including the headers. sheetName: the target sheet name. colVal: an object of value to be updated with format {header: "value"}. conditions: an array of conditions. Each condition is an object with format: {header:"the name of a header", value:"the value to check for"}.	This function does things like thesql sentence `update sheetName set colVal where conditions`
parseBatchUpdate(response)	int	response: the response of batchUpdateTable	This function takes the response of batchUpdateTable and return the updated row number
alterTableAddCol(sheetName, colNames, HeadersLength)	Promise	sheetName: the target sheet name. colNames: an array of input column names. headersLength: the length of the current headers.	This function will return a promise to add the columns to the target sheet.
parseAlter(response)	Int	response: the response from alterTableAddCol	This function will parse the response from alterTableAddCol and return the updated columns

The Promise can be used as following:

```
let sa = new SheetsApi("example", "example", "example");
sa.handleClientLoad();
function loadData() {
```

```
sa.getSheet("student_info").then(response => {
    let result = sa.parseSheetValues(response);
    //codes of whatever you want to do with the result of response
}, reason => {
    let message = sa.parseErrorMessage(reason);
    //codes of whatever you want to do with the error message
});
}
```

The inputRange is in A1 notation. Valid ranges are:

- Sheet1!A1:B2 refers to the first two cells in the top two rows of Sheet1.
- Sheet 1!A: A refers to all the cells in the first column of Sheet 1.
- Sheet 1 ! 1 : 2 refers to the all the cells in the first two rows of Sheet 1.
- Sheet1!A5:A refers to all the cells of the first column of Sheet 1, from row 5 onward.
- A1:B2 refers to the first two cells in the top two rows of the first visible sheet.
- Sheet1 refers to all the cells in Sheet1.

If the sheet name has spaces or starts with a bracket, surround the sheet name with single quotes ('), e.g. 'Sheet One'!A1:B2. For simplicity, it is safe to always surround the sheet name with single quotes.

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Personal Librarian</title>
<style>
    table, th, td {
        border: solid 1px black;
        border-collapse: collapse;
    }
    th, td {
            padding: 4px 8px;
    }
</style>
</head>
```

```
<body>
<a href="https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1n2w0s11qSZ4kHX3zeNYT-
UNRPEr1aextWaG_bsJisn8/edit?usp=sharing" target="_blank">Spreadsheet share
link</a>
<button id="signin-button" onclick="ts.handleSignInClick()">Sign in
<button id="signout-button" onclick="ts.handleSignOutClick()">Sign out</button>
<button onclick="loadData()">Load Data</putton>
<button onclick="testBatchAdd()">Batch Add</button>
<br>
<input type="text" id="update-range" placeholder="range">
<input type="text" id="update-value" placeholder="new value">
<button onclick="testUpdate()">Update</button>
<span>Range Example: student_info!A3:A3</span>
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.3.1.min.js"></script>
<script src="https://apis.google.com/js/api.js"></script>
<script src="SheetsApi.js"></script>
<script>
     let ts = new SheetsApi("1n2w0s1lqSZ4kHX3zeNYT-UNRPEr1aextWaG_bsJisn8",
'AIzaSyDeampVGzzd8NvBiUtEsNVmNkAQU1TZ17I", "21358841826-
edt9rotek8r1rbivt91nabpn2sc2g6ts.apps.googleusercontent.com");
     ts.handleClientLoad();
     function loadData() {
     ts.getSheet("student_info").then(response => {
                 let values = ts.parseSheetValues(response);
                 let columns = values[0].length;
                 let rows = values.length;
                 let temp = "";
                 let tempValue = "";
                 for (let i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
                       temp += "";
                       for (let j = 0; j < columns; j++) {
                             tempValue =
values[i][j]===undefined?"":values[i][j];
                             temp += (i===0?"<th":"<td") + " id='" +
ts.getCharFromNum(j) + (i+1) + "'>" + tempValue + (i===0?"":"");
                       temp += "";
                 $("#data").html(temp);
           }, reason => {
                 console.log(ts.parseErrorMessage(reason));
```

```
});
      function testBatchAdd() {
            let values = [
                   ["111", "hua", "zeru", "zhua@upei.ca", "computer
science", "someone", "somecode", "4th year", "blabla", "", "", "", ""],
                   ["222", "hua", "zeru", "zhua@upei.ca", "computer
science","someone","somecode","4th year","blabla"],
                   ["333", "hua", "zeru", "zhua@upei.ca", "computer
science", "someone", "somecode", "4th year", "blabla", "", "", "", ""],
                   ["444", "hua", "zeru", "zhua@upei.ca",
science", "someone", "somecode", "4th year", "blabla", "", "", "", "", ""]
            ts.batchAdd("student_info", values).then(function(response) {
                   let result = ts.parseBatchAdd(response);
                   if (result === values.length) {
                         console.log("Success");
                         loadData();
                   } else {
                         console.log("Fail");
            }, function(reason) {
                   console.log(ts.parseErrorMessage(reason));
            });
      function testUpdate() {
            let range = $("#update-range").val();
            let values = [[$("#update-value").val()]];
            ts.update(range, values).then(function(response) {
                   console.log(response);
                   let result = ts.parseUpdate(response);
                   if (result > 0) {
                         console.log("Success");
                         loadData();
            }, function(reason) {
                   console.log(ts.parseErrorMessage(reason));
            });
</script>
</body>
</html>
```