

# NBA\_Lottery

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## NBA Draft Lottery

In the chunk below I will calculate the expected draft pick before the lottery, the chance of getting a lottery pick, and the difference between the draft lottery result and expected value.

```
import pandas as pd
df5 = pd.read_csv("/Users/conornield/Desktop/NBA_Lottery_3.csv")
#In this
def calculate_values(year, Rank, combinations, result, team, df5):
    #Sparse each year based on the number of lottery picks and number of lottery teams
    if year >= 2019:
        picks = 4
    elif year >= 1987:
        picks = 3
    else:
        #All teams from the 1985 and 1986 draft have the same expected value and lottery chance.
        return pd.Series([3.5, 1.0, 3.5 - result])

    if year == 1989:
        teams = 9
    elif year <= 1988:
        teams = 7
    elif year <= 1995:
        teams = 11
    elif year <= 2003:
        teams = 13
    else:
        teams = 14
    #chance of lottery pick
    lc = 0
    #expected pick position
    ev = 0
    #Values below will come into play for post lottery odds
    teams_above_0 = 0
    teams_above_1 = 0
    teams_above_2 = 0
    teams_above_3 = 0
    teams_above_4 = 0
    A = 0
    B = 0
    C = 0
```

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D = 0

#Calculating pick 1 probability
#The 1996 - 1998 draft the Toronto Raptors and Vancouver Grizzlies were ineligible for the first pi
if (year > 1995 and year < 1999):
    if (team == 'TOR' or team == 'VAN'):
        prob_first = 0
    elif (year == 1996):
        prob_first = combinations / (1000 - 407)
    elif (year == 1997):
        prob_first = combinations / (1000 - 273)
    elif (year == 1998):
        prob_first = combinations / (1000 - 304)
else:
    prob_first = combinations / 1000
ev += prob_first
lc += prob_first
if (year > 1995 and year < 1999):
    other_teams_after_first = df5[(df5["Year"] == year) & (df5["Rank"] != Rank) & (df5["Team"] != 'TOR')]
else:
    other_teams_after_first = df5[(df5["Year"] == year) & (df5["Rank"] != Rank)]
other_teams_after_first_2 = df5[(df5["Year"] == year) & (df5["Rank"] != Rank)]

# For the second pick

avg_comb_left_after_first = 1000 - sum((other_teams_after_first["Combinations"]**2) / (1000 - combinations))
prob_second = (combinations / avg_comb_left_after_first) * (1 - prob_first)
ev += 2 * prob_second
lc += prob_second

# For the third pick
prob_third = 0
combo_removed = 0
for _, row_j in other_teams_after_first.iterrows():
    combo_j = row_j["Combinations"]
    Rank_j = row_j["Rank"]
    other_teams_after_j = other_teams_after_first_2[other_teams_after_first_2["Rank"] != Rank_j]
    p_j = combo_j / (1000 - combinations)
    for _, row_k in other_teams_after_j.iterrows():
        combo_k = row_k["Combinations"]
        p_k_given_j = combo_k / (1000 - combo_j - combinations)
        combo_removed += p_j * p_k_given_j * (combo_j + combo_k)
avg_comb_after_second = 1000 - combo_removed
prob_third += (combinations / (1000 - combo_removed)) * (1 - prob_second - prob_first)
ev += 3 * prob_third
lc += prob_third

# For the fourth pick, if applicable
prob_fourth = 0
combo_removed_third = 0
if (picks == 4):
    for _, row_j in other_teams_after_first.iterrows():

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combo_j = row_j["Combinations"]
Rank_j = row_j["Rank"]
other_teams_after_j = other_teams_after_first_2[other_teams_after_first_2["Rank"] != Rank_j]
p_j = combo_j / (1000 - combinations)

for _, row_k in other_teams_after_j.iterrows():
    combo_k = row_k["Combinations"]
    Rank_k = row_k["Rank"]
    p_k_given_j = combo_k / (1000 - combo_j - combinations)
    other_teams_after_k = other_teams_after_j[other_teams_after_j["Rank"] != Rank_k]

    for _, row_l in other_teams_after_k.iterrows():
        combo_l = row_l["Combinations"]
        p_l_given_j_k = combo_l / (1000 - combo_j - combo_k - combinations)
        combo_removed_third += p_j * p_k_given_j * p_l_given_j_k * (combo_j + combo_k + combo_l)
avg_comb_after_third = 1000 - combo_removed_third
prob_fourth += (combinations / (1000 - combo_removed_third)) * (1 - prob_second - prob_first - prob_third)
ev += 4 * prob_fourth
lc += prob_fourth

#Post lottery odds
for _, row_m in other_teams_after_first.iterrows():
    combo_m = row_m["Combinations"]
    Rank_m = row_m["Rank"]
    p_m = combo_m / (1000 - combinations)
    if (Rank_m < Rank):
        A = 1
    else:
        A = 0
    other_teams_after_m = other_teams_after_first_2[other_teams_after_first_2["Rank"] != Rank_m]
    other_teams_after_first = df5[(df5["Year"] == year) & (df5["Rank"] != Rank)]
    for _, row_n in other_teams_after_m.iterrows():
        combo_n = row_n["Combinations"]
        Rank_n = row_n["Rank"]
        p_n_given_m = combo_n / (1000 - combo_m - combinations)
        other_teams_after_n = other_teams_after_m[other_teams_after_m["Rank"] != Rank_n]
        if (Rank_n < Rank):
            B = 1
        else:
            B = 0

    for _, row_o in other_teams_after_n.iterrows():
        combo_o = row_o["Combinations"]
        Rank_o = row_o["Rank"]
        p_o_given_m_n = combo_o / (1000 - combo_n - combo_m - combinations)
        if (Rank_o < Rank):
            C = 1
        else:
            C = 0
        other_teams_after_o = other_teams_after_n[other_teams_after_n["Rank"] != Rank_o]
        if (picks == 4):
            for _, row_p in other_teams_after_o.iterrows():
                combo_p = row_p["Combinations"]

```

```

Rank_p = row_p["Rank"]
p_p_given_m_n_o = combo_p / (1000 - combo_m - combo_n - combo_o - combinations)
if (Rank_p < Rank):
    D = 1
else:
    D = 0
#A + B + C + D is the number of teams with a lower rank picked in the lottery
if ((A + B + C + D) == 0):
    teams_above_0 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * p_p_given_m_n_o * (1 - lc))
elif ((A + B + C + D) == 1):
    teams_above_1 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * p_p_given_m_n_o * (1 - lc))
elif ((A + B + C + D) == 2):
    teams_above_2 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * p_p_given_m_n_o * (1 - lc))
elif ((A + B + C + D) == 3):
    teams_above_3 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * p_p_given_m_n_o * (1 - lc))
elif ((A + B + C + D) == 4):
    teams_above_4 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * p_p_given_m_n_o * (1 - lc))
else:
    if ((A + B + C + D) == 0):
        teams_above_0 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * (1 - lc))
    elif ((A + B + C + D) == 1):
        teams_above_1 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * (1 - lc))
    elif ((A + B + C + D) == 2):
        teams_above_2 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * (1 - lc))
    elif ((A + B + C + D) == 3):
        teams_above_3 += (p_m * p_n_given_m * p_o_given_m_n * (1 - lc))

if (picks == 4):
    ev += teams_above_4 * Rank + teams_above_3 * (Rank + 1) + teams_above_2 * (Rank + 2) + teams_above_1 * (Rank + 3) + teams_above_0 * (Rank + 4)
else:
    ev += teams_above_3 * Rank + teams_above_2 * (Rank + 1) + teams_above_1 * (Rank + 2) + teams_above_0 * (Rank + 3)

return pd.Series([ev, lc, ev - result])
df5[["Expected_Value", "Lottery_Chance", "Lottery_luck"]] = df5.apply(lambda x: calculate_values(x['Year'], x['Team'], x['Picks']), axis=1)
df5.to_csv("/Users/conornield/Desktop/NBA_Draft_Git.csv", index=False)

```

Total and average change by each team

```

grouped_df5 = df5.groupby('Team')['Lottery_luck'].agg(['mean', 'sum', 'count']).reset_index()
grouped_df5.columns = ['Team', 'Average_Lottery_Luck', 'Total_Lottery_Luck', 'Lottery_Instances']
sorted_df5 = grouped_df5.sort_values(by='Average_Lottery_Luck', ascending=False)
sorted_df5.to_csv("/Users/conornield/Desktop/NBA_Draft_Lottery_Git_3.csv", index=False)
print(sorted_df5)

```

	Team	Average_Lottery_Luck	Total_Lottery_Luck	Lottery_Instances
## 26	SAS	1.078674	7.550717	7
## 13	LAL	0.889268	8.003410	9
## 18	NOP/CHA	0.838539	16.770776	20
## 22	PHI	0.626320	11.273766	18
## 20	OKC/SEA	0.533227	7.465174	14
## 24	POR	0.516883	4.651948	9
## 1	BKN	0.478736	8.138517	17
## 14	MEM/VAN	0.462595	6.938929	15

## 12	LAC	0.412364	10.309112	25
## 10	HOU	0.388643	4.275074	11
## 4	CHI	0.293225	4.105153	14
## 21	ORL	0.272576	5.724090	21
## 3	CHA	0.051867	0.829869	16
## 5	CLE	-0.000098	-0.001859	19
## 27	TOR	-0.002182	-0.034911	16
## 11	IND	-0.082390	-1.071067	13
## 25	SAC	-0.293488	-7.924176	27
## 16	MIL	-0.340734	-5.451748	16
## 17	MIN	-0.452963	-10.418149	23
## 9	GSW	-0.477279	-11.454708	24
## 19	NYK	-0.479948	-9.119012	19
## 28	UTA	-0.492265	-4.430384	9
## 23	PHX	-0.529690	-9.004738	17
## 15	MIA	-0.534193	-5.876126	11
## 0	ATL	-0.582787	-8.159016	14
## 29	WAS	-0.640307	-14.727064	23
## 8	DET	-0.717319	-12.194426	17
## 2	BOS	-0.733399	-8.067393	11
## 7	DEN	-0.738629	-10.340809	14
## 6	DAL	-1.099275	-18.687671	17

*#Average\_Lottery\_luck - the average amount a team changed from expected pick number to result*  
*#Total\_lottery\_luck - the total amount of change between expected draft pick and draft lottery result*  
*#Lottery\_instances - amount of times a team was in the lottery*

Now I'm going to calculate if having draft lottery luck is correlated with future success.

```
df8 = pd.read_csv("/Users/conornield/Desktop/NBA_season_record.csv")
df8['Year'] = df8['Year'].astype(str).str[:4]
df8['Year'] = df8['Year'].astype(int)
df8 = df8.sort_values(by=['Team', 'Year'])
df8['previous_winning_percentage'] = df8.groupby('Team')['Winning Percentage'].shift(1)
df8 = df8[::-1] # Reverse the DataFrame
df8['average_future_winning_percentage'] = df8.groupby('Team')['Winning Percentage'].rolling(8, min_periods=1).mean()
df8 = df8[::-1] # Reverse back to original order
df8['average_future_playoff_success'] = df8.groupby('Team')['Playoff outcome'].rolling(8, min_periods=1).mean()
df8 = df8[::-1] # Reverse back to original order
df8.to_csv('updated_nba_data.csv', index=False)
df8['Year'] = df8['Year'].astype(int)
```

Now I'm merging the two data frames to make one data frame

```
df9 = pd.merge(df5, df8, on=['Team', 'Year'])
df9['change_in_winning_percentage'] = df9['average_future_winning_percentage'] - df9['previous_winning_percentage']
df9.to_csv('NBA_data.csv', index=False)
```

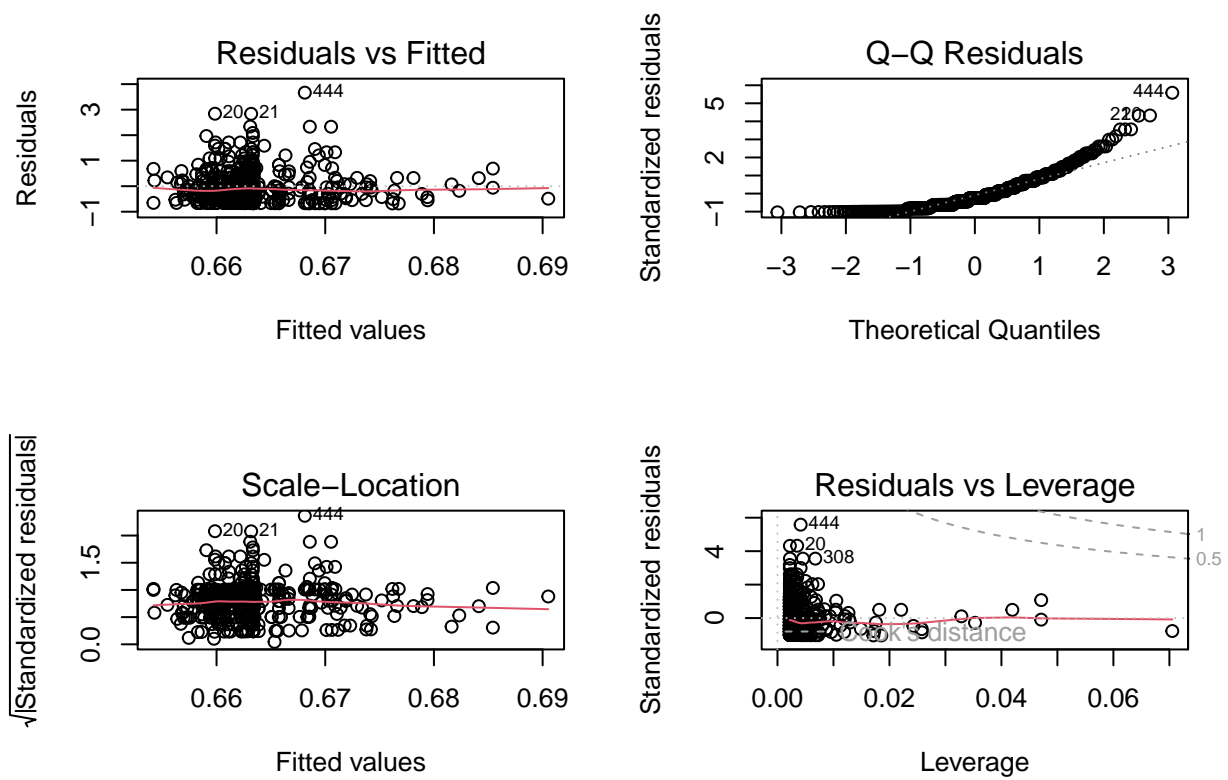
```
df10 <- read.table("NBA_data.csv", header = TRUE, sep=",")
model1 <- lm(average_future_playoff_success ~ Lottery_luck, data=df10)
model2 <- lm(change_in_winning_percentage ~ Lottery_luck, data=df10)
summary(model1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = average_future_playoff_success ~ Lottery_luck, data = df10)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6768 -0.4609 -0.1633  0.3366  3.6652
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.663943   0.030987  21.426  <2e-16 ***
## Lottery_luck 0.002785   0.017775   0.157    0.876
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6577 on 451 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  5.442e-05, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.002163
## F-statistic: 0.02454 on 1 and 451 DF, p-value: 0.8756
```

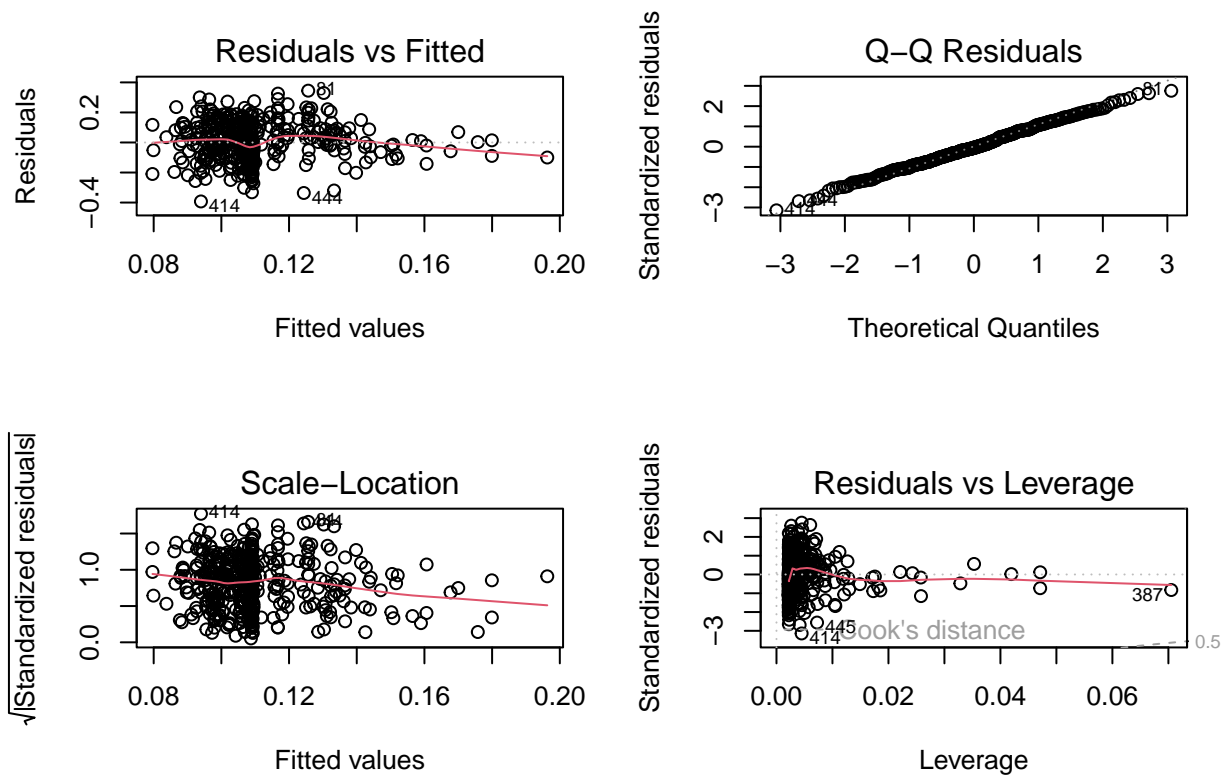
```
summary(model2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = change_in_winning_percentage ~ Lottery_luck, data = df10)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.39260 -0.08943 -0.00603  0.09299  0.34491
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.110947   0.005905  18.79  < 2e-16 ***
## Lottery_luck 0.008944   0.003387   2.64  0.00857 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1253 on 451 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.01522, Adjusted R-squared:  0.01304
## F-statistic: 6.971 on 1 and 451 DF, p-value: 0.00857
```

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(model1)
```



```
plot(model2)
```



Change in winning percentage is statistically correlated with lottery luck. Playoff success is not. The biggest outlier is the Golden State Warriors 1995 draft lottery in which they were ranked 5th pre draft and ended up with the first pick. Even though the lottery luck was high that year, they ended up with around the same record the following 8 years. The relationship between playoff success and lottery luck does not have normally distributed errors, indicating that it is not a linear relationship.