

Assignment 1

CIS3530

Due October 21st, 2021 11:55pm, although you will be allowed to submit until October 23^d without penalty

Learning Goals

By the end of this assignment, you should:

1. Have a good understanding of the relational model
2. Be able to read and understand a given relational schema and its structure
3. Have mastered the techniques for writing relational algebra (RA) queries and basic SQL queries

Submission Instructions

- You must use the same notation of Relational Algebra that we have used in class and in the slides (Π , ∞ , \div , σ , \times , \cap , \cup , $-$, ∞_{left} . .)
- Your assignment must be typed - handwritten assignments will not be marked. You may use any text editor of your choice to type in the answers. Submit your assignment on moodle.
- Each question has its own submission instruction. Please read them carefully and submit accordingly.
- To get full marks, each SQL query that you submit for questions 2 and 3 must compile and run correctly on postgres on linux.socs.uoguelph.ca (you may refer to tutorial 1 posted on your course website for instructions on using postgres on our school server).

Later in the course, towards weeks 5 and 6, you will learn about designing and developing your own schema, given a set of requirements. For this assignment, a relational schema is provided to you for each question.

Schema for Questions 1 and 2:

Relations

- **Student (sID, firstName, lastName, email, cgpa)**
A tuple in this relation represents a student – a student is identified by their sID. Other information stored about a student is their firstName, lastName, email address and their cgpa. An example student tuple is <0411111, 'Fay', 'Simpson', 'fsimpson@uoguelph.ca', 1.4>
- **Course (cNum, name, dept, credit)**
A tuple in this relation represents a course. Note that a course is identified by its number and the department to which it belongs. An example course tuple is <3530, 'Intro to Databases', 'CIS', 3>

- **Offering (oid, cNum, dept, year, term, instructor)**

A tuple in this relation stores information on a course offering, which is identified by oid. An example offering tuple is <1, 3530, 'CIS', 2017, 'F', 'Ritu'>

- **Took (sid, oid, grade)**

A tuple in this relation stores a student's grade in a course offering. An example tuple of took is <0991326, 1, 79>

Integrity Constraints

- Primary Key of relation
 - Student is sid
 - Course is (cNum, dept)
 - Offering is oid
 - Took is (sid, oid)
- Foreign Key
 - Offering has a foreign key (cNum, dept) that references relation Course
 - Took has 2 foreign keys
 - Foreign key (sid) references relation Student
 - Foreign key (oid) references relation Offering

Question 1: (18 marks) You may use an online relational algebra calculator to test your queries, such as RelaX (available under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License). You can temporarily load the COURSE database to this calculator by using the following link:

<https://dbis-uibk.github.io/relax/calc/gist/37755354db39941cfab752fb52d571be>

Write relational algebra expressions to answer the following. **Expected results** for the given instance are shown for your convenience. Submit a file called A1Q1_lastname_firstname.txt that includes all the RA queries for questions 1a to f (other file extensions such as docx or rtf will also be allowed).

Tip: once you compile and run your RA query on the RelaX editor, copy and paste it onto Word (or notepad or textEdit).

- Find all offerings of 3530

Expected Output:

oid	cnum	dept	year	term	instructor
1	3530	CIS	2017	F	Ritu
2	3530	CIS	2017	F	Ritu
3	3530	CIS	2017	F	Harry
21	3530	CIS	2016	W	Mylopoulos
22	3530	CIS	2016	W	Mylopoulos

(5 rows)

b. Find all CIS courses offered in 2016

Expected Output:

cnum	term	name
1480	F	Intro to Comp Sci
1480	W	Intro to Comp Sci
2070	F	Software Design
2070	W	Software Design
2630	W	Data Struct and Anal
3200	W	Intro to Machine Learning
3530	W	Intro to Databases

(7 rows)

c. Find all courses offered by Ritu

Expected Output:

cnum	name
2630	Data Struct and Anal
3530	Intro to Databases

(2 rows)

d. Find all students registered in 3530 in fall 2017.

Expected Output:

sid	firstname	lastname	email	cgpa
198000	William	Cooper	wcooper@uoguelph.ca	4.00
499999	Rashi	Ali	rali@uoguelph.ca	2.98
560157	Chris	Elliott	celliot@uoguelph.ca	3.42
991326	Harry	Marchal	hmarchal@uoguelph.ca	3.13

(4 rows)

e. Find all students who do not take course CIS3530.

Expected Output:

sid	firstname	lastname	email	cgpa
411111	Fay	Simpson	fsimpson@uoguelph.ca	1.40

(1 row)

f. Find students who take all 'HIS' courses offered

Expected Output:

sid	firstname	lastname	email	cgpa
411111	Fay	Simpson	fsimpson@uoguelph.ca	1.40

(1 row)

g. Find all courses that have the same number but are offered by different departments.

Expected Output:

cnum	dept	cnum	dept
2630	CIS	2630	EEB
3200	CIS	3200	ENV

(2 rows)

h. Write a query that displays all courses and the term and year they are offered, if offered. The courses that are not offered must display NULL values for term and year.

i. Develop a query for this database, write its description / question in English (as given in questions 1a to 1h), give its solution and expected output. The query must involve at least 2 tables and at least 3 operators. You will be marked based on its originality and the operators used.

Question 2 (SQL): (24 marks) You must run the attached scripts given in the 2 files coursesDDL.sql and coursesData.sql to create the tables on postgres required for this question. There are 12 queries to write for this question (a-l). Submit a file called A1Q2_lastname_firstname.sql that includes all the SQL queries for questions 1a to f.

a-h. Write SQL queries for question 1a-h.

i. Find all students who have taken CIS3530 multiple times.

Expected Output:

sid	lastname	firstname	timestaken
499999	Ali	Rashi	2
198000	Cooper	William	2
560157	Elliott	Chris	3

(3 rows)

j. Find all courses for the term F 2017 and the current enrollment

cnum	name	enrollment
1400	Software Design	6
2070	Software Design	6
2200	Medieval Society	2
2630	Compar Vert Anatomy	2
2630	Data Struct and Anal	2
3200	Natl and Intl Env Policy	4
3530	Intro to Databases	5

(~~7~~ rows)

6

k. Write a query to update table OFFERING such that course 3530 is always offered by 'Harry'.

l. Write a query that deletes all courses taught by 'Ritu'.

Question 3 (SQL): 12 marks: Attached is a zip file called setup_A1Q3 that includes one sql file called A1Q3_create.sql and 4 csv files. Run the sql file to create 4 tables required for this question. Then, on psql prompt, run \copy command on each of the csv files to populate the tables (e.g. \copy males FROM males.csv delimiter ',' csv). Make sure that the csv files are stored in the folder from where you launch or start postgres. The expected output for some of the questions is given for convenience.

Note that male.csv has been revised - it has an additional tuple <'Bill'> in it

Schema for Question 3

Relations

Males (name)

A tuple in this relation stores names of all males in this database.

Females (name)

A tuple in this relation stores names of all females in this database.

parent_of (parent, child)

A tuple in this relation stores names of all parents in this database and their children. For

example, if 'David' has 2 kids, 'Paul' and 'Sue', then this relation will consist of 2 tuples:
<'David', 'Paul'> and <'David', 'Sue'>

married_to (husband, wife)

A tuple in this relation stores names of husband and their wife. An example tuple is <'John', 'Sue'>

Note that there are no foreign key constraints defined in this database. Primary keys are shown as underlined.

Write SQL Queries for the following. **Submit a file called** A1Q3_lastname_firstname.sql **that includes** all the SQL queries for questions 1a to f.

a. all_grand_parents

Expected Output:

Grand Parents

Jeff

David

John

Sue

(4 rows)

b. sister_of

Expected Output:

sister | name

-----+-----

Angela | John

Sue | Paul

Mary | Simon

(3 rows)

c. aunty_or_uncle_of

Expected Output:

Aunt Or Uncle | name

-----+-----

Angela | Mary

Angela | Simon

John | Beth

Paul | Mary

Paul | Simon

Simon | Bill

(6 rows)

d. neice_of

Expected Output:

Aunt Or Uncle | niece

-----+-----

John | Beth

Paul | Mary

Angela | Mary

(3 rows)

e. cousin_of

f. daughter_in_law_of