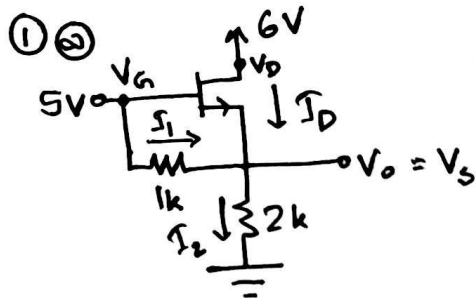


# Set 01



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_G = 5V \\ V_D = 6V \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{For saturation, } V_{DS} \gg V_{OV}$$

• KCL at Source terminal -

$$I_D + I_1 = I_2$$

$$\Rightarrow I_D = I_2 - I_1$$

$$\Rightarrow V_D - V_S \gg V_G - V_S - V_T$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 - V_S \gg 5 - V_S - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 - V_S \gg 4 - V_S$$

↓  
condition is always  
TRUE

⑥ MOSFET operates in saturation -

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} k V_{OV}^2 = I_2 - I_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times (4 - V_S)^2 = \frac{V_S}{2} - \frac{(V_G - V_S)}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8 - 4V_S + \frac{V_S^2}{2} = \frac{V_S}{2} - 5 + V_S$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_S^2}{2} - \frac{11}{2} V_S + 13 = 0$$

$$V_S = 7.56, 3.43$$

$$\text{For } V_S = 7.56, V_{DS} = 6 - 7.56 = -1.56$$

does not satisfy condition for saturation

$$\text{For } V_S = 3.43,$$

$$V_{DS} = 6 - 3.43 = 2.57$$

$$V_{GS} = 5 - 3.43 = 1.57$$

$$V_{OV} = V_{GS} - V_T = 0.57$$

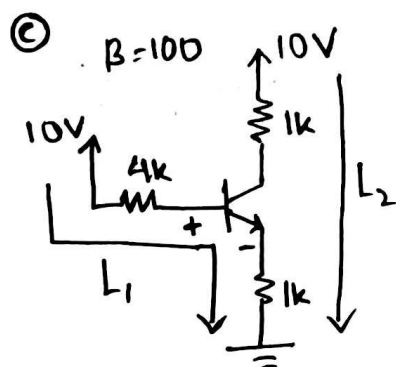
verification  $[V_{DS} > V_{OV}]$

$$V_O = V_S = 3.43V$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_G - V_S}{1k} = 1.57 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_S}{2k} = 1.72 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_D = I_2 - I_1 = 0.15 \text{ mA}$$



$V_{CC}$  and  $V_{BB}$  values are comparable - Assume saturation.

$$V_{BE(sat)} = 0.8V$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2V$$

$$(L_1) \rightarrow 10 = 4I_B + V_{BE} + 1I_E$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_B + I_E = 9.2 \text{ --- (i)}$$

$$(L_2) \rightarrow 10 = 1I_C + V_{CE} + 1I_E$$

$$\Rightarrow I_C + I_E = 9.8 \text{ --- (ii)}$$

$$(KCL) \quad I_B + I_C - I_E = 0 \text{ --- (iii)}$$

$$\text{solving, } I_B = 0.96 \text{ mA, } I_E = 5.38 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_C = 4.42 \text{ mA}$$

verification  $\left[ \frac{I_C}{I_B} = 4.6 < \beta \right]$

$$V_E = I_E \times 1k = 5.38V$$

$$\therefore V_C = 0.2 + 5.38 = 5.58V$$

$$\textcircled{d} T = 1.25 - 0.25 = 1 \text{ ms}$$

$$\therefore f = \frac{1}{T} = 1 \text{ kHz} = f_{out}$$

$$V_{avg} = V_P - \frac{V_P}{2}$$

$$= 10 - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$= 7.5V$$

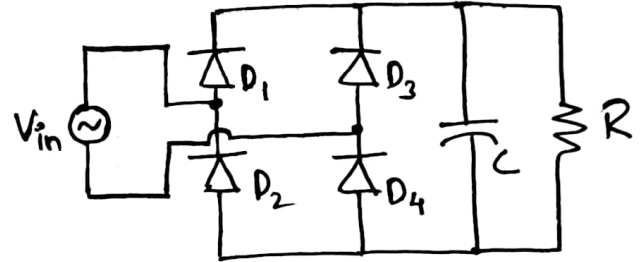
② ②  $V_{in} = 10 \sin(200\pi t)$   
 $\hookrightarrow 200\pi = 2\pi f_{in}$   
 $f_{in} = 100\text{Hz}$

$V_P = V_m - 2V_{D_0}$   
 $= 10 - 2 \times 0.7$   
 $= 8.6\text{V}$

given that  $f_{out} = 200\text{Hz}$ , required design is that of a full-wave rectifier.

$[f_{out} = 2 \times f_{in}]$

ckt :



now,  $V_r(p-p) = 5\%$  of  $V_{out(max)}$   
 $= \frac{5}{100} \times V_P$   
 $= 0.43\text{V}$

also,  $V_r(p-p) = \frac{V_P}{2f_{in}RC} = \frac{8.6}{200 \times RC} = 0.43$

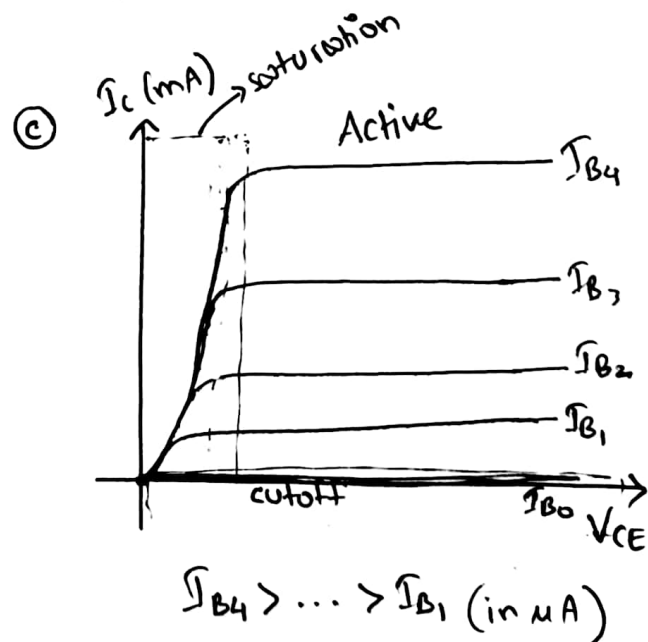
$\Rightarrow C = \frac{8.6}{0.43 \times 200 \times R} = \frac{100\mu\text{F}}{1k}, \frac{50\mu\text{F}}{2k}, \frac{25\mu\text{F}}{4k}, \frac{20\mu\text{F}}{5k}, \dots$

③ ⑥  $f = \bar{A}B + \bar{B}C + \bar{C}A$

Any combination that is correct.



③ ②  $V_{out} = V_{in} - 2V_{D_0} \quad (V_{in} > 2V_{D_0})$



③ ⑥ MOSFET is a three terminal device, where it is either turned 'ON' or 'OFF' ~~via~~ at its output terminals via a control terminal. (output  $\rightarrow$  D-S, control  $\rightarrow$  G)  
 $\rightarrow$  Let  $V_T$  be a threshold

voltage. If  $V_G > V_T \rightarrow$  'ON' / short cut

If  $V_G < V_T \rightarrow$  'OFF' / open cut.

## Set 02

① ② Same as set-01.

$$\textcircled{b} I_D = \frac{1}{2} k V_{ov}^2 = I_2 - I_1 \quad [\text{same equation and condition as set 01}]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times (4 - V_S)^2 = \frac{V_S}{4} - \frac{(V_G - V_S)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (4 - V_S)^2 = \frac{V_S - 2(V_G - V_S)}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 16 - 8V_S + V_S^2 = V_S - 10 + 2V_S$$

$$\Rightarrow V_S^2 - 11V_S + 26 = 0$$

$$V_S = \underline{7.56}, \underline{3.43} \rightarrow V_{DS} = 2.57$$

$\times$   
(see set 01)

$$V_{GS} = 1.57$$

$$V_{ov} = 0.57$$

$$[V_{DS} > V_{ov}]$$

$$V_D = V_S = 3.43 \text{ V}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_G - V_S}{2} = 0.785 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_S}{4} = 0.86 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_D = 0.073 \text{ mA}$$

③ same condition as set 01;

$$(L_1) \rightarrow 10 = 2I_B + V_{BE} + I_E$$

$$\Rightarrow 2I_B + I_E = 9.2 - \textcircled{i}$$

$$(L_2) \rightarrow 10 = I_C + V_{CE} + I_E$$

$$\Rightarrow I_C + I_E = 9.8 - \textcircled{ii}$$

$$(KCL) \quad I_B + I_C - I_E = 0 - \textcircled{iii}$$

$$\text{solving, } \left. \begin{array}{l} I_B = 1.72 \text{ mA} \\ I_E = 5.76 \text{ mA} \\ I_C = 4.04 \text{ mA} \end{array} \right\} \frac{I_C}{I_B} = 2.34 < \beta.$$

$$V_E = I_E R_E = 5.76 \text{ V}$$

$$V_C = V_{CE} + V_E$$

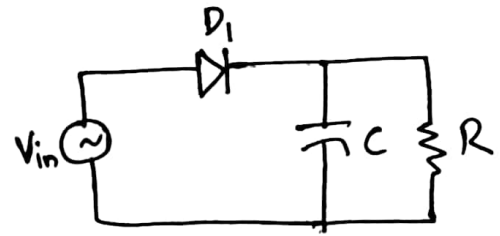
$$= 5.96 \text{ V}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \tau = 1.25 - 0.25 = 1 \text{ ms}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{\tau} = 1 \text{ kHz} = f_{out}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{avg} &= V_P - \frac{V_P}{2} \\ &= 20 - \frac{10}{2} \\ &= 15 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

② ②  $V_{in} = 10 \sin(200\pi t)$   
 $\hookrightarrow 200\pi = 2\pi f_{in}$   
 $f_{in} = 100\text{Hz}$



$f_{out} = 100\text{Hz}$  ;

$f_{out} = f_{in} \rightarrow$  Half-wave rectifier

$\rightarrow V_p = V_m - V_{D_0}$   
 $= 10 - 0.7$   
 $= 9.3\text{V}$

$V_{r(p-p)} = 10\% \text{ of } V_{out(max)}$   
 $= \frac{10}{100} \times V_p$   
 $= 0.93\text{V}$

$V_{r(p-p)} = \frac{V_p}{f_{in} RC}$   
 $\Rightarrow C = \frac{9.3}{0.93 \times R \times 100}$   
 $= \frac{100\mu\text{F}}{1\text{k}}, \frac{50\mu\text{F}}{2\text{k}}, \dots$

③ ⑥  $f = \bar{C}A + \bar{A}B + \bar{B}C$

Any correct combination.

③ ②  $V_{out} = V_{in} - V_{D_0} [V_{in} > V_{D_0}]$   
 (0 otherwise)



③ ⑥ similar to MOSFET, but conditions are -

$I_B > I_{th} \rightarrow \text{ON/short cut}$

$I_B < I_{th} \rightarrow \text{OFF/open cut}$

