

Foundation of Analytics: Lecture 1

Dihui Lai

dlai@wustl.edu

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CONTENT

- Data Analytics in Science, Finance, Insurance, Health Care etc.
- Mathematics of Data Analytics & Artificial Intelligence
- Computational Tools, Library, Packages, Softwares
- Review of Linear Algebra

Kepler's Law of Planetary Motion

| Planet | Distance to Sun (AU) | Period(days) |
|---------|----------------------|--------------|
| Mercury | 0.389 | 87.77 |
| Venus | 0.724 | 224.70 |
| Earth | 1 | 365.25 |
| Mars | 1.524 | 686.95 |
| Jupiter | 5.2 | 4332.62 |
| Saturn | 9.510 | 10759.2 |

What is the mathematical model for $Period = f(DistanceSun)$?

Realtor Housing Price

| house price | logitude | latitude | age | oceanProx | size | ... |
|-------------|----------|----------|-----|-----------|-------|-----|
| 452600.0 | -122.23 | 37.88 | 41 | NEAR BAY | 85768 | ... |
| 358500.0 | -122.22 | 37.86 | 21 | NEAR BAY | 40803 | ... |
| 352100.0 | -122.24 | 37.85 | 52 | NEAR BAY | 63085 | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | | | | |

What is the mathematical model for House Price = $f(\text{location}, \text{size}, \dots)$?

Predict Heart Disease

| heart disease | age | chest pain type | fbs | thalach | gender | ... |
|---------------|-----|-----------------|-----|---------|--------|-----|
| Yes | 63 | 0 | 1 | 150 | F | ... |
| No | 45 | 1 | 0 | 170 | F | ... |
| No | 70 | 0 | 0 | 168 | M | ... |
| No | 30 | 3 | 0 | 190 | F | ... |
| Yes | 55 | 2 | 0 | 148 | M | ... |
| No | 26 | 1 | 1 | 155 | M | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | | | | |

What is the model for heart disease = $f(\text{age}, \text{gender}, \text{fbs}, \dots)$?

Mathematic Model for Structured Data

Given a dataset

$$\begin{bmatrix} y^1 \\ y^2 \\ y^3 \\ y^i \\ \vdots \\ y^n \end{bmatrix} \& \begin{bmatrix} x_1^1 & x_2^1 & x_3^1 & \cdots & x_m^1 \\ x_1^2 & x_2^2 & x_3^2 & \cdots & x_m^2 \\ x_1^3 & x_2^3 & x_3^3 & \cdots & x_m^3 \\ x_1^i & x_2^i & x_3^i & \cdots & x_m^i \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \cdots & \vdots \\ x_1^n & x_2^n & x_3^n & \cdots & x_m^n \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the model for $y = f(x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_m)$?

What is f ?

Linear Regression

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \dots \beta_m x_m$$

Variation

$$\ln(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \dots \beta_m x_m$$

What is f ?

When y is observables of a random process and the same $x_1, x_2 \dots x_m$ will leads to different y i.e.

$$y \sim P(x_1, x_2 \dots x_m)$$

For example: Logistic Regression; Poisson Regression; Generalized Linear Model

What is f ?

When close math formula does not provide good enough approximation for the problem?

$$f \sim \text{Neuralnetwork}; \text{Tree}; \text{RandomForest}$$

How to find f ?

Training Algorithms:

- Maximum Likelihood Estimation; Entropy Maximization
- Gradient Descent; Stochastic Gradient Descent;
- Greedy Search

Mathematics of Data Analytics

- Linear Algebra (to Handle High Dimension Data Space)
- Statistics (to Handle Randomness in Data)
- Calculus (to Find the Optimal Solution/Model/Function)

Linear Algebra Review

- Matrix Addition, Multiplication,
- Inverse $XX^{-1} = X^{-1}X = I$,
- Transpose M^T
- Linear Combination $a\vec{x} + b\vec{y} + c\vec{z}$
- Dot Product $\vec{x} \cdot \vec{y} = x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 + x_3y_3$
- Geometric Interpretation of Linear Algebra: Linear Independent, Linearly Dependent

Python

- Python; 'pip' installation tools
- Packages: numpy; sklearn etc.
- IDE: jupyter-notebook, pyCharm etc.
- Virtual Environment