

Topics in Political Science: Multilevel Models

PLAD 8500, University of Virginia
SPRING 2017

Instructor: Constanza F. Schibber

Time and Location: Thursday 4-6:30 PM, New Cabell Hall 066

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Office Hours: TBD

Overview

This course covers statistical modeling with explicitly defined hierarchies. Social scientists encounter multilevel data all the time: voters clustered in electoral districts, students nested within classrooms, legislators clustered in congressional periods, countries nested within regions, and so forth. Classic time-series cross-sectional (TSCS) data can also be thought as multilevel data, with observations clustered by unit and time period. Even in survey research, multilevel models are used to estimate public opinion across geographic units from individual-level survey data (commonly known as MRP). The course will begin with a review of linear regression, logistic regression, and generalized linear models. Then it will proceed to multilevel nested models and follow with non-nested models for linear and generalized linear models. Hierarchical modeling can incorporate individual-level predictors, group-level predictors, and individual-by-group (also known as cross-level) interactions. The second half of the course will feature a Bayesian perspective on inference and computation of hierarchical models.

Required Text

Gelman, Andrew and Jennifer Hill. 2007. *Data Analysis Using Regression and Multilevel/Hierarchical Models*. Cambridge University Press.

Grading

Your grade will be structured as follows:

- Participation: 5%
- In-Class Lab Sessions: 15%
- Assignments: 50% (the lowest grade will be dropped when computing each student's score)

- Research Paper: 20%
- Presentation of the Research Paper: 10%

Late assignments will not be accepted and no incompletes will be given for assignments or the course. Exceptions will be granted only under truly extraordinary circumstances.

The procedure to have any grade revised is as follows. Please write up a short description of your argument as to why your grade should be changed and hand it in, along with your initial assignment, within one week of receiving your grade. The instructor will respond in writing. The instructor's decisions regarding grades are final.

Evaluation

Participation & Attendance: I expect students to attend all lectures and to arrive to class on time. Students who use laptops in class must do so exclusively for the purpose of note taking. Forms of participation may include asking questions, answering questions from the instructor or from other classmates, actively participating in in-class group activities and class discussion, among others. Using the course email list to ask and answer questions is strongly encouraged and it will contribute towards your participation evaluation

In-Class Lab Sessions: During the last 30 minutes of most classes there will be a “hand-on” lab in which each student will work on running and understanding the R or **Bugs** code presented during the lecture. The instructor will be available to help students complete the task. Students are allowed (and encouraged) to collaborate.

Assignments: Assignments will consist of a combination of analytical problems and data analyses. Assignments should be written in a professional fashion and also include the R code used to address specific problems. I recommend preparing the assignments using **RStudio** and the R library **knitr** (instructions will be provided separately), because it will be more efficient.

You are encouraged to work together with your fellow students. *But do not copy answers from another student, or allow your answers to be copied, or look for and copy solutions to the assignments on the internet.* Copying is cheating and will be referred to the **Honor Committee**.

Research Paper: The final assignment is writing a paper that applies a multilevel model to data in your field of study. The end product should look like the statistical and empirical sections of a paper published in a journal (7-12 pages). There could be four types of research papers: (1) The paper is the start of a research manuscript that will eventually turn into a student's thesis, dissertation, or published work; (2) A student already has a manuscript that could be improved by reanalyzing the data with a hierarchical model; (3) The paper reanalyzes the empirics of a paper published in a leading journal that could (or should) have used a multilevel model but did not; (4) The paper reanalyzes the empirics of a paper published in a leading journal that uses a frequentist multilevel model; the student replicates

the model and develops a Bayesian specification.

First-year graduate students are strongly encouraged to pursue (3) or (4).

Installing R

All students will need to download and install the latest R software. R is a free statistical programming language that we will use to fit models, simulation, computing probabilities, creating graphics, *etc.*. It may be obtained at the CRAN website. Go to <http://lib.stat.cmu.edu/R/CRAN> and click your choice of platform (Linux, MacOS X or Windows) for the precompiled binary distribution. Note the FAQs link to the left for additional information.

Schedule

WEDNESDAY	
Jan 18th	1
1. Introduction to the Course Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapters 1 & 2	
25th	2
2. Linear and Generalized Linear Models Review Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapters 3 & 4	
Feb 1st	3
3. Simulation of probability models and statistical inferences Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapters 7 & 8	
8th	4
4. Multilevel Linear Models: The Basics Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapters 11 & 12	
15th	5
5. Multilevel Linear Models: Varying Slopes, Non-nested Models, and Other Complexities Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 13	

WEDNESDAY	
22nd	6
6. Multilevel Logistic Regression	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 14	
Mar 1st	7
7. Multilevel Generalized Linear Models	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 15	
8th Spring Break	
15th	8
8. Bayesian Inference	
Reading: Jeff Gill, <i>Bayesian Methods: A Social and Behavioral Sciences Approach</i> (selected chapters)	
Final Paper Proposal Due	
22nd	9
9. Bayesian Inference & Multilevel Modeling in Bugs and R	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapters 16	
29th	10
11. Bayesian Multilevel Linear Models	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 17	
Apr 5th	11
13. Bayesian Multilevel Generalized Linear Models	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 17	
12th	12
14. Bayesian inference and computation	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 18 and Chapter 19	

WEDNESDAY	
19th	13
15. Understanding and summarizing the fitted models	
16. Analysis of variance	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 21 and 22	
26th	14
15. Model checking and comparison	
16. Missing-data imputation	
Reading: Gelman and Hill, Chapter 24 and 25	