

# PACIFIC EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING RESEARCH CENTER

# A Taxonomy of Building Components for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering

#### Keith A. Porter

Department of Civil Engineering and Applied Mechanics California Institute of Technology





# A Taxonomy of Building Components for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering

#### Keith A. Porter

Department of Civil Engineering and Applied Mechanics California Institute of Technology

PEER Report 2005/03
Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center
College of Engineering
University of California, Berkeley
September 2005



#### **ABSTRACT**

To model the seismic performance of building components, they must first be defined. A categorization system (or taxonomy) of components is developed here, including both structural and nonstructural elements but focusing on the latter. Structural elements are those that are part of the structure's vertical- or lateral-force-resisting system. Nonstructural components are generally those that are attached to a structure but are not considered part of either system. Taxonomic groups are defined to meet ten objectives to ensure that meaningful fragility functions can be created for a group. The study focuses on those nonstructural components and some contents that contribute significantly to earthquake-induced repair costs, casualties, or loss of use (dollars, deaths, or downtime). Standard or important proposed taxonomic systems are reviewed in light of how well they meet the ten objectives. Important publications on component seismic fragility are reviewed, including post-earthquake reconnaissance reports. The existing system that comes closest to meeting the design objectives is then selected; modifications are proposed to meet the remaining objectives and to reflect earthquake experience; and the resulting taxonomic system detailed. An important feature of this taxonomic system is that it attempts to distinguish common design or retrofit alternatives that make a difference in seismic performance, such as between braced versus unbraced piping and between anchored versus unanchored electrical equipment. A taxonomic system that makes these distinctions can be used to assess the benefit of design or retrofit alternatives.



#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

This work was supported in part by the Earthquake Engineering Research Centers Program of the National Science Foundation, under award number EEC-9701568 through the Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center (PEER).

Additional support was provided by the Applied Technology Council, under an award from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Advice and review was provided by Bob Bachman, Craig Comartin, John Eidinger, Andre Filiatrault, Ron Hamburger, Gee Hecksher, Bill Holmes, Eduardo Miranda, Marla Petal, and Sam Swan.

Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect those of the National Science Foundation nor the Federal Emergency Management Agency.



## **CONTENTS**

| ACKNOWLEDGMENTS CONTENTS. LIST OF FIGURES. LIST OF TABLES.  1 INTRODUCTION. 1.1 Nonstructural Components in PBEE. 1.2 Need for a Nonstructural Component Taxonomy. 1.3 Scope 1.4 Objectives. 1.5 Methodology.  2 LITERATURE REVIEW 2.1 Existing Taxonomies Designed for Earthquake Engineering. 2.2 General Building-Component Taxonomies. 2.3 Fragility Data 2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance.  3 PROPOSED TAXONOMIC SYSTEM 3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies. 3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database.  4 CONCLUSIONS |
|--|
| LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF TABLES  1 INTRODUCTION 1.1 Nonstructural Components in PBEE 1.2 Need for a Nonstructural Component Taxonomy 1.3 Scope 1.4 Objectives 1.5 Methodology  2 LITERATURE REVIEW 2.1 Existing Taxonomies Designed for Earthquake Engineering 2.2 General Building-Component Taxonomies 2.3 Fragility Data 2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance  3 PROPOSED TAXONOMIC SYSTEM 3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies 3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database 4 CONCLUSIONS  |
| 1.1 Nonstructural Components in PBEE   |
| 1.1 Nonstructural Components in PBEE   |
| 1.2 Need for a Nonstructural Component Taxonomy.  1.3 Scope  |
| 1.3 Scope  |
| 1.4 Objectives  1.5 Methodology  |
| 1.5 Methodology  |
| 2 LITERATURE REVIEW  |
| 2.1 Existing Taxonomies Designed for Earthquake Engineering 2.2 General Building-Component Taxonomies 2.3 Fragility Data 2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance  3 PROPOSED TAXONOMIC SYSTEM 3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies 3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database  4 CONCLUSIONS   |
| 2.2 General Building-Component Taxonomies  2.3 Fragility Data  2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance  3 PROPOSED TAXONOMIC SYSTEM  3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies  3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database  4 CONCLUSIONS   |
| 2.3 Fragility Data  2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance  3 PROPOSED TAXONOMIC SYSTEM  3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies  3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database  4 CONCLUSIONS  |
| 2.4 Post-Earthquake Reconnaissance   |
| 3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies 3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database 4 CONCLUSIONS.  |
| 3.1 Conclusions Regarding Existing Taxonomies  3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database  4 CONCLUSIONS   |
| 3.2 Proposed Taxonomy and Consequence Database   |
| 4 CONCLUSIONS  |
|  |
|  |
| REFERENCES   |
| APPENDIX: PROPOSED TAXONOMY  |
|  |



## **LIST OF FIGURES**

| Figure 1.1 | Generic PBEE methodology  | 2  |
|------------|---|----|
| Figure 2.1 | A conceptual taxonomy of all fixed facilities (Antaki 2004)               | 15 |
| Figure 2.2 | UNIFORMAT-II taxonomy. Only construction and buildings are relevant here. | 16 |
| Figure 3.1 | Data access page to taxonomy and fragility database.                      | 35 |



# **LIST OF TABLES**

| Table 2.1 | IBC and ASCE 7 architectural component categories                   | 10 |
|-----------|---|----|
| Table 2.2 | IBC and ASCE 7 mechanical and electrical component categories       | 11 |
| Table 2.3 | HAZUS 99 taxonomy of building nonstructural components and contents | 12 |
| Table 2.4 | UNIFORMAT-II classification of building elements                    | 17 |
| Table 2.5 | NISTIR 6389 proposed revision to UNIFORMAT-II                       | 19 |
| Table 2.6 | MasterFormat divisions  | 22 |
| Table 2.7 | Taxonomy of household contents by Saeki et al. (2000)               | 28 |
| Table 3.1 | Adequacy of existing taxonomic systems to meet stated objectives    | 31 |
| Table 3.2 | Layout of database table "NISTIR 6389"                              | 33 |
| Table 3.3 | Layout of database table "Taxonomy"                                 | 33 |
| Table 3.4 | Layout of database table "RC"                                       | 36 |
| Table 3.5 | Layout of database table "References"                               | 37 |
| Table A.1 | Proposed component tax  | 46 |



# 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 NONSTRUCTURAL COMPONENTS IN PBEE

Several performance-based earthquake engineering (PBEE) loss-estimation procedures have emerged since the 1970s that estimate earthquake repair costs by accumulating the costs to repair individual building components, or to replace the entire facility in case of collapse or excessive repair cost. Many of these methods generally share the four analytical stages of PEER's second-generation PBEE methodology (illustrated in Fig. 1.1).

In the first stage, called the hazard analysis, one or more levels of seismic excitation of interest are selected, and parameterized by an intensity measure such as peak ground acceleration (PGA) or damped elastic spectral acceleration response ( $S_a$ ); often one or more ground-motion time histories or response spectra are selected to correspond to the intensity measure. Structural analysis of one kind or another is then used to estimate component forces, deformations, and accelerations. In PEER's methodology, nonlinear time-history structural analysis is used. In the third stage, referred to here as the damage analysis, component damage is estimated as a function of the member forces, energy demands, deformations, or accelerations to which the component is subjected during the earthquake. In the last stage, called here the loss analysis, system performance is estimated in terms of total repair cost, casualties, or loss of use ("dollars, deaths, and downtime") based on the physical damage to the system. For example, repair cost is estimated by summing the costs to repair each damaged component, and then adding the contractor's overhead and profit.

Czarnecki (1973) appears to have proposed the first such methodology, in which the damage and loss analyses were combined and much of the component damageability relationships were assumed. Kustu et al. (1982) added several important concepts, such as using earthquake experience and other empirical information about component damageability, and

@Seismicisolation

distinguishing the damage and loss analyses. In HAZUS, Kircher et al. (1997) added the use of pushover methods of structural analysis. PEER's approach further modified this process by substituting multiple nonlinear time-history structural analyses for pushover methods and by more rigorously propagating uncertainty.

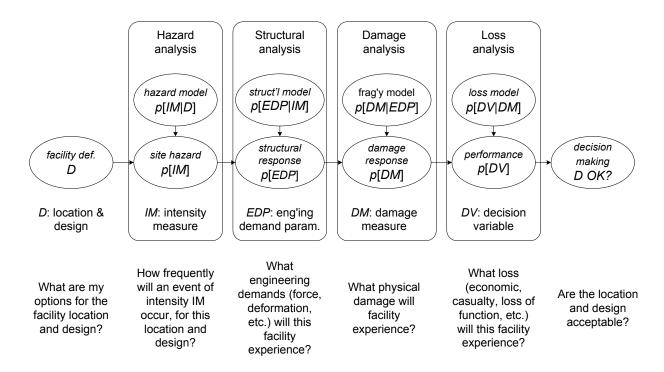


Fig. 1.1 Generic PBEE methodology (Porter et al. 2002b)

Nonstructural components play an important role in the third and fourth analytical stages (the damage and loss analyses). Damage to architectural finishes, building contents, and building service equipment can dominate repair costs and non-fatal injuries, and can contribute substantially to loss of use. Accurate assessment of performance of nonstructural components can therefore be crucial to a reliable performance-based earthquake engineering evaluation of a facility.

A performance-based earthquake engineering methodology that does carefully treat nonstructural components could be quite valuable in risk-management decision making, such as choosing between design alternatives for new construction or judging the cost-effectiveness of a seismic retrofit, when decisions affect nonstructural components. To do so, however, requires that the methodology be able to distinguish between the performance of a building with and without the retrofit, or between the performance of the competing design alternatives. The



differences can be quite localized, potentially affecting the design or installation of just one out of many structural and nonstructural systems or components. For example, the methodology must distinguish between future earthquake economic and human losses of a particular building with:

- Drywall partitions with screwed connections and metal studs and (a) fixed connection to the soffit above versus (b) sliding or flexible connection to the soffit above;
- Pendant light fixtures (a) with and (b) without seismic restraint; and
- Freestanding cabinets (a) with and (b) without seismic restraint.

Each of these choices has an associated cost that is relatively easy to estimate. The challenge is quantifying the benefit to determine whether the more-expensive alternative is justified. All three distinctions are believed to have a valuable effect on damage and loss. For example, the federal government has allocated at least \$48 million since 1994 to retrofit lights and ceilings in schools (FEMA 2004). Petal's (2004) epidemiological study of casualties in the 1999 Kocaeli (Turkey) earthquake showed that unanchored freestanding cabinets caused 8,000 of the 80,000 casualties in that event. Performance-based loss-estimation methods should be capable of detecting and measuring the performance difference produced by these risk-mitigation measures.

#### 1.2 NEED FOR A NONSTRUCTURAL COMPONENT TAXONOMY

To measure the effects of design changes in nonstructural components, it is first necessary to define nonstructural components. To estimate the seismic performance of nonstructural components and to detect performance differences between common design alternatives require a rigorous means of categorizing building components in sufficient detail so that components with different damageability fall into different categories. For example, ceramic tile is far more fragile than vinyl tile, and caused substantial loss in the Van Nuys Holiday Inn in the 1971 San Fernando earthquake. Other examples that suggest a need for a nonstructural taxonomy include the different performance of full-height versus partial-height gypsum wallboard partitions, unbraced versus braced sprinkler piping, anchored and unanchored electrical equipment, etc. To lump together all varieties of tile finish, of interior partitions, or any of such diverse category of building component must produce large uncertainty in component fragility damageability, and therefore large uncertainty in the system-level performance assessment. Estimates of future



earthquake repair costs can be highly sensitive to uncertainty in component damageability (Porter et al. 2002a).

To distinguish components with significantly different damageability helps design and retrofit decision making. By estimating the performance of two competing designs, the expected economic and life-safety benefits of choosing one design over the other can be calculated. For example, such assessments might include whether it is cost effective to retrofit suspended ceilings and above-ceiling building-service equipment with seismic bracing, or in new construction, whether future savings justify the extra cost of using sliding connections at the top of interior wallboard partitions.

To make these distinctions and to estimate these performance differences in a design or retrofit situation, a carefully designed categorization system of building components and a set of fragility functions for each component category that is of interest in that design or retrofit situation are needed.

Such a categorization system is referred to here as a taxonomy, in imitation of the taxonomy of organisms (Linneaus' branching system of kingdom, division, etc.). The present study examines taxonomies for nonstructural building components.

**Need to avoid circular definition of taxonomic groups.** The terms in which taxonomic groups are defined must be limited to characteristics that are typically shown in construction drawings and specifications, or are visible from inspecting the actual construction. The *attributes* of the group can include damageability, repair cost, repair duration, impact of component failure on operability or life safety, susceptibility to water damage, inflammability, etc. These attributes are important, and can be assigned to each taxonomic group after the group is defined, but they cannot be *part* of its definition if the taxonomy is to be useful to earthquake engineers.

For example, imagine a suspended ceiling of given dimensions, grid system, tile materials, wall capture conditions, strut and wire-brace restraint conditions, and other conditions such as light fixtures resting on the grid. Some combination of these characteristics define the taxonomic group to which that ceiling belongs. An engineer attempting to estimate the future seismic performance of the ceiling should be able to determine its taxonomic group *without already knowing* its damageability and other attributes, and then look up those attributes in a table or database.



#### 1.3 SCOPE

The present study examines nonstructural components of commercial and engineered residential buildings. The scope is further limited to components that typically contribute significantly to post-earthquake repair costs, earthquake-induced casualties, and loss of use (dollars, deaths, and downtime). To a limited extent, non-fixed contents are considered because contents matter to downtime and casualties.

#### 1.4 OBJECTIVES

A nonstructural component taxonomy for earthquake engineering purposes could be designed to facilitate either the damage analysis (estimation of physical damage as a function of structural response and design), loss analysis (repair cost, casualties, or repair duration, as a function of damage and design), or both. The focus of the present study is on damageability, although some consideration is given to loss. Important features of such a taxonomy include:

- 1. Clear definitions. Two people examining the same nonstructural component should independently assign the same taxonomic group based solely on the text definition of the taxonomic group. It is should not be necessary to know about a component's fragility functions in order to assign it to a taxonomic group, i.e., no circular definitions.
- 2. Common fragility functions. This means three things: (1) All members of the taxonomic group share a common set of damage states relevant to the facility's seismic performance. (2) All members are sensitive to the same type of excitation (force, deformation, acceleration, etc.). (3) The excitation at which members enter a particular damage state is identically distributed. The cumulative distribution functions of these capacities are referred to as fragility functions.
- 3. Distinguishes differences in seismic performance: That is, the taxonomy distinguishes supposed earthquake-resistant versions of a component from a non-earthquake resistant version, such as between the "before" and "after" states of common seismic retrofits. For example, if bracing sprinkler piping is believed significantly to reduce damageability, then braced and unbraced piping systems should fall into different taxonomic groups. This is a somewhat more restrictive requirement than "common fragility functions." A fragility function can be created for all varieties of some component without differentiating between varieties that matter to seismic performance. The fragility function for the undifferentiated

@Seismicisolation

- category will simply have greater uncertainty, and will not enable the analyst to assess the benefit of a change within that category.
- 4. *Testable*. The taxonomic group is homogeneous enough that one can with reasonable confidence perform a set of laboratory tests, analyses, or expert-opinion surveys to establish a single set of fragility functions for the entire group within the constraints of a common research budget (e.g., a single doctoral dissertation).
- 5. Amenable to assessment of consequences. For example, each taxonomic group can be rated in some way (e.g., high, medium, or low) for contribution to historic losses, so as to focus fragility testing efforts. They can be rated in some way (e.g., yes or no) for inflammability, subject to water damage, potential to cause injury, etc., so as to direct subsequent loss assessment.
- 6. *Flexible*. The taxonomic system should not presuppose future findings of fragility, and it should allow for future addition of taxonomic groups as new experimental investigations dictate and as new materials and systems are developed. For example, it may be found through experimentation that some existing taxonomic group should be subdivided into new groups because the new groups have less uncertainty on damageability or other attributes. A taxonomy will be judged to be flexible if both (a) it explicitly leaves room for the addition of taxonomic groups and (b) a mechanism currently exists to do so, such as through an interactive database or a group that maintains and periodically updates the taxonomy. It will be judged to be somewhat flexible if it satisfies only one of these two conditions.
- 7. Collectively exhaustive. The taxonomy should be collectively exhaustive, insofar as any building component can be assigned to a taxonomic group. The taxonomy need not be mutually exclusive. Considering the example cited above for a flexible taxonomy, it will be desirable to have available both older or larger groups and newer or finer groups for purposes of comparing or refining analyses.
- 8. *Simple*. The taxonomy has as few groups as possible, while still meeting the other requirements. It is problematic to define what is simple, but for present purposes, a taxonomy will be judged simple if it contains fewer than 100 groups, somewhat simple if it both contains between 100 and 1,000 groups and those groups are arranged hierarchically so that one could find a desired group without being familiar with the entire taxonomy.
- 9. *Collapsible*. It is desirable to be able to define common combinations and relative quantities of nonstructural components so that fragility or vulnerability functions could be created by



aggregating the fragilities or vulnerabilities of detailed components, while still distinguishing design or retrofit alternatives. For example, it would be desirable to create one vulnerability function for drift-sensitive nonstructural components of current-code-compliant class-A office buildings that meet a set of observable seismic resistance criteria. A taxonomy will be judged to be collapsible if taxonomic groups can be combined and the resulting combinations still distinguish differences in seismic performance.

10. Familiar to construction contractors and engineering practitioners. It is desirable, though not necessary, that engineers and construction contractors be familiar with the taxonomic system to facilitate communication and, particularly, for repair-cost estimation. If the new taxonomic system corresponds readily to an existing taxonomic system, it can give engineers access to cost data, historical databases, and tools for construction scheduling. Employing or elaborating an existing taxonomic system will also help simplify the maintenance and further development of the taxonomic system.

#### 1.5 METHODOLOGY

The taxonomy was developed first by reviewing the desired features, in consultation with an oversight committee of scholars and practitioners familiar with the objectives and principles of performance-based earthquake engineering. Next, existing taxonomic systems were reviewed to see how well each satisfies the objectives listed above. Relevant damage data were reviewed, including publications on fragility testing and observed empirical seismic performance to identify design alternatives that make a material difference to seismic performance and that might therefore impact the design of the taxonomy.

It was anticipated that no existing, accepted taxonomy satisfies all the objectives. The existing taxonomy that in some way comes closest to satisfying the objectives was then identified, and modifications are proposed to meet the remaining objectives. A sample of the resulting taxonomic system was then created. The proposed system and the sample were then presented to the oversight committee for review. After review and commentary, a final taxonomic system was proposed.



## 2 Literature Review

With the objectives and methodology stated, a review of relevant literature is now presented. Four general categories of prior work are examined:

- Taxonomies designed for use in earthquake engineering
- General building component taxonomies
- Laboratory testing and surveys to quantify component damageability, and
- Post-earthquake reconnaissance reports.

The last two categories are included because they address important performance differences in different component categories.

#### 2.1 EXISTING TAXONOMIES DESIGNED FOR EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING

International Code Council (2000); ASCE 7-05 (ASCE 2005). The International Building Code and ASCE's Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures both contain (in a way) a taxonomy of nonstructural components. Table 2.1 contains parameters of these two documents' seismic design requirements for architectural components. Table 2.2 shows a similar taxonomy for mechanical and electrical components. Because it comes from a building code, the taxonomy is familiar to engineers, although perhaps not to construction contractors because of its location in a chapter dedicated to structural design. It is short and simple. However, its disadvantages for present purposes are numerous. The definitions are qualitative, somewhat vaguely defined, and do not appear to be collectively exhaustive. For example, what is the meaning of limited-deformability veneer, how is it distinguished from low-deformability veneer, and is there no such thing as moderate or high-deformability veneer? These categories would be circularly defined if used in a taxonomy for damage analysis. The groups are too large to share common functions, to be testable, to be amenable to the assessment of consequences, or to distinguish seismic



performance of similar components installed differently, as with braced versus unbraced sprinkler pipe.

Table 2.1 IBC and ASCE 7 architectural component categories

| Architectural Component or Element  | a <sub>p</sub> a | R <sub>p</sub> b |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Interior Nonstructural Walls and Partitions b   | ,                | ĺ                |
| Plain (unreinforced) masonry walls  | 1.0              | 1.5              |
| All other walls and partitions  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Cantilever Elements (Unbraced or braced to structural frame below its center of mass) |                  |                  |
| Parapets and cantilever interior nonstructural walls                                  | 2.5              | 2.5              |
| Chimneys and stacks where laterally braced or supported by the structural frame       | 2.5              | 2.5              |
| Cantilever Elements (Braced to structural frame above its center of mass)             |                  |                  |
| Parapets  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Chimneys and Stacks   | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Exterior Nonstructural Walls <sup>b</sup>   | 1.0 <sup>b</sup> | 2.5              |
| Exterior Nonstructural Wall Elements and Connections <sup>b</sup>                     |                  |                  |
| Wall Element  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Body of wall panel connections  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Fasteners of the connecting system  | 1.25             | 1.0              |
| Veneer  |                  |                  |
| Limited deformability elements and attachments  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Low deformability elements and attachments  | 1.0              | 1.5              |
| Penthouses (except where framed by an extension of the building frame)                | 2.5              | 3.5              |
| Ceilings  |                  |                  |
| All   | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Cabinets  |                  |                  |
| Storage cabinets and laboratory equipment   | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Access Floors   |                  |                  |
| Special access floors (designed in accordance with Section13.5.7.2)                   | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| All other   | 1.0              | 1.5              |
| Appendages and Ornamentations   | 2.5              | 2.5              |
| Signs and Billboards  | 2.5              | 2.5              |
| Other Rigid Components  |                  |                  |
| High deformability elements and attachments   | 1.0              | 3.5              |
| Limited deformability elements and attachments  | 1.0              | 2.5              |
| Low deformability materials and attachments   | 1.0              | 1.5              |
| Other Flexible Components   |                  |                  |
| High deformability elements and attachments   | 2.5              | 3.5              |
| Limited deformability elements and attachments  | 2.5              | 2.5              |
| Low deformability materials and attachments   | 2.5              | 1.5              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A lower value for  $a_p$  shall not be used unless justified by detailed dynamic analysis. The value for  $a_p$  shall not be less than 1.00. The value of  $a_p = 1$  is for rigid components and rigidly attached components. The value of  $a_p = 2.5$  is for flexible components and flexibly attached components. See Section 11.2 for definitions of rigid and flexible.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Where flexible diaphragms provide lateral support for concrete or masonry walls and partitions, the design forces for anchorage to the diaphragm shall be as specified in Section 12.11.2.

Table 2.2 IBC and ASCE 7 mechanical and electrical component categories

| Mechanical and Electrical Components  | <b>a</b> p <sup>a</sup> | R <sub>p</sub> |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Air-side HVAC, fans, air handlers, air conditioning units, cabinet heaters, air distribution boxes, and other mechanical components constructed of sheet metal framing.   | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Wet-side HVAC, boilers, furnaces, atmospheric tanks and bins, chillers, water heaters, heat exchangers, evaporators, air separators, manufacturing or process equipment, and other mechanical components constructed of high deformability materials. | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Engines, turbines, pumps, compressors, and pressure vessels not supported on skirts and not within the scope of Section 15.   | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Skirt-supported pressure vessels not within the scope of Section 15.  | 2.5                     | 2.5            |
| Elevator and escalator components.  | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Generators, batteries, inverters, motors, transformers, and other electrical components constructed of high deformability materials.  | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Motor control centers, panel boards, switch gear, instrumentation cabinets, and other components constructed of sheet metal framing.  | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Communication equipment, computers, instrumentation and controls.   | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Roof mounted chimneys, stacks, cooling and electrical towers laterally braced below their center of mass.   | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Roof mounted chimneys, stacks, cooling and electrical towers laterally braced above their center of mass.   | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Lighting fixtures.  | 1.0                     | 1.5            |
| Other mechanical or electrical components.  | 1.0                     | 1.5            |
| Vibration Isolated Components and Systems b   |                         |                |
| Components and systems isolated using neoprene elements and neoprene isolated floors with built-in or separate elastomeric snubbing devices or resilient perimeter stops.   | 2.5                     | 2.5            |
| Spring isolated components and systems and vibration isolated floors closely restrained using built-in or separate elastomeric snubbing devices or resilient perimeter stops.   | 2.5                     | 2.0            |
| Internally isolated components and systems.   | 2.5                     | 2.0            |
| Suspended vibration isolated equipment including in-line duct devices and suspended internally isolated components.   | 2.5                     | 2.5            |
| Distribution Systems  |                         |                |
| Piping in accordance with ASME B31, including in-line components with joints made by welding or brazing.  | 2.5                     | 12.0           |
| Piping in accordance with ASME B31, including in-line components, constructed of high or limited deformability materials, with joints made by threading, bonding, compression couplings, or grooved couplings.  | 2.5                     | 6.0            |
| Piping and tubing not in accordance with ASME B31, including in-line components, constructed of high deformability materials, with joints made by welding or brazing.   | 2.5                     | 9.0            |
| Piping and tubing not in accordance with ASME B31, including in-line components, constructed of high or limited deformability materials, with joints made by threading, bonding, compression couplings, or grooved couplings.                         | 2.5                     | 4.5            |
| Piping and tubing constructed of low deformability materials, such as cast iron, glass, and nonductile plastics.  | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Ductwork, including in-line components, constructed of high deformability materials, with joints made by welding or brazing.  | 2.5                     | 9.0            |
| Ductwork, including in-line components, constructed of high or limited deformability materials with joints made by means other than welding or brazing.   | 2.5                     | 6.0            |
| Ductwork, including in-line components, constructed of low deformability materials, such as cast iron, glass, and nonductile plastics.  | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Electrical conduit, bus ducts, rigidly mounted cable trays, and plumbing.   | 1.0                     | 2.5            |
| Manufacturing or process conveyors (nonpersonnel).  | 2.5                     | 3.0            |
| Suspended cable trays.  | 2.5                     | 6.0            |
| A lower value for a, is permitted where justified by detailed dynamic analyses. The value for a, shall not be less  | 46 1 0 Th               | l f -          |

a A lower value for a<sub>ρ</sub> is permitted where justified by detailed dynamic analyses. The value for a<sub>ρ</sub> shall not be less than 1.0. The value of a<sub>ρ</sub> equal to 1.0 is for rigid components and rigidly attached components. The value of a<sub>ρ</sub> equal to 2.5 is for flexible components and flexibly attached components.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Components mounted on vibration isolators shall have a bumper restraint or snubber in each horizontal direction. The design force shall be taken as  $2F_p$  if the nominal clearance (air gap) between the equipment support frame and restraint is greater than 1/4 in. If the nominal clearance specified on the construction documents is not greater than 1/4 in., the design force is permitted to be taken as  $F_p$ .

HAZUS (NIBS and FEMA 2003). HAZUS is a FEMA-sponsored standard, nationally applicable software methodology for assessing earthquake risk. Subsequent versions of the software added the ability to assess risk from hurricanes and floods. In the process of developing its loss-estimation algorithm, HAZUS' developers created a taxonomy of common nonstructural components and contents of buildings, shown below in Table 2.3. It is simple and amenable to the assessment of consequences (that being its purpose). It has important deficiencies for present purposes. The groups border on being too large to be testable. It is not intended to reflect differences in seismic performance between common design or retrofit alternatives. For example, it does not distinguish between restrained and unrestrained freestanding cabinets (relevant, as noted earlier, to injury epidemiology) or between anchored and unanchored electrical equipment (relevant to repair costs, repair duration, and post-earthquake operability). Some important components are missing: note the absence of suspended ceilings and glazing from the taxonomy.

Table 2.3 HAZUS 99 taxonomy of building nonstructural components and contents

| Type          | Item   | Drift-<br>Sensitive* | Acceleration-<br>Sensitive* |
|---------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Architectural | Nonbearing Walls/Partitions                  | •                    | 0                           |
|               | Cantilever Elements and Parapets             |                      | •                           |
|               | Exterior Wall Panels                         | •                    | 0                           |
|               | Veneer and Finishes                          | •                    | 0                           |
|               | Penthouses                                   | •                    |                             |
|               | Racks and Cabinets                           |                      | •                           |
|               | Access Floors                                |                      | •                           |
|               | Appendages and Ornaments                     |                      | •                           |
| Mechanical    | General Mechanical (boilers, etc.)           |                      | •                           |
| and           | Manufacturing and Process Machinery          |                      | •                           |
| Electrical    | Piping Systems                               | 0                    | •                           |
|               | Storage Tanks and Spheres                    |                      | •                           |
|               | HVAC Systems (chillers, ductwork, etc.)      | 0                    | •                           |
|               | Elevators                                    | 0                    | •                           |
|               | Trussed Towers                               |                      | •                           |
|               | General Electrical (switchgear, ducts, etc.) | 0                    | •                           |
|               | Lighting Fixtures                            |                      | •                           |
| Contents      | File Cabinets, Bookcases, etc.               |                      | •                           |
|               | Office Equipment and Furnishings             |                      | •                           |
|               | Computer/Communication Equipment             |                      | •                           |
|               | Nonpermanent Manufacturing Equipment         |                      | •                           |
|               | Manufacturing/Storage Inventory              |                      | •                           |
|               | Art and other Valuable Objects               |                      | •                           |

Solid dots indicate primary cause of damage, open dots indicate secondary cause of damage



Porter (2000). The current author presented a component taxonomy designed for performance-based earthquake engineering. It is based on the RS Means' assembly-numbering system (described later), extended with a "condition" attribute added to each RS Means category to account for differences in installation or other characteristics that matter to seismic performance. For example, the taxonomy distinguishes between braced and unbraced sprinkler piping, anchored and unanchored generators, etc. It includes a judgment of the relevant engineering demand parameter (the seismic excitation most likely to cause damage). It lists categories of common, potentially damageable components in nine UNIFORMAT divisions. Since it is based on UNIFORMAT and RS Means, the taxonomy offers clear, familiar definitions and ready application of published databases of cost and repair duration, useful in assessing consequences. (For a small, illustrative subset of the taxonomy, fragility functions, repair costs, and repair durations are tabulated; these have been supplemented in Porter et al. 2002 and Beck et al. 2002. Eighty-three fragility functions and repair-cost distributions for common components are currently available.) The categories are small enough to be tested. The provision of the condition attribute allows for taxonomic groups to be small enough to have common fragility functions and to distinguish seismic performance. Its categories are not collectively exhaustive; no components in Divisions 10 (special construction) and higher are included. Furthermore, many higher-level aggregations of categories are not broken out into fine detail. For example, exterior glazing is not differentiated by pane size or gap size, nor are interior wallboard partitions differentiated between full-height, partial-height, etc. Since it is an extension of the RS Means assembly-numbering system, a complete listing would be very large, and its use for present purposes would potentially raise concerns about copyrights and costs of manuals.

Taghavi and Miranda (2003). These authors describe a Microsoft Access database of the seismic performance of nonstructural components of commercial buildings. The database includes a taxonomy of components, as well as example photographs and attributes of fragility, repair cost, repair actions, and damage consequences in terms of building functionality and life-safety threat. It is searchable and allows for a variety of useful queries to be performed. The taxonomic groups are identical to those of RS Means' assemblies (Miranda 2005). As it relies on the RS Means categories, the taxonomy uses familiar, clear terms, with categories small enough to be tested within a single doctoral dissertation. However, for the same reason, the complete listing would be very large, and to document and disseminate it in detail for general use could raise concerns about copyrights or costs of manuals. As with the RS Means assembly-numbering



system, the taxonomy does not distinguish seismic performance features. For example, no distinction is made between braced and unbraced suspended ceilings, between braced and unbraced automatic sprinklers, and between mechanical and electrical equipment with and without seismic restraint.

Antaki (2004) offers a conceptual taxonomy of all fixed facilities by expanding on a scheme developed by the Electric Power Research Institute as part of the Seismic Qualification of Utilities Guidelines (SQUG). The SQUG guidelines are used to determine whether electrical and mechanical equipment in energy facilities are adequately seismically resistant. They use checklists first to identify equipment within a category and then to assess the features of the equipment to determine seismic adequacy. SQUG's Generic Implementation Procedure (GIP) documents this methodology. It comprises a book and 50 or so manuals, and has been republished as U.S. Department of Energy guide DOE-EH-0545. Antaki proposes an expansion of this procedure to address all fixed facilities. His taxonomy has four levels: (1) categories are defined in terms of the discipline of the engineers who design the system; (2) classes and (3) groups defined per the SQUG inclusion system; and (4) attributes that are largely believed to determine whether the component is seismically resistant: material, design compliant with national standards for normal operation, quality of fabrication, effects of operation on seismic resistance, and effects of maintenance on seismic resistance. Figure 2.1 partially illustrates this taxonomic system. Its tree-like structure allows the taxonomy to be collapsed. The framework omits architectural elements, so it cannot be said to be collectively exhaustive. To the extent that it is developed, some of the components are vaguely defined, e.g., under static mechanical components, what is "equipment" if it is distinct from "boilers?" Groups appear to be too large to be testable or readily amenable to the assessment of consequences. For example, "frames" in the structural-element class: how would these be tested or have their repair cost or repair duration assessed as a single monolithic group? Because the taxonomy has been developed to some extent by and for a specialty within electrical and mechanical engineering, some of the definitions would be unfamiliar to earthquake engineers.



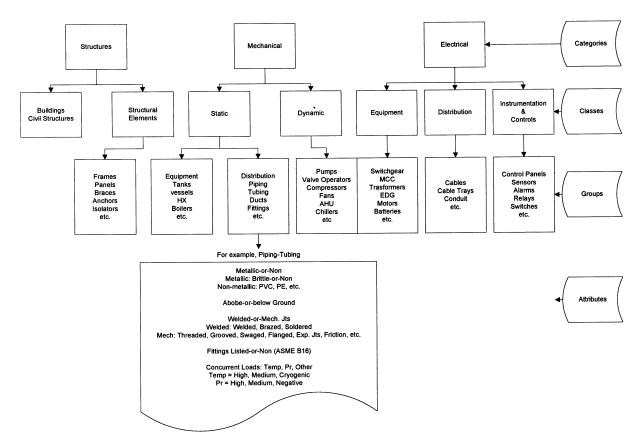


Fig. 2.1 A conceptual taxonomy of all fixed facilities (Antaki 2004)

#### 2.2 GENERAL BUILDING-COMPONENT TAXONOMIES

UNIFORMAT-II. The Construction Specification Institute (CSI) has produced a taxonomic system for building systems, the current version of which is called UNIFORMAT-II (ASTM 2002). Figure 2.2 summarizes its framework for categorizing the built environment; only the shaded blocks (construction, buildings, and sitework) are relevant here. Table 2.4 summarizes the UNIFORMAT-II classification of building elements. UNIFORMAT-II includes three levels of increasing detail, in a branching structure: Level 1—Major Group Elements, Level 2—Group Elements, and Level 3—Individual Elements. Every Level-1 taxonomic group includes one or more Level-2 taxonomic groups that belong only to that Level-1 taxonomic group. Similarly, every Level-2 taxonomic group includes one or more Level-3 groups that belong only to that Level-2 group. For example, within the Level-1 group Shells is a Level-2 group called Exterior Closure. Within Exterior Closure is a Level-3 group called Exterior Windows.



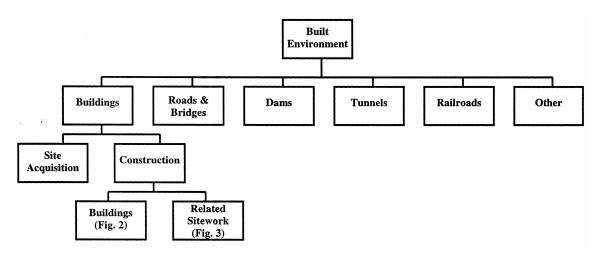


Fig. 2.2 UNIFORMAT-II taxonomy. Only construction and buildings are relevant here.

The advantages of UNIFORMAT-II for present purposes are that it is already well defined, it is accepted by the construction industry, and the American Society of Testing and Materials will continue to maintain it for some time. Its groups are collectively exhaustive and small in number: only 55 groups, and a listing occupies only one page. Its disadvantages are numerous, however. The groups are not quite clearly defined: it is unclear, for example, whether the interior finish to exterior walls belongs to B2010 (Exterior Walls) or C3010 (Wall Finishes). The groups are too large to reasonably share common fragility functions or to be testable. They do not distinguish differences in seismic performance. For example, D4010, Sprinklers, has no subcategories to distinguish braced sprinkler pipes from unbraced. There is no distinction between exterior walls of precast concrete, stucco, timber, or gypsum wallboard. The overly large grouping prevents the taxonomic system from facilitating cost estimation or repair scheduling, as the groups are too large to associate historical databases or manuals of repair costs.

NISTIR 6389. NIST (1999) proposed a revision to UNIFORMAT-II to include a fourth level of definition to augment the three levels in the 1997 standard. Like UNIFORMAT-II, NISTIR 6389 is oriented around building systems, which may involve diverse trades and materials. Its additional level of detail, for example, distinguishes fixed partitions (C1011 in the proposed numbering system) from site-built compartment cubicles (C1015) and windows (B2021) from curtain walls (B2022). Because it is an extension of UNIFORMAT-II, it is collectively exhaustive and would be familiar to construction contractors and engineering practitioners.



Table 2.4 UNIFORMAT-II classification of building elements

| Level 1                   | Level 2                           | Level 3   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Major Group Elements      | Group Elements                    | Individual Elements   |
| A SUBSTRUCTURE            | A10 Foundations                   | A1010 Standard Foundations  |
|                           |                                   | A1020 Special Foundations   |
|                           |                                   | A1030 Slab on Grade   |
|                           | A20 Basement Construction         | A2010 Basement Excavation   |
| D. OHELI                  | D40 Over an Otherstone            | A2020 Basement Walls  |
| B SHELL                   | B10 Super Structure               | B1010 Floor Construction<br>B1020 Roof Construction                       |
|                           | B20 Exterior Enclosure            | B2010 Exterior Walls  |
|                           | DZ0 EXIGNOL ENGIOSUTE             | B2020 Exterior Windows  |
|                           |                                   | B2030 Exterior Doors  |
|                           | B30 Roofing                       | B3010 Roof Coverings  |
|                           |                                   | B3020 Roof Openings   |
| C INTERIORS               | C10 Interior Construction         | C1010 Partitions  |
|                           |                                   | C1020 Interior Doors  |
|                           | 000 01:                           | C1030 Fittings  |
|                           | C20 Stairs                        | C2010 Stair Construction C2020 Stair Finishes                             |
|                           | C30 Interior Finishes             | C3010 Wall Finishes   |
|                           | Coo linterior i inisires          | C3020 Floor Finishes  |
|                           |                                   | C3030 Ceiling Finishes  |
| D SERVICES                | D10 Conveying                     | D1010 Elevators & Lifts   |
|                           | , ,                               | D1020 Escalators & Moving Walks   |
|                           |                                   | D1090 Other Conveying Systems   |
|                           | D20 Plumbing                      | D2010 Plumbing Fixtures   |
|                           |                                   | D2020 Domestic Water Distribution   |
|                           |                                   | D2030 Sanitary Waste  |
|                           |                                   | D2040 Rain Water Drainage D2090 Other Plumbing Systems                    |
|                           | D30 HVAC                          | D3010 Energy Supply   |
|                           | 110/10                            | D3020 Heat Generating Systems   |
|                           |                                   | D3030 Cooling Generating Systems  |
|                           |                                   | D3040 Distribution Systems  |
|                           |                                   | D3050 Terminal & Package Units  |
|                           |                                   | D3060 Controls & Instrumentation  |
|                           |                                   | D3070 Systems Testing & Balancing   |
|                           | D40 Fire Protection               | D3090 Other HVAC Systems & Equipment D4010 Sprinklers                     |
|                           | D40 Fire Protection               | D4010 Sprinklers D4020 Standpipes   |
|                           |                                   | D4030 Fire Protection Specialties   |
|                           |                                   | D4090 Other Fire Protection Systems                                       |
|                           | D50 Electrical                    | D5010 Electrical Service & Distribution                                   |
|                           |                                   | D5020 Lighting and Branch Wiring  |
|                           |                                   | D5030 Communications & Security   |
| E FOUIDMENT & FURNISHING  | 540 5 : :                         | D5090 Other Electrical Systems  |
| E EQUIPMENT & FURNISHINGS | E10 Equipment                     | E1010 Commercial Equipment  |
|                           |                                   | E1020 Institutional Equipment E1030 Vehicular Equipment                   |
|                           |                                   | E1030 Verification Equipment  |
|                           | E20 Furnishings                   | E2010 Fixed Furnishings   |
|                           |                                   | E2020 Movable Furnishings   |
| F SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION &  | F10 Special Construction          | F1010 Special Structures  |
| DEMOLITION                |                                   | F1020 Integrated Construction   |
|                           |                                   | F1030 Special Construction Systems  |
|                           |                                   | F1040 Special Facilities  |
|                           | F00 0-1                           | F1050 Special Controls and Instrumentation                                |
|                           | F20 Selective Building Demolition | F2010 Building Elements Demolition<br>F2020 Hazardous Component Abatement |
| <u></u>                   | Demonuon                          | 1 2020 Hazardous Component Abatement                                      |



The revision makes the taxonomy more clearly defined, e.g., eliminating the ambiguity about the group to which interior finishes on exterior walls belongs<sup>1</sup>. The groups are smaller and more testable than in UNIFORMAT-II, and more amenable to assessing consequences. A complete listing takes only three pages (see Table 2.5), and contains 274 categories. Nonetheless, the authors particularly note the point that with the greater level of detail comes readier access to existing cost data, stronger validation of new cost estimates against the costs of similar past construction, and easier construction scheduling. However, there are limitations to the revision for present purposes: even with the additional level of detail, the revision does not distinguish differences in seismic performance. For example, there is no distinction between braced and unbraced sprinkler piping or between precast concrete, stucco, wood, and gypsum wallboard exterior walls.

Construction Specifications Institute (2004). Along with UNIFORMAT-II, the MasterFormat classification system represents the second of the two major systems used by the United States construction industry for classifying building construction work. MasterFormat subdivides building components by materials and trades, as opposed to the systems orientation of UNIFORMAT-II and NISTIR 6389. In MasterFormat, for example, concrete, masonry, and metals are three distinct divisions. It is an organizational standard for construction specifications for materials, products, and systems in most commercial and institutional building projects in the U.S. and Canada. It has been recently expanded (MasterFormat Expansion Task Team 2003) to address rapidly expanding building technologies such as integrated automation systems and electronic safety and security systems. It has 50 basic divisions (increased from 16 of prior versions) that constitute the highest-level grouping, and two to three layers of subcategories identified by two-digit pairs, so that the lowest-level grouping has either a six- or eight-digit numerical identifier. A list of the highest-level groupings is shown in Table 2.6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Some additions or clarifications would be desirable to make the taxonomy useful for PBEE, especially the addition of separate categories for structural elements of the gravity and lateral-force-resisting systems.

Table 2.5 NISTIR 6389 proposed revision to UNIFORMAT-II

| Level 3          | Level 4 Sub-Elements   | Level 3                | Level 4 Sub-Elements   |
|------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Elements         |  | Elements               |  |
| A1010            | A1011 Wall Foundations                                       | B2020                  | B2021 Windows  |
| Standard         | A1012 Column Foundations & Pile                              | Exterior               | B2022 Curtain Walls  |
| Foundations      | Caps   | Windows<br>B2030       | B2023 Storefronts  |
|                  | A1013 Perimeter Drainage & Insulation                        | Exterior Doors         | B2031 Glazed Doors & Entrances<br>B2032 Solid Exterior Doors                   |
|                  | Illadiation  | Exterior Doors         | B2032 Solid Exterior Doors B2033 Revolving Doors B2034 Overhead Doors          |
|                  |  |                        | B2039 Other Doors & Entrances  |
| A1020            | A1021 Pile Foundations                                       | B3010                  | B3011 Roof Finishes  |
| Special          | A1022 Grade Beams  | Roof                   | B3012 Traffic Toppings & Paving Membranes                                      |
| Foundations      | A1023 Caissons   | Coverings              | B3013 Roof Insulation & Fill   |
|                  | A1024 Underprinting  |                        | B3014 Flashings & Trim   |
|                  | A1025 Dewatering   |                        | B3015 Roof Eaves and Soffits   |
|                  | A1026 Raft Foundations A1027                                 |                        | B3016 Gutters and Downspouts   |
|                  | Pressure Injected Grouting                                   |                        |  |
| 14000            | A1029 Other Special Conditions                               | D2000                  | D2004 Oleved Beef Overiens   |
| A1030<br>Slab on | A1031 Standard Slab on Grade A1032 Structural Slab on Grade  | B3020<br>Roof Openings | B3021 Glazed Roof Openings<br>B3022 Roof Hatches                               |
| Grade            | A1032 Structural Stab off Grade A1033 Inclined Stab on Grade | Roof Openings          | B3023 Gravity Roof Ventilators   |
| Orado            | A1034 Trenches, Pits & Bases                                 |                        | Boozo Gravity Noor Veritificators  |
|                  | A1035 Under-Slab Drainage &                                  |                        |  |
|                  | Insulation   |                        |  |
| A2010            | A2011 Excavation for Basements                               | C1010                  | C1011 Fixed Partitions   |
| Basement         | A2012 Structure Back Fill &                                  | Partitions             | C1012 Demountable Partitions   |
| Excavation       | Compaction   |                        | C1013 Retractable Partitions C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions                |
|                  | A2013 Shoring  |                        | C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles   |
|                  |  |                        | C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens<br>C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts |
| A2020            | A2021 Basement Wall  | C1020                  | C1021 Interior Doors   |
| Basement         | Construction   | Interior Doors         | C1022 Interior Door Frames   |
| Walls            | A2022 Moisture Protection                                    |                        | C1023 Interior Door Hardware   |
|                  | A2023 Basement Wall Insulation                               |                        | C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements C1025 Interior Door                  |
|                  | A2024 Interior Skin  |                        | Sidelights & Transoms C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors                    |
|                  |  |                        | C1027 Door Painting & Decoration   |
| B1010            | B1011 Suspended Basement                                     | C1030                  | C1031 Fabricated Toilet Partitions   |
| Floor            | Floors Construction  | Fittings               | C1032 Fabricated Compartments & Cubicles                                       |
| Construction     | B1012 Upper Floors Construction<br>B1013 Balcony Floors      |                        | C1033 Storage Shelving and Lockers<br>C1034 Ornamental Metals and Handrails    |
|                  | Construction   |                        | C1035 Identifying Devices  |
|                  | B1014 Ramps  |                        | C1036 Closet Specialties   |
|                  | B1015 Exterior Stairs and Fire                               |                        | C1037 General Fittings & Misc. Metals  |
|                  | Escapes  |                        | •  |
|                  | B1016 Floor Raceway Systems                                  |                        |  |
| D1000            | B1019 Other Floor Construction                               | 02010                  | COOMA Paraday Otaira   |
| B1020<br>Roof    | B1021 Flat Roof Construction                                 | C2010<br>Stair         | C2011 Regular Stairs<br>C2012 Curved Stairs                                    |
| Construction     | B1022 Pitched Roof Construction<br>B1023 Canopies            | Construction           | C2012 Curved Stairs C2013 Spiral Stairs  |
| Johnstruction    | B1029 Other Roof Systems                                     | Constituction          | C2014 Stair Handrails and Balustrades  |
| B2010            | B2011 Exterior Wall Construction                             | C2020                  | C2021 Stair, Tread, and Landing Finishes                                       |
| Exterior         | B2012 Parapets   | Stair Finishes         | C2022 Stair Soffit Finishes  |
| Walls            | B2013 Exterior Louvers, Screens,                             |                        | C2023 Stair Handrail & Balustrade Finishes                                     |
|                  | and Fencing  |                        |  |
|                  | B2014 Exterior Sun Control                                   |                        |  |
|                  | Devices<br>B2015 Balcony Walls & Handrails                   |                        |  |
|                  | B2016 Exterior Soffits                                       |                        |  |
|                  | DEC 10 EXIGNOLOGING  | <u> </u>               |  |



## Table 2.5—Continued

|                                       |  | 1                          | +   |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| C3010<br>Wall                         | C3011 Wall Finishes to Inside Exterior Walls           | D2090<br>Other Plumbing    | D2091 Gas Distribution  |
| Finishes                              | C3012 Wall Finishes to Interior Walls                  | Systems                    | D2092 Acid Waste Systems D2093 Interceptors                                       |
| 1 111101100                           | C3013 Column Finishes                                  | Gyotomo                    | D2094 Pool Piping and Equipment   |
|                                       |  |                            | D2095 Decorative Fountain Piping Devices  |
|                                       |  |                            | D2099 Other Piping Systems  |
| C3020                                 | C3021 Floor Toppings                                   | D3010                      | D3011 Oil Supply System   |
| Floor<br>Finishes                     | C3022 Traffic Membranes<br>C3023 Hardeners and Sealers | Energy Supply              | D3012 Gas Supply System   |
| rinishes                              | C3024 Flooring   |                            | D3013 Coal Supply System D3014 Steam Supply System                                |
|                                       | C3025 Carpeting  |                            | D3015 Hot Water Supply System   |
|                                       | C3026 Bases, Curbs and Trim                            |                            | D3016 Solar Energy System   |
|                                       | C3027 Access Pedestal Flooring                         |                            | D3017 Wind Energy System  |
| C3030                                 | C3031 Ceiling Finishes                                 | D3020                      | D3021 Boilers   |
| Ceiling<br>Finishes                   | C3032 Suspended Ceilings<br>C3033 Other Ceilings       | Heat Generating<br>Systems | D3022 Boiler Room Piping & Specialties  |
| FILIISHES                             | C3033 Other Centrigs                                   | Systems                    | D3023 Auxiliary Equipment D3024 Insulation  |
| D1010                                 | D1011 Passenger Elevators                              | D3030                      | D3031 Chilled Water Systems   |
| Elevators &                           | D1012 Freight Elevators                                | Cooling                    | D3032 Direct Expansion Systems  |
| Lifts                                 | D1013 Lifts  | Generating                 |   |
| D1000                                 | D1001 Feedleters                                       | Systems                    | D2041 Air Dietribution Customs  |
| D1020<br>Escalators &                 | D1021 Escalators<br>D1022 Moving Walks                 | D3040<br>Distribution      | D3041 Air Distribution Systems D3042 Exhaust Ventilation Systems                  |
| Moving                                | D 1022 WOVING WAIKS                                    | Systems                    | D3042 Exhaust vertiliation Systems  D3043 Steam Distribution Systems              |
| Walks                                 |  |                            | D3044 Hot Water Distribution  |
|                                       |  |                            | D3045 Chilled Water Distribution  |
|                                       |  |                            | D3046 Change-over Distribution System   |
| D4000                                 | D4004 Durahuraitana                                    | D2050                      | D3047 Glycol Distribution Systems   |
| D1090<br>Other                        | D1091 Dumbwaiters D1092 Pneumatic Tube Systems         | D3050<br>Terminal &        | D3051 Terminal Self-Contained Units<br>D3052 Package Units                        |
| Conveying                             | D1093 Hoists & Cranes                                  | Package Units              | 50002 Fackage Office  |
| Systems                               | D1094 Conveyors D1095 Chutes                           | T donago omic              |   |
|                                       | _  |                            |   |
|                                       | D1096 Turntables D1097 Baggage Handling & Loading      |                            |   |
|                                       | Systems D1098 Transportation Systems                   |                            |   |
| D2010                                 | D2011 Water Closets                                    | D3060                      | D3061 Heating Generating Systems  |
| Plumbing                              | D2011 Water Glosets D2012 Urinals                      | Controls &                 | D3062 Cooling Generating Systems  |
| Fixtures                              | D2013 Lavatories                                       | Instrumentation            | D3063 Heating/Cooling Air Handling Units  |
|                                       | D2014 Sinks  |                            | D3064 Exhaust & Ventilating Systems   |
|                                       | D2015 Bathtubs   |                            | D3065 Hoods and Exhaust Systems   |
|                                       | D2016 Wash Fountains D2017 Showers                     |                            | D3066 Terminal Devices D3067 Energy Monitoring & Control                          |
|                                       | D2017 Showers D2018 Drinking Fountains and Coolers     |                            | D3068 Building Automation Systems   |
|                                       | D2019 Bidets and Other Plumbing Fixtures               |                            | D3069 Other Controls & Instrumentation  |
| D2020                                 | D2021 Cold Water Service                               | D3070                      | D3071 Piping System Testing & Balancing   |
| Domestic                              | D2022 Hot Water Service                                | Systems Testing            | D3072 Air Systems Testing & Balancing   |
| Water                                 | D2023 Domestic Water Supply Equipment                  | &<br>Delensing             | D3073 HVAC Commissioning  |
| Distribution<br>D2030                 | D2031 Waste Piping                                     | Balancing<br>D3090         | D3079 Other Systems Testing and Balancing D3091 Special Cooling Systems & Devices |
| Sanitary                              | D2031 Waste Piping D2032 Vent Piping                   | Other HVAC                 | D3091 Special Cooling Systems & Devices D3092 Special Humidity Control            |
| Waste                                 | D2032 Vent 1 iping D2033 Floor Drains                  | Systems &                  | D3093 Dust & Fume Collectors  |
|                                       | D2034 Sanitary Waste Equipment                         | Equipment                  | D3094 Air Curtains  |
|                                       | D2035 Pipe Insulation                                  |                            | D3095 Air Purifiers   |
|                                       |  |                            | D3096 Paint Spray Booth Ventilation   |
| D2040                                 | D2041 Pipe & Fittings                                  | D4010                      | D3097 General Construction Items (HVAC) D4011 Sprinkler Water Supply              |
| Rain Water                            | D2041 Pipe & Fillings D2042 Roof Drains                | Sprinklers                 | D4011 Sprinkler Water Supply D4012 Sprinkler Pumping Equipment                    |
| Drainage                              | D2043 Rainwater Drainage Equipment                     | Opinicio                   | D4013 Dry Sprinkler System  |
|                                       | D2044 Pipe Insulation                                  |                            |   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |                            |   |



### Table 2.5—Continued

| D4020<br>Standpipes                          | D4021 Standpipe Water Supply<br>D4022 Pumping Equipment<br>D4023 Standpipe Equipment<br>D4024 Fire Hose Equipment  | E2010<br>Fixed Furnishings                     | E2011 Fixed Artwork E2012 Fixed Casework E2013 Blinds and Other Window Treatment E2014 Fixed Floor Grilles and Mats E2015 Fixed Multiple Seating E2016 Fixed Interior Landscaping           |
|--|--|--|---|
| D4030<br>Fire Protection<br>Specialties      | D4031 Fire Extinguishers<br>D4032 Fire Extinguisher Cabinets   | E2020<br>Movable Furnishings                   | E2021 Movable Artwork E2022 Furniture & Accessories E2023 Movable Rugs and Mats E2024 Movable Interior Landscaping  |
| D4090<br>Other Fire<br>Protection<br>Systems | D4091 Carbon Dioxide Systems D4092 Foam Generating Equipment D4093 Clean Agent Systems D4094 Dry Chemical System D4095 Hood & Duct Fire Protection   | F1010<br>Special Structures                    | F1011 Air Supported Structures<br>F1012 Pre-engineered Structures<br>F1013 Other Special Structures   |
| D5010 Electrical Service & Distribution      | D5011 High Tension Service & Dist.<br>D5012 Low Tension Service & Dist.  | F1020<br>Integrated<br>Construction            | F1021 Integrated Assemblies<br>F1022 Special Purpose Rooms<br>F1023 Other Integrated Construction   |
| D5020<br>Lighting &<br>Branch Wiring         | D5021 Branch Wiring Devices<br>D5022 Lighting Equipment  | F1030<br>Special Construction<br>Systems       | F1031 Sound, Vibration & Seismic Const.<br>F1032 Radiation Protection<br>F1033 Special Security Systems<br>F1034 Vaults<br>F1039 Other Special Construction Systems                         |
| D5030<br>Communications<br>& Security        | D5031 Public Address & Music Systems D5032 Intercommunication & Paging Syst. D5033 Telephone Systems D5034 Call Systems D5035 Television Systems D5036 Clock and Program Systems D5037 Fire Alarm Systems D5038 Security and Detection Systems D5039 Local Area Networks | F1040<br>Special Facilities                    | F1041 Aquatic Facilities<br>F1042 Ice Rinks<br>F1043 Site Constructed Incinerators<br>F1044 Kennels & Animal Shelters<br>F1045 Liquid & Gas Storage Tanks<br>F1049 Other Special Facilities |
| D5090<br>Other Electrical<br>System          | D5091 Grounding Systems D5092 Emergency Light & Power Systems D5093 Floor Raceway Systems D5094 Other Special Systems & Devices D5095 General Construction Items (Elect.)  | F1050<br>Special Controls &<br>Instrumentation | F1051 Recording Instrumentation<br>F1052 Building Automation System<br>F1059 Other Special Controls &<br>Instrumentation  |
| E1010<br>Commercial<br>Equipment             | E1011 Security & Vault Equipment E1012 Teller and Service Equipment E1013 Registration Equipment E1014 Checkroom Equipment E1015 Mercantile Equipment E1016 Laundry & Dry Cleaning Equipment E1017 Vending Equipment E1018 Office Equipment                              | F2010 Building Elements Demolition             | F2011 Building Interior Demolition F2012 Building Exterior Demolition   |
| E1020<br>Institutional<br>Equipment          | E1021 Ecclesiastical Equipment E1022 Library Equipment E1023 Theater & Stage Equipment E1024 Instrumental Equipment E1025 Audio-visual Equipment E1026 Detention Equipment E1027 Laboratory Equipment E1028 Medical Equipment E1029 Other Institutional Equipment        | F2020<br>Hazardous<br>Components<br>Abatement  | F2021 Removal of Hazardous Components<br>F2022 Encapsulation of Hazardous<br>Components   |
| E1030<br>Vehicular<br>Equipment              | E1031 Vehicular Service Equipment<br>E1032 Parking Control Equipment<br>E1033 Loading Dock Equipment<br>E1039 Other Vehicular Equipment  | E1090<br>Other Equipment                       | E1091 Maintenance Equipment E1092 Solid Waste Handling Equipment E1093 Food Service Equipment E1094 Residential Equipment E1095 Unit Kitchens   |
| (Note E1090 move                             | d right for convenience) →   |  | E1097 Window Washing Equipment<br>E1099 Other Equipment   |



Because it is used for construction specifications, the MasterFormat taxonomy is clearly defined. The system is highly detailed: a complete listing of its classification scheme takes 170 pages without explanatory text. It is familiar to construction contractors and others. The high level of detail presents problems. For example, it distinguishes the metal studs of interior partitions from the wallboard-partition sheathing, showing these two components in separate taxonomic groups. Certain groups do seem to represent larger assemblies, however. For example, while there are separate groups for metal framing and for gypsum wallboard sheathing of wallboard partitions, there is also a group for gypsum board assemblies. Because of these redundant assembly-level groups, the system is testable and amenable to the assessment of consequences but is not collectively exhaustive. As with other taxonomic system that were not designed with PBEE in mind, it does not distinguish differences in seismic performance.

**Table 2.6 MasterFormat divisions** 

| PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING                 | Division 24 Reserved                                   |
|---|--|
| REQUIREMENTS GROUP                          |  |
| Division 00 Procurement and Contracting     | Division 25 Integrated Automation                      |
| Requirements                                |  |
| SPECIFICATIONS GROUP                        | Division 26 Electrical                                 |
| GENERAL REQUIREMENTS SUBGROUP               | Division 27 Communications                             |
| Division 01 General Requirements            | Division 28 Electronic Safety and Security             |
| FACILITY CONSTRUCTION SUBGROUP              | Division 29 Reserved                                   |
| Division 02 Existing Conditions             | SITE AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUBGROUP                       |
| Division 03 Concrete                        | Division 30 Reserved                                   |
| Division 04 Masonry                         | Division 31 Earthwork                                  |
| Division 05 Metals                          | Division 32 Exterior Improvements                      |
| Division 06 Wood, Plastics, and Composites  | Division 33 Utilities                                  |
| Division 07 Thermal and Moisture Protection | Division 34 Transportation                             |
| Division 08 Openings                        | Division 35 Waterway and Marine Construction           |
| Division 09 Finishes                        | Division 36 Reserved                                   |
| Division 10 Specialties                     | Division 37 Reserved                                   |
| Division 11 Equipment                       | Division 38 Reserved                                   |
| Division 12 Furnishings                     | Division 39 Reserved                                   |
| Division 13 Special Construction            | PROCESS EQUIPMENT SUBGROUP                             |
| Division 14 Conveying Equipment             | Division 40 Process Integration                        |
| Division 15 Reserved                        | Division 41 Material Processing and Handling Equipment |
| Division 16 Reserved                        | Division 42 Process Heating, Cooling, and Drying       |
|   | Equipment  |
| Division 17 Reserved                        | Division 43 Process Gas and Liquid Handling,           |
|   | Purification, and Storage Equipment                    |
| Division 18 Reserved                        | Division 44 Pollution Control Equipment                |
| Division 19 Reserved                        | Division 45 Industry-Specific Manufacturing Equipment  |
| FACILITY SERVICES SUBGROUP                  | Division 46 Reserved                                   |
| Division 20 Reserved                        | Division 47 Reserved                                   |
| Division 21 Fire Suppression                | Division 48 Electrical Power Generation                |
| Division 22 Plumbing                        | Division 49 Reserved                                   |
| Division 23 Heating, Ventilating, and Air   |  |
| Conditioning                                |  |



RS Means' (2004) assembly-numbering system. RS Means' primary business is research, analysis, and reporting on construction costs. Its assembly taxonomic system is therefore designed for use in construction (and repair) cost estimation. The assembly-numbering system is an extension of the UNIFORMAT-II 5-digit system up to level 3, beyond which RS Means adds an additional three-digit major classification and a final four-digit line number. Despite the detail, the taxonomic groups are testable, and much of the detail simply provides cost information about modest variations between similar assembly types. For example, RS Means provides cost information about 42 versions of drywall partition on metal stud framing. The taxonomic groups are clearly defined and collectively exhaustive, and with an important limitation discussed below, can be reasonably expected to share common fragility functions. Because of the detail and emphasis on cost, this system is highly amenable to assessing consequences. Its hierarchical structure make it collapsible. RS Means is familiar to contractors and engineers. The major limitations of this taxonomic system are fourfold: (1) its groups do not distinguish some features of seismic resistance, such as the presence of bracing in sprinkler lines or anchorage in floor-mounted electrical equipment; (2) the system is very large, occupying more than 500 pages, with much of the detail irrelevant to seismic performance; (3) to duplicate this extensive taxonomy would require copyright or other agreements that RS Means has expressed an unwillingness to arrange (Miranda 2005); and (4) to use RS Means' taxonomy would tie PBEE to a costly, single-source publication.

RS Means' (2000) component numbering system. This document provides unit costs for repair and remodeling, along with greater detail than the RS Means' (2004) assembly cost manual on construction crew productivity and therefore repair duration. The numbering system is based on the familiar CSI MasterFormat, rather than UNIFORMAT-II as in the assembly-numbering system. The taxonomy is clearly defined, collectively exhaustive, and fine enough (with an important limitation noted below) to be testable, amenable to the assessment of consequences (particular because of the cost and duration data), collapsible, and have taxonomic groups that share common fragility functions. As with the RS Means assembly-numbering system, the major limitations of this taxonomic system are that its groups do not distinguish some features of seismic resistance, it is very large (with most of the detail irrelevant to seismic performance), and it raises issues of copyrights and high cost.



#### 2.3 FRAGILITY DATA

It is worthwhile at this point to review a sample of important fragility tests, surveys, and postearthquake reconnaissance reports because they highlight features that distinguish differences in seismic performance. A feature of a common damageable component that makes a material difference in damageability should be reflected in the taxonomy. It is beyond the present scope of work to perform an exhaustive literature review of the fragility of all nonstructural components, but a brief review is presented here of analytical and reconnaissance literature about key nonstructural components that commonly contribute to losses.

Tests and surveys reviewed here include investigations into the performance of nonstructural partitions by Pardoen et al. (2000), glazing by Sucuoglu and Vallabhan (1997), commercial and industrial mechanical and electrical equipment by Swan and Kassawara (1998), building service equipment by Johnson et al. (1999), household property by Saeki et al. (2000), small laboratory equipment by Hutchinson (Comerio 2005), and modular office furniture by Filiatrault (1991).

Nonstructural partitions. Pardoen et al. (2000) performed racking tests of a variety of architectural wall systems with various finish materials, framing systems, and fasteners. They found that stucco-wall yield displacement (associated with onset of damage) can differ from that of gypsum wallboard by a factor of 3, and from plywood and oriented strandboard by a factor of 10; hence the taxonomy must distinguish between finish materials on nonstructural walls. Gypsum wallboard of 5/8-in. thickness was observed to have 60% greater ultimate drift capacity than ½-in. wallboard, so wallboard thickness matters to fragility, and presumably sheathing thickness in general matters. (The authors tested nearly constant thicknesses of wood sheathing, so little can be observed from their data about the importance of wood-sheathing thickness on fragility.) Stucco-wall yield displacements differ by a factor of 2 depending on whether the connectors are furring nails or staples, so connectors matter.

Glazing. Limited racking or shake-table tests have been performed of glazing. Examples include Pantelides and Behr (1994), Behr et al. (1995), and Behr and Worrell (1998). Sucuoglu and Vallabhan (1997) present a useful theoretical examination of the fragility of window glass during earthquakes that is more generally applicable, although it is a deterministic, not probabilistic, model. Using their model, one finds that, for floating glass (i.e., with flexible support to the glass within the frame), the chief parameters affecting glazing fracture are glass width, height, the gap between the glass and the frame, and rounded glass corners, each of

which, within reasonable bounds, can increase or decrease drift capacity by at least  $\pm$  50%. Smaller panes and ones with greater gaps are more rugged. Pane thickness, tensile strength, and Young's modulus have more modest effect on glazing capacity, affecting drift capacity by less than 20%.

Laboratory equipment. Hutchinson performed shake-table tests of a variety of laboratory equipment, measuring permanent displacement of objects of various size and base friction, such as computers, microscopes, glassware, etc. (Comerio 2005). In the same publication, the present author analyzed the displacement results to determine the features that matter to whether the objects would slide off a countertop or shelf in an earthquake. For these common laboratory objects, two features matter most to sliding off: base friction and location. It seems likely that common restraint measures such as shelf lips also matter, but these were not tested. Base friction was divided into two groups, low (coefficient of static friction less than 0.5) and high (greater than 0.5), which essentially means that if the interface between object and counter or shelf includes rubber, then the base friction is high; otherwise, it is low. Location was divided into countertop and shelf, the important distinction being the distance the object must slide before sliding off. A third and fourth parameter—weight and height above floor—do not matter for sliding off but may matter for consequent injuries. Weight was categorized as low (less than 20 lb), medium (20–400 lb), and high (greater than 400 lb), based on the judgment of consultants who contributed to the study. For present purposes, it seems adequate to include taxonomic groups to break out laboratory equipment and other contents by location (countertop or shelf), base friction (low or high), two categories of weight ( $\leq 20$  lb or > 20 lb), and for shelved items, two categories of height: low ( $\leq 4$  ft above the finished floor) or high (> 4 ft), for a total of 12 groups.

Swan and Kassawara (1998). These authors describe a database of the observed performance of 20 categories of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing equipment in commercial and industrial facilities in 25 earthquakes. The database was compiled in collaboration with the Electric Power Research Institute. The authors also present a methodology for developing fragility functions based on observed performance, as well as the derived fragility function for each category of components. (Here, the fragility functions describe the probability that the equipment will fail to operate after an earthquake, as a function of peak base acceleration.) The authors describe installation conditions that make a material difference in component fragility. This is important: for several of these categories of equipment, seismic installation condition can



be described as a binary feature that can be used to define the category of equipment. That is, some components can be said either to be installed to resist earthquakes, or not installed for seismic resistance, based on the post-earthquake observation of several thousand pieces of commercial and industrial equipment. That is not to say that all nonstructural or other building components can be defined as either seismically installed or not, merely that *some* categories can.

Eidinger and Goettel (1998). These authors examine the cost-effectiveness of various seismic upgrades for nonstructural components at hospitals, emergency operation centers, city halls, and schools. In the course of the paper, the authors provide approximately 40 fragility functions of generators, storage racks, suspended ceilings, various HVAC components, sprinklers, electrical cabinets, elevators, equipment, and tanks. They list fragility functions without and with mitigation measures for several components' categories (although in some cases with unclear EDP or DM). The list implies several important distinctions should be made in the taxonomy between anchored, nominally anchored, and unanchored versions of generators, storage racks and library shelves, fans, electrical cabinets, tanks, and generic equipment items. They also distinguish between braced (other otherwise restrained) versions of suspended ceilings, HVAC ductwork, and sprinklers.

International Code Council (2000). The International Building Code addresses nonstructural components through design requirements tailored to different component categories. Its table 1621.2 distinguishes 13 categories of architectural components or elements, each with up to three subcategories (see Table 2.1). Furthermore, walls and finishes are segregated by fire-resistance rating. A variety of fire-protection systems, smoke-protection system, and their components are defined. Several categories of glazing are addressed. Gypsum board, plaster, and stucco are addressed. Mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems are addressed by other codes. There is brief discussion of elevators and conveying systems and their components.

Johnson et al. (1999). These authors offer a tool to estimate and manage the seismic reliability of equipment systems, based on a detailed examination of the system components, and using a simplified logic-tree analysis of the system. The methodology produces a "seismic score" for an overall equipment system, which relates to the annual probability of the equipment system failing to perform its required function. Individual equipment components are assessed using a set of standard, 2-page, multiple-choice forms, one for each of 37 component types. The forms



allow the analyst to estimate the seismic reliability of the component, considering the type of component, the seismic hazard at the site, the location of the component within the building, and its installation conditions such as adequacy of seismic restraint and potential for interaction with other components. The scores are then used to assess the reliability of the overall equipment system. The forms offer a pre-established taxonomy of components and of common installation conditions and deficiencies. As in Swan and Kassawara, these authors have defined discrete conditions that distinguish seismically resistant equipment from otherwise. These discrete conditions can be reflected in a taxonomy that has different taxonomic groups to reflect conditions of seismic installation.

Saeki et al. (2000). These authors present data on household property loss resulting from the 1995 Kobe earthquake (Table 2.7). The data come from 965 questionnaires returned by insurance-company employees living in the Hyogo and Osaka prefectures. Questions about household property address ownership of and damage to ten categories of contents: six categories of durable possessions such as furniture, appliances, and electronics; and four categories of non-durables such as curtains, tableware, and clothing. The authors performed regression analyses to calculate the parameters of fragility functions for each category of household contents. The most commonly damaged components were tableware, which commonly toppled or fell to the floor at JMA intensities of around 5. The most rugged components were heaters and coolers, which on average experienced damage only when subjected to JMA ≥ 7.25.



Table 2.7 Taxonomy of household contents by Saeki et al. (2000)

| Type                    |   | Household property  |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Durable possessions     | A | Large self-standing furniture mainly used for storage (overturning)                           | Chests, bookshelves, and cupboards  |  |
|                         | В | Household electrical appliances (overturning)   | Electric refrigerators and washing machines   |  |
|                         | С | Household electrical appliances (falling to the floor, toppling over)                         | Microwave ovens   |  |
|                         | D | Household entertainment equipment (falling to the floor, toppling over)                       | Audiovisual equipment, personal computers, telecommunications equipment, and musical instruments                                |  |
|                         | Е | Floor-standing furniture (crushing)   | Dining tables, chairs, living room furniture, and cooking stoves  |  |
|                         | F | Heaters and coolers (crushing, overturning)   | Air conditioners and heaters  |  |
| Non-durable possessions | G | Indoor accessories and miscellaneous items (crushing)   | Curtains, sliding doors and screens, health and medical equipment, sporting goods, bags, shoes, <i>Tatami</i> mats, and carpets |  |
|                         | Н | Tableware (falling to the floor, toppling over)   | Tableware   |  |
|                         | I | Home entertainment items, miscellaneous items (falling to the floor, toppling over)           | Clocks, cameras, lighting fixtures, records, CDs, miscellaneous items, and toys   |  |
|                         | J | Clothing and bedclothes (physically damaged or contaminated by glass or other foreign matter) | Clothing and bedclothes   |  |

Modular office furniture. Filiatrault (1991) reports on shake-table tests of freestanding modular office furniture. Despite tests with excitation up to 5%-damped spectral acceleration up to 1.2g, no damage or overturning of the furniture occurred. EERI (1995) documents at least one case of partial-height office partitions overturning, but its photo does not suggest that injuries occurred as a consequence or that the partitions could not simply be stood back up without repair. This suggests that modular office furniture is relatively rugged, and at present requires no differentiation between varieties in a nonstructural component taxonomy.

#### 2.4 POST-EARTHQUAKE RECONNAISSANCE

A brief literature review was performed of post-earthquake reconnaissance to identify important distinctions that should be reflected in the taxonomy but where fragility and loss data may still need to be compiled. The review identifies features of nonstructural components that seem to matter for seismic performance but that are not reflected in the NISTIR 6389 taxonomy. Documents include EERI's (1995) Northridge earthquake reconnaissance report, EERI's (1990) Loma Prieta earthquake reconnaissance report, and EERI's (1984) Coalinga earthquake reconnaissance report. A review of these documents suggests that the following important distinctions should be reflected in the taxonomy:

Windows. Lowrise storefront windows with annealed glass when broken have sharper edges and are therefore more likely to cause injuries than lowrise storefront windows with tempered, wired, or laminated glass, or glass with shatter-resistant film. Similarly, highrise curtain-wall systems with annealed glass are more dangerous than highrise curtain-wall systems with tempered, wired, or laminated glass, or glass with shatter-resistant film. There is also evidence that glazing with silicone sealant along one or more edges is less likely to be damaged than some glazing systems with roll-in vinyl gaskets or without edge blocks or adequate edge bite; this distinction might be useful in the future.

Suspended ceilings. Suspended ceilings lacking either diagonal braces, compression struts, or both, appear to be more fragile than suspended ceilings with braces and compression struts.

*Elevators*. Elevator counterweights tended to derail and render the elevator unusable and require repair; therefore traction passenger elevators should be distinguished from hydraulic passenger elevators, which do not have counterweights. Similarly, traction freight elevators should be distinguished from hydraulic freight elevators. (Passenger versus freight may be irrelevant for earthquake engineering purposes, but the two uses are distinguished at level 4 of NISTIR 6389.)

Concrete block fences. Non-engineered concrete block freestanding walls show greater likelihood of damage than engineered concrete block freestanding walls.

Fire sprinklers. Fire sprinklers that are not compliant with NFPA-13 (1991) are probably more fragile than sprinklers that do comply. Although not mentioned in EERI (1995), it is also probably important to distinguish automatic sprinklers (whose lines are charged, that is, filled with water) from pre-action or deluge systems whose lines are dry until a valve opens, and from Halon or other non-water-based fire-suppression systems, whose discharge does not damage electronics. Four groups are therefore suggested: automatic sprinklers that are noncompliant with NFPA-13 (1991); automatic sprinklers that are compliant with NFPA-13 (1991); pre-action or deluge sprinklers; and Halon or other non-water-based fire-suppression systems.

Heavy cladding. Brick masonry veneer without ties to the supporting wall tends to be far more fragile than brick masonry veneer that is tied to the supporting wall. Similarly, stone veneer without ties to the supporting wall, including stone veneer attached with mortar spots, should be distinguished from stone veneer tied to the supporting wall.



*Interior finishes*. There appears to be significant differences either in fragility or repair cost for paint on interior partitions, ceramic tile veneer over interior partitions, wallpaper on interior partitions, and vinyl wall coverings.

Roofing tiles. Concrete, clay, and slate roofing tiles that are not individually fastened to the roof sheathing tended to experience damage in the Northridge earthquake and should be distinguished from concrete, clay, and slate roofing tiles that are individually fastened to the roof sheathing. Because of their greater potential to cause injury, heavy tiles should also be distinguished from lightweight roofing, including built-up roofing, single-ply membrane roofs, corrugated roofing, formed metal roofing, and wood, asphalt, and mineral-fiber shingles. Different varieties of lightweight roofing are not distinguished here because the distinctions between them do not appear strongly relevant to their seismic resistance or to the consequences of damage, although such distinctions could be made in the future if appropriate.

*Chimneys*. Unreinforced brick chimneys commonly break off at the roof line; these should be distinguished from reinforced masonry and precast reinforced concrete chimneys, and from lightweight (insulated metal-lined) flues in woodframe chimneys.

Contents. Household contents and other countertop and shelved contents are categorized as discussed above. Library shelving not braced to the building frame should be distinguished from library shelving that is braced to the building frame. Contents in cabinets without positive mechanical or strong magnetic catches appear more likely to fall out than contents of cabinets with positive mechanical or strong magnetic catches. An additional consideration for shelved contents is that the use of bungy cords and mechanical restraint appears to be somewhat effective in preventing contents from sliding off; one additional category is therefore included: mechanically restrained light contents and light contents on shelves with bungy-cord or springmounted wire restraint. A potentially important issue not address here is the distinction between chemicals that, if spilled, represent a health threat, and other contents.

Lighting fixtures. Lay-in fluorescent lighting fixtures without two or more slack safety wires probably pose a greater collapse and safety risk than lay-in fluorescent lighting fixtures with two or more slack safety wires. Similarly, experience in schools suggests that stem-hung pendant fluorescent fixtures without safety wires in the stems pose a greater collapse and safety risk than stem-hung pendant fluorescent fixtures with safety wires in the stems, and that high-intensity-discharge gas vapor lights can also fall.



# 3 Proposed Taxonomic System

### 3.1 CONCLUSIONS REGARDING EXISTING TAXONOMIES

Table 3.1 summarizes the taxonomies reviewed here and the degree to which they offer the desired features. Column headings list the objectives; rows list the existing systems. Each system is rated for how well it meets each objective.

Table 3.1 Adequacy of existing taxonomic systems to meet stated objectives

|                                     | 1. Clear definitions | 2. Collectively exhaustive | 3. Common fragility functions | 4. Testable | 5. Distinguishes performance | 6. Simple | 7. Assessment of consequences | 8. Collapsible | 9. Flexible | 10. Familiar |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| IBC 2000; ASCE 7-05                 | 1                    | •                          | •                             | •           | •                            | 0         | •                             | •              | 1           | 0            |
| HAZUS                               | 0                    | 1                          | 0                             | 1           | •                            | 0         | 0                             | •              | •           | 0            |
| Porter (2000)                       | 0                    | 1                          | 0                             | 0           | 0                            | •         | 0                             | 0              | 1           | 0            |
| Taghavi and Miranda (2003)          | 0                    |                            |                               | 0           |                              | •         | 0                             | 0              |             | 0            |
| Antaki (2004)                       | •                    |                            | 0                             | •           | 0                            |           | •                             | 0              |             |              |
| UNIFORMAT II                        |                      | 0                          |                               | •           |                              | 0         | •                             | 0              |             | 0            |
| NISTIR 6389 (proposed for use here) | 0                    | 0                          | 0                             | 0           |                              |           | 0                             | 0              |             | 0            |
| MasterFormat 04                     | 0                    |                            | 0                             | 0           |                              |           | 0                             |                | 1           | 0            |
| RS Means assemblies                 | 0                    | 0                          | 0                             | 0           | •                            |           | 0                             | 0              | 1           | 0            |
| RS Means components                 | 0                    | 0                          |                               | 0           |                              |           | 0                             | 0              |             | 0            |

None of the existing taxonomies examined here satisfies all ten requirements. Most are clearly defined and would be readily understandable to earthquake engineers. Only four are collectively exhaustive: UNIFORMAT-II, NISTIR 6389 (the proposed extension to



UNIFORMAT-II), and the two RS Means' numbering systems. Of these, the latter two are too detailed to be practical for present purposes, in addition to having copyright and cost issues that would seem to disqualify them from use. The important differences between UNIFORMAT-II and NISTIR 6389 are that the former is too brief to have common fragility functions or to be testable or amenable to the assessment of consequences.

What remains is NISTIR 6389, which is clearly defined, is collectively exhaustive, has groups that are generally small enough to share common fragility functions and to be testable, is fairly simple, is explicitly designed to facilitate the assessment of consequences, appears to be readily collapsible, and should readily be understood by earthquake engineers. However, it has two important deficiencies for present purposes: it does not distinguish features that are relevant to seismic performance, and no mechanism exists for users to add new taxonomic groups as new knowledge develops.

## 3.2 PROPOSED TAXONOMY AND CONSEQUENCE DATABASE

These deficiencies in NISTIR 6389 could be overcome with two expedients that would probably be required for any taxonomy: First, addition of another level of detail to the classification system—here, a level 5, below the four provided by NISTIR 6389—to reflect seismic installation conditions or other subgroups. Second, the taxonomy would have to be easily expandable and interactive, so that researchers or other future users could add subgroups within the existing taxonomy. For example, if a researcher found through experiment that by subdividing category B2021, windows, by frame gap, pane size, etc., the uncertainty on the fragility of subgroups could be reduced below that of the general category B2021, he or she could create new categories B2021.001, B2021.002, etc., name them, define their fragility functions, repair costs, etc., and make that data available to the research community.

Both expedients could be provided for by creating an online, interactive taxonomy database (with other features, described below). The database would offer queries so that users could interact with tables that list the taxonomic groups as well as their parameters of fragility, repair cost, repair duration, and other consequences such as potential for casualties and impact on post-earthquake occupiability and operability of the facility. Users would be able to look up or add records. Each record could be supplied with a pointer (URL or bibliographic citation) to the



source of the parameters. Porter (2000) and Taghavi and Miranda (2003) have already developed prototypes of such a database.

During this work the author developed an initial draft of such a database. It contain four tables and one html data-access page. The table named "NISTIR 6389" lists the taxonomic groups through Level 4. This table includes the categories shown in Table 2.5, plus five new categories of structural steel elements (B1031 through B1035), four of reinforced concrete structural elements (B1041 through B1044), and one category of exterior wall finish (B4041). The layout of this table is shown in Table 3.2. The second table is named "Taxonomy;" its layout, shown in Table 3.3, is nearly identical to that of "NISTIR 6389" with the addition of fifth-level extensions. A printout of its contents is included in the appendix of this paper.

Table 3.2 Layout of database table "NISTIR 6389"

| Field Name          | Data Type  | Description   |
|---------------------|------------|---|
| ID                  | Autonumber | Table index. Table contains taxonomic groups through Level 4.                 |
| Level 1 ID          | A1         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 1, A through F   |
| Level 1 description | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 1 description, e.g., Substructure                          |
| Level 2 ID          | A3         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 2, A10 through F20   |
| Level 2 description | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 2 description, e.g., Foundations                           |
| Level 3 ID          | A5         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 3, A1010 through F2020                                     |
| Level 3 description | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 3 description, e.g., Standard Foundations                  |
| Level 4 ID          | A5         | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4, A1011 through F2022                |
| Level 4 description | A50        | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4 description, e.g., Wall Foundations |
| Comment             | A50        | Comment   |

Table 3.3 Layout of database table "Taxonomy"

| Field Name           | Data Type  | Description   |
|----------------------|------------|---|
| ID                   | Autonumber | Table index. Table contains taxonomic groups through Level 4.                 |
| Level 1 ID           | A1         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 1, A through F   |
| Level 1 description  | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 1 description, e.g., Substructure                          |
| Level 2 ID           | A3         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 2, A10 through F20   |
| Level 2 description  | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 2 description, e.g., Foundations                           |
| Level 3 ID           | A5         | UNIFORMAT-II Level 3, A1010 through F2020                                     |
| Level 3 description  | A50        | UNIFORMAT-II Level 3 description, e.g., Standard Foundations                  |
| Level 4 ID           | A5         | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4, A1011 through F2022                |
| Level 4 description  | A50        | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4 description, e.g., Wall Foundations |
| Level 5 extension    | A3         | ATC-58 proposed Level 5 extension, 001 through 999                            |
| Level 5 ID           | A9         | ATC-58 proposed Level 5 ID, A1011.001 through F2022.999                       |
| Level 5 description  | A255       | ATC-58 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 5 description                              |
| RS Means line number | A16        | RS Means line number by assembly or component, extended to reflect condition  |
| Comment              | A50        | Comment   |



The third table is named "RC." It lists fragility functions and repair-cost distributions by Level-5 taxonomic group for a modest set of component types. Its layout is detailed in Table 3.4. The fourth table is named "References." It lists brief citations contained in RC and shows the full bibliographic references for each brief citation. Its layout is detailed in Table 3.5. The data-access page is an html document that allows one to browse, edit, delete, or insert records into table "RC." An image of the data-access page is shown in Fig. 3.1. Noteworthy features of table "RC," apparent in Fig. 3.1, include the following:

- Brief user-friendly name for each component type, along with a detailed description.
- Lists of both NISTIR 6389 category and to RS Means' category for ease of reference for repair-cost and repair-duration information.
- Fields for fragility-function parameters, including engineering demand parameter (EDP), damage measure (DM), description of repair requirements, form of an idealized probability distribution for fragility function (five are anticipated here), and its parameters.
- Fields for repair-cost distribution and parameters, including cost year (to account for inflation) and 3-digit ZIP Code zone for which the cost is applicable (to account for variation in local construction costs).
- Fields for repair duration in crew-hours, and a field for lead time, meaning days waiting for delivery of materials, which might be relevant for specialty equipment).
- Citation fields for reference to source publications for fragility, cost, and repair-duration data.
- Flags to indicate the quality of the fragility function: a field to indicate whether its basis is experimental, analytical, from earthquake experience, or judgment; another to indicate whether the fragility function has been peer reviewed.
- Yellow highlighted explanation box appears when the mouse pointer is placed over a data entry box.



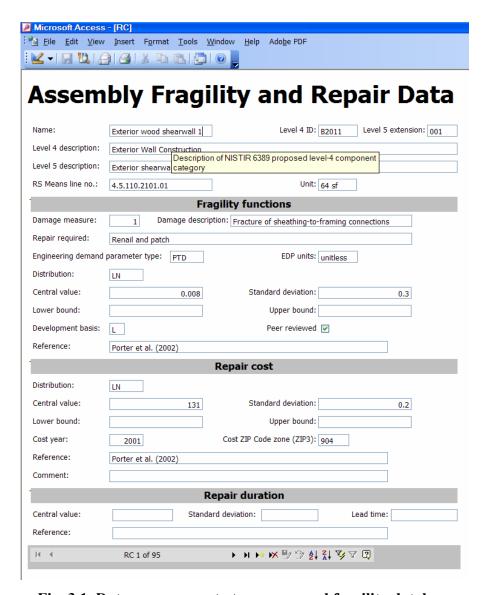


Fig. 3.1 Data access page to taxonomy and fragility database

For those categories for which the author has fragility, cost, and repair-duration information, these data have been included as well. Fewer than 100 records currently contain fragility function and repair-cost parameters; the remainder are placeholders, showing only name, NISTIR 6389 line number, description, and EDP type. The table named "References" contains citations for all records in RC that have fragility and cost data. It would certainly be desirable to add fragility and repair-cost data compiled by others such as Taghavi and Miranda (2003), and it might be desirable to expand the proposed database to include other consequence characteristics such as life-safety and operational consequences, as those authors did.



Table 3.4 Layout of database table "RC"

| Field Name                       | Data Type  | Description   |
|----------------------------------|------------|---|
| ID                               | Autonumber | Table index. Table contains parameters of fragility functions and unit repair costs   |
| Name                             | A50        | A user-friendly name for the assembly type  |
| RS Means line                    | A16        | RS Means line number, either by assembly (RS Means' UNIFORMAT extension) or component   |
| number                           |            | (MasterFormat extension), extended to reflect seismic condition   |
| Level 4 ID                       | A4         | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4, A1011 through F2022  |
| Level 4 description              | A50        | NISTIR 6389 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 4 description, e.g., Wall Foundations   |
| Level 5 extension                | A3         | ATC-58 proposed Level 5 extension, 001 through 999  |
| Level 5 description              | A255       | ATC-58 proposed UNIFORMAT-II Level 5 description  |
| Unit                             | A12        | Unit in which assembly is measured and at which fragility functions and cost distributions apply, e.g., ea, 64 sf, pane, etc.   |
| DM                               | Integer    | Damage state ID within assembly type  |
| DM description                   | A75        | Description of damage state   |
| DM repair description            | A50        | Description of repair effort  |
| EDP type                         | A4         | Category of EDP most closely related to damage. Choices are peak transient drift ratio (PTD), peak diaphragm acceleration (PDA), modified Park-Ang damage index (PADI), and elastic demand-capacity ratio (DCR) |
| EDP units                        | A8         | Units in which EDP is measured  |
| Fragility function distribution  | A4         | Idealized form of capacity distribution (i.e., of fragility function). Choices are lognormal (LN), normal (N), beta (B), uniform (U), and exponential (E)   |
| mFF                              | Single     | Central value of capacity (i.e., of fragility function). For lognormal (LN) or normal (N) distribution, m = median. For beta (B) or exponential (E), m = mean. Not needed for uniform (U) distribution.         |
| sFF                              | Single     | Dispersion of capacity. For LN, s = logarithmic standard deviation. For N or B, s= standard deviation.  Not needed for U or E.  |
| lowerFF                          | Single     | Lower bound of capacity. Only for B and U. Not used for N, LN, or E.  |
| upperFF                          | Single     | Upper bound of capacity. Only for B and U. Not used for N, LN, or E.  |
| Cost distribution                | A4         | Idealized form of unit-repair-cost distribution. Choices are lognormal (LN), normal (N), beta (B), uniform (U), and exponential (E)   |
| mC                               | Single     | Central value of unit cost. For LN or N distribution, m = median. For B or E distribution, m = mean. Not needed for U distribution.   |
| sC                               | Single     | Dispersion of unit cost. For LN distribution, s = logarithmic standard deviation. For N or B distribution, s = standard deviation. Not needed for U or E.   |
| lowerC                           | Single     | Lower bound of unit cost. Only for B and U distributions. Not used for N, LN, or E.   |
| upperC                           | Single     | Upper bound of unit cost. Only for B and U distributions. Not used for N, LN, or E.   |
| Cost year                        | Integer    | Reference year for cost distribution. Format is YYYY.   |
| Cost ZIP3                        | A3         | Reference location for cost distribution: "Avg" means national average, otherwise use 3-digit ZIP Code zone   |
| Fragility function basis         | A1         | Basis for fragility function: laboratory experiment (L), analytical (A), earthquake (E), or judgment (J)  |
| Fragility function peer reviewed | Yes/No     | Fragility function has been peer reviewed?  |
| Fragility function reference     | A50        | Brief citation of publication where the capacity distribution (fragility function) is presented   |
| Cost reference                   | A50        | Brief citation of publication of repair-cost distribution is presented  |
| Comment                          | A255       | Explanatory text  |
| mU                               | Single     | Median unit repair duration: crew-hours required to repair one assembly   |
| sU                               | Single     | Standard deviation of unit repair duration (crew-hours).  |
| U0                               | Single     | Mean lead time for delivery of parts (days)   |
| Repair duration reference        | A50        | Brief citation of publication presenting repair duration  |
| Added by                         | A4         | The initials of the person who added the record   |
| Added date                       | Date/Time  | The date on which the record was added  |
| Last change by                   | A4         | The initials of the person who last changed the record  |
| Last change date                 | Date/Time  | The date on which the record was last modified  |



Table 3.5 Layout of database table "References"

| Field Name                              | Data Type                 | Description   |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| ID<br>Brief reference<br>Full reference | Autonumber<br>A50<br>Memo | Index. Table contains bibliographic references for fragility functions and cost distributions Citation from table "RC" Full bibliographic reference |



## 4 Conclusions

A taxonomic system of some kind is required to archive and disseminate damageability and loss data for use in PBEE. A set of 10 criteria for such a taxonomy is presented; the criteria were reviewed and approved by an oversight committee of academics and professionals. Several existing taxonomic systems were reviewed, but none appears to satisfy all ten requirements. The system that comes closest is a modest extension to that of UNIFORMAT-II, proposed in 1999 by a NIST committee in the publication NISTIR 6389. NISTIR 6389 proposes the addition of a fourth level to the UNIFORMAT-II system for the purpose of eliminating some ambiguities in UNIFORMAT-II and to facilitate access to existing cost data. In contrast with the next best existing taxonomic systems (RS Means' assembly and component numbering systems), NISTIR 6389 offers a manageable level of detail and it avoids potentially serious copyright and cost issues that would arise from the use of the proprietary RS Means cost manuals.

It is proposed here to use an extension of the NISTIR 6389 taxonomy for present purposes. The reason for the extension is that the NISTIR 6389 taxonomy has three important shortcomings. First, the taxonomy fails to reflect important differences in seismic installation conditions. Second, it is necessary for present purposes to provide flexibility for future development and additions by PBEE researchers and others. Finally, a few important structural taxonomic groups are not explicitly named, such as beams, columns, braces, connections, and shearwalls.

To overcome these difficulties, three enhancements to NISTIR 6389 are proposed. First, an additional fifth level of detail is added, and a number of Level-5 groups are proposed based on readily available fragility and earthquake-reconnaissance data. Future users would be free to define additional Level-5 taxonomic groups and their fragility and repair parameters as new research becomes available. Second, it is proposed that the taxonomy be housed within an interactive, online database that also includes fragility data, repair cost and repair-duration data,



and potentially other consequences such as life safety and system and facility operability. Third, nine Level-4 taxonomic groups are added to reflect the undifferentiated structural components.

A pilot database was developed as part of this work, and is currently maintained by the author. The database is a starting point, containing the NISTIR taxonomy and a table of fragility and cost data compiled by the author over the last few years. However, the content and interactivity of the pilot database are limited. To be practical for use by others, the database will require additional coding. For example, validation rules need to be added to ensure that Level-5 taxonomic group numbers shown in the fragility and cost table are not duplicated by different contributors, and that Level-4 group numbers in the fragility and cost table are consistent with those defined in NISTIR 6389. Additional security and validation features would probably be required.

Finally, a host would have to be found, and long-term maintenance arranged. The host should be one or more durable institutions such as the Applied Technology Council, the Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, the California Institute of Technology's Library system, the UC Berkeley Earthquake Engineering Research Library, or possibly the George E. Brown Network for Earthquake Engineering Simulation (NEES), if its life is expected to exceed the planned 10-yr period.



## **REFERENCES**

- (ASCE) American Society of Civil Engineers, 2005. Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, SEI/ASCE 7-05, Reston, VA.
- (ASCE) American Society of Civil Engineers, 2000. FEMA-356: Prestandard and Commentary for the Seismic Rehabilitation of Buildings, Washington, DC, 490 pp.
- (ASTM) American Society for Testing and Materials, 2002. *E1557-02 Standard classification for building elements and related sitework UNIFORMAT II*, West Conshohocken, PA, 24 pp.
- Antaki, G., 2004. Personal communication.
- Bachman, R. E., 2004. The ATC 58 project plan for nonstructural components, *International Workshop on Performance-Based Seismic Design, Concepts and Implementation, June 28-July 1, 2004, Bled, Slovenia*, Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center, Richmond, CA.
- Beck, J.L., K.A. Porter, R. Shaikhutdinov, S. K. Au, K. Mizukoshi, M. Miyamura, H. Ishida, T. Moroi, Y. Tsukada, and M. Masuda, 2002. *Impact of Seismic Risk on Lifetime Property Values, Final Report,* Consortium of Universities for Research in Earthquake Engineering, Richmond, CA, <a href="http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-04">http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-04</a>.
- Behr, R.A., A. Belarbi, and C.J. Culp, 1995. Dynamic racking tests of curtain wall glass elements with inplane and out-of-plane motions. *Earthquake Engineering and Structural Dynamics*, 24, J. Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, 1-14.
- Behr, R.A., and C.L. Worrell, 1998. Limit states for architectural glass under simulated seismic loadings. *Proc., Seminar on Seismic Design, Retrofit, and Performance of Nonstructural Components*, ATC-29-1 January 22-23, 1998, Applied Technology Council, San Francisco, Redwood City, CA, 229-240.
- Comerio, Mary C., ed., 2005. *PEER Testbed Study on a Laboratory Building: Exercising Seismic Performance Assessment*. PEER Report 2005/12., Berkeley, Calif.: Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center, University of California, Berkeley. November.
- Construction Specifications Institute (CSI), 1995. Master List of Numbers and Titles for the Construction Industry, MP-2-1, Alexandria, VA.
- Czarnecki, R. M., 1973. Earthquake Damage to Tall Buildings, Structures Publication 359, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, 125 pp.
- (EERI) Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, 1984. Chapter 7, performance of nonstructural components. *Coalinga, California Earthquake of May 2, 1983, Reconnaissance Report.* 203-216.
- (EERI) Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, 1990. Nonstructural components and contents.

  Earthquake Spectra, Supplement to vol. 6, Long Prieta Earthquake Reconnaissance Report. 349-344.

- (EERI) Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, 1995. Chapter 11, nonstructural damage. *Earthquake Spectra, Supplement C to vol. 11, Northridge Earthquake Reconnaissance Report, Volume 1.* 453-514
- Eidinger, J., and K. Goettel, 1998. Benefits and costs of seismic retrofits of non structural components of hospitals, essential facilities, and schools. *Proc., Seminar on Seismic Design Retrofit and Performance of Nonstructural Components, ATC 29-1*, Applied Technology Council, Redwood City, CA, 491-504
- (FEMA) Federal Emergency Management Agency, 2004. Seismic Retrofitting of Non-Structural Elements: Lighting in the Los Angeles Unified School District, Washington, D.C.
- Filiatrault, A., 1991. Seismic evaluation of modular office furniture. Earthquake Spectra, 7 (4), 529-541
- International Code Council, 2000. *International Building Code 2000*, International Conference of Building Officials, Whittier, CA, 756 pp.
- Johnson, G. S., Sheppard, R. E., Quilici, M. D., Eder, S. J., and Scawthorn, C. R., 1999. Seismic Reliability Assessment of Critical Facilities: A Handbook, Supporting Documentation, and Model Code Provisions, MCEER-99-0008, Multidisciplinary Center for Earthquake Engineering Research, Buffalo, NY, 384 pp.
- Kao, A., T.T. Soong, and A. Vender, 1999. Nonstructural Damage Database, MCEER-99-0014, Multidisciplinary Center for Earthquake Engineering Research, State University of New York, Buffalo, NY, 71 pp., <a href="http://mceer.buffalo.edu/publications/reports/docs/99-0014/default.asp">http://mceer.buffalo.edu/publications/reports/docs/99-0014/default.asp</a>.
- Kircher, C. A., Nassar, A. A., Kustu, O., and Holmes, W. T., 1997. Development of building damage functions for earthquake loss estimation. *Earthquake Spectra*, **13** (4), 663-682
- Kustu, O., Miller, D. D., and Brokken, S. T., 1982. *Development of Damage Functions for Highrise Building Components*, URS/John A Blume & Associates, San Francisco, CA.
- Miranda, E., 2005. Personal communication.
- (NIBS and FEMA) National Institute of Building Sciences and Federal Emergency Management Agency, 2003. *Multi-hazard Loss Estimation Methodology, Earthquake Model, HAZUS®MH Technical Manual*, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC, 690 pp.
- (NIST) National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1999. *UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification for Building Specifications, Cost Estimating, and Cost Analysis*, NISTIR 6389, Washington, D.C., 93 pp., <a href="http://www.bfrl.nist.gov/oae/publications/nistirs/6389.pdf">http://www.bfrl.nist.gov/oae/publications/nistirs/6389.pdf</a>.
- Pantelides, C.P. and R.A. Behr, 1994. Dynamic in-plane racking tests of curtain wall glass elements. *Earthquake Engineering and Structural Dynamics*, 23, J. Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, 211-228.



- Pardoen, G. C., Kazanjy, R. P., Freund, E., Hamilton, C. H., Larsen, D., Shah, N., and Smith A., 2000. Results from the City of Los Angeles-UC Irvine shear wall test program. *Proc.*, 6<sup>th</sup> World Conf on *Timber Engineering* http://timber.ce.wsu.edu/Resources/papers/1-1-1.pdf.
- Petal, M. A., 2004. *Urban Disaster Mitigation and Preparedness: the 1999 Kocaeli Earthquake*, doctoral dissertation, University of California, Los Angeles, 2004.
- Porter, K.A., J.L. Beck, H.A. Seligson, C.R. Scawthorn, L.T. Tobin, and T. Boyd, 2002a. *Improving Loss Estimation for Woodframe Buildings*, Consortium of Universities for Research in Earthquake Engineering, Richmond, CA, 136 pp., <a href="http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-01">http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-01</a> (main report) and <a href="http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-02">http://resolver.caltech.edu/caltechEERL:2002.EERL-2002-02</a> (appendices).
- Porter, K.A., J.L. Beck, and R.V. Shaikhutdinov, 2002b. *Investigation of Sensitivity of Building Loss Estimates to Major Uncertain Variables for the Van Nuys Testbed*, PEER Report 2002/03, Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center, University of California, Berkeley. August.
- Rihal, S. S., 1982. Behavior of nonstructural building partitions during earthquakes. *Proceedings of the Seventh Symposium on Earthquake Engineering, Department of Earthquake Engineering, University of Roorke, India, November 10-12, 1982*, 267-277.
- RS Means, 2004. Means Assemblies Cost Data 2004 Book, 29th Edition, Kingston, MA, 575 pp.
- RS Means, 2000. Means Repair and Remodeling Cost Data, 21<sup>st</sup> Edition, Commercial/Residential, Kingston, MA, 645 pp.
- Saeki, T., Tsubokawa, H., and Midorikawa, S., 2000. Seismic damage evaluation of household property by using geographic information systems (GIS). *Proceedings, 12th World Conference on Earthquake Engineering, , January 30 February 5, Auckland New Zealand,* International Association for Earthquake Engineering, paper 1968, 8 pp.
- (SEAOC) Structural Engineers Association of California Ad Hoc Earthquake Reconnaissance Committee, 1991. Chapter 7 nonstructural elements. *Reflections on the Loma Prieta Earthquake October 17, 1989.* Sacramento, CA, 113-124.
- Taghavi, S., and Miranda, E., 2003. *Response Assessment of Nonstructural Building Elements*, PEER 2003/05, Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center, Richmond, CA.



# **Appendix: Proposed Taxonomy**

The following table contains the proposed taxonomy as developed so far, including the taxonomic groups of NISTIR 6389 (NIST 1999) and some additional subcategories added after a literature review of fragility data or post-earthquake reconnaissance. It is a printout of the table "Taxonomy" outlined in Table 3.3, modified to fit the page. Three fields are omitted: the index field "ID," RS Means' line number, and comments.



Table A-1 Proposed component taxonomy

| Level 1 ID, descr. | Level 2 ID, descr.  | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                | Level 5 ID, description                               |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| A Substructure     | A10 Foundations     | A1010 Standard     | A1011 Wall Foundations                 | A1011.000 Wall Foundations, all                       |
|                    |                     | Foundations        | A1012 Column Foundations, Pile Caps    | A1012.000 Column Foundations & Pile Caps, all         |
|                    |                     |                    | A1013 Perimeter Drainage, Insulation   | A1013.000 Perimeter Drainage & Insulation, all        |
|                    |                     | A1020 Special      | A1021 Pile Foundations                 | A1021.000 Pile Foundations, all                       |
|                    |                     | Foundations        | A1022 Grade Beams                      | A1022.000 Grade Beams, all                            |
|                    |                     |                    | A1023 Caissons                         | A1023.000 Caissons, all                               |
|                    |                     |                    | A1024 Underprinting                    | A1024.000 Underprinting, all                          |
|                    |                     |                    | A1025 Dewatering                       | A1025.000 Dewatering, all                             |
|                    |                     |                    | A1026 Raft Foundations                 | A1026.000 Raft Foundations, all                       |
|                    |                     |                    | A1027 Pressure Injected Grouting       | A1027.000 Pressure Injected Grouting, all             |
|                    |                     |                    | A1029 Other Special Conditions         | A1029.000 Other Special Conditions, all               |
|                    |                     | A1030 Slab on      | A1031 Standard Slab on Grade           | A1031.000 Standard Slab on Grade, all                 |
|                    |                     | Grade              | A1032 Structural Slab on Grade         | A1032.000 Structural Slab on Grade, all               |
|                    |                     |                    | A1033 Inclined Slab on Grade           | A1033.000 Inclined Slab on Grade, all                 |
|                    |                     |                    | A1034 Trenches, Pits & Bases           | A1034.000 Trenches, Pits & Bases, all                 |
|                    |                     |                    | A1035 Under-Slab Drainage & Insulation | A1035.000 Under-Slab Drainage & Insulation, all       |
|                    | A20 Basement        | A2010 Basement     | A2011 Excavation for Basements         | A2011.000 Excavation for Basements, all               |
|                    | Constr.             | Excavation         | A2012 Structure Back Fill & Compaction | A2012.000 Structure Back Fill & Compaction, all       |
|                    |                     |                    | A2013 Shoring                          | A2013.000 Shoring, all                                |
|                    |                     | A2020 Basement     | A2021 Basement Wall Construction       | A2021.000 Basement Wall Construction, all             |
|                    |                     | Walls              | A2022 Moisture Protection              | A2022.000 Moisture Protection, all                    |
|                    |                     |                    | A2023 Basement Wall Insulation         | A2023.000 Basement Wall Insulation, all               |
|                    |                     |                    | A2024 Interior Skin                    | A2024.000 Interior Skin, all                          |
| B Shell            | B10 Super Structure | B1010 Floor        | B1011 Susp. Basement Floor Constr.     | B1011.000 Suspended Basement Floors Construction, all |
|                    |                     | Construction       | B1012 Upper Floors Construction        | B1012.000 Upper Floors Construction, all              |
|                    |                     |                    | B1013 Balcony Floors Construction      | B1013.000 Balcony Floors Construction, all            |
|                    |                     |                    | B1014 Ramps                            | B1014.000 Ramps, all                                  |
|                    |                     |                    | B1015 Exterior Stairs and Fire Escapes | B1015.000 Exterior Stairs and Fire Escapes, all       |
|                    |                     |                    | B1016 Floor Raceway Systems            | B1016.000 Floor Raceway Systems, all                  |
|                    |                     |                    | B1019 Other Floor Construction         | B1019.000 Other Floor Construction, all               |
|                    |                     | B1020 Roof         | B1021 Flat Roof Construction           | B1021.000 Flat Roof Construction, all                 |
|                    |                     | Construction       | B1022 Pitched Roof Construction        | B1022.000 Pitched Roof Construction, all              |
|                    |                     |                    | B1023 Canopies                         | B1023.000 Canopies, all                               |
|                    |                     |                    |  |   |



| el 1 ID, descr. | Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr.  | Level 4 ID, description            | Level 5 ID, description  |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|                 |                    |                     | B1029 Other Roof Systems           | B1029.000 Other Roof Systems, all                                |
|                 |                    | B1030 Struct. Steel | B1031 Steel Columns                | B1031.000 Steel Columns, all                                     |
|                 |                    | Elements            | B1032 Steel Beams                  | B1032.000 Steel Beams, all                                       |
|                 |                    |                     | B1033 Steel Braces                 | B1033.000 Steel Braces, all                                      |
|                 |                    |                     | B1034 Steel Shearwalls             | B1034.000 Steel Shearwalls, all                                  |
|                 |                    |                     | B1035 Steel Connections            | B1035.000 Steel Connections, all                                 |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B1035.001 Pre-Northridge welded-steel moment-frame conn.         |
|                 |                    | B1040 R/C Struct.   | B1041 RC or Composite Columns      | B1041.000 Reinf. Concr. or Composite Columns, all                |
|                 |                    | Elements            |                                    | B1041.001 Nonductile CIP RC column                               |
|                 |                    |                     | B1042 RC or Composite Beams        | B1042.000 Reinf. Concr. or Composite Beams, all                  |
|                 |                    |                     | •                                  | B1042.001 Nonductile CIP RC beam                                 |
|                 |                    |                     | B1043 RC or Composite Braces       | B1043.000 Reinf. Concr. or Composite Braces, all                 |
|                 |                    |                     | B1044 RC or Composite Shearwall    | B1044.000 Reinf. Concr. or Composite Shearwalls, all             |
|                 | B20 Ext. Enclosure | B2010 Ext. Walls    | B2011 Exterior Wall Construction   | B2011.000 Exterior Wall Construction, all                        |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2011.001 Exterior shearwall, 3/8 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC,          |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | 7/8" stucco ext, no int finish                                   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2011.002 Exterior shearwall, 15/32 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC,        |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | 7/8" stucco ext, no int finish                                   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2011.003 Exterior shearwall, 7/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC,             |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | 7/8" stucco ext, no int finish                                   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2011.004 Exterior wall, no structural sheathing, 2x4, 16" OC,   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | 7/8" stucco ext, no int finish                                   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2011.005 Stucco finish, 7/8", 3-5/8" mtl stud, 16"OC            |
|                 |                    |                     | B2012 Parapets                     | B2012.000 Parapets, all  |
|                 |                    |                     | B2013 Exterior Louvers, Screens,   | B2013.000 Exterior Louvers, Screens, and Fencing, all            |
|                 |                    |                     | Fencing                            | B2013.001 Non-engineered concrete block freestanding walls       |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2013.002 Engineered concrete block freestanding walls           |
|                 |                    |                     | B2014 Exterior Sun Control Devices | B2014.000 Exterior Sun Control Devices, all                      |
|                 |                    |                     | B2015 Balcony Walls & Handrails    | B2015.000 Balcony Walls & Handrails, all                         |
|                 |                    |                     | B2016 Exterior Soffits             | B2016.000 Exterior Soffits, all                                  |
|                 |                    | B2020 Ext. Windows  | B2021 Windows                      | B2021.000 Windows, all   |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2021.001 Window, Al frame, sliding, std glass, 1-25 sf pane     |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2021.002 Window, Al frame, fixed, std glass, 80"x80" pane       |
|                 |                    |                     |                                    | B2021.003 Windows, wood, double hung, standard glass, 3'-1.5"x4' |



| Level 1 ID, descr. Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description               | Level 5 ID, description  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       |                    |                                       | B2021.004 Window, AL frame, sliding, heavy sheet glass, 4'-0x2'-6"x3/16"   |
|                                       |                    | B2022 Curtain Walls                   | B2022.000 Curtain Walls, all   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B2022.001 Highrise curtain-wall systems with annealed glass  |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B2022.002 Highrise curtain-wall systems with tempered, wired, or laminated glass, or glass with shatter-resistant film |
|                                       |                    | B2023 Storefronts                     | B2023.000 Storefronts, all   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B2023.001 Lowrise storefront windows with annealed glass   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B2023.002 Lowrise storefront windows with tempered, wired, or laminated glass, or glass with shatter-resistant film    |
|                                       | B2030 Ext. Doors   | B2031 Glazed Doors & Entrances        | B2031.000 Glazed Doors & Entrances, all  |
|                                       | 52000 E.M. 50010   | 22001 010200 20010 0 2111011000       | B2031.001 Doors, sliding, patio, aluminum, std, 6'-0"x6'-8", wood frame, insulated glass                               |
|                                       |                    | B2032 Solid Exterior Doors            | B2032.000 Solid Exterior Doors, all  |
|                                       |                    | B2033 Revolving Doors                 | B2033.000 Revolving Doors, all   |
|                                       |                    | B2034 Overhead Doors                  | B2034.000 Overhead Doors, all  |
|                                       |                    | B2039 Other Doors & Entrances         | B2039.000 Other Doors & Entrances, all   |
| B30 Roofing                           | B3010 Roof Cover   | B3011 Roof Finishes                   | B3011.000 Roof Finishes, all   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B3011.001 Concrete, clay, and slate roofing tiles that are not individually fastened to the roof sheathing             |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B3011.002 Concrete, clay, and slate roofing tiles that are individually fastened to the roof sheathing                 |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B3011.003 Lightweight roofing  |
|                                       |                    | B3012 Traffic Toppings, Paving Membr. | B3012.000 Traffic Toppings & Paving Membranes, all   |
|                                       |                    | B3013 Roof Insulation & Fill          | B3013.000 Roof Insulation & Fill, all  |
|                                       |                    | B3014 Flashings & Trim                | B3014.000 Flashings & Trim, all  |
|                                       |                    | B3015 Roof Eaves and Soffits          | B3015.000 Roof Eaves and Soffits, all  |
|                                       |                    | B3016 Gutters and Downspouts          | B3016.000 Gutters and Downspouts, all  |
|                                       | B3020 Roof         | B3021 Glazed Roof Openings            | B3021.000 Glazed Roof Openings, all  |
|                                       | Openings           | B3022 Roof Hatches                    | B3022.000 Roof Hatches, all  |
|                                       |                    | B3023 Gravity Roof Ventilators        | B3023.000 Gravity Roof Ventilators, all  |
| B40 Ext. Finishes                     | B4010 Ext. Finish  | B4041 Wall Finishes to Exterior       | B4041.000 Wall Finishes to Exterior, all   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B4041.001 Paint on exterior stucco or concrete   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B4041.002 Brick masonry veneer w/o ties to the supporting wall   |
|                                       |                    |                                       | B4041.003 Brick masonry veneer tied to supporting wall   |



| Citeriors   C10 Int. Construction C1010 Partitions   C1011 Fixed Partitions   C1011 Interiors   C1011 Int. Construction C1010 Partitions   C1011 Fixed Partitions   C1011.001 Fixed Partitions, all   C1011.001 Fixed Partitions, all   C1011.001 Fixed Partitions, all   C1011.001 Fixed Partitions, all   C1011.002 Fixed Partitions, no structural sheathing, 12° GWB one, 244, 16° CC   C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 36° C-D ply, 244, 16° CC   C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 36° C-D ply, 244, 16° CC   C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 36° C-D ply, 244, 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 36° C-D ply, 244, 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 36° C-D ply, 172° GWB finish one side, on 244 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 172° GWB finish one side, on 244 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 172° GWB finish one side, on 244 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 716° CSB, 244, 16° CC   C1011.005 Interior Sheathing, 154, 154, 154, 154, 154, 154, 154, 154  | Level 1 ID, descr. | Level 2 ID, descr.    | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                   | Level 5 ID, description                                   |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Citations  |                    |                       |                    |   | B4041.004 Stone veneer attached with mortar spots         |
| C1011.001 GWB partition, no structural sheathing, 11/2" GWB nois side, 2x4, 16" OC C1011.002 GWB finish, 17", one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 3/8 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 12" GWB finish one side C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 3/8 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 12" GWB finish one side C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.008 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior Sheathing, 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish 15/4 C-D ply, 1/2 |                    |                       |                    |   | B4041.005 Stone veneer tied to supporting wall            |
| 1/2" GWB one side, 2x4, 16" OC   | C Interiors        | C10 Int. Construction | C1010 Partitions   | C1011 Fixed Partitions                    | C1011.000 Fixed Partitions, all                           |
| C1011.002 GWB finish, 1/2", one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 38 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 15/32 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 17/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC C1011.008 Interior sheathing, 17/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, on 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Drywall partitions, all C1013.009 Demountable Partitions C1014.000 Ste Built C1014 Demountable Partitions C1014.000 Ste Built C1014 Demountable Partitions, all C1013.009 Demountable Partitions, all C1015.009 Side Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.009 Side Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.009 Side Built Compartments Cubicles all C1015 Interior Doors C1015 Demountable Partitions C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Demountable Partitions C1012 Demountable Partitions C10 |                    |                       |                    |   | C1011.001 GWB partition, no structural sheathing,         |
| C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 3/8 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.004 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Dywall finish, 5/8-in., 1 side, on 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.009 Dywall finish, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Dywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1017.000 Interior Doors, all C1022 Interior Door Farmes C1023.000 Interior Door Farmes, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware, all C1025 Interior Door Hardware, all C1026 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1026 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1026 Interior Door Painting & Decoration, all C1027.000 Door Painting & |                    |                       |                    |   | 1/2" GWB one side, 2x4, 16" OC                            |
| 1/2" GWB finish one side   |                    |                       |                    |   | C1011.002 GWB finish, 1/2", one side, on 2x4, 16"OC       |
| C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 15/32 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC C1011.007 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side C1011.008 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC C1011.009 Drywall finish, 5/8-in, 1 side, on 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in, 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 3 (C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Interior Bulstrades and Screens, all C1016 interior Ballustrades and Screens C1015.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1016 Interior Bulstrades and Screens, all C1016 Interior Bulstrades and Screens, all C1012 Interior Doors C1016.000 Interior Bulstrades and Screens, all C1022 Interior Door Farmes C1022.000 Interior Door Farmes, all C1022 Interior Door Bardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Gidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1026 Ono Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    |   | C1011.003 Interior shearwall, 3/8 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC,   |
| 1/2" GWB finish one side   |                    |                       |                    |   | 1/2" GWB finish one side                                  |
| C1011.005 Interior sheathing, 3/8 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC   |                    |                       |                    |   | C1011.004 Interior shearwall, 15/32 C-D ply, 2x4, 16" OC, |
| finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1011.006 Interior sheathing, 15/32 C-D ply, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC  |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| Finish one side, on 2x4, 16" OC  |                    |                       |                    |   | ·   |
| C1011.007 Interior shearwall, 7/16 OSB, 2x4, 16" OC, 1/2" GWB finish one side   C1011.008 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC   C1011.009 Drywall finish, 5/8-in., 1 side, on 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws   C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws   C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws   C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all   C1013 Retractable Partitions   C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all   C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions   C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all   C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions   C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all   C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens   C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all   C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts   C1017.000 Interior Doors all   C1022 Interior Door Frames   C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all   C1023 Interior Door Hardware   C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all   C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem   C1024.000 Interior Door Hardware, all   C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms   C1026.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all   C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all   C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration   C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   C1027.000 Door Pai |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| 1/2" GWB finish one side   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1011.008 Interior sheathing, 7/16 OSB, 1/2" GWB finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC  |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| Finish one side, on 2x4 16" OC   C1011.009 Drywall finish, 5/8-in., 1 side, on 3-5/8-in   metal stud, screws   C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in   metal stud, screws   C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in   metal stud, screws   C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all   C1013 Retractable Partitions   C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all   C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions   C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all   C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles   C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all   C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens   C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all   C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts   C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all   C1021 Interior Doors   C1021.000 Interior Door Frames, all   C1022 Interior Door Hardware   C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all   C1023 Interior Door Hardware   C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all   C1024.000 Interior Door Hardware, all   C1025 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem   C1024.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all   C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors   C1026.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all   C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all   C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration   C1027.000 Door P |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1011.009 Drywall finish, 5/8-in., 1 side, on 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Doors, all C1021 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1025 Interior Door Sidelights , Transoms C1026 Interior Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| metal stud, screws C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws  C1012 Demountable Partitions C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Doors, all C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022 Interior Door Frames C1023.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Sidelights , Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1011.010 Drywall partition, 5/8-in., 1 side, with 3-5/8-in metal stud, screws  C1012 Demountable Partitions C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all  C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all  C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all  C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all  C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all  C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all  C1021 Interior Doors C1021.000 Interior Doors, all  C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Hardware, all  C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all  C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all  C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all  C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all  C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| metal stud, screws  C1012 Demountable Partitions C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1020 Int. Doors C1021 Interior Doors C1021.000 Interior Doors, all C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1012 Demountable Partitions C1012.000 Demountable Partitions, all C1013 Retractable Partitions C1013.000 Retractable Partitions, all C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1020 Int. Doors C1021 Interior Doors C1021.000 Interior Doors, all C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   |   |
| C1013 Retractable Partitions C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1014.000 Site Built Toilet Partitions, all C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1020 Int. Doors C1021 Interior Doors C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    | 04040 D 4 11 D 65                         |   |
| C1014 Site Built Toilet Partitions C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016 Oul Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017 Oul Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1020 Int. Doors C1021 Interior Doors C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022 Oul Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025 Oul Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    |   | ,   |
| C1015 Site Built Compartments Cubicles C1015.000 Site Built Compartments Cubicles, all C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1020 Int. Doors C1021 Interior Doors C1021 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |
| C1016 Interior Balustrades and Screens C1016.000 Interior Balustrades and Screens, all C1017 Interior Windows & Storefronts C1017.000 Interior Windows & Storefronts, all C1021 Interior Doors C1021.000 Interior Doors, all C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    | •   | •   |
| C1020 Int. Doors  C1021 Interior Windows & Storefronts  C1022 Interior Door Frames  C1022 Interior Door Hardware  C1023 Interior Door Hardware  C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem  C1025 Interior Door Sidelights , Transoms  C1025 Interior Hatches & Access Doors  C1027 Door Painting & Decoration  C1027 Door Painting & Decoration  C1017 Door Windows & Storefronts  C1017 Door Windows & Storefronts, all  C1021 Interior Doors, all  C1022 Interior Door Frames, all  C1023 Interior Door Hardware  C1023 Door Hardware, all  C1024 Door Wall Opening Elem  C1025 Door Painting & Decoration  C1026 Door Painting & Decoration  C1027 Door Painting & Decoration   |                    |                       |                    | -   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |
| C1020 Int. Doors  C1021 Interior Doors  C1022 Interior Door Frames  C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all  C1023 Interior Door Hardware  C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all  C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem  C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms  C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all  C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors  C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration  C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    |   | ,   |
| C1022 Interior Door Frames C1022.000 Interior Door Frames, all C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   | ,   |
| C1023 Interior Door Hardware C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1025 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       | C1020 Int. Doors   |   |   |
| C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem C1025 Interior Door Sidelights, Transoms C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    |   | ,   |
| C1025 Interior Door Sidelights , Transoms C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    | C1023 Interior Door Hardware              | C1023.000 Interior Door Hardware, all                     |
| C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all  |                    |                       |                    | C1024 Interior Door Wall Opening Elem     | C1024.000 Interior Door Wall Opening Elements, all        |
| C1027 Door Painting & Decoration C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all   |                    |                       |                    | C1025 Interior Door Sidelights , Transoms | C1025.000 Interior Door Sidelights & Transoms, all        |
|  |                    |                       |                    | C1026 Interior Hatches & Access Doors     | C1026.000 Interior Hatches & Access Doors, all            |
| C1030 Fittings C1031 Fabricated Toilet Partitions C1031.000 Fabricated Toilet Partitions, all  |                    |                       |                    | C1027 Door Painting & Decoration          | C1027.000 Door Painting & Decoration, all                 |
|  |                    |                       | C1030 Fittings     | C1031 Fabricated Toilet Partitions        | C1031.000 Fabricated Toilet Partitions, all               |



|                    |                    |                    | _  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Level 1 ID, descr. | Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                  | Level 5 ID, description                                  |
|                    |                    |                    | C1032 Fabricated Compartment , Cubicle   | C1032.000 Fabricated Compartments & Cubicles, all        |
|                    |                    |                    | C1033 Storage Shelving and Lockers       | C1033.000 Storage Shelving and Lockers, all              |
|                    |                    |                    | C1034 Ornamental Metals and Handrails    | C1034.000 Ornamental Metals and Handrails, all           |
|                    |                    |                    | C1035 Identifying Devices                | C1035.000 Identifying Devices, all                       |
|                    |                    |                    | C1036 Closet Specialties                 | C1036.000 Closet Specialties, all                        |
|                    |                    |                    | C1037 General Fittings & Misc. Metals    | C1037.000 General Fittings & Misc. Metals, all           |
|                    | C20 Stairs         | C2010 Stairs       | C2011 Regular Stairs                     | C2011.000 Regular Stairs, all                            |
|                    |                    |                    | C2012 Curved Stairs                      | C2012.000 Curved Stairs, all                             |
|                    |                    |                    | C2013 Spiral Stairs                      | C2013.000 Spiral Stairs, all                             |
|                    |                    |                    | C2014 Stair Handrails and Balustrades    | C2014.000 Stair Handrails and Balustrades, all           |
|                    |                    | C2020 Stair Finish | C2021 Stair, Tread, and Landing Finishes | C2021.000 Stair, Tread, and Landing Finishes, all        |
|                    |                    |                    | C2022 Stair Soffit Finishes              | C2022.000 Stair Soffit Finishes, all                     |
|                    |                    |                    | C2023 Stair Handrail & Balustrade Finish | C2023.000 Stair Handrail & Balustrade Finishes, all      |
|                    | C30 Int. Finishes  | C3010 Wall Finish  | C3011 Wall Finishes to Inside Exterior   | C3011.000 Wall Finishes to Inside Exterior, all          |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3011.001 Paint on interior of exterior walls            |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3011.002 Ceramic tile veneer over int. of ext. walls    |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3011.003 Wallpaper on interior of exterior walls        |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3011.004 Vinyl wall coverings on int. of ext. walls     |
|                    |                    |                    | C3012 Wall Finishes to Interior Walls    | C3012.000 Wall Finishes to Interior Walls, all           |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3012.001 Paint on interior concrete, drywall or plaster |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3012.002 Paint on interior partitions                   |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3012.003 Ceramic tile veneer over interior partitions   |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3012.004 Wallpaper on interior partitions               |
|                    |                    |                    |  | C3012.005 Vinyl wall coverings on interior partitions    |
|                    |                    |                    | C3013 Column Finishes                    | C3013.000 Column Finishes, all                           |
|                    |                    | C3020 Floor Finish | C3021 Floor Toppings                     | C3021.000 Floor Toppings, all                            |
|                    |                    |                    | C3022 Traffic Membranes                  | C3022.000 Traffic Membranes, all                         |
|                    |                    |                    | C3023 Hardeners and Sealers              | C3023.000 Hardeners and Sealers, all                     |
|                    |                    |                    | C3024 Flooring                           | C3024.000 Flooring, all                                  |
|                    |                    |                    | C3025 Carpeting                          | C3025.000 Carpeting, all                                 |
|                    |                    |                    | C3026 Bases, Curbs and Trim              | C3026.000 Bases, Curbs and Trim, all                     |
|                    |                    |                    | C3027 Access Pedestal Flooring           | C3027.000 Access Pedestal Flooring, all                  |
|                    |                    | C3030 Ceiling Fin. | C3031 Ceiling Finishes                   | C3031.000 Ceiling Finishes, all                          |
|                    |                    |                    | C3032 Suspended Ceilings                 | C3032.000 Suspended Ceilings, all                        |



| Level 1 ID. dos | scr. Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr.      | Level 4 ID, description              | Level 5 ID, description   |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Level 1 ID, des | ci.  Level 2 ID, desci. | Level 3 ID, desci.      | Level 4 ID, description              | C3032.001 Lightweight acoustical ceiling 4'-x-2' Al   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | tee-bar grid  |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | C3032.002 Suspended ceilings w/o diagonal braces,   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | compression struts or both  |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | C3032.003 Suspended ceilings w/braces, compr. Struts  |
|                 |                         |                         | C3033 Other Ceilings                 | C3033.000 Other Ceilings, all   |
| D Services      | D10 Conveying           | D1010 Elevator,         | D1011 Passenger Elevators            | D1011.000 Passenger Elevators, all  |
| D 00111000      | D to convoying          | Lift                    | B 10 111 accorded Elevatore          | D1011.001 Traction passenger elevators  |
|                 |                         | Liit                    |                                      | D1011.002 Hydraulic passenger elevators   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | D1011.003 Traction passenger elevators meeting seismic regts UBC 1994                       |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | D1011.004 Traction passenger elevators exceeding UBC 1994                                   |
|                 |                         |                         | D1012 Freight Elevators              | D1012.000 Freight Elevators, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D10121 leight Lievators              | D1012.000 Treight Elevators   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | D1012.002 Hydraulic freight elevators   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | D1012.003 Traction freight elevators meeting seismic regts UBC 1994                         |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      | D1012.003 Traction freight elevators exceeding seismic regts UBC 1994                       |
|                 |                         |                         | D1013 Lifts                          | D1012.003 Traction freight elevators exceeding seismic requsions 1994  D1013.000 Lifts, all |
|                 |                         | D1020 Escalator,        | D1013 Lins D1021 Escalators          | D1013.000 Elits, all  |
|                 |                         | •                       | D1021 Escalators D1022 Moving Walks  | ·   |
|                 |                         | Moving Walk D1090 Other | D1022 Moving Walks D1091 Dumbwaiters | D1022.000 Moving Walks, all D1091.000 Dumbwaiters, all                                      |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      |   |
|                 |                         | Conveying               | D1092 Pneumatic Tube Systems         | D1092.000 Pneumatic Tube Systems, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D1093 Hoists & Cranes                | D1093.000 Hoists & Cranes, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D1094 Conveyors                      | D1094.000 Conveyors, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D1095 Chutes                         | D1095.000 Chutes, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D1096 Turntables                     | D1096.000 Turntables, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D1097 Baggage Handling & Loading     | D1097.000 Baggage Handling & Loading Systems, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D1098 Transportation Systems         | D1098.000 Transportation Systems, all   |
|                 | D20 Plumbing            | D2010 Plumbing          | D2011 Water Closets                  | D2011.000 Water Closets, all  |
|                 |                         | Fixtures                | D2012 Urinals                        | D2012.000 Urinals, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D2013 Lavatories                     | D2013.000 Lavatories, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D2014 Sinks                          | D2014.000 Sinks, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D2015 Bathtubs                       | D2015.000 Bathtubs, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D2016 Wash Fountains                 | D2016.000 Wash Fountains, all   |
|                 |                         |                         | D2017 Showers                        | D2017.000 Showers, all  |
|                 |                         |                         | D2018 Drinking Fountains and Coolers | D2018.000 Drinking Fountains and Coolers, all   |
|                 |                         |                         |                                      |   |



| Level 1 ID, descr. Level 2 ID, descr. Level 3 ID, descr. | r. Level 4 ID, description              | Level 5 ID, description                           |
|--|---|---|
|  | D2019 Bidets, Other Plumbing Fixtures   | D2019.000 Bidets and Other Plumbing Fixtures, all |
| D2020 Domest.  | D2021 Cold Water Service                | D2021.000 Cold Water Service, all                 |
| Water Distributi   | D2022 Hot Water Service                 | D2022.000 Hot Water Service, all                  |
|  | D2023 Domestic Water Supply Eqpt        | D2023.000 Domestic Water Supply Equipment, all    |
| D2030 Sanitary   | D2031 Waste Piping                      | D2031.000 Waste Piping, all                       |
| Waste  | D2032 Vent Piping                       | D2032.000 Vent Piping, all                        |
|  | D2033 Floor Drains                      | D2033.000 Floor Drains, all                       |
|  | D2034 Sanitary Waste Equipment          | D2034.000 Sanitary Waste Equipment, all           |
|  | D2035 Pipe Insulation                   | D2035.000 Pipe Insulation, all                    |
| D2040 Rain Wa  | ter D2041 Pipe & Fittings               | D2041.000 Pipe & Fittings, all                    |
| Drainage   | D2042 Roof Drains                       | D2042.000 Roof Drains, all                        |
|  | D2043 Rainwater Drainage Equipment      | D2043.000 Rainwater Drainage Equipment, all       |
|  | D2044 Pipe Insulation                   | D2044.000 Pipe Insulation, all                    |
| D2090 Other  | D2091 Gas Distribution                  | D2091.000 Gas Distribution, all                   |
| Plumbing   | D2092 Acid Waste Systems                | D2092.000 Acid Waste Systems, all                 |
|  | D2093 Interceptors                      | D2093.000 Interceptors, all                       |
|  | D2094 Pool Piping and Equipment         | D2094.000 Pool Piping and Equipment, all          |
|  | D2095 Decorative Fountain Piping Device | D2095.000 Decorative Fountain Piping Devices, all |
|  | D2099 Other Piping Systems              | D2099.000 Other Piping Systems, all               |
| D30 HVAC D3010 Energy                                    | D3011 Oil Supply System                 | D3011.000 Oil Supply System, all                  |
| Supply   | D3012 Gas Supply System                 | D3012.000 Gas Supply System, all                  |
|  | D3013 Coal Supply System                | D3013.000 Coal Supply System, all                 |
|  | D3014 Steam Supply System               | D3014.000 Steam Supply System, all                |
|  | D3015 Hot Water Supply System           | D3015.000 Hot Water Supply System, all            |
|  |   | D3015.001 Electric water heater, resid., 50 gal   |
|  | D3016 Solar Energy System               | D3016.000 Solar Energy System, all                |
|  | D3017 Wind Energy System                | D3017.000 Wind Energy System, all                 |
| D3020 Heat Ge  | n. <u>D3021 Boilers</u>                 | D3021.000 Boilers, all                            |
| Syst.  | D3022 Boiler Room Piping, Specialties   | D3022.000 Boiler Room Piping & Specialties, all   |
|  | D3023 Auxiliary Equipment               | D3023.000 Auxiliary Equipment, all                |
|  | D3024 Insulation                        | D3024.000 Insulation, all                         |
| D3030 Cooling  | Gen. D3031 Chilled Water Systems        | D3031.000 Chilled Water Systems, all              |
| Syst.  | D3032 Direct Expansion Systems          | D3032.000 Direct Expansion Systems, all           |
| D3040 Distribut  | on D3041 Air Distribution Systems       | D3041.000 Air Distribution Systems, all           |



| l                                     |                    | I  | I   |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| Level 1 ID, descr. Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                  | Level 5 ID, description                               |
|                                       | Syst.              |  | D3041.001 Fan, braced                                 |
|                                       |                    |  | D3041.002 HVAC ductwork rod hung                      |
|                                       |                    |  | D3041.003 HVAC ductwork with sway braces              |
|                                       |                    | D3042 Exhaust Ventilation Systems        | D3042.000 Exhaust Ventilation Systems, all            |
|                                       |                    |  | D3042.001 Unreinforced brick chimneys                 |
|                                       |                    |  | D3042.002 Reinforced masonry and precast RC chimneys  |
|                                       |                    |  | D3042.003 Insulated metal-lined flue in wood chimneys |
|                                       |                    | D3043 Steam Distribution Systems         | D3043.000 Steam Distribution Systems, all             |
|                                       |                    | D3044 Hot Water Distribution             | D3044.000 Hot Water Distribution, all                 |
|                                       |                    | D3045 Chilled Water Distribution         | D3045.000 Chilled Water Distribution, all             |
|                                       |                    | D3046 Change-over Distribution System    | D3046.000 Change-over Distribution System, all        |
|                                       |                    | D3047 Glycol Distribution Systems        | D3047.000 Glycol Distribution Systems, all            |
|                                       | D3050 Terminal,    | D3051 Terminal Self-Contained Units      | D3051.000 Terminal Self-Contained Units, all          |
|                                       | Package Unit       | D3052 Package Units                      | D3052.000 Package Units, all                          |
|                                       | D3060 Control,.    | D3061 Heating Generating Systems         | D3061.000 Heating Generating Systems, all             |
|                                       | Instrumentation    | D3062 Cooling Generating Systems         | D3062.000 Cooling Generating Systems, all             |
|                                       |                    | D3063 Heating/Cooling Air Handling Units | D3063.000 Heating/Cooling Air Handling Units, all     |
|                                       |                    | D3064 Exhaust & Ventilating Systems      | D3064.000 Exhaust & Ventilating Systems, all          |
|                                       |                    | D3065 Hoods and Exhaust Systems          | D3065.000 Hoods and Exhaust Systems, all              |
|                                       |                    | D3066 Terminal Devices                   | D3066.000 Terminal Devices, all                       |
|                                       |                    | D3067 Energy Monitoring & Control        | D3067.000 Energy Monitoring & Control, all            |
|                                       |                    | D3068 Building Automation Systems        | D3068.000 Building Automation Systems, all            |
|                                       |                    | D3069 Other Controls & Instrumentation   | D3069.000 Other Controls & Instrumentation, all       |
|                                       | D3070 Testing &    | D3071 Piping System Testing & Balancing  | D3071.000 Piping System Testing & Balancing, all      |
|                                       | Balancing          | D3072 Air Systems Testing & Balancing    | D3072.000 Air Systems Testing & Balancing, all        |
|                                       |                    | D3073 HVAC Commissioning                 | D3073.000 HVAC Commissioning, all                     |
|                                       |                    | D3079 Other Systems Testing, Balancing   | D3079.000 Other Systems Testing and Balancing, all    |
|                                       | D3090 Other        | D3091 Special Cooling Systems , Devices  | D3091.000 Special Cooling Systems & Devices, all      |
|                                       | HVAC               | D3092 Special Humidity Control           | D3092.000 Special Humidity Control, all               |
|                                       |                    | D3093 Dust & Fume Collectors             | D3093.000 Dust & Fume Collectors, all                 |
|                                       |                    | D3094 Air Curtains                       | D3094.000 Air Curtains, all                           |
|                                       |                    | D3095 Air Purifiers                      | D3095.000 Air Purifiers, all                          |
|                                       |                    | D3096 Paint Spray Booth Ventilation      | D3096.000 Paint Spray Booth Ventilation, all          |
|                                       |                    | D3097 General HVAC Items                 | D3097.000 General Construction Items (HVAC), all      |
|                                       |                    |  |   |



|                    | 1                  | 1                                | l   | 1  |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Level 1 ID, descr. | Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr.               | Level 4 ID, description                         | Level 5 ID, description                                  |
|                    | D40 Fire Prot.     | D4010 Sprinklers                 | D4011 Sprinkler Water Supply                    | D4011.000 Sprinkler Water Supply, all                    |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4011.001 Unbraced automatic sprinklers         |  |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D4011.002 Braced automatic sprinklers                    |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D4011.003 Automatic sprinklers noncompliant with NFPA-13 |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D4011.004 Automatic sprinklers compliant with NFPA-13    |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D4011.005 Pre-action or deluge sprinklers                |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D4011.006 Non-water-based fire-suppression systems       |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4012 Sprinkler Pumping Equipment               | D4012.000 Sprinkler Pumping Equipment, all               |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4013 Dry Sprinkler System                      | D4013.000 Dry Sprinkler System, all                      |
|                    |                    | D4020 Standpipe                  | D4021 Standpipe Water Supply                    | D4021.000 Standpipe Water Supply, all                    |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4022 Pumping Equipment                         | D4022.000 Pumping Equipment, all                         |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4023 Standpipe Equipment                       | D4023.000 Standpipe Equipment, all                       |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4024 Fire Hose Equipment                       | D4024.000 Fire Hose Equipment, all                       |
|                    | D4030 Fire Prot.   | D4031 Fire Extinguishers         | D4031.000 Fire Extinguishers, all               |  |
|                    | Specialties        | D4032 Fire Extinguisher Cabinets | D4032.000 Fire Extinguisher Cabinets, all       |  |
|                    |                    | D4090 Other Fire                 | D4091 Carbon Dioxide Systems                    | D4091.000 Carbon Dioxide Systems, all                    |
|                    |                    | Protection                       | D4092 Foam Generating Equipment                 | D4092.000 Foam Generating Equipment, all                 |
|                    |                    | D4093 Clean Agent Systems        | D4093.000 Clean Agent Systems, all              |  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4094 Dry Chemical System                       | D4094.000 Dry Chemical System, all                       |
|                    |                    |                                  | D4095 Hood & Duct Fire Protection               | D4095.000 Hood & Duct Fire Protection, all               |
|                    | D50 Electrical     | D5010 Elect Svc                  | D5011 High Tension Service & Dist.              | D5011.000 High Tension Service & Dist., all              |
|                    |                    | & Distribution                   | -   | D5011.001 Transformer                                    |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5011.002 Med voltage switchgear                |  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5012 Low Tension Service & Dist.               | D5012.000 Low Tension Service & Dist., all               |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D5012.001 Unanchored electrical cabinet                  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5012.002 Low voltage switchgear                |  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5012.003 Electrical cabinet well anchored      |  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5012.004 Electrical cabinet nominally anchored |  |
|                    |                    |                                  | D5012.005 Electrical cabinet unanchored         |  |
|                    |                    | D5020 Lighting,                  | D5021 Branch Wiring Devices                     | D5021.000 Branch Wiring Devices, all                     |
|                    |                    | Branch Wiring                    | D5022 Lighting Equipment                        | D5022.000 Lighting Equipment, all                        |
|                    |                    |                                  | 3 - 3 - 4                                       | D5022.001 Lay-in fluorescent lighting fixtures           |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | w/o 2+ slack safety wires                                |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | D5022.002 Lay-in fluorescent lighting fixtures           |
|                    |                    |                                  |   | w/ 2+ slack safety wires                                 |



|                   |                    |                     | _   |   |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Level 1 ID, descr | Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr.  | Level 4 ID, description                   | Level 5 ID, description                             |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5022.003 Stem-hung pendant fluorescent fixtures    |
|                   |                    |                     |   | w/o safety wires in stem                            |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5022.004 Stem-hung pendant fluorescent fixtures    |
|                   |                    |                     |   | w/ safety wires in stem                             |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5022.005 High-intensity-discharge gas vapor lights |
|                   |                    | D5030 Commun.       | D5031 Public Address & Music Systems      | D5031.000 Public Address & Music Systems, all       |
|                   |                    | & Security          | D5032 Intercommunication & Paging         | D5032.000 Intercommunication & Paging Syst., all    |
|                   |                    |                     | D5033 Telephone Systems                   | D5033.000 Telephone Systems, all                    |
|                   |                    |                     | D5034 Call Systems                        | D5034.000 Call Systems, all                         |
|                   |                    |                     | D5035 Television Systems                  | D5035.000 Television Systems, all                   |
|                   |                    |                     | D5036 Clock and Program Systems           | D5036.000 Clock and Program Systems, all            |
|                   |                    |                     | D5037 Fire Alarm Systems                  | D5037.000 Fire Alarm Systems, all                   |
|                   |                    |                     | D5038 Security and Detection Systems      | D5038.000 Security and Detection Systems, all       |
|                   |                    |                     | D5039 Local Area Networks                 | D5039.000 Local Area Networks, all                  |
|                   |                    | D5090 Other Elect   | D5091 Grounding Systems                   | D5091.000 Grounding Systems, all                    |
|                   |                    |                     | D5092 Emergency Light & Power             | D5092.000 Emergency Light & Power Systems, all      |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5092.001 Diesel generator                          |
|                   |                    |                     | D5093 Floor Raceway Systems               | D5093.000 Floor Raceway Systems, all                |
|                   |                    |                     | D5094 Other Special Systems & Devices     | D5094.000 Other Special Systems & Devices, all      |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5094.001 Motor control center                      |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5094.002 Unbraced motor installation               |
|                   |                    |                     | D5095 General Construction Items (Elect.) | D5095.000 General Construction Items (Elect.), all  |
|                   |                    |                     | ,   | D5095.002 Electrical distribution panel             |
|                   |                    |                     |   | D5095.003 Inverter                                  |
| E Eqpt. & Furn.   | E10 Equipment      | E1010 Commercial    | E1011 Security & Vault Equipment          | E1011.000 Security & Vault Equipment, all           |
|                   |                    | Equipment           | E1012 Teller and Service Equipment        | E1012.000 Teller and Service Equipment, all         |
|                   |                    |                     | E1013 Registration Equipment              | E1013.000 Registration Equipment, all               |
|                   |                    |                     | E1014 Checkroom Equipment                 | E1014.000 Checkroom Equipment, all                  |
|                   |                    |                     | E1015 Mercantile Equipment                | E1015.000 Mercantile Equipment, all                 |
|                   |                    |                     | E1016 Laundry & Dry Cleaning Eqpt         | E1016.000 Laundry & Dry Cleaning Equipment, all     |
|                   |                    |                     | E1017 Vending Equipment                   | E1017.000 Vending Equipment, all                    |
|                   |                    |                     | E1018 Office Equipment                    | E1018.000 Office Equipment, all                     |
|                   |                    | E1020 Institutional | E1021 Ecclesiastical Equipment            | E1021.000 Ecclesiastical Equipment, all             |
|                   |                    | Equipment           | E1022 Library Equipment                   | E1022.000 Library Equipment, all                    |
|                   |                    |                     | E1023 Theater & Stage Equipment           | E1023.000 Theater & Stage Equipment, all            |



| Level 1 ID, descr. Level | 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description               | Level 5 ID, description   |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
|                          |              |                    | E1024 Instrumental Equipment          | E1024.000 Instrumental Equipment, all                                 |
|                          |              |                    | E1025 Audio-visual Equipment          | E1025.000 Audio-visual Equipment, all                                 |
|                          |              |                    | E1026 Detention Equipment             | E1026.000 Detention Equipment, all                                    |
|                          |              |                    | E1027 Laboratory Equipment            | E1027.000 Laboratory Equipment, all                                   |
|                          |              |                    | E1028 Medical Equipment               | E1028.000 Medical Equipment, all                                      |
|                          |              |                    | E1029 Other Institutional Equipment   | E1029.000 Other Institutional Equipment, all                          |
|                          |              | E1030 Vehicular    | E1031 Vehicular Service Equipment     | E1031.000 Vehicular Service Equipment, all                            |
|                          |              | Equipment          | E1032 Parking Control Equipment       | E1032.000 Parking Control Equipment, all                              |
|                          |              |                    | E1033 Loading Dock Equipment          | E1033.000 Loading Dock Equipment, all                                 |
|                          |              |                    | E1039 Other Vehicular Equipment       | E1039.000 Other Vehicular Equipment, all                              |
|                          |              | E1090 Other        | E1091 Maintenance Equipment           | E1091.000 Maintenance Equipment, all                                  |
|                          |              | Equipment          | E1092 Solid Waste Handling Equipment  | E1092.000 Solid Waste Handling Equipment, all                         |
|                          |              |                    | E1093 Food Service Equipment          | E1093.000 Food Service Equipment, all                                 |
|                          |              |                    | E1094 Residential Equipment           | E1094.000 Residential Equipment, all                                  |
|                          |              |                    | E1095 Unit Kitchens                   | E1095.000 Unit Kitchens, all  |
|                          |              |                    | E1097 Window Washing Equipment        | E1097.000 Window Washing Equipment, all                               |
|                          |              |                    | E1099 Other Equipment                 | E1099.000 Other Equipment, all  |
| E20 F                    | 0            | E2010 Fixed        | E2011 Fixed Artwork                   | E2011.000 Fixed Artwork, all  |
|                          |              | Furnishings        | E2012 Fixed Casework                  | E2012.000 Fixed Casework, all   |
|                          |              |                    | E2013 Blinds and Other Window Treatmt | E2013.000 Blinds and Other Window Treatment, all                      |
|                          |              |                    | E2014 Fixed Floor Grilles and Mats    | E2014.000 Fixed Floor Grilles and Mats, all                           |
|                          |              |                    | E2015 Fixed Multiple Seating          | E2015.000 Fixed Multiple Seating, all                                 |
|                          |              |                    | E2016 Fixed Interior Landscaping      | E2016.000 Fixed Interior Landscaping, all                             |
|                          |              | E2020 Movable      | E2021 Movable Artwork                 | E2021.000 Movable Artwork, all  |
|                          |              | Furnishings        | E2022 Furniture & Accessories         | E2022.000 Furniture & Accessories, all                                |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.001 Large freestanding storage furniture subject to overturning |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.002 Large freestanding household electrical appliances          |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.003 Small countertop household electrical appliances            |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.004 Household entertainment equipment                           |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.005 Floor-standing furniture subject to crushing                |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.006 Heaters and A/C eqpt subject to crushing or overturning     |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.007 Indoor accessories, e.g., curtains, sporting goods, bags    |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.008 Tableware   |
|                          |              |                    |                                       | E2022.009 Small home entertainment items subject to falling           |



| Level 1 ID, descr.  Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                 | Level 5 ID, description   |
|--|--------------------|---|---|
|  |                    |   | E2022.010 Clothing etc. subject to contam. by glass, other foreign matter |
|  |                    |   | E2022.011 Desktop computer system unit and CRT monitor                    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.012 Countertop contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, ≤ 20 lb               |
|  |                    |   | E2022.013 Countertop contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, 20-400 lb             |
|  |                    |   | E2022.014 Countertop contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, ≤ 20 lb               |
|  |                    |   | E2022.015 Countertop contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, 20-400 lb             |
|  |                    |   | E2022.016 Shelved contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, ≤ 20 lb, ≤ 4 ft AFF      |
|  |                    |   | E2022.017 Shelved contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, ≤ 20 lb, > 4 ft AFF      |
|  |                    |   | E2022.018 Shelved contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, 20-400 lb, ≤ 4 ft AFF    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.019 Shelved contents, frict. coeff ≤ 0.50, 20-400 lb, > 4 ft AFF    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.020 Shelved contents, frict. coeff > 0.50, ≤ 20 lb, ≤ 4 ft AFF      |
|  |                    |   | E2022.021 Shelved contents, frict. coeff > 0.50, ≤ 20 lb, > 4 ft AFF      |
|  |                    |   | E2022.022 Shelved contents, frict. coeff > 0.50, 20-400 lb, ≤ 4 ft AFF    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.023 Shelved contents, frict. coeff > 0.50, 20-400 lb, > 4 ft AFF    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.024 Library shelving not braced to the building frame               |
|  |                    |   | E2022.025 Library shelving that is braced to the building frame           |
|  |                    |   | E2022.026 Contents in cabinets w/o mechanical or strong magnetic catch    |
|  |                    |   | E2022.027 Contents in cabinets w/ mechanical or strong magnetic catch     |
|  |                    |   | E2022.028 Mechanically restrained light contents, light contents on       |
|  |                    |   | shelves w/bungy-cord or spring-mounted wire restraint                     |
|  |                    | E2023 Movable Rugs and Mats             | E2023.000 Movable Rugs and Mats, all                                      |
|  |                    | E2024 Movable Interior Landscaping      | E2024.000 Movable Interior Landscaping, all                               |
| F Special Constr., F10 Special Constr. | F1010 Special      | F1011 Air Supported Structures          | F1011.000 Air Supported Structures, all                                   |
| Demo                                   | Structures         | F1012 Pre-engineered Structures         | F1012.000 Pre-engineered Structures, all                                  |
|  |                    | F1013 Other Special Structures          | F1013.000 Other Special Structures, all                                   |
|  | F1020 Integrated   | F1021 Integrated Assemblies             | F1021.000 Integrated Assemblies, all                                      |
|  | Construction       | F1022 Special Purpose Rooms             | F1022.000 Special Purpose Rooms, all                                      |
|  |                    | F1023 Other Integrated Construction     | F1023.000 Other Integrated Construction, all                              |
|  | F1030 Special      | F1031 Sound, Vibration & Seismic Const. | F1031.000 Sound, Vibration & Seismic Const., all                          |
|  | Construction       | F1032 Radiation Protection              | F1032.000 Radiation Protection, all                                       |
|  |                    | F1033 Special Security Systems          | F1033.000 Special Security Systems, all                                   |
|  |                    | F1034 Vaults                            | F1034.000 Vaults, all   |
|  |                    | F1039 Other Special Construction Syst.  | F1039.000 Other Special Construction Systems, all                         |
|  | F1040 Special      | F1041 Aquatic Facilities                | F1041.000 Aquatic Facilities, all   |
|  | Facilities         | F1042 Ice Rinks                         | F1042.000 Ice Rinks, all  |
|  |                    |   |   |



| Level 1 ID, descr. Level 2 ID, descr. | Level 3 ID, descr. | Level 4 ID, description                  | Level 5 ID, description                                 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
|                                       |                    | F1043 Site Constructed Incinerators      | F1043.000 Site Constructed Incinerators, all            |
|                                       |                    | F1044 Kennels & Animal Shelters          | F1044.000 Kennels & Animal Shelters, all                |
|                                       |                    | F1045 Liquid & Gas Storage Tanks         | F1045.000 Liquid & Gas Storage Tanks, all               |
|                                       |                    |  | F1045.001 Liquid oxygen tank, light anchors             |
|                                       |                    |  | F1045.002 Liquid oxygen tank, well anchored             |
|                                       |                    | F1049 Other Special Facilities           | F1049.000 Other Special Facilities, all                 |
|                                       | F1050 Special      | F1051 Recording Instrumentation          | F1051.000 Recording Instrumentation, all                |
|                                       | Control, Instr.    | F1052 Building Automation System         | F1052.000 Building Automation System, all               |
|                                       |                    | F1059 Other Special Control, Instruments | F1059.000 Other Special Controls & Instrumentation, all |
| F20 Selective                         | F2010 Building     | F2011 Building Interior Demolition       | F2011.000 Building Interior Demolition, all             |
| Demolition                            | Element Demo.      | F2012 Building Exterior Demolition       | F2012.000 Building Exterior Demolition, all             |
|                                       | F2020 Hazard       | F2021 Removal of Hazardous Comp.         | F2021.000 Removal of Hazardous Components, all          |
|                                       | Abatement          | F2022 Encapsulate Hazardous Comp.        | F2022.000 Encapsulation of Hazardous Components, all    |



#### **PEER REPORTS**

PEER reports are available from the National Information Service for Earthquake Engineering (NISEE). To order PEER reports, please contact the Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center, 1301 South 46<sup>th</sup> Street, Richmond, California 94804-4698. Tel.: (510) 231-9468; Fax: (510) 231-9461.

| PEER 2005/12 | PEER Testbed Study on a Laboratory Building: Exercising Seismic Performance Assessment. Mary C. Comerio, editor. November 2005.  |
|--------------|--|
| PEER 2005/11 | Van Nuys Hotel Building Testbed Report: Exercising Seismic Performance Assessment. Helmut Krawinkler, editor. October 2005.  |
| PEER 2005/10 | First NEES/E-Defense Workshop on Collapse Simulation of Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. September 2005.   |
| PEER 2005/07 | Experimental and Analytical Studies on the Seismic Response of Freestanding and Anchored Laboratory Equipment. Dimitrios Konstantinidis and Nicos Makris. January 2005.        |
| PEER 2005/06 | Global Collapse of Frame Structures under Seismic Excitations. Luis F. Ibarra and Helmut Krawinkler. September 2005.   |
| PEER 2005/03 | A Taxonomy of Building Components for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering. Keith A. Porter. September 2005.   |
| PEER 2005/02 | Fragility Basis for California Highway Overpass Bridge Seismic Decision Making. Kevin R. Mackie and Bozidar Stojadinovic. June 2005.   |
| PEER 2005/01 | Empirical Characterization of Site Conditions on Strong Ground Motion. Jonathan P. Stewart, Yoojoong Choi, and Robert W. Graves. June 2005.                                    |
| PEER 2004/09 | Electrical Substation Equipment Interaction: Experimental Rigid Conductor Studies. Christopher Stearns and André Filiatrault. February 2005.                                   |
| PEER 2004/08 | Seismic Qualification and Fragility Testing of Line Break 550-kV Disconnect Switches. Shakhzod M. Takhirov, Gregory L. Fenves, and Eric Fujisaki. January 2005.                |
| PEER 2004/07 | Ground Motions for Earthquake Simulator Qualification of Electrical Substation Equipment. Shakhzod M. Takhirov, Gregory L. Fenves, Eric Fujisaki, and Don Clyde. January 2005. |
| PEER 2004/06 | Performance-Based Regulation and Regulatory Regimes. Peter J. May and Chris Koski. September 2004.   |
| PEER 2004/05 | Performance-Based Seismic Design Concepts and Implementation: Proceedings of an International Workshop. Peter Fajfar and Helmut Krawinkler, editors. September 2004.           |
| PEER 2004/04 | Seismic Performance of an Instrumented Tilt-up Wall Building. James C. Anderson and Vitelmo V. Bertero. July 2004.   |
| PEER 2004/03 | Evaluation and Application of Concrete Tilt-up Assessment Methodologies. Timothy Graf and James O. Malley. October 2004.   |
| PEER 2004/02 | Analytical Investigations of New Methods for Reducing Residual Displacements of Reinforced Concrete Bridge Columns. Junichi Sakai and Stephen A. Mahin. August 2004.           |
| PEER 2004/01 | Seismic Performance of Masonry Buildings and Design Implications. Kerri Anne Taeko Tokoro, James C. Anderson, and Vitelmo V. Bertero. February 2004.                           |
| PEER 2003/18 | Performance Models for Flexural Damage in Reinforced Concrete Columns. Michael Berry and Marc Eberhard. August 2003.   |
| PEER 2003/17 | Predicting Earthquake Damage in Older Reinforced Concrete Beam-Column Joints. Catherine Pagni and Laura Lowes. October 2004.   |
| PEER 2003/16 | Seismic Demands for Performance-Based Design of Bridges. Kevin Mackie and Božidar Stojadinovic. August 2003  |



Seismic Demands for Nondeteriorating Frame Structures and Their Dependence on Ground Motions. Ricardo

2003.

Antonio Medina and Helmut Krawinkler. May 2004.

PEER 2003/15

Finite Element Reliability and Sensitivity Methods for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering. Terje PEER 2003/14 Haukaas and Armen Der Kiureghian. April 2004. PEER 2003/13 Effects of Connection Hysteretic Degradation on the Seismic Behavior of Steel Moment-Resisting Frames. Janise E. Rodgers and Stephen A. Mahin. March 2004. PEER 2003/12 Implementation Manual for the Seismic Protection of Laboratory Contents: Format and Case Studies. William T. Holmes and Mary C. Comerio. October 2003. PEER 2003/11 Fifth U.S.-Japan Workshop on Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Methodology for Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. February 2004. A Beam-Column Joint Model for Simulating the Earthquake Response of Reinforced Concrete Frames. Laura N. PEER 2003/10 Lowes, Nilanjan Mitra, and Arash Altoontash. February 2004. PEER 2003/09 Sequencing Repairs after an Earthquake: An Economic Approach. Marco Casari and Simon J. Wilkie. April 2004. PEER 2003/08 A Technical Framework for Probability-Based Demand and Capacity Factor Design (DCFD) Seismic Formats. Fatemeh Jalayer and C. Allin Cornell. November 2003. PEER 2003/07 Uncertainty Specification and Propagation for Loss Estimation Using FOSM Methods. Jack W. Baker and C. Allin Cornell. September 2003. PEER 2003/06 Performance of Circular Reinforced Concrete Bridge Columns under Bidirectional Earthquake Loading. Mahmoud M. Hachem, Stephen A. Mahin, and Jack P. Moehle. February 2003. PEER 2003/05 Response Assessment for Building-Specific Loss Estimation. Eduardo Miranda and Shahram Taghavi. September 2003. PEER 2003/04 Experimental Assessment of Columns with Short Lap Splices Subjected to Cyclic Loads. Murat Melek, John W. Wallace, and Joel Conte, April 2003. PEER 2003/03 Probabilistic Response Assessment for Building-Specific Loss Estimation. Eduardo Miranda and Hesameddin Aslani. September 2003. PEER 2003/02 Software Framework for Collaborative Development of Nonlinear Dynamic Analysis Program. Jun Peng and Kincho H. Law. September 2003. PEER 2003/01 Shake Table Tests and Analytical Studies on the Gravity Load Collapse of Reinforced Concrete Frames. Kenneth John Elwood and Jack P. Moehle. November 2003. PEER 2002/24 Performance of Beam to Column Bridge Joints Subjected to a Large Velocity Pulse. Natalie Gibson, André Filiatrault, and Scott A. Ashford. April 2002. PEER 2002/23 Effects of Large Velocity Pulses on Reinforced Concrete Bridge Columns. Greg L. Orozco and Scott A. Ashford. April 2002. PEER 2002/22 Characterization of Large Velocity Pulses for Laboratory Testing. Kenneth E. Cox and Scott A. Ashford. April PEER 2002/21 Fourth U.S.-Japan Workshop on Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Methodology for Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. December 2002. PEER 2002/20 Barriers to Adoption and Implementation of PBEE Innovations. Peter J. May. August 2002. PEER 2002/19 Economic-Engineered Integrated Models for Earthquakes: Socioeconomic Impacts. Peter Gordon, James E. Moore II, and Harry W. Richardson. July 2002. PEER 2002/18 Assessment of Reinforced Concrete Building Exterior Joints with Substandard Details. Chris P. Pantelides, Jon Hansen, Justin Nadauld, and Lawrence D. Reaveley. May 2002. PEER 2002/17 Structural Characterization and Seismic Response Analysis of a Highway Overcrossing Equipped with



Jones, Steven L. Kramer, and Pedro Arduino. December 2002.

Xiao. December 2002.

PEER 2002/16

PEER 2002/15

Elastomeric Bearings and Fluid Dampers: A Case Study. Nicos Makris and Jian Zhang. November 2002.

Estimation of Uncertainty in Geotechnical Properties for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering. Allen L.

Seismic Behavior of Bridge Columns Subjected to Various Loading Patterns. Asadollah Esmaeily-Gh. and Yan

- PEER 2002/14 Inelastic Seismic Response of Extended Pile Shaft Supported Bridge Structures. T.C. Hutchinson, R.W. Boulanger, Y.H. Chai, and I.M. Idriss. December 2002.
- PEER 2002/13 Probabilistic Models and Fragility Estimates for Bridge Components and Systems. Paolo Gardoni, Armen Der Kiureghian, and Khalid M. Mosalam. June 2002.
- PEER 2002/12 Effects of Fault Dip and Slip Rake on Near-Source Ground Motions: Why Chi-Chi Was a Relatively Mild M7.6 Earthquake. Brad T. Aagaard, John F. Hall, and Thomas H. Heaton. December 2002.
- PEER 2002/11 Analytical and Experimental Study of Fiber-Reinforced Strip Isolators. James M. Kelly and Shakhzod M. Takhirov. September 2002.
- PEER 2002/10 Centrifuge Modeling of Settlement and Lateral Spreading with Comparisons to Numerical Analyses. Sivapalan Gajan and Bruce L. Kutter. January 2003.
- PEER 2002/09 Documentation and Analysis of Field Case Histories of Seismic Compression during the 1994 Northridge, California, Earthquake. Jonathan P. Stewart, Patrick M. Smith, Daniel H. Whang, and Jonathan D. Bray. October 2002.
- PEER 2002/08 Component Testing, Stability Analysis and Characterization of Buckling-Restrained Unbonded Braces<sup>™</sup>. Cameron Black, Nicos Makris, and Ian Aiken. September 2002.
- **PEER 2002/07** Seismic Performance of Pile-Wharf Connections. Charles W. Roeder, Robert Graff, Jennifer Soderstrom, and Jun Han Yoo. December 2001.
- **PEER 2002/06** The Use of Benefit-Cost Analysis for Evaluation of Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Decisions. Richard O. Zerbe and Anthony Falit-Baiamonte. September 2001.
- PEER 2002/05 Guidelines, Specifications, and Seismic Performance Characterization of Nonstructural Building Components and Equipment. André Filiatrault, Constantin Christopoulos, and Christopher Stearns. September 2001.
- PEER 2002/04 Consortium of Organizations for Strong-Motion Observation Systems and the Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center Lifelines Program: Invited Workshop on Archiving and Web Dissemination of Geotechnical Data, 4–5 October 2001. September 2002.
- PEER 2002/03 Investigation of Sensitivity of Building Loss Estimates to Major Uncertain Variables for the Van Nuys Testbed. Keith A. Porter, James L. Beck, and Rustem V. Shaikhutdinov. August 2002.
- PEER 2002/02 The Third U.S.-Japan Workshop on Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Methodology for Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. July 2002.
- PEER 2002/01 Nonstructural Loss Estimation: The UC Berkeley Case Study. Mary C. Comerio and John C. Stallmeyer. December 2001.
- PEER 2001/16 Statistics of SDF-System Estimate of Roof Displacement for Pushover Analysis of Buildings. Anil K. Chopra, Rakesh K. Goel, and Chatpan Chintanapakdee. December 2001.
- PEER 2001/15 Damage to Bridges during the 2001 Nisqually Earthquake. R. Tyler Ranf, Marc O. Eberhard, and Michael P. Berry. November 2001.
- PEER 2001/14 Rocking Response of Equipment Anchored to a Base Foundation. Nicos Makris and Cameron J. Black. September 2001.
- PEER 2001/13 Modeling Soil Liquefaction Hazards for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering. Steven L. Kramer and Ahmed-W. Elgamal. February 2001.
- PEER 2001/12 Development of Geotechnical Capabilities in OpenSees. Boris Jeremi . September 2001.
- PEER 2001/11 Analytical and Experimental Study of Fiber-Reinforced Elastomeric Isolators. James M. Kelly and Shakhzod M. Takhirov. September 2001.
- PEER 2001/10 Amplification Factors for Spectral Acceleration in Active Regions. Jonathan P. Stewart, Andrew H. Liu, Yoojoong Choi, and Mehmet B. Baturay. December 2001.
- **PEER 2001/09** Ground Motion Evaluation Procedures for Performance-Based Design. Jonathan P. Stewart, Shyh-Jeng Chiou, Jonathan D. Bray, Robert W. Graves, Paul G. Somerville, and Norman A. Abrahamson. September 2001.
- PEER 2001/08 Experimental and Computational Evaluation of Reinforced Concrete Bridge Beam-Column Connections for Seismic Performance. Clay J. Naito, Jack P. Moehle, and Khalid M. Mosalam. November 2001.



**PEER 2001/07** The Rocking Spectrum and the Shortcomings of Design Guidelines. Nicos Makris and Dimitrios Konstantinidis. August 2001.

**PEER 2001/06** Development of an Electrical Substation Equipment Performance Database for Evaluation of Equipment Fragilities. Thalia Agnanos. April 1999.

PEER 2001/05 Stiffness Analysis of Fiber-Reinforced Elastomeric Isolators. Hsiang-Chuan Tsai and James M. Kelly. May 2001.

PEER 2001/04 Organizational and Societal Considerations for Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering. Peter J. May. April 2001.

PEER 2001/03 A Modal Pushover Analysis Procedure to Estimate Seismic Demands for Buildings: Theory and Preliminary Evaluation. Anil K. Chopra and Rakesh K. Goel. January 2001.

**PEER 2001/02** Seismic Response Analysis of Highway Overcrossings Including Soil-Structure Interaction. Jian Zhang and Nicos Makris. March 2001.

**PEER 2001/01** Experimental Study of Large Seismic Steel Beam-to-Column Connections. Egor P. Popov and Shakhzod M. Takhirov. November 2000.

PEER 2000/10 The Second U.S.-Japan Workshop on Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Methodology for Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. March 2000.

PEER 2000/09 Structural Engineering Reconnaissance of the August 17, 1999 Earthquake: Kocaeli (Izmit), Turkey. Halil Sezen, Kenneth J. Elwood, Andrew S. Whittaker, Khalid Mosalam, John J. Wallace, and John F. Stanton. December 2000

PEER 2000/08 Behavior of Reinforced Concrete Bridge Columns Having Varying Aspect Ratios and Varying Lengths of Confinement. Anthony J. Calderone, Dawn E. Lehman, and Jack P. Moehle. January 2001.

PEER 2000/07 Cover-Plate and Flange-Plate Reinforced Steel Moment-Resisting Connections. Taejin Kim, Andrew S. Whittaker, Amir S. Gilani, Vitelmo V. Bertero, and Shakhzod M. Takhirov. September 2000.

PEER 2000/06 Seismic Evaluation and Analysis of 230-kV Disconnect Switches. Amir S. J. Gilani, Andrew S. Whittaker, Gregory L. Fenves, Chun-Hao Chen, Henry Ho, and Eric Fujisaki. July 2000.

PEER 2000/05 Performance-Based Evaluation of Exterior Reinforced Concrete Building Joints for Seismic Excitation. Chandra Clyde, Chris P. Pantelides, and Lawrence D. Reaveley. July 2000.

**PEER 2000/04** An Evaluation of Seismic Energy Demand: An Attenuation Approach. Chung-Che Chou and Chia-Ming Uang. July 1999.

PEER 2000/03 Framing Earthquake Retrofitting Decisions: The Case of Hillside Homes in Los Angeles. Detlof von Winterfeldt, Nels Roselund, and Alicia Kitsuse. March 2000.

PEER 2000/02 U.S.-Japan Workshop on the Effects of Near-Field Earthquake Shaking. Andrew Whittaker, ed. July 2000.

**PEER 2000/01** Further Studies on Seismic Interaction in Interconnected Electrical Substation Equipment. Armen Der Kiureghian, Kee-Jeung Hong, and Jerome L. Sackman. November 1999.

PEER 1999/14 Seismic Evaluation and Retrofit of 230-kV Porcelain Transformer Bushings. Amir S. Gilani, Andrew S. Whittaker, Gregory L. Fenves, and Eric Fujisaki. December 1999.

PEER 1999/13 Building Vulnerability Studies: Modeling and Evaluation of Tilt-up and Steel Reinforced Concrete Buildings. John W. Wallace, Jonathan P. Stewart, and Andrew S. Whittaker, editors. December 1999.

PEER 1999/12 Rehabilitation of Nonductile RC Frame Building Using Encasement Plates and Energy-Dissipating Devices.

Mehrdad Sasani, Vitelmo V. Bertero, James C. Anderson. December 1999.

PEER 1999/11 Performance Evaluation Database for Concrete Bridge Components and Systems under Simulated Seismic Loads. Yael D. Hose and Frieder Seible. November 1999.

PEER 1999/10 U.S.-Japan Workshop on Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering Methodology for Reinforced Concrete Building Structures. December 1999.

**PEER 1999/09** Performance Improvement of Long Period Building Structures Subjected to Severe Pulse-Type Ground Motions. James C. Anderson, Vitelmo V. Bertero, and Raul Bertero. October 1999.

PEER 1999/08 Envelopes for Seismic Response Vectors. Charles Menun and Armen Der Kiureghian. July 1999.



| PEER 1999/07 | Documentation of Strengths and Weaknesses of Current Computer Analysis Methods for Seismic Performance of Reinforced Concrete Members. William F. Cofer. November 1999.  |
|--------------|--|
| PEER 1999/06 | Rocking Response and Overturning of Anchored Equipment under Seismic Excitations. Nicos Makris and Jian Zhang. November 1999.  |
| PEER 1999/05 | Seismic Evaluation of 550 kV Porcelain Transformer Bushings. Amir S. Gilani, Andrew S. Whittaker, Gregory L. Fenves, and Eric Fujisaki. October 1999.  |
| PEER 1999/04 | Adoption and Enforcement of Earthquake Risk-Reduction Measures. Peter J. May, Raymond J. Burby, T. Jens Feeley, and Robert Wood.   |
| PEER 1999/03 | Task 3 Characterization of Site Response General Site Categories. Adrian Rodriguez-Marek, Jonathan D. Bray, and Norman Abrahamson. February 1999.  |
| PEER 1999/02 | Capacity-Demand-Diagram Methods for Estimating Seismic Deformation of Inelastic Structures: SDF Systems. Anil K. Chopra and Rakesh Goel. April 1999.   |
| PEER 1999/01 | Interaction in Interconnected Electrical Substation Equipment Subjected to Earthquake Ground Motions. Armen Der Kiureghian, Jerome L. Sackman, and Kee-Jeung Hong. February 1999.  |
| PEER 1998/08 | Behavior and Failure Analysis of a Multiple-Frame Highway Bridge in the 1994 Northridge Earthquake. Gregory L. Fenves and Michael Ellery. December 1998.   |
| PEER 1998/07 | Empirical Evaluation of Inertial Soil-Structure Interaction Effects. Jonathan P. Stewart, Raymond B. Seed, and Gregory L. Fenves. November 1998.   |
| PEER 1998/06 | Effect of Damping Mechanisms on the Response of Seismic Isolated Structures. Nicos Makris and Shih-Po Chang. November 1998.  |
| PEER 1998/05 | Rocking Response and Overturning of Equipment under Horizontal Pulse-Type Motions. Nicos Makris and Yiannis Roussos. October 1998.   |
| PEER 1998/04 | Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Invitational Workshop Proceedings, May 14–15, 1998: Defining the Links between Planning, Policy Analysis, Economics and Earthquake Engineering. Mary Comerio and Peter Gordon. September 1998. |
| PEER 1998/03 | Repair/Upgrade Procedures for Welded Beam to Column Connections. James C. Anderson and Xiaojing Duan. May 1998.  |
| PEER 1998/02 | Seismic Evaluation of 196 kV Porcelain Transformer Bushings. Amir S. Gilani, Juan W. Chavez, Gregory L. Fenves, and Andrew S. Whittaker. May 1998.   |
| PEER 1998/01 | Seismic Performance of Well-Confined Concrete Bridge Columns. Dawn E. Lehman and Jack P. Moehle. December 2000.  |

