

Assignment - 10

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Problem 42 Itô's Lemma:

Assume that W_t is Brownian motion. Use Itô's Lemma to find $df(t, W_t)$.

1) $f(t, W_t) = e^{t/2} \cos(W_t)$

Proof \div $df(t, x) = f_t dt + f_x dW_t + \frac{1}{2} f_{xx} (dW_t dW_t)$
 $\frac{dW_t dW_t}{dt}$ (as W_t is a Brownian motion)

Similarly, let $f(t, x) = e^{t/2} \cos(x)$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial f(t, x)}{\partial t} = f_t(t, x) = \frac{1}{2} e^{t/2} \cos(x) = \frac{1}{2} f(t, x)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(t, x) = f_x(t, x) = -e^{t/2} \sin(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(t, x)}{\partial x^2} = f_{xx}(t, x) = e^{-t/2} \cos(x) = -f(t, x)$$

substituting these values in the Itô's Doobin formula, for $f(t, W_t)$ we get,

$$df(t, W_t) = f_t(t, W_t) dt + f_x(t, W_t) dW_t + \frac{1}{2} f_{xx}(t, W_t) dt$$

$$df(t, W_t) = \frac{1}{2} f(t, W_t) dt + (-e^{t/2} \sin W_t) dW_t + \frac{1}{2} (-f(t, W_t)) dt$$
$$= -e^{t/2} \sin W_t dW_t$$

\therefore it is the same as the question value.

~~QED~~

$$2) f(t, w_t) = (w_t + t) e^{-w_t - t/2}$$

Solution: By using Ito-Doobin equation

$$df(t, x) = f_t(t, x) dt + f_x(t, x) dw_t + \frac{1}{2} f_{xx}(t, x) \underbrace{dw_t dw_t}_{dt}$$

$$\text{Now, let } f(t, x) = (x + t) e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$f_t(t, x) = x e^{-x - t/2} + t e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$\therefore f_t(t, x) = -\frac{1}{2} [x e^{-x - t/2}] + [-\frac{t}{2} e^{-x - t/2} + e^{-x - t/2}]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} e^{-x - t/2} (x + t) + e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} f(t, x) + e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$f_x(t, x) = [-x e^{-x - t/2} + e^{-x - t/2}] + (-t e^{-x - t/2})$$

$$= -e^{-x - t/2} (x + t) + e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$\therefore f_x(t, x) = -f(t, x) + e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$f_{xx}(t, x) = -f_x(t, x) + (-e^{-x - t/2})$$

Putting the value of $f_x(t, x)$

$$f_{xx}(t, x) = -(-f(t, x) + e^{-x - t/2}) - e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$= f(t, x) - e^{-x - t/2} - e^{-x - t/2}$$

$$f_{xx}(t, x) = f(t, x) - 2e^{-x - t/2}$$

Substituting the values of $f_t(t, x)$, $f_x(t, x)$ & $f_{xx}(t, x)$ in Ito-Doobin equation

$$df(t, w_t) = \left(-\frac{1}{2} f(t, w_t) + e^{-w_t - t/2} \right) dt + \left(-f(t, w_t) + e^{-w_t - t/2} \right) dw_t + \frac{1}{2} \left(f(t, w_t) - 2e^{-w_t - t/2} \right) dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} f(t, w_t) dt + e^{-w_t - t/2} dt + \left(-f(t, w_t) + e^{-w_t - t/2} \right) dw_t + \frac{1}{2} f(t, w_t) dt - e^{-w_t - t/2} dt.$$

$$\therefore df(t, w_t) = \left(-f(t, w_t) + e^{-w_t - t/2} \right) dw_t.$$