

## Many Particle Systems – Practice Problem Set 5

These problems are not for assessment. However, it is recommended that you attempt them as practice for the test and exam.

1. A system consists of two identical particles, each of which can occupy two single particle quantum states with energies  $\epsilon$  and  $2\epsilon$  respectively. Suppose the system of two particles is in contact with a heat reservoir at temperature  $T$ . Give an expression for the canonical partition function if:
  - (a) the particles are distinguishable;
  - (b) the particles are indistinguishable and we approximate using modified Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics;
  - (c) the particles are indistinguishable and obey Bose-Einstein statistics;
  - (d) the particles are indistinguishable and obey Fermi-Dirac statistics.
  - (e) Compute the mean energy of the system in cases (c) and (d) above.
  - (f) Compute the entropy of the system in case (d) above.
  - (g) Provide a physical interpretation for the result in (f).
2.
  - (a) Consider a system which has two energy eigenstates with energies  $\epsilon_1$  and  $\epsilon_2$ , with  $\epsilon_2 > \epsilon_1$ . Suppose the system is placed in contact with a heat reservoir at temperature  $T$ . Give an expression for the mean energy of the system.
  - (b) Explain why we can consider the case  $\frac{(\epsilon_2 - \epsilon_1)}{k_B T} \ll 1$  to be a “high temperature” limit, and the case  $\frac{(\epsilon_2 - \epsilon_1)}{k_B T} \gg 1$  a “low temperature limit”.
  - (c) Determine the high and low temperature limits of the mean energy. Note:  $e^x \approx 1 + x$  for  $|x| \ll 1$ .
  - (d) Give an explanation for the results you obtain in (c).