

Homework 2 Written

Problem 1:

You are given a list, L , and a another list, P, containing integers sorted in ascending order. The operation printLots(L,P) will print the elements in L that are in positions specified by P. For instance, if P=1,3,4,6, the elements in positions 1,3,4, and 6 in L are printed. Write the procedure printLots(L,P).

```
public static void printLots(ArrayList<Integer> L, ArrayList<Integer> P) {  
    Iterator<Integer> itrP = P.iterator();  
    Iterator<Integer> itrL = L.iterator();  
  
    int count = -1;  
    int element = 500;  
    int position;  
  
    if (P.isEmpty()) {  
        System.out.println("List P is Empty");  
    }  
  
    if (L.isEmpty()) {  
        System.out.println("List L is Empty");  
    }  
  
    while (itrP.hasNext()) {  
        position = itrP.next();  
        while (count != position) {  
            count++;  
            if (itrL.hasNext()) {  
                element = itrL.next();  
            } else {  
                System.out.println("Error: Out of Bound");  
                break;  
            }  
        }  
        if (itrL.hasNext()) {  
            System.out.println("The integer in the position is: " + element);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Problem 2 (10 pts): Weiss 3.4

Given two sorted lists, L_1 and L_2 , write a procedure to compute $L_1 \cap L_2$ using only the basic list operations.

- 1) Given two sorted lists L_1 and L_2
- 2) Create new list (call it result)
- 3) Set nodes of L_1 and L_2 equal to the head
- 4) While loop: L_1 node and L_2 node \neq NULL, run below
 - a. If L_1 node's value is smaller than L_2 Node, set L_1 node to its next node
 - b. If L_1 node's value is greater than L_2 Node, set L_2 node to its next node
 - c. If L_1 and L_2 node value are the same, then add the value to the created list result

Problem 3 (10 pts): Weiss 3.24

Write routines to implement two stacks in one array.

```
public class TwoStacks{  
  
    public TwoStacks(int size){  
        //when popping, only the counter changes.  
        //the stack's TOP is going to be in the middle of the array  
        total = size of stack;  
        //will decrement when an element is pushed and increment when popped  
        //start both of these outside array indices so we can monitor empty stacks  
        leftCounter = -1;  
        rightCounter = size;  
    }  
  
    public AnyType pushLeft(AnyType a){  
        //add elements a from the leftcounter starting at first position  
        if(total > 0)  
            leftCounter++;  
            stack at position[leftCounter] = a;  
            total--;  
        return a;  
    }  
  
    public AnyType popLeft(AnyType a){  
  
        if(leftCounter < 0){  
            empty stack  
        }else{  
            leftCounter--;  
            total++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

public AnyType pushRight(AnyType a){
    if(total != 0)
        //push elements a into stack from the right side
        rightCounter--;
        stack at position[rightCounter] = a;
        total--;
    return a;
}

public AnyType popRight(AnyType a){
    if(rightCounter >= end of stack)
        empty stack
    else
        rightCounter++;
        total++;
}

}

```

1. Problem 4 (10 pts):

Answer the following questions:

- o (a) Provide a solution for this specific input train and 3 holding tracks as a sequence of steps.

1. Move car #4 to holding track S1
2. Move car #3 to holding track S2
3. Move car #1 to back of the output track
4. Move car #8 to holding track S3
5. Move car #2 to back of output track
6. Move car #3 from S2 to output track
7. Move car #4 from S1 to output track
8. Move car #7 to holding track S3 (on top of car #8)
9. Move car #6 to holding track S2
10. Move car #9 to holding track S1
11. Move car #5 from input track to output track
12. Then remove car #6 from holding track S2 and move it to output track
13. Then remove car #7 from holding track S3 and move it to output track
14. Then remove car #8 from holding track S3 and move it to output track
15. Then remove car #9 from holding track S1 and move it to output track

Output track should now read: 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

- o (b) Show an example for a train of length 9 that cannot be rearranged in increasing order using 3 holding tracks.
 - o 5,4,8,1,7 ,9,6,3, 2