Lab 1: Saxpy in "CUDA Python"

Objective

• Implement saxpy in "CUDA Python"

Quick Lesson to CUDA Python

```
\bullet \  \, threadIdx, \, blockIdx, \, blockDim \, -\!> cuda.threadIdx, \, cuda.blockIdx, \, cuda.blockDim
```

```
- i = cuda.threadIdx.x + cuda.blockIdx.x * cuda.blockDim.x
```

```
• Host->Device
```

• Similar to CUDA-C

```
- d_ary = cuda.to_device(ary)
```

```
• Host->Device (allocate only, no copy)
```

```
- d_ary = cuda.to_device(ary, copy=False)
```

- Device->Host
 - d_ary.to_host()
- Decorate kernel
 - cuda.autojit, cuda.jit
- Kernel launch

```
- a_kernel[griddim, blockddim](arg0, arg1)
```

- similar to C: a_kernel<<<griddim, blockdim>>>(arg0, arg1)
- griddim: tuple of 1-2 ints
- blockdim: tuple of 1-3 ints

Exercise (10 mins)

```
from numbapro import cuda
from numba import *
import numpy as np
import math
from timeit import default_timer as time

@cuda.autojit
def saxpy(Out, X, Y, Z):
    "Compute Out = X * Y + Z"
    # ----- Exercise -----
# Complete this kernel
# threadIdx ---> cuda.threadIdx
# blockIdx ---> cuda.blockIdx
# blockDim ---> cuda.blockDim
```

```
def main():
   # Prepare data
   thread_per_block = 512
   block_per_grid = 10
   n = thread_per_block * block_per_grid
   X = np.random.random(n)
   Y = np.random.random(n)
   Z = np.random.random(n)
   Out = np.empty_like(X)
   # ----- Exercise -----
    # Host->Device
    # Complete the transfer for Y, Z, and Out
   # Kernel launch
   blockdim = thread_per_block, 1, 1
   griddim = block_per_grid, 1
    # ----- Exercise -----
    # Kernel launch
    # Complete the kernel launch for saxpy
    # ----- Exercise -----
    # Device->Host
    # Complete the transfer for dOut
   print('-- Result --')
   print(Out)
    # Verify
   print("verify: %s" % np.allclose(X * Y + Z, Out))
if __name__ == '__main__':
   main()
```