



**CONTRACT
WOLF**

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

May 31, 2022



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Disclaimer

ContractWolf.io audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

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ContractWolf should not be used as a decision to invest into an audited project and is not affiliated nor partners to its audited contract projects.

ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Traders Club team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Traders Club**.

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Contract link

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x13c944Ef30a2B9b1e4D5CFCec65411278b7b7524>

Website

<https://tradersclub.app/>

Telegram

<https://t.me/BulletTokenLaunch>

Twitter

<https://twitter.com/TradersClub13>

Description

TradersClub.App is aiming to be a unique tool in this market. With precise scope, and user guided, this tool will provide all the tools one should need in order to trade like a pro. Even more, our unique functionalities, such as limit buy/sell or copy trades, will act and cover the missing functions from the CEXes.

Logo



Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
- Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.

2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:

- Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.

3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.

4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- Context
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- ERC20
- Ownable
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IUniswapV2Pair
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- Bullet

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: BLT

Max / Total supply: 1,000,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	3	0	6	1

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	23	3	86	9

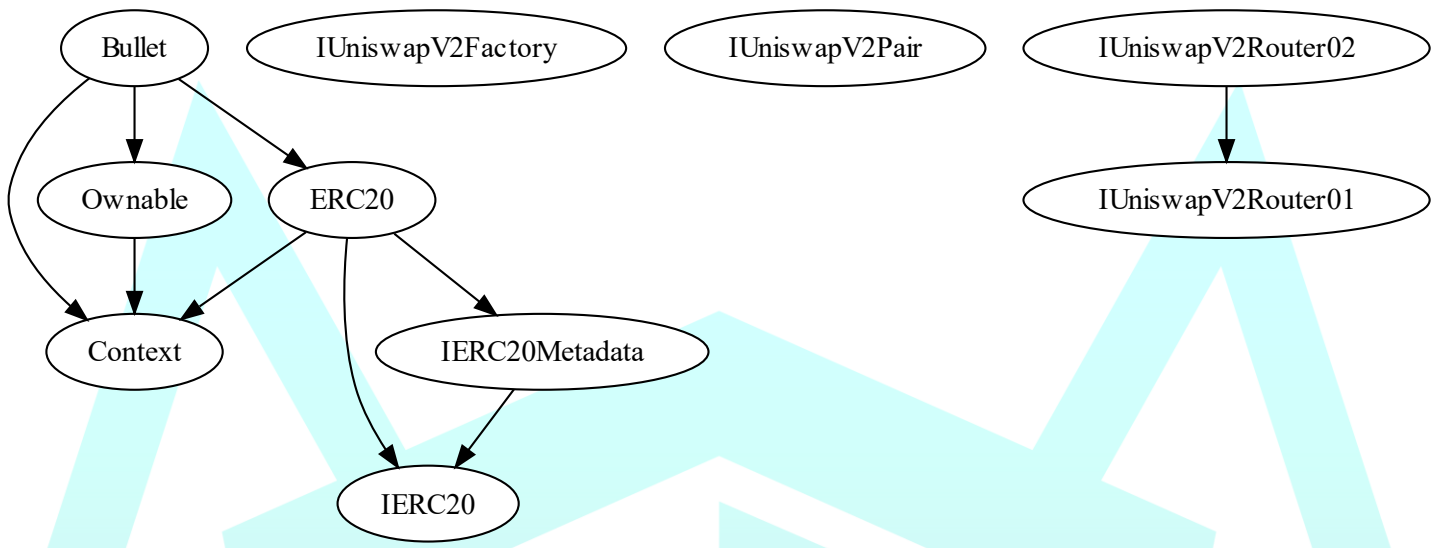
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	36	5

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.10		Yes	No	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	✓	✓	✓
Mint	✓	✓	✗
Burn	✓	✓	✗
Block	✓	✓	✓
Pause	—	—	—

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	✗
Unverified / Not checked	🚩
Not Available	—

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve

2. authorize

3. decreaseAllowance

4. emergencyWithdraw

5. emergencyWithdrawTokens

6. increaseAllowance

7. manage_Snipers

8. manualSwap

9. openTrading

10. renounceOwnership

11. setCooldownForTrades

12. setDev

13. setLiquidityPoolStatus

14. setMarketing

15. setMaxSellTXPercent_base1000

16. setMaxWalletExempt

17. setMaxWalletPercent_base1000

18. setRatios

19. setRewards

20. setSwapThreshold

21. setTaxes

22. setWhitelist

23. transfer

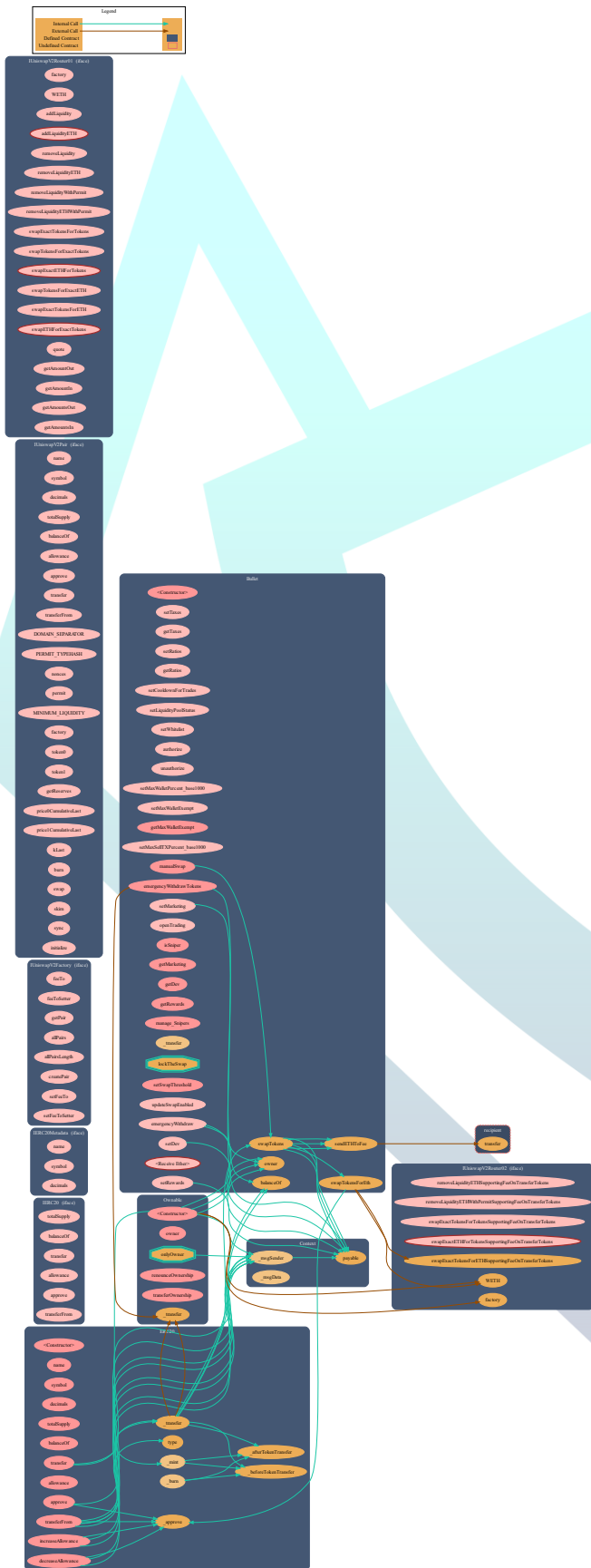
24. transferFrom

25. transferOwnership

26. unauthorize

27. updateSwapEnabled

Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	LOW ISSUE
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	PASSED
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	PASSED
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

<u>SWC-110</u>	Assert Violation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
<u>SWC-108</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	LOW ISSUE
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
<u>SWC-104</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
<u>SWC-103</u>	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
<u>SWC-102</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
<u>SWC-101</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
<u>SWC-100</u>	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 5, L: 50, L: 77
State variable visibility is not set (SWC-108)	L: 902 C: 9, L: 903 C: 9, L: 905 C: 12
Potential use of “block.number” as source of randomness (SWC-120)	L: 1089 C: 25, L: 1126 C: 30, L: 1148 C: 63

Audit Comments

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can set taxes with an amount not greater than 30%
- Deployer can set ratios with total amount equal to 1000
- Deployer can set trading cooldown
- Deployer can set liquidity pool address and status
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from tax
- Deployer can set authorized/unauthorized address
- Deployer can set max wallet token
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from max wallet limit
- Deployer can set max sell transaction limit percentage with an amount greater than 0.1%
- Deployer can set marketing wallet address
- Deployer can set dev wallet address
- Deployer can set rewards wallet address
- Deployer can toggle trading status
- Deployer can block/unblock user
- Deployer can set swap threshold
- Deployer can toggle swap status
- Deployer can manually swap tokens
- Deployer can take tokens from contract
- Deployer can take BNB from contract
- Deployer cannot burn tokens
- Deployer cannot pause contract
- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment



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