

**Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits** 

## **Security Assessment**

May 17, 2022



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#### **Disclaimer**

**ContractWolf.io** audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

ContractWolf does not provide any warranty on its released reports.

**ContractWolf** should not be used as a <u>decision</u> to invest into an audited project and is not affiliated nor partners to its audited contract projects.

**ContractWolf** provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its **SMART CONTRACT**.

**ContractWolf** presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

## Scope of Work

**LESLARVERSE** team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

**ContractWolf** will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **LESLARVERSE**.

#### **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

#### **Contract link**

https://bscscan.com/address/0xC89a2C86D3656f27551080D33f59Beb92 0D0C80C

#### Website

http://www.leslarmetaverse.com

## **Telegram**

https://t.me/leslarmetaverse\_global

#### **Twitter**

http://www.twitter.com/leslarmetaverse

### Instagram

https://instagram.com/leslarmetaverse?igshid=YmMyMTA2M2Y=

#### **Discord**

https://discord.com/invite/HRgUAjyJUk

#### **Github**

https://github.com/leslarmetaverse/LLVERSE-PUBLIC

## **Description**

**LESLARVERSE** is a bridge that connects various crypto platforms such as Exchangers (example: Binance, PancakeSwap, Biswap), NFT marketplace platforms (example: OpenSea) and others.

Users can access multiple crypto platforms with just one platform, LESLARVERSE.

In LESLARVERSE there will also be educational and news platform facilities that make it easy for beginners to learn crypto and blockchain from the ground up. LESLARVERSE has a vision to become a platform that expands crypto adoption starting from the local market and then to the global market.

### Logo



#### **Risk Level Classification**

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

#### **Auditing Approach**

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

### Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
  - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

# **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)**

#### Imported Packages

- Buyback
- Collateralize
- Context
- Expensify
- Helpers
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IUniswapV2Pair
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- LESLARVERSE
- Liquify
- Ownable
- Pancake
- RFI
- SafeMath
- Supply
- Tokenomics
- TxPolice

## **Description**

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 9

Symbol: LLEVERSE

Max / Total supply: 1,000,000,000,000

## **Capabilities**

#### **Components**

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	1	1	6	12

#### **Exposed Functions**

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	18	12	112	52

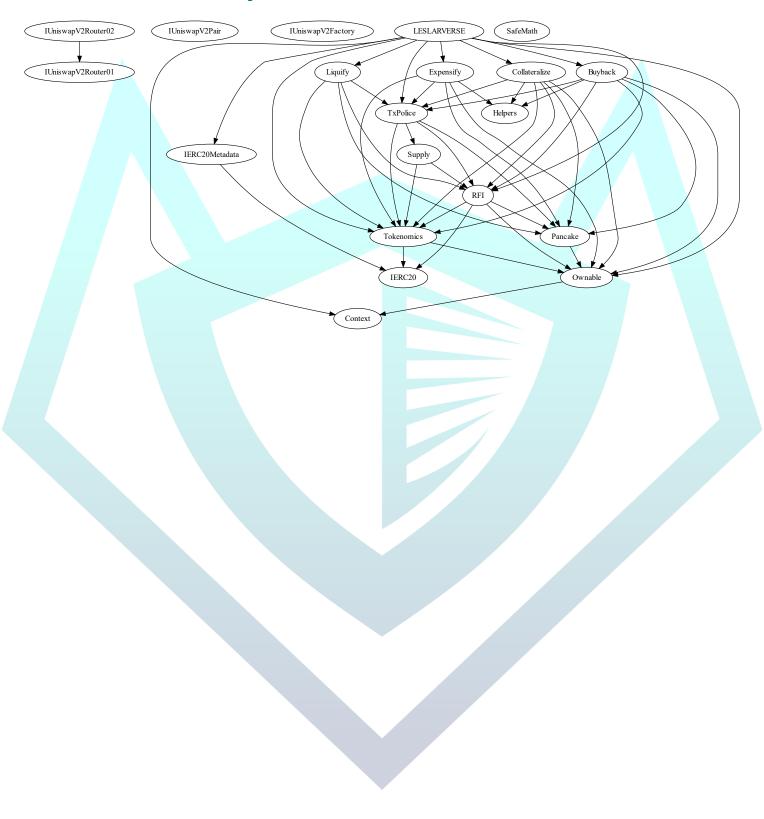
#### **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public
1.0	62	32

#### **Capabilities**

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
	Observed		Funds		Contracts
1.0	v0.8.9		Yes	No	No

## **Inheritance Graph**



## **Correct implementation of Token Standard**

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

## **Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

Tested	Verified
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>

## **Verify Claims**

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Mint	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	X
Burn	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	X
Block	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>
Pause	_	_	_

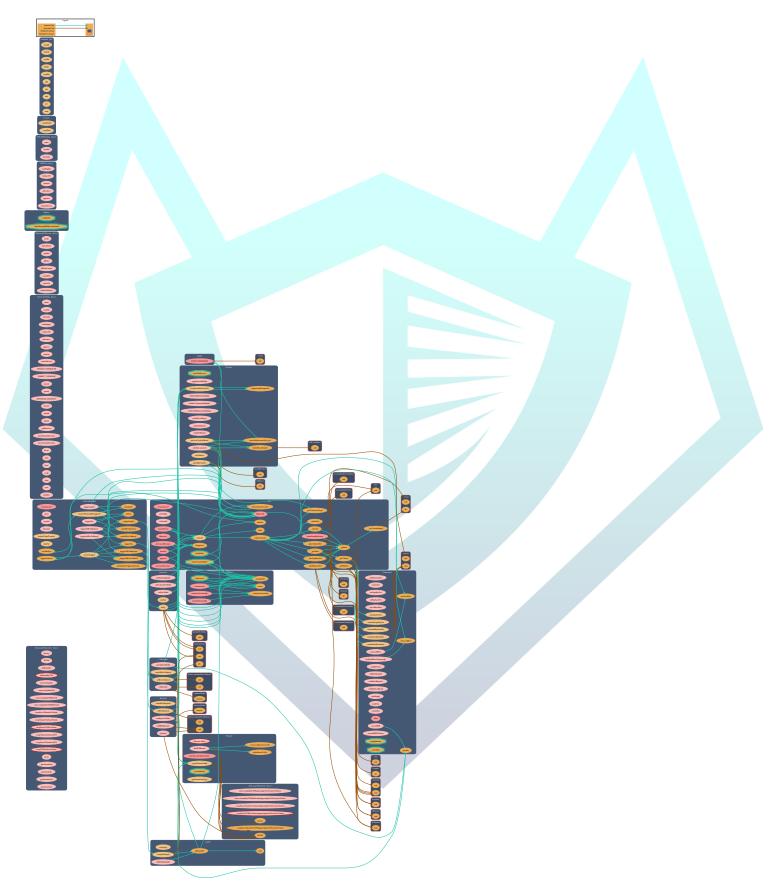
## Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	<b>✓</b>
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	
Not Available	_

## **Write Functions of Contract**

1. addAddressToLPs	17. restoreAllFees	33. setProductDevWallet
2. addInitialLiquidity	18. setAntibot	34. setReflectionFee
3. approve	19. setBuybackFee	35. setSellCycleHours
4. buyback	20. setBuybackWallet	36. setTaxBuy
5. collateralize	21. setCollateralFee	37. setTaxFee
6. decreaseAllowance	22. setCollateralWallet	38. setTaxSell
7. disableAllFeesTemporarily	23. setDevWallet	39. toggleLimitExemptions
8. disableSellLimit	24. setLiquidityFee	40. toggleSpecialWallets
9. enableSellLimit	25. setMarketingWallet	re. toggioopeoidivvaliete
10. increaseAllowance	26. setMaxSellAllowanceMultiplier	41. transfer
11. initDEXRouter	27. setMaxTxAmountMultiplier	42. transferFrom
12. pullBnbBuyback	28. setMaxWalletSizeMultiplier	43. transferOwnership
13. removeAddressFromLPs	29. setMinToBuyback	44. triggerLiquify
14. renounceOwnership	30. setMinToCollateral	45. triggerSellForBuyback
15. rescueBEP20Tokens	31. setMinToLiquify	46. triggerSellForCollateral
16. rescueBNB	32. setMinToTax	47. triggerTax

## **Call Graph**



## **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
<u>SWC-135</u>	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
<u>SWC-133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
<u>SWC-132</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
<u>SWC-131</u>	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
<u>SWC-128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
<u>SWC-125</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
<u>SWC-124</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
<u>SWC-121</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
<u>SWC-118</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
<u>SWC-115</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	PASSED
<u>SWC-114</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
<u>SWC-113</u>	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
<u>SWC-112</u>	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
<u>SWC-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

SWC-110	Assert Violation	PASSED
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
SWC-107	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
<u>SWC-104</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
<u>SWC-100</u>	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

## **AUDIT PASSED**

#### **Low Issues**

	L: 1		IUniswapV2Factory.sol
			IUniswapV2Pair.sol
			IUniswapV2Router01.sol
			LECLADVEDCE col
	L: 2		LESLARVERSE.sol
			RFI.sol
			Liquify.sol
			Expensify.sol
			Buyback.sol
			Collateralize.sol
			TxPolice.sol
A floating pragma is			Pancake.sol
set (SWC-103)		Helpers.sol	
			Supply.sol
	L: 3		IUniswapV2Router02.sol
	L: 4		SafeMath.sol
			Context.sol
			Ownable.sol
			IERC20.sol
			IERC20Metadata.sol
			Tokenomics.sol

#### **Audit Comments**

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can initialize DEX router
- Deployer can add/remove address to liquidity pool
- Deployer can set buy/sell fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can set reflection fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can set tax fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can set liquidity fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can set buyback fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can set collateral fee with an indefinite amount
- Deployer can disable/restore all fees
- Deployer can set minimum token to tax
- Deployer can set minimum token to liquify
- Deployer can set minimum token to buyback
- Deployer can set minimum token to collateral
- Deployer can block/unblock address for anti-bot
- Deployer can collect BNB from contract
- Deployer can toggle limit exemptions
- Deployer can add/remove special wallet address
- Deployer can set max wallet size multiplier with an amount greater than 0 and less than 1000000
- Deployer can set max transaction amount multiplier with an amount greater than 0 and less than 1000000
- Deployer can set max sell allowance multiplier with an amount greater than 0
- Deployer can set cycle hours with an amount greater than 0

- Deployer can enable/disable sell limit
- Deployer can set collateral wallet address
- Deployer can set buyback wallet address
- Deployer can set product dev wallet address
- Deployer can set dev wallet address
- Deployer can set marketing wallet address
- Deployer can trigger liquify
- Deployer can set trigger to sell for buyback
- Deployer can set trigger to sell for collateral
- Deployer can trigger tax
- Deployer can collateralize BNB
- Deployer can buyback and send to dead address
- Deployer can transfer BNB to buyback wallet
- Deployer can add liquidity
- Deployer can collect tokens from contract
- Deployer cannot lock contract
- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment
- Deployer cannot burn tokens



## CONTRACTWOLF

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