

**Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits** 

## **Security Assessment**

March 11, 2022



Disclaimer	4
Description	6
Engagement	6
Project Engagement	6
Logo	7
Contract Link	7
Risk Level Classification	8
Methodology	9
Used Code from other Frameworks / Smart Contracts (Imports)	10
Description	11
Scope of Work	13
Inheritance Graph	14
Verify Claim	15
Overall Checkup	18
Write Functions of Contract	19
SWC Attack	20
Audit Result	25
Audit Comments	26

#### **Disclaimer**

**ContractWolf.io** audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

ContractWolf does not provide any warranty on its released reports.

**ContractWolf** should not be used as a <u>decision</u> to invest into an audited project and is not affiliated nor partners to its audited contract projects.

ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within it's SMART CONTRACT.

**ContractWolf** presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

#### **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20 Protocol)

#### Website

https://www.roganriches.com/

#### **Facebook**

TBA

#### **Twitter**

**TBA** 

## Instagram

**TBA** 

#### Linkedin

TBA

#### Youtube

TBA

## **Telegram**

**TBA** 

## **WhatsApp**

**TBA** 

#### **Description**

**Rogan Riches** is a revolutionary hybrid coin with a freedom focused mission and mainstream ambition. Passive income simplified and earn massive \$BUSD rewards simply by holding \$RR.

Superior Roganomics designed to maximize holder benefit our tokenomics are designed to maximize passive income rewards as well as token value for our holders. 9% of all transactions will go directly towards BUSD rewards for our holders which will be automatically deposited into your wallet. 3% will go towards our massive mainstream marketing push.

An additional 3% will go towards project development, this includes development of our next generation decentralized crowdfunding dapp, JoeFundMe. 1% will be added automatically to our project's liquidity, creating further stability in our market. The final 1% will be used in our deflationary mechanism, automatically buying back, and burning RR tokens, creating constant buy pressure, and decreasing the total supply of RR.

#### **ContractWolf Engagement**

11<sup>th</sup> of March 2022, **Rogan Riches** engaged and agrees to audit their smart contract's code by **ContractWolf**. The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

**ContractWolf** will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Rogan Riches**.

### **LOGO**



## **Contract Link:**

https://bscscan.com/address/0x3ae2c05b2fcc3176ab9600c3f92271f7964737dc

#### **Risk Level Classification**

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

#### **Auditing Approach**

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
  - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

# **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)**

#### **Imported Packages**

- Auth
- Context
- DividendDistributor
- IBEP20
- IDEXFactory
- IDEXRouter
- IDividendDistributor
- RoganRiches
- SafeMath

## **Description**

Optimization enabled: Yes

Version: v0.8.12

Decimal: 18

Symbol: RR

## **Capabilities**

#### Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	1	4	2

#### **Exposed Functions**

Version	Public	Private
1.0	13	0

Version	External	Internal
1.0	52	32

#### **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public
1.0	20	20

#### **Capabilities**

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
					_
	Observed		Funds		Contracts

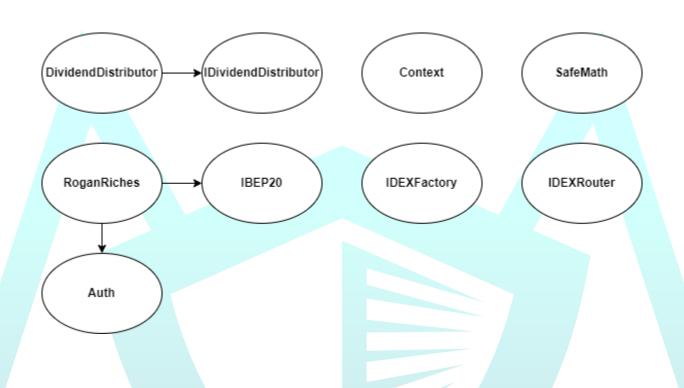


## **Scope of Work**

**Rogan Riches'** team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.



## **Inheritance Graph**



## **Verify Claims**

#### **Correct implementation of Token Standard**

Tested	Verified
<b>√</b>	X

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### **Optional implementation**

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
renounceOwnership	Owner renounce ownership for more trust	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

Max / Total supply: 420,000,000,069

#### Deployer can burn

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer can burn	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>

#### Deployer cannot lock user funds

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock user funds	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### **Deployer cannot pause contract**

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

## **Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)**



#### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	<b>✓</b>
Partly Verified	<b>*</b>
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not Available	_

## **Write Functions of Contract**

1. SolarFlare	13. setFees
2. TransferBNBsOutfromContract	14. setIsDividendExempt
3. approve	15. setIsFeeExempt
4. approveMax	16. setIsTxLimitExempt
5. authorize	17. setSwapBackSettings
6. burnTokens	18. setTargetLiquidity
7. launch	19. setTxLimit
8. setAutoBuybackSettings	20. startTrading
9. setBlacklisted	21. transfer
10. setDistributionCriteria	22. transferFrom
11. setDistributorSettings	23. transferOwnership
12. setFeeReceivers	24. unauthorize

## **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	NOT PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SWC-130</u>	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED

SWC-128	DoS With Block	CWE-400: Uncontrolled	PASSED
	Gas Limit	Resource Consumption	
	Arbitrary Jump	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level	
SWC-127	with Function	<u>Functionality</u>	PASSED
	Type Variable		
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas	CWE-691: Insufficient	PASSED
3VVC-120	Griefing	Control Flow Management	PASSED
	Incorrect	CWE-696: Incorrect	
SWC-125	Inheritance	Behavior Order	PASSED
	Order		
	Write to	CWE-123: Write-what-	
61416 424	Arbitrary	where Condition	D
SWC-124	Storage		PASSED
	Location		
	Requirement	CWE-573: Improper	
SWC-123	Violation	Following of Specification	PASSED
		by Caller	
	Lack of Proper	CWE-345: Insufficient	
SWC-122	Signature	Verification of Data	PASSED
	Verification	Authenticity	
	Missing	CWE-347: Improper	
	Protection	Verification of	
SWC-121	against	Cryptographic	PASSED
	Signature	<u>Signature</u>	
	Replay Attacks		
	Weak Sources	CWE-330: Use of	
01410 400	of Randomness	Insufficiently	
<u>SWC-120</u>	from Chain	Random Values	PASSED
	Attributes		

SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SWC-116	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	NOT PASSED
<u>SWC-115</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SWC-114</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SWC-113</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED

<u>SWC-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
SWC-110	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SWC-108</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SWC-104</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SWC-103</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED

	Outdated	CWE-937: Using	
<u>SWC-102</u>	Compiler	Components with Known	PASSED
	Version	<u>Vulnerabilities</u>	
	Integer	CWE-682: Incorrect	
SWC-101	Overflow and	<u>Calculation</u>	PASSED
	Underflow		
	Function	CWE-710: Improper	
SWC-100	Default	Adherence to Coding	PASSED
	Visibility	<u>Standards</u>	

## **AUDIT PASSED**

#### **Critical Issues**

No critical issues found

**High Issues** 

No high issues found

**Medium Issues** 

No medium issues found

**Low Issues** 

No medium issues found

**Informational Issues** 

No informational issues found

**Function Issues** 

No informational issues found

#### **Audit Comments**

- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment
- Deployer cannot lock/pause contract
- Deployer can burn
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can set and modify fees up to 25%