

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

June 6, 2022



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Disclaimer

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within it's **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Clashing Blade's team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Clashing Blade**.

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Contract link

https://bscscan.com/address/0xce815a6e72d8ff40780f27c74ac40a6d960 37a64

Telegram

https://t.me/clashingbladesmmo

Twitter

https://twitter.com/clashingblades

Discord

https://discord.com/invite/rJRYMc5ZpZ

YouTube

https://www.youtube.com/c/ClashingBlades

CoinMarketCap

https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/clashingblades/

Google Playstore

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.ClashingBladesGame sLLC.ClashingBlades

Description

ClashingBlades is an upcoming 3D MMORPG on the Blockchain. Experience classic MMORPG Gameplay with target based. Exciting PvP, Guild wars, Siege wars, all of which are going to help you grow your character and earn tokens. MULTIPLAYER pre-alpha with play to earn is available.



Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
 - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- Context
- ERC20
- Ownable
- SafeMath
- Clones
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- IPinkAntiBot
- IERC20Upgradeable
- IERC20MetadataUpgradeable
- Initializable
- ContextUpgradeable
- ERC20Upgradeable
- OwnableUpgradeable
- IUniswapV2Pair
- SafeMathInt
- SafeMathUint
- IterableMapping
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- DividendPayingToken
- BABYTOKENDividendTracker

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: LYKA

Max / Total supply: 1,000,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	4	5	11	6

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	59	10	110	54

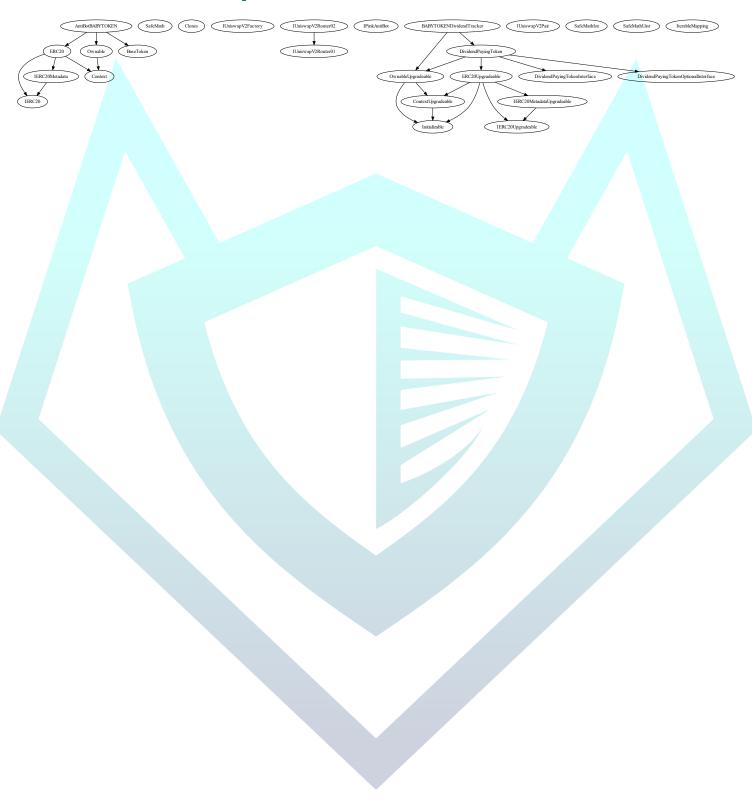
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	40	20

Capabilities

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
	Observed		Funds		Contracts
1.0	v0.8.4		Yes	Yes	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
√	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
√	√

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	√	√	√
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	√	√	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	√	√	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number		√	✓

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	√	✓	√
Mint	√	✓	X
Burn	√	✓	X
Block	√	✓	X
Pause	_	_	_

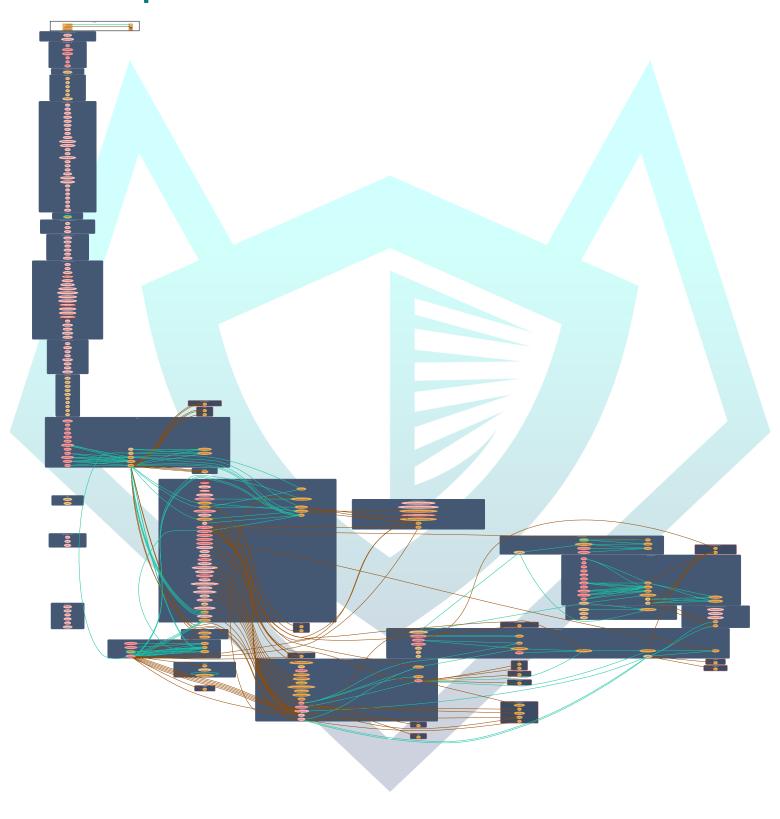
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	P ⊌
Not Available	_

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve	13. setMarketingFee
2. claim	14. setMarketingWallet
3. decreaseAllowance	15. setSwapTokensAtAmount
4. excludeFromDividends	16. setTokenRewardsFee
5. excludeFromFees	17. transfer
6. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees	18. transferFrom
7. increaseAllowance	19. transferOwnership
8. processDividendTracker	20. updateClaimWait
9. renounceOwnership	21. updateDividendTracker
10. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair	22. updateGasForProcessing
11. setEnableAntiBot	23. updateMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends
12. setLiquiditFee	24. updateUniswapV2Router

Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
<u>SWC-133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
<u>SWC-132</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
<u>SWC-131</u>	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
<u>SWC-129</u>	Typographical Error	PASSED
<u>SWC-128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
<u>SWC-124</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
<u>SWC-121</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW ISSUE
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
<u>SWC-112</u>	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

<u>SWC-110</u>	Assert Violation	PASSED
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	PASSED
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	PASSED
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
<u>SWC-100</u>	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control. (SWC-115)

L: 2984, 3084

Audit Comments

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can exclude addresses from dividends
- Deployer can set/update claim wait between 1 and 24 hours
- Deployer can set/update minimum token balance for dividends
- Deployer can toggle anti bot
- Deployer can set swap tokens at amount value
- Deployer can set/update dividend tracker address
- Deployer can set/update Uniswap V2 Router address
- Deployer can exclude/include addresses from fees
- Deployer can set/update marketing wallet receiver
- Deployer can set/update total fees not greater than 25%
- Deployer can set/update automated market maker pair address
- Deployer can update gas for processing between 200,000 and 500,000
- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment
- Deployer cannot burn
- Deployer cannot pause contract
- Deployer cannot block users



CONTRACTWOLF

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits