

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

January 14, 2022



REBORN

MetaSafeMoon

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within it's **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Network

BSC / Binance Smart Chain (BEP20 protocol)

Website

https://metasafemoon.net/

Twitter

https://twitter.com/MetaSafeMoon

Telegram

https://t.me/MetaSafeMoonOfficial

Other channels

Reddit: https://www.reddit.com/r/MetaSafeMoon/

Description

MetaSafeMoon is a BEP20 token designed to fulfill one of the first desires of the modern mankind, life outside earth.

MetaSafeMoon operates in an ecosystem that has carefully combined Metaverse and NFTs for a single purpose, offering a real utility that brings users from all blockchains in the same direction

ContractWolf Engagement

14th of January 2022, **MetaSafeMoon** engaged and agrees to audit their smart contract's code by ContractWolf. The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **MetaSafeMoon**.

Logo



Contract Link

https://bscscan.com/address/0xf7a086bff67ded4aa785e8a0a81d4345d9bb4740

Risk level classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
 - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- IERC20
- SafeMath
- Ownable
- InterfaceLP
- ERC20Detailed
- SafeMathInt
- IDEXFactory
- IDEXRouter
- METASFM

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Version: v0.7.4

Decimals: 9

Symbol: \$METASFM

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	2	4	1

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private
1.0	11	1

Version	External	Internal
1.0	44	19

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	28	15

Capabilities

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
	Olanamanad		Fada		Caustus etc
	Observed		Funds		Contracts

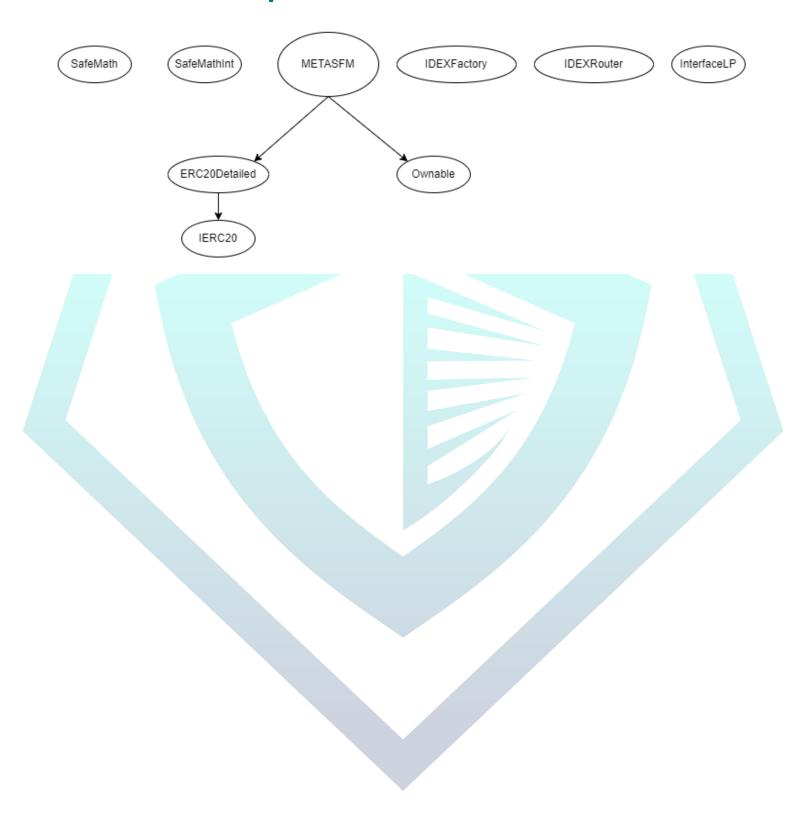


Scope of Work

MetaSafeMoon's team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.



Inheritance Graph



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token Standard



Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	√	√	✓
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	√	√	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	√	√	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	√
Allowance	Sets a specific number of coin or token that allows a specified address to utilize	√	√	✓

Optional implementation

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
renounceOwnership	Owner renounce ownership for more trust	√	√	√



Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	√	√	√	Main

Max / Total supply: 1,000,000,000,000,000

Deployer cannot pause user funds

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	√	√	✓



Deployer cannot burn user funds

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot burn	√	√	✓



Deployer cannot pause the contract

Statement	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	√	√	✓



Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	√
Partly Verified	X
Unverified / Not checked	P
Not Available	_

Write Functions of contract



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SWC-136</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	NOT PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>134</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>132</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>131</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>130</u>	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>129</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low- Level Functionality	PASSED

SWC-	Incorrect	CWE-696: Incorrect	PASSED
<u>125</u>	Inheritance Order	Behavior Order	
CVA/C	Write to	CWE-123: Write-what-	
<u>SWC-</u> 124	Arbitrary Storage	where Condition	PASSED
124	Location		
	Requirement	CWE-573: Improper	
SWC-	Violation	Following of	PASSED
<u>123</u>		Specification by Caller	
CVA/C	Lack of Proper	CWE-345: Insufficient	
<u>SWC-</u>	Signature	Verification of Data	PASSED
<u>122</u>	Verification	<u>Authenticity</u>	
	Missing Protection	CWE-347: Improper	
SWC-	against Signature	<u>Verification of</u>	PASSED
<u>121</u>	Replay Attacks	Cryptographic	I ASSED
		<u>Signature</u>	
SWC-	Weak Sources of	CWE-330: Use of	
120	Randomness from	Insufficiently	PASSED
	Chain Attributes	Random Values	
SWC-	Shadowing State	CWE-710: Improper	
119	Variables	Adherence to Coding	PASSED
		<u>Standards</u>	
SWC-	Incorrect	CWE-665: Improper	
118	Constructor	I <u>nitialization</u>	PASSED
	Name	CIA/E 247: Incomes a con-	
SWC-	Signature	CWE-347: Improper	DACCED
<u>117</u>	Malleability	Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SMC	Timestamn	Cryptographic Signature CWE-829: Inclusion of	
<u>SWC-</u> 116	Timestamp Dependence	CVVL-025. IIICIUSIUII UI	PASSED
	Dependence		

		Functionality from	
		Untrusted	
CVA/C	A 11	Control Sphere	
SWC-	Authorization	CWE-477: Use of	PASSED
<u>115</u>	through tx.origin	Obsolete Function	
	Transaction	CWE-362: Concurrent	
	Order	Execution using Shared	
SWC-	Dependence	Resource with	PASSED
<u>114</u>		<u>Improper</u>	PASSED
		Synchronization ('Race	
		Condition')	
CVA/C	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper	
SWC-		Check or Handling of	PASSED
113		Exceptional Conditions	
	Delegate call to	CWE-829: Inclusion of	
SWC-	Untrusted	Functionality from	
112	Callee	Untrusted	PASSED
		Control Sphere	
	Use of Deprecated	CWE-477: Use of	
SWC-	Solidity	Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>111</u>	Functions	<u>Obsolete i diletion</u>	IASSEB
	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-	
SWC-	Assert violation	Incorrect Control Flow	PASSED
<u>110</u>			PASSED
CVA/C	I Indicate all and	Implementation	
<u>SWC-</u>	Uninitialized	CWE-824: Access of	PASSED
<u>109</u>	Storage Pointer	<u>Uninitialized Pointer</u>	
SWC-	State Variable	CWE-710: Improper	
108	Default	Adherence to Coding	PASSED
	Visibility	<u>Standards</u>	

<u>SWC-</u> <u>107</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SWC-</u> <u>106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Critical Issues

No critical issues found

High Issues

No high issues found

Medium Issues

No medium issues found

Low Issues

No low issues found

Informational Issues

No informational issues found

Function Issues

No informational issues found

Audit Comments

January 17, 2022

- Too many external addresses declared
- Irrelevant line of code 367