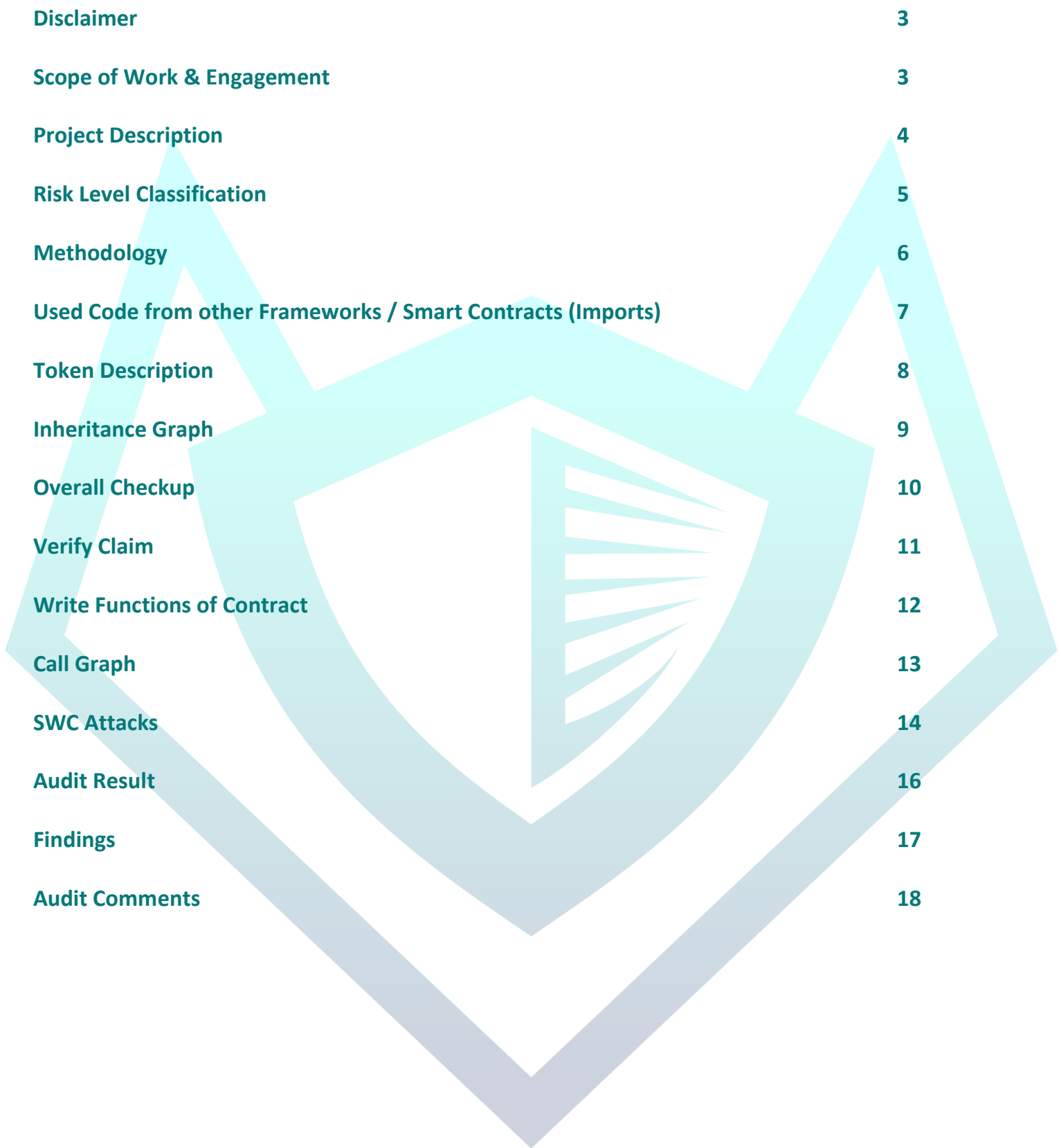v

CONTRACT WOLF

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

November 23, 2022

Disclaimer

ContractWolf.io audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Quintex Network team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Quintex Network**.

Description

Quintex Coin (QUITT) is a Next-Gen hyper buy-back utility Coin, It is the primary Coin of the Quintessential Network (QUINTEX), which aims at building and making the Decentralized Finance (DeFi) and NFT markets more secure and faster for it's users.

It is the primary coin of the Decentralized platform Quintex Swap Dex, a powerful and unique decentralized exchange with exciting features**.**
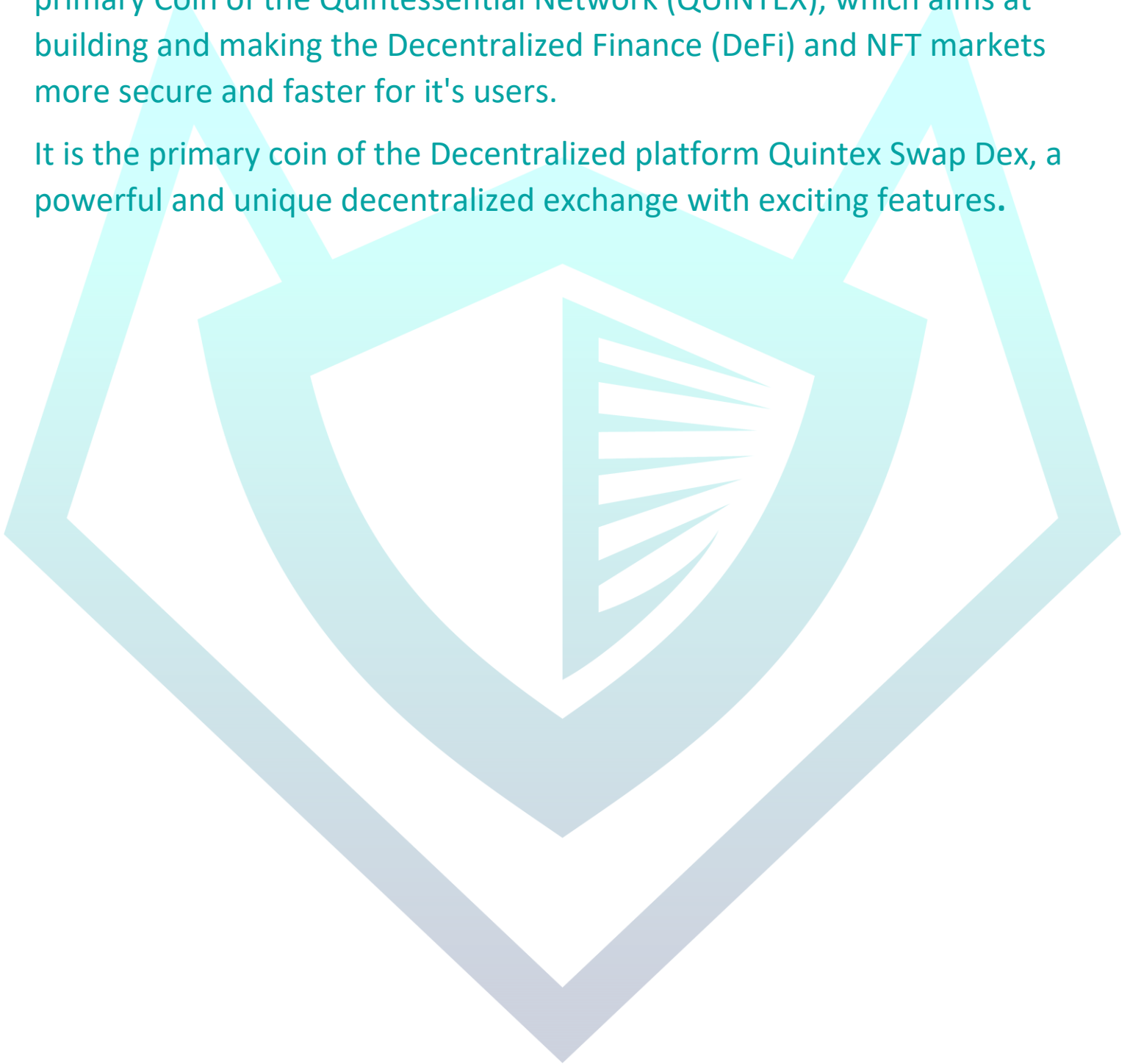
Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.
Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
- Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.

2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:

- Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.

3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.

4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- Context
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- Ownable
- ERC20
- SafeMathUint
- SafeMathInt
- IterableMapping
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- DividengPayingToken
- IPancakeFactory
- IPancakePair
- IPancakeRouter01
- IPancakeRouter02
- QUINTEX
- QuintexDividendTracker

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 9

Symbol: QUIIT

Max / Total Supply: 150,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	4	8	1

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	49	4	106	35

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	47	25

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.7		Yes	No	No

Inheritance Graph

QuintexDividendTracker · SafeMathUint · SafeMathInt · SafeMath · IterableMapping · IPancakeFactory · IPancakePair · IPancakeRouter02

QUINTEX · DividendPayingToken

DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface · DividendPayingTokenInterface

IPancakeRouter01

ERC20

Ownable · IERC20Metadata

Context · IERC20

Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	✓	✓	✓
Mint	✓	✓	✗
Burn	✓	✓	✗
Block	—	—	—
Pause	—	—	—

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	✗
Unverified / Not checked	🏴
Not Available	—

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve
2. claim
3. decreaseAllowance
4. editToken
5. editTokenName
6. editTokenSymbol
7. excludeFromAllLimits
8. excludeFromDividends
9. excludeFromFees
10. excludeFromMaxTxLimit
11. excludeFromPeriodLimit
12. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees
13. getAccountPeriodSellVolume
14. increaseAllowance
15. processDividendTracker
16. renounceOwnership
17. setBuyFees
18. setCanTransferBeforeTradingIsEnabled

19. setMaxHoldingAmount
20. setMaxTxAmount
21. setRestrictionPeriod
22. setSellFees
23. setSwapIsEnabled
24. setSwapTokensAtAmount
25. setTradingIsEnabled
26. setWallets
27. transfer
28. transferFrom
29. transferOwnership
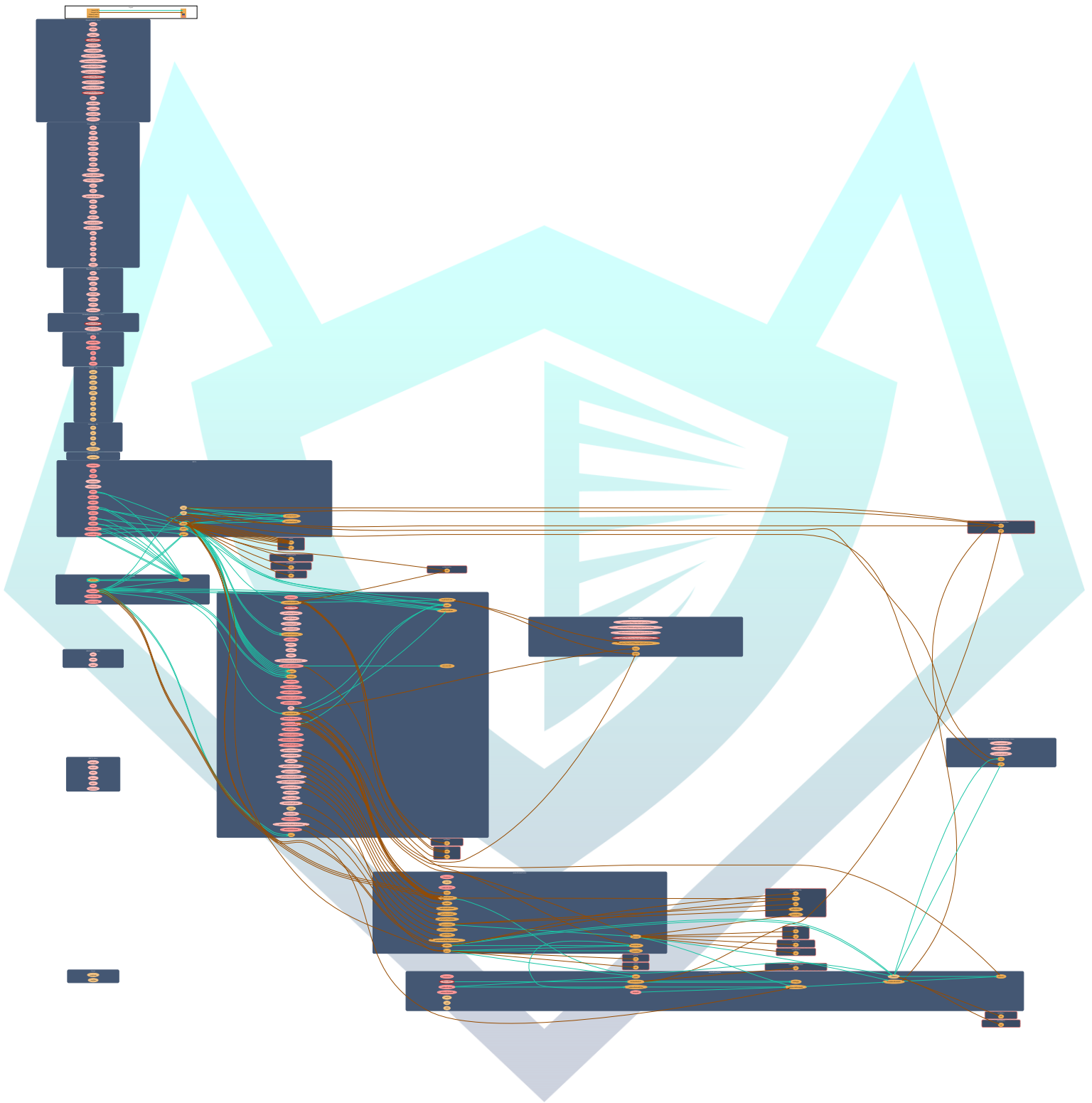30. updateClaimWait
31. updateDividendTracker
32. updateGasForProcessing
33. updateMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends
34. updatePancakeRouter
35. withdrawStuckTokens

Call Graph

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	PASSED
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW ISSUE
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

SWC-110	Assert Violation	PASSED
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
SWC-107	Reentrancy	PASSED
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 13
Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control. (SWC-115)	L: 1599, L: 1727

Findings

Description:

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)

Suggestion:

Specific version to ensure that the bytecode does not vary between builds.

Description:

Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control (SWC-115)

Suggestion:

"tx.origin" should not be used for authorization. Use "msg.sender" instead.

Audit Comments

- Owner can set fees up to 50%
- Owner can set max tx limit up to 100%
- Owner can renounce ownership
- Owner can transfer ownership
- Owner can update token name
- Owner can update token symbol
- Owner can update router address
- Owner can update dividend tracker address
- Owner can update claim wait
- Owner can update minimum token balance for dividends
- Owner can update gas for processing with an amount between 200,000 and 500,000
- Owner can set token swap amount threshold
- Owner can set max holding amount
- Owner can set restriction period
- Owner can set new marketing wallet address and new buyback wallet address
- Owner can exclude address from dividends
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from fees
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from period limit
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from max tx limit
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from all limits and fees
- Owner can include/exclude addresses that can transfer before trading is enabled
- Owner can toggle swapping status
- Owner can toggle trading status

- Owner can take tokens from contract
- Owner cannot burn tokens
- Owner cannot block user
- Owner cannot pause contract
- Owner cannot mint after initial deployment

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