CONTRACT WOLF

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

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Disclaimer

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within it's **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Homie Wars' team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Homie Wars.**

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Contract link

https://bscscan.com/address/0xD68b202cB625851cD5F1B3e7979afc179Da63946

Website

https://homiewars.com/

Twitter

https://twitter.com/homie_wars

Telegram

https://t.me/homiewars

Description

In **Homie Wars** you will find a new place where hang around with Homies in the Homieverse, but also get involved into all the fun of a Battle Royale.

In the Battle2Earn mode you depend on your skills to survive each round of the game and be the winner of the daily prize pool. In The Homieverse you´ll be able to attend to events, join subcommunities, trade skins and different NFTs... There´s lot of upcoming stuff.

In Homie Wars your time is valuable, so you won´t need to be hours and hours training to be able to win the Daily Golden Battle. It´s a fair tournament where the homies can really compete between them, no matter their resources in The Homieverse, as boosts and upskillings are limited.

Logo

Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:

    - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
    - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.

2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:

    - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.

3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.

4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- SafeMath
- SafeMathInt
- SafeMathUint
- Context
- Ownable
- Address
- DividendPayingToken
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- IPair
- IFactory
- IRouter
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- ERC20
- IterableMapping
- HomieCoin
- HomieCoinDividendTracker

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: HomieCoin

Max / Total supply: 100,000,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	5	7	1

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	41	5	56	30

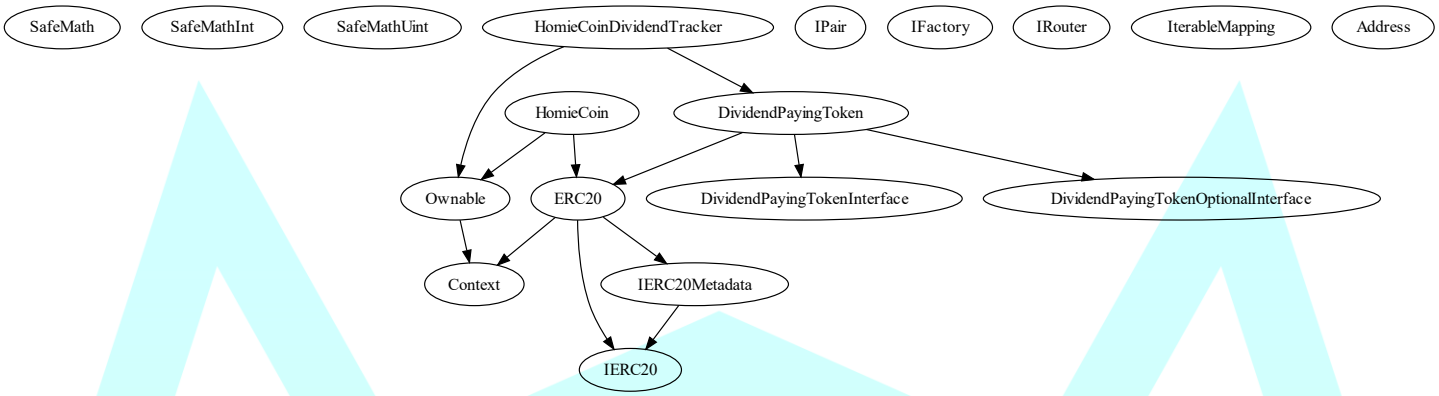
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	37	26

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.6		Yes	No	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	✓	✓	✓
Mint	✓	✓	✗
Burn	✓	✓	✗
Block	–	–	–
Pause	–	–	–

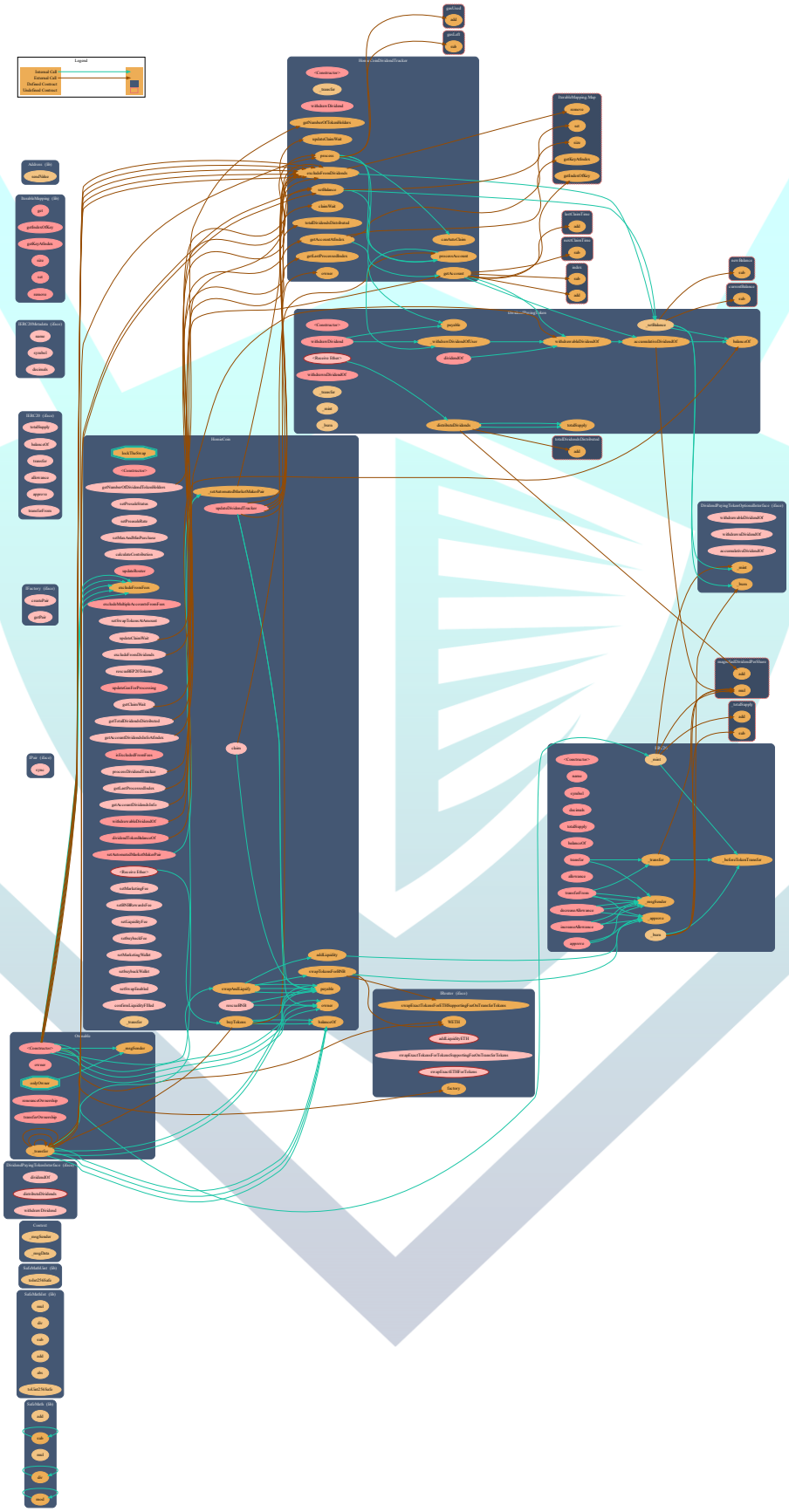
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	✗
Unverified / Not checked	⚑
Not Available	–

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve
2. buyTokens
3. claim
4. confirmLiquidityFIlled
5. decreaseAllowance
6. excludeFromDividends
7. excludeFromFees
8. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees
9. increaseAllowance
10. processDividendTracker
11. renounceOwnership
12. rescueBEP20Tokens
13. rescueBNB
14. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair
15. setBNBRewardsFee
16. setLiquidityFee
17. setMarketingFee
18. setMarketingWallet
19. setMaxAndMinPurchase
20. setPreasaleRate
21. setPresaleStatus
22. setSwapEnabled
23. setSwapTokensAtAmount
24. setbuybackFee
25. setbuybackWallet
26. transfer
27. transferFrom
28. transferOwnership
29. updateClaimWait
30. updateDividendTracker
31. updateGasForProcessing
32. updateRouter

Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	PASSED
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW ISSUE
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

SWC-110	Assert Violation	**PASSED**
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	**PASSED**
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	**PASSED**
SWC-107	Reentrancy	**PASSED**
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	**PASSED**
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	**PASSED**
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	**PASSED**
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	**LOW ISSUE**
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	**PASSED**
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	**PASSED**
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	**PASSED**

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 1	Ownable.sol
A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 2	IterableMapping.sol
A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 3	SafeMath.sol IERC20.sol IDex.sol ERC20.sol DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface.sol DividendPayingTOkenInterface.sol Context.sol
A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 14	HomieCoin.sol
Use of “tx.origin” as a part of authorization control (SWC-115)	L: 323, 420	Homiecoin.sol

Audit Comments

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can toggle presale status
- Deployer can set/update presale rate
- Deployer can set/update minimum purchase amount greater than 0
- Deployer can set/update maximum purchaseS
- Deployer can update dividend tracker address
- Deployer can update router address
- Deployer can exclude/include addresses from fees
- Deployer can set/update swap tokens at amount value
- Deployer can set automated market maker pair address
- Deployer can exclude addresses from dividends
- Deployer can collect tokens from contract
- Deployer can update gas for processing between 200,000 and 500,000
- Deployer can set/update claim wait between 1 to 24 hours
- Deployer can set fees up to 100%
- Deployer can change address receivers
- Deployer can toggle swap enabled
- Deployer can enable liquidity filled
- Deployer can set balance
- Deployer can withdraw dividend of an address
- Deployer cannot block users
- Deployer cannot pause contract
- External function rescueBNB can collect contract's balance to owner's address

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