

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

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Disclaimer		3
Scope of Work & Engagement		3
Links		4
Project Description		5
Logo		5
Risk Level Classification		6
Methodology		7
Used Code from other Frameworks / Smart Contra	acts (Imports)	8
Token Description		9
Inheritance Graph		10
Overall Checkup		11
Verify Claim		12
Write Functions of Contract		13
Call Graph		14
SWC Attacks		15
Audit Result		17
Audit Comments		18

Disclaimer

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its **SMART CONTRACT**.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Dueter team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Dueter.**

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Contract link

https://bscscan.com/address/0xB90CdE6aA41DA759bdC4Ab941B0CDC04fAB5C46d

Website

https://dueter.io

Telegram

https://t.me/dueter

Twitter

https://twitter.com/Duetertoken

Description

Dueter will be the founder of a new world of music, in the not too distant future we will take you to the dream world of Metaverse and bring world day concerts of different artists to your room, get ready for this with any possibility and any budget



Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
 - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- IERC20
- SafeMath
- Context
- Address
- SafeERC20
- Ownable
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- Token

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: duo

Max / Total supply: 1,000,000,000,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	1	3	4	2

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	29	26	45	21

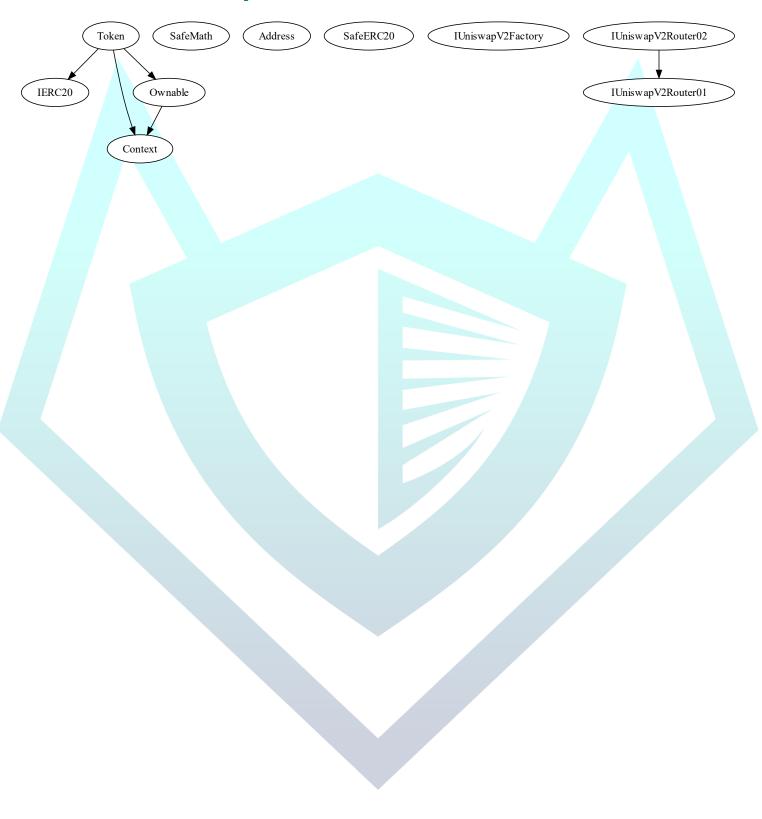
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	44	23

Capabilities

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
	Observed		Funds		Contracts
1.0	v0.8.6		Yes	Yes	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
√	√

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	√	√	√
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	√	√	√
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	√	✓	√

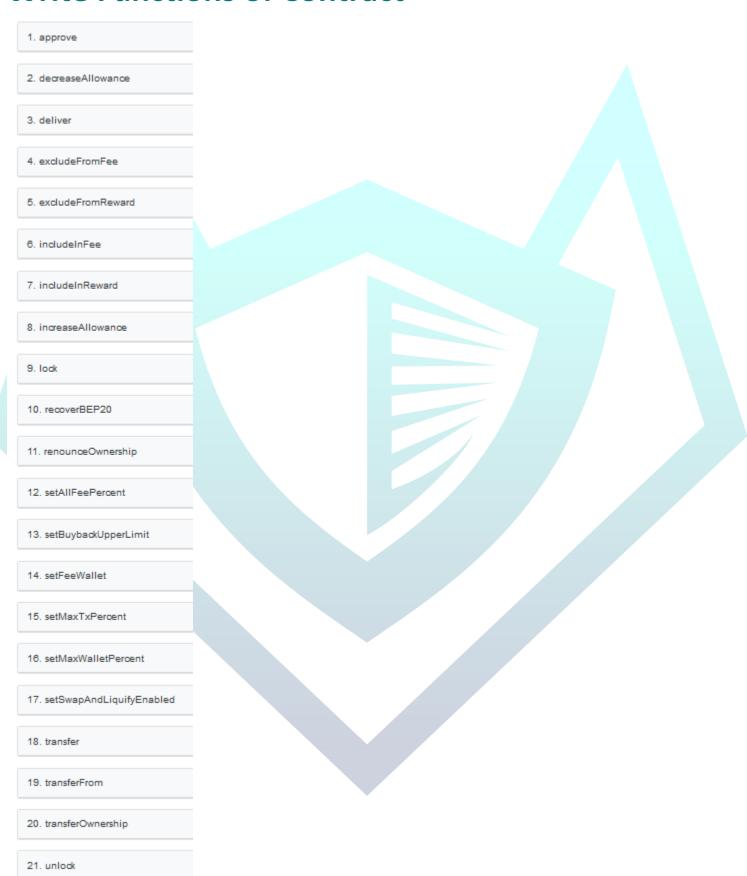
Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	√	✓	√
Mint	_	_	_
Burn	_	_	_
Block	_	_	_
Pause	√	✓	√

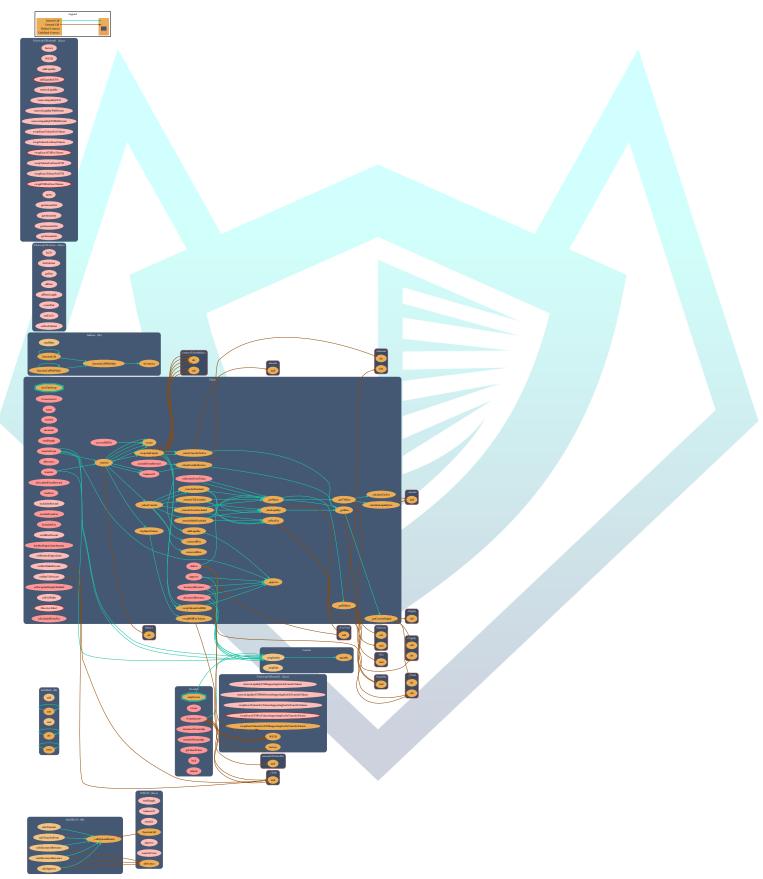
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	
Not Available	_

Write Functions of Contract



Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
<u>SWC-131</u>	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
<u>SWC-128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
<u>SWC-124</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
<u>SWC-121</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
<u>SWC-115</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	PASSED
<u>SWC-114</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
<u>SWC-113</u>	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
<u>SWC-112</u>	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
<u>SWC-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

SWC-110	Assert Violation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer PASSED	
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility LOW ISSUE	
SWC-107	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal PASSED	
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value PASSED	
SWC-103	Floating Pragma PASSED	
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

State	variab	le visibility is not set
(SWC	:-108)	

L: 706 C: 12, L: 758 C: 9

Audit Comments

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can transfer ownership
- Deployer can lock contract
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from rewards
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from fees
- Deployer can set fees with an amount not greater than 10%
- Deployer can set buyback upper limit up to 100%
- Deployer can set max transaction limit up to 100%
- Deployer can set max wallet limit up to 100%
- Deployer can toggle swap and liquify status
- Deployer can set fee wallet
- Deployer can take tokens from contract
- Deployer cannot burn
- Deployer cannot block user
- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment



CONTRACTWOLF

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