

**Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits** 

## **Security Assessment**

June 28, 2022



Disclaimer	3
Scope of Work & Engagement	3
Project Description	4
Risk Level Classification	5
Methodology	6
Used Code from other Frameworks / Smart Contracts (Imports)	7
Token Description	8
Inheritance Graph	9
Overall Checkup	10
Verify Claim	11
Write Functions of Contract	12
Call Graph	13
SWC Attacks	14
Audit Result	16
Audit Comments	18

#### **Disclaimer**

**ContractWolf.io** audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

ContractWolf does not provide any warranty on its released reports.

**ContractWolf** should not be used as a <u>decision</u> to invest into an audited project and is not affiliated nor partners to its audited contract projects.

**ContractWolf** provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its **SMART CONTRACT**.

**ContractWolf** presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

### Scope of Work

**Shiru** team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

**ContractWolf** will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Shiru**.

### **Description**

Shiru Token is a utility token and a product of ShiruPal (Pty) Ltd.

With so many complex processes, high gas fees, loopholes and vulnerabilities exploited daily, we recognise the need to help change the future of cryptocurrencies.

Shiru Token is only 1 one of the 8 planned products of ShiruPal (Pty) Ltd.

#### **Risk Level Classification**

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

#### **Auditing Approach**

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

### Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
  - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

## Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

#### Imported Packages

- Context
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- IterableMapping
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- SafeMath
- SafeMathUint
- SafeMathInt
- ERC20
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IUniswapV2Pair
- Ownable
- DividendPayingToken2
- DividendTracker
- Shiru

## **Description**

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: SHIRU

Max / Total supply: 400,000,000,000,000

## **Capabilities**

#### **Components**

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	4	4	8	2

#### **Exposed Functions**

Version	Public	Private	Ex	ternal	Internal
1.0	49	6		97	30

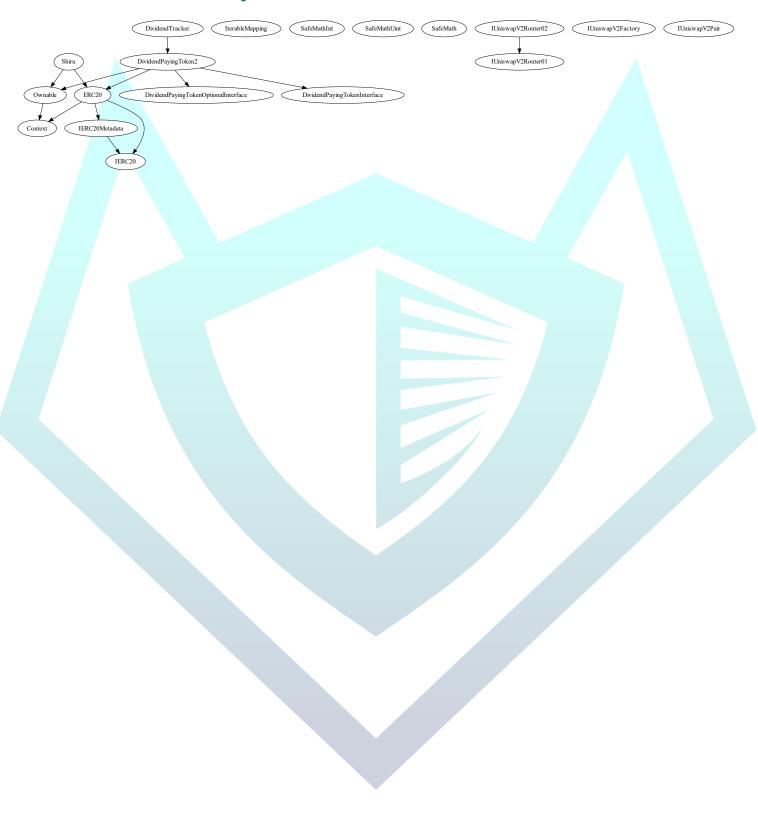
#### **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public
1.0	42	19

#### **Capabilities**

Version	Solidity	Experimental	Can	Uses	Has
	Versions	Features	Receive	Assembly	Destroyable
	Observed		Funds		Contracts

## **Inheritance Graph**



## **Correct implementation of Token Standard**

Tested	Verified
<b>√</b>	✓

## **Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

Tested	Verified
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>

## **Verify Claims**

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Mint	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	X
Burn	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	X
Block	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Pause	_	_	_

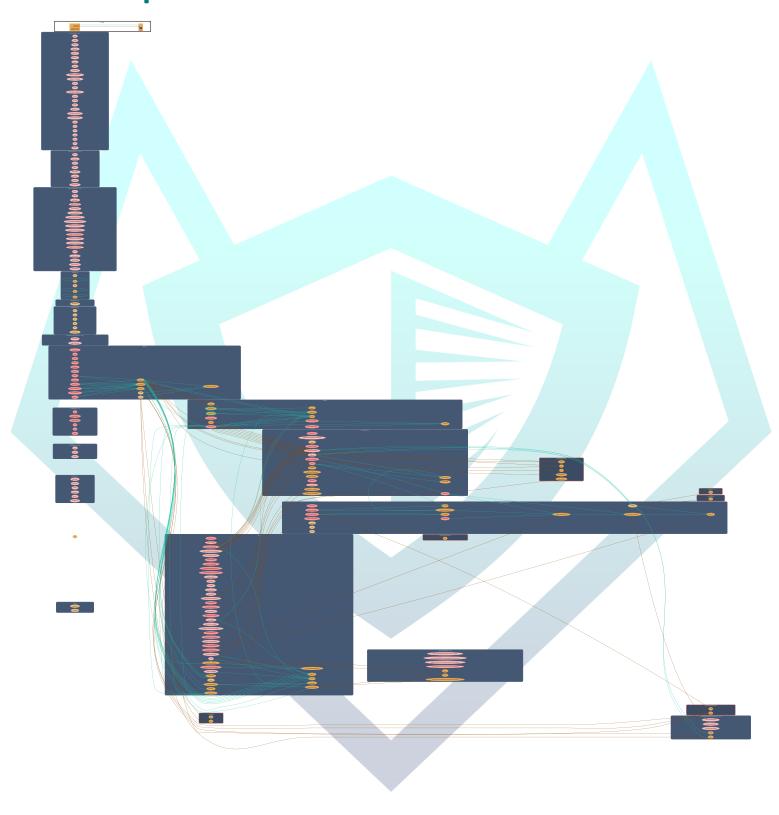
## Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	<b>✓</b>
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	
Not Available	_

## **Write Functions of Contract**

1. approve	16. setSellFees
2. blacklistAddress	17. setSwapEnabled
3. claim	18. setSwapTokensAtAmount
4. decreaseAllowance	19. setTransferFees
5. excludeFromDividends	20. transfer
6. excludeFromFees	21. transferFrom
7. excludeFromMaxWallet	22. transferOperator
8. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees	23. transferOwnership
9. increaseAllowance	
10. processDividendTracker	24. updateClaimWait
11. recoverBEP20	25. updateDividendTracker
12. renounceOwnership	26. updateGasForProcessing
13. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair	27. updateMaxWalletHoldingPercent
14. setBuyFees	28. updateUniswapV2Router
15. setMarketingWallet	29. withdrawStuckBNB

## **Call Graph**



## **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Status	
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED	
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED	
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED	
<u>SWC-133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED	
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED	
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED	
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED	
<u>SWC-129</u>	Typographical Error	PASSED	
<u>SWC-128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED	
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED	
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED	
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED	
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED	
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED	
<u>SWC-122</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED	
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED	
<u>SWC-120</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED	
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED	
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED	
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED	
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED	
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW ISSUE	
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED	
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED	
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED	
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED	

<u>SWC-110</u>	Assert Violation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
<u>SWC-108</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
<u>SWC-102</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
<u>SWC-101</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

# **AUDIT PASSED**

#### **Low Issues**

	L: 2	Ownable.sol IterableMapping.sol
A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 3	ShiruV2.sol DividendPayingToken2.sol IUniswapV2Pair.sol IUniswapV2Factory.sol IUniswapV2Router.sol ERC20.sol SafeMath.sol SafeMathUint.sol DividendPayingTokenInterface.sol DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface.sol IERC20.sol IERC20Metadata.sol Context.sol

Use of "tx.origin"	L: 342	ShiruV2.sol
as a part of	L: 430	
authorization		
control		
(SWC-115)		



#### **Audit Comments**

- Deployer can renounce ownership
- Deployer can update dividend tracker address
- Deployer can update router address
- Deployer can update max wallet holding up to 100%
- Deployer can update claim cooldown
- Deployer can update gas for processing with an amount not greater than 500,000 and not less than 100,000
- Deployer can set swap tokens
- Deployer can set automated market maker pair address and status
- Deployer can set marketing wallet address
- Deployer can set fees up to 100%
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from fees
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from dividends
- Deployer can include/exclude addresses from max wallet limit
- Deployer can take tokens from contract
- Deployer can take BNB from contract
- Deployer can toggle swap
- Deployer can swap tokens from contract to liquidity
- Deployer can block/unblock user address
- Deployer cannot burn tokens
- Deployer cannot pause contract
- Deployer cannot mint after initial deployment

- Operator can transfer ownership
- Operator can transfer operator
- Operator can set minimum tokens balance for dividends
- Operator can include/exclude address from dividends
- Operator can set claim wait



## CONTRACTWOLF

**Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits**