

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits



Security Assessment

March 20, 2023

Disclaimer	3
Scope of Work & Engagement	3
Project Description	4
Risk Level Classification	5
Methodology	6
Used Code from other Frameworks / Smart Contracts (Imports)	7
Token Description	8
Inheritance Graph	9
Overall Checkup	10
Verify Claim	11
Write Functions of Contract	12
Call Graph	13
SWC Attacks	14
Audit Result	16
Findings	17
Audit Comments	19

Disclaimer

ContractWolf.io audits and reports should not be considered as a form of project's "advertisement" and does not cover any interaction and assessment from "project's contract" to "external contracts" such as Pancakeswap or similar.

ContractWolf does not provide any warranty on its released reports.

ContractWolf should not be used as a <u>decision</u> to invest into an audited project and is not affiliated nor partners to its audited contract projects.

ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its SMART CONTRACT.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Hedge Fund team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Hedge Fund**.

Description

Hedge Fund is a project with true utility with a portfolio of established/trusted projects on multiple blockchains in which rewards are paid in each specific Hedge Fund Projects tokens in addition to USDC rewards.



Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
 - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- Context
- Ownable
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- ERC20
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- DividendPayingToken
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- IUniswapV2Pair
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IterableMapping
- SafeMath
- SafeMathInt
- SafeMathUint
- HFT
- HFTDividendTracker

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: HFT

Max / Total Supply: 1,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	4	4	8	1

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	42	7	94	29

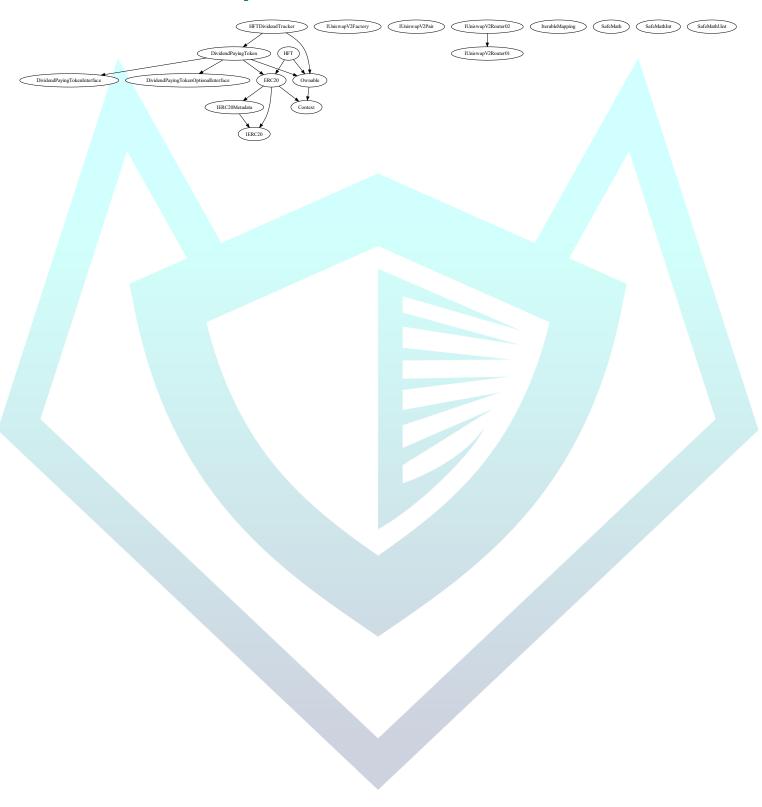
State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	37	15

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.17		Yes	No	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
√	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
√	√

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	√	√	√
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	√	√	√
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	√	✓	√

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	√	✓	√
Mint	√	✓	X
Burn	√	✓	X
Block	_	_	_
Pause	_	_	_

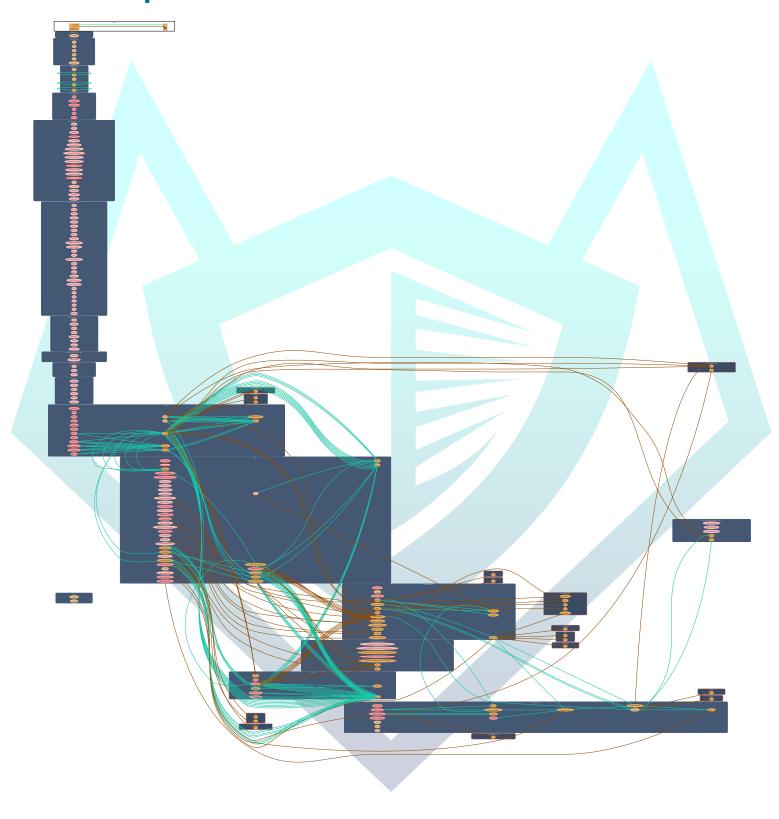
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	
Not Available	_

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve (0x095ea7b3)	13. setMarketingWallet (0x5d098b38)
2. claim (0x4e71d92d)	14. setMaxTxAmount (0xec28438a)
3. decreaseAllowance (0xa457c2d7)	15. setMaxWalletTokend (0x9f34a5b4)
4. excludeFromDividends (0x31e79db0)	16. setUSDCRewardsFee (0xdb41dc28)
5. excludeFromFees (0xc0246668)	17. swaptokenchange (0xc9e79b6b)
6. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees (0xc492f046)	18. transfer (0xa9059cbb)
7. increaseAllowance (0x39509351)	19. transferFrom (0x23b872dd)
8. processDividendTracker (0x700bb191)	20. transferOwnership (0xf2fde38b)
9. renounceOwnership (0x715018a6)	21. updateClaimWait (0xe98030c7)
10. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair (0x9a7a23d6)	22. updateDividendTracker (0x88bdd9be)
11. setExcludeFromAll (0x49928a50)	23. updateGasForProcessing (0x871c128d)
12. setExcludeFromMaxTx (0x5b89029c)	24. updateUniswapV2Router (0x65b8dbc0)

Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
<u>SWC-134</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
<u>SWC-133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
<u>SWC-132</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
<u>SWC-120</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes PASSED	
<u>SWC-119</u>	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
<u>SWC-118</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
<u>SWC-115</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	LOW ISSUE
<u>SWC-114</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
<u>SWC-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

<u>SWC-110</u>	Assert Violation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
<u>SWC-104</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
<u>SWC-103</u>	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 7
Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control (SWC-115)	L: 1522, L: 1628

Findings

Description:

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)

Suggestion:

Specific version to ensure that the bytecode does not vary between builds.

Description:

Use of "tx.origin" as a part of authorization control (SWC-115)

Suggestion:

tx.origin should not be used for authorization. Use msg.sender instead.

Owner can set fees up to 25%

```
function setUSDCRewardsFee(uint256 _rewardFeef, uint256 _liquidityFeef, uint256 _marketingFeef) external onlyOwner{
    USDCRewardsFee = _rewardFeef;
    liquidityFee = _liquidityFeef;
    marketingFee = _marketingFeef;
    totalFees = USDCRewardsFee.add(liquidityFee).add(marketingFee);
    require(totalFees <= 25, "Fees Must be 25% Or less");
}</pre>
```

Owner can set max tx limit

Owner can set max wallet limit

```
function setMaxTxAmount(uint256 maxTxAmount1) external onlyOwner() {
    _maxTxAmount = maxTxAmount1 * (10**18);
}
```

Audit Comments

- Owner can set fees up to 25%
- Owner can set max tx limit
- Owner can set max wallet limit
- Owner can renounce ownership
- Owner can transfer ownership
- Owner can distribute USDC Dividends
- Owner can update dividend address
- Owner can update router address
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from fees
- Owner can update token swap threshold
- Owner can set marketing wallet address
- Owner can set automated market maker pair address and status
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from max tx limit
- Owner can update gas for processing between 200,000 to 500,000
- Owner can set max claim wait
- Owner can exclude addresses from dividends
- Owner cannot burn tokens
- Owner cannot block user
- Owner cannot pause contract
- Owner cannot mint after initial deployment



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