CONTRACT WOLF

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits

Security Assessment

January 14, 2022

RYIU

Disclaimer

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ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

RYI Unity team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **RYI Unity**.

Description

RYI Unity is a registered and fully operating Blockchain development company who specializes in building decentralized APPS (dAPPS). Our purpose is to provide innovative, scalable and user friendly applications in order to bridge the gap from blockchain to the rest of the world.

Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.
Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
- Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.

2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:

- Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.

3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.

4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- EnumerableSet
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- IUniswapV2Factory
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- Context
- ERC20Base
- Ownable
- RewardToken
- FeeDistributor
- TaxToken
- Recover
- AntiWhale
- AccountValidator
- RyiuToken

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 9

Symbol: RYIU

Max / Total Supply: 20,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	3	1	5	7

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	27	15	60	43

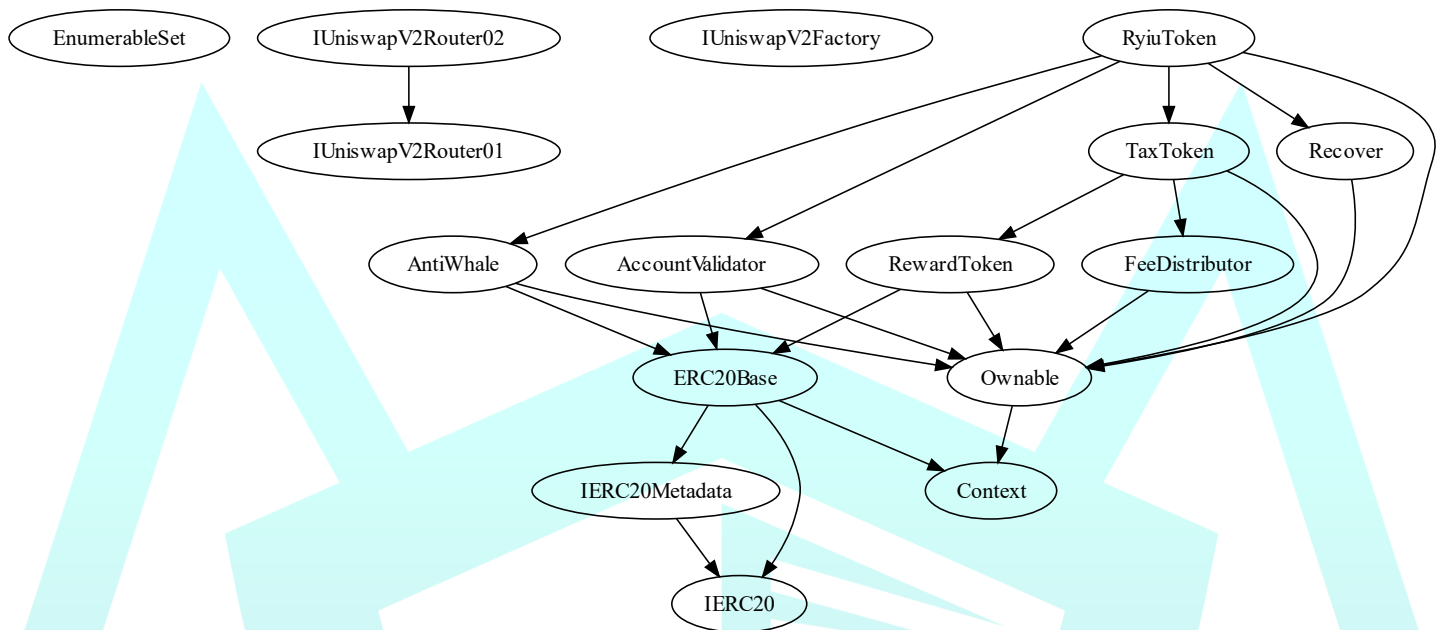## State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	37	13

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.17		Yes	Yes	No

Inheritance Graph

Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	✓	✓	✓

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Owner
Renounce Ownership	✓	✓	✓
Mint	–	–	–
Burn	✓	✓	✗
Block	✓	✓	✓
Pause	–	–	–

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	✗
Unverified / Not checked	🏴
Not Available	–

Write Functions of Contract

1. addFeeCollector (0x3502628a)

2. approve (0x095ea7b3)

3. decreaseAllowance (0xa457c2d7)

4. distributeFees (0x6029bf9f)

5. increaseAllowance (0x39509351)

6. processFees (0x0a4e42ef)

7. recoverTokens (0x069c9fae)

8. removeFeeCollector (0x1fa67b4d)

9. renounceOwnership (0x715018a6)

10. setAutoprocessFees (0x7f5bbb2c)

11. setFeeConfiguration (0xbc2fd3bb)

12. setIsAccountDenied (0x56bcab53)

13. setIsBot (0x03c0f5d4)

14. setIsExcludedFromAntiWhale (0xf725101d)

15. setIsExcludedFromFees (0xadf18693)

16. setIsExcludedFromRewards (0x363f1e92)

17. setIsLpPool (0xe55096b0)

18. setLiquidityOwner (0x72bc5583)

19. setMaxTokenPerWallet (0xbd823943)

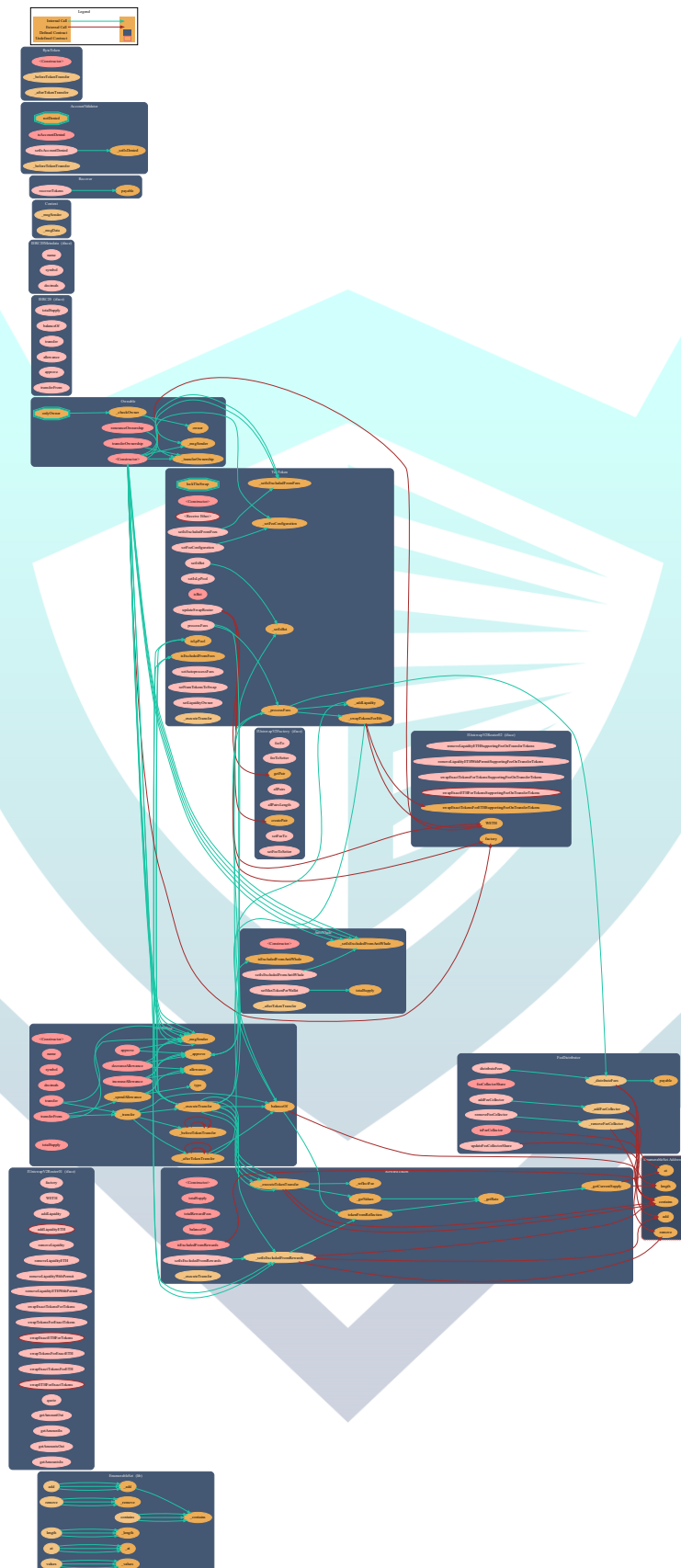20. setNumTokensToSwap (0x0f569dad)

21. transfer (0xa9059cbb)

22. transferFrom (0x23b872dd)

23. transferOwnership (0xf2fde38b)

24. updateFeeCollectorShare (0xf4232d25)

25. updateSwapRouter (0xb98b677f)

Call Graph

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	PASSED
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
SWC-133	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	PASSED
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	PASSED
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
SWC-112	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

SWC-110	Assert Violation	PASSED
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
SWC-107	Reentrancy	PASSED
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 3

Findings

Description

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)

Suggestion:

Specific version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds.

Owner can update buy fees, sell fees, and transfer fees up to 20%

```solidity
function _setFeeConfiguration(FeeConfiguration memory configuration) private {
    require(configuration.buyFees <= MAX_FEE, "Invalid buy fee");
    require(configuration.sellFees <= MAX_FEE, "Invalid sell fee");
    require(configuration.transferFees <= MAX_FEE, "Invalid transfer fee");

    uint16 totalShare = configuration.burnFeeRatio +
        configuration.rewardsFeeRatio +
        configuration.liquidityFeeRatio +
        configuration.collectorsFeeRatio;
    require(totalShare == 0 || totalShare == FEE_PRECISION, "Invalid fee share");

    feeConfiguration = configuration;
    emit FeeConfigurationUpdated(configuration);
}
```

Owner can collect tokens and BNB from contract

```solidity
function recoverTokens(address token, uint256 amount) external onlyOwner {
    require(amount > 0, "Invalid amount");

    if (token == address(0)) {
        payable(msg.sender).transfer(amount);
    } else {
        require(IERC20(token).transfer(msg.sender, amount));
    }

    emit TokenRecovered(token, amount);
}
```

Owner can block/unblock users

```solidity
function _setIsBot(address account, bool bot) internal {
    require(_bots[account] != bot, "Already set");
    _bots[account] = bot;
    emit SetIsBot(account, bot);
}
```

```solidity
function setIsAccountDenied(address account, bool denied) external onlyOwner {
    require(_denied[account] != denied, "Already set");
    _setIsDenied(account, denied);
}
```

Audit Comments

- Owner can renounce and transfer ownership
- Owner can exclude/include addresses from rewards
- Owner can add/remove fee collector
- Owner can update a fee collector's share
- Owner can distribute fees to collectors
- Owner can exclude/include addresses from fees
- Owner can set liquidity pools
- Owner can block/unblock users
- Owner can update uniswap router address
- Owner can update buy fees, sell fees, and transfer fees up to 20%
- Owner can process fees
- Owner can toggle auto process of fees
- Owner can set minimum tokens to swap amount
- Owner can update liquidity owner address
- Owner can collect tokens and BNB from contract
- Owner can exclude/include addresses from anti-whale
- Owner can update max token per wallet higher than .5% of total supply
- Owner cannot mint after initial deployment
- Owner cannot burn
- Owner cannot pause contract

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