# Lab 0 Prelab

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## 1 Part 1 - PCB Assembly and Soldering

- 1. Watch Videos
- 2. The iron should be set to either 360 or 420 degrees farenheit depending on if the material is lead or lead-free respectively.
- 3. The temperature has to be set accordingly as referenced above.
- 4. A hot weld will lead to discoleration of the material and bad spread of material at the joint. A cold weld will be weak and have very little discoleration.
- 5. Black in the weld means the heat was excessive leading to burning in the materials.

## 2 Part 2 - "Hello World!" on a roach

None.

# 3 Part 3 - Running the Roach Test Harness

None.

## 4 Part 4 - Roach Hardware Exploration

- 1. Read
- 2. Test Harness
- FLEFT\_BUMP\_MASK: Outputs and checks the current voltage level of the battery.
- FRIGHT\_BUMP\_MASK: Checks the roach's light sensors.
- RLEFT\_BUMP\_MASK: Cheks the left motor
- RRIGHT BUMP MASK: Cheks the right motor
- 3. Psuedocode for additional test harness:

```
void Motor Test(void) {
    switch(keyboard input) {
        case (w):
            // Move the roach forward
            break;
        case (a):
            // Move the roach to the left
            break;
        case (s):
            // Move the roach backwards
            break;
        case (d):
            // Move the roach to the right
            break;
        case (q):
            // Stop the test
            return;
```

## 5 Part 5 - Event Detection

1. Pseudocode prototype of event checkers for the bump sensors and the light sensor.

```
// Note: Numbers are arbritary and will be adjusted accordingly for the implementation #define BUMP_SENSOR_THRESH 100 #define LIGHT_SENSOR_THRESH 200
```

```
int Check Bump Events(int prev bump state) {
    int curr bump state = Roach ReadBumpers();
    // Detect an event in the bump
    if (curr bump state != prev bump state) {
        // Compare both the curr and prev bump state and return a new bump
        int new bumps = compare(curr bump state, prev bump state);
        switch (new bumps) {
            case FLEFT_BUMP_MASK:
                printf("Front Left Bumper hit!\n");
                // Back up and turn right
                break:
            case FRIGHT_BUMP_MASK:
                printf("Front Right Bumper hit!\n");
                // Back up and turn left
                break;
            case RLEFT BUMP MASK:
                printf("Rear Left Bumper hit!\n");
                // Pivot right
                break:
            case RRIGHT_BUMP_MASK:
                printf("Rear Right Bumper hit!\n");
                // Pivot left
                break:
            // Multiple sensors or no sensors
            default:
                if (new bumps > 0) {
                    printf("Multiple bumpers hit: %d\n", new_bumps);
                    // Take some action
                break;
   }
   return curr_bump_state;
int Check Light Events(int prev light state) {
    int light reading = Roach ReadLightSensor();
    int curr_light_state = (light_reading > LIGHT_SENSOR_THRESH) ? 1 : 0;
    // Detect an event in the light sensor
    if (curr_light_state != prev_light_state) {
```

```
if (curr_light_state == 1) {
        printf("Light level rose above threshold: %d\n", light_reading);
        // Action for bright environment
    } else {
        printf("Light level fell below threshold: %d\n", light_reading);
        // Action for dark environment
    }
}
return curr_light_state;
}
```

2. Include a description of the modifications to ES\_Configure.h so that the test harness will run your event checkers.

In the ES\_Configure.h file there is an enum ES\_EventTyp\_t and an array called EventNames. To include the new test harnesses the BUMP\_SENSOR\_TEST and LIGHT\_SENSOR\_TEST must be added to the objects. They should each be included as enum in the enum and a str for the array.

Additionally, prototypes for the functions must be included in the appropriate service section (1-5).

#### 6 Part 6 - Better Event Detection

1. Pseudocode prototype for "better" event checkers for the bump sensors and the light sensor with debounce and hysteresis bounds.

```
// Bump Sensor Thresholds (Hz)
#define BUMP_SENSOR_THRESH 200
#define BUMP_SENSOR_LOW_THRESH 190
#define BUMP_SENSOR_HIGH_THRESH 210

// Time Variables
// (Note: TIMER will be initialized by the function calling it)
int TIMER; // (in ms)
#define CLK_CYCLE 5 // 5 ms or 200 Hz cyles

int Check_Bump_Events(int prev_bump_state) {
    // Verify we have waited a significant amount of time before
    if (TIMER < CLK_CYCLE) {
        printf("Not enough time has passed since the last check.\n");
        return prev_bump_state;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
int curr bump state = Roach ReadBumpers();
    // Detect an event in the bump
    if (curr bump state != prev bump state) {
        switch (curr bump state) {
            case FLEFT_BUMP_MASK:
                printf("Front Left Bumper hit!\n");
                // Back up and turn right
                break;
            case FRIGHT BUMP MASK:
                printf("Front Right Bumper hit!\n");
                // Back up and turn left
                break;
            case RLEFT_BUMP_MASK:
                printf("Rear Left Bumper hit!\n");
                // Pivot right
                break;
            case RRIGHT BUMP MASK:
                printf("Rear Right Bumper hit!\n");
                // Pivot left
                break;
            default:
                printf("Multiple bumpers hit: %d\n", new bumps);
                // Take some action
                break;
       }
    // Reset the timer
    TIMER = 0;
   return curr bump state;
}
// Light Sensor Thresholds
#define LIGHT_SENSOR_THRESH 200
#define LIGHT SENSOR LOW THRESH 190
#define LIGHT_SENSOR_HIGH_THRESH 210
int Check Light Events(int prev light state) {
    // Verify we have waited a significant amount of time
    if (TIMER < CLK CYCLE) {</pre>
        printf("Not enough time has passed since the last check.\n");
        return prev light state;
```

```
int light_reading = Roach_ReadLightSensor();
int curr light state = (light reading > LIGHT SENSOR THRESH) ? 1 : 0;
int low_to_high = (prev_light_state < curr_light_state) &&
                  (light_reading > LIGHT_SENSOR_HIGH_THRESH) ;
int high_to_low = (prev_light_state > curr_light_state) &&
                  (light_reading < LIGHT_SENSOR_LOW THRESH);</pre>
// Handle light transitions
if (low to high) {
    printf("Low to high (bright) environment change.");
    // Action for bright environment
} else if (high to low) {
    printf("High to low (dark) environment change.");
    // Action for dark environment
} else {
    printf("No transition");
    // No Transition
}
// Reset the timer
TIMER = 0;
return curr light state;
```

2. Description of the modifications to ES\_Configure.h so that the test harness will run the new event checkers.

In addition to the changes from part 5, there is a section in the ES\_Configure.h for timers:

```
// ...
#define TIMERO_RESP_FUNC ((Check_Bump_Event)0)
#define TIMER1_RESP_FUNC ((Check_Light_Event)0)
// ...
```

Based on the documentation the timers should be added as such, one per function that needs a timer. Above the psuedocode defines the timer as set whenever the respective event function is called for the first time for simplicity. In actuality, the ES\_Config timers should be used to properly time the various event-checkers.

## 7 Part 7 - Finite State Machine (FSM)

- 1. Discuss the state machine.
- 2. Create a good drawing of the FSM.

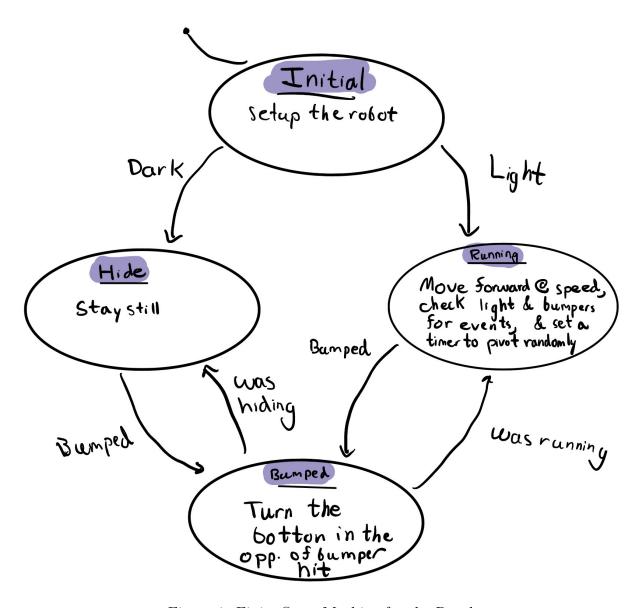


Figure 1: Finite State Machine for the Roach

3. Create a list of the helper functions you think you will need, with a brief explanation of what they do (refer to Roach.h for examples).

#### Helper Functions:

- Hide: Roach stays still nothing is being done. Checks the bumpers and light detection.
- Running: Moving forward while the light level is above threshold.

- Bumper Avoidance: Avoid collisions while the bumpers are activated.
- Event Checkers (Light and Bumper): Check for events.
- Functions for movement: Includes all the functions for specific movements: pivots, forward, left turn, etc.

# 8 Part 8 - Hierarchial State Machine (HSM)

- 1. Discuss the HSM
- 2. Sketch the HSM

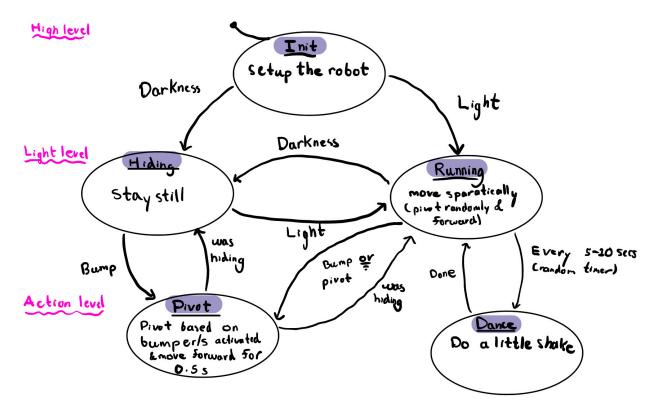


Figure 2: Hierachial State Machine for the Roach