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EXTERNAL REFERENCE

Report CODAC Alarm Handling System - Test Plan

Test Plan of CODAC Alarm Handling System

	Approval Process			
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Handling System - Test			2013		
Plan (9KBPN8_v2_3)					
CODAC Alarm	v2.2	Signed	04 Jun	Alarm Web Interface Test Case	
Handling System - Test			2013		
Plan (9KBPN8_v2_2)					
CODAC Alarm	v2.1	Signed	14 Feb	Performance Test with 600 alarms defined as the	
Handling System - Test			2013	Max number of alarms per Control Group in the	
Plan (9KBPN8_v2_1)				DDD	
CODAC Alarm	v2.0	Signed	01 Feb	Introduction of a Pump Control System Use Case	
Handling System - Test			2013	to demonstrate the use of the Alarm System	
Plan (9KBPN8_v2_0)					
CODAC Alarm	v1.2	Signed	10 Oct	Minor changes on how to start manually the alarm	
Handling System - Test			2012	server and notifier.	
Plan (9KBPN8_v1_2)				Updated screenshot of the new version of the OPI	
				Probe Tool.	
CODAC Alarm	v1.1	Signed	06 Jun	Some additional details regarding the workspace	
Handling System - Test			2012	setup	
Plan (9KBPN8_v1_1)					
CODAC Alarm	v1.0	Signed	04 Jun		
Handling System - Test			2012		
Plan (9KBPN8 v1 0)					



CODAC Alarm Handling System

Software Test Plan (STP) Based on QA Template Version <1.0>

This document describes the tests that should be performed for CODAC Alarm Handling System in order to be installed as part of Core System release. Different test cases are described, as well as and test pass-fail criteria.



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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document describes the tests that should be performed for CSS BEAST - Best Ever Alarm System Toolkit - in order to be installed as part of CODAC Core System. These tests will ultimately compare the capabilities of BEAST against these described in CODAC System Requirement (SRD) Document [IDM 28C2HL].

Particular functions to be tested are the alarm configuration, alarm notification and alarm graphical user interface (GUI) – i.e. the main components of the alarm system as shown on Figure 1-I - BEAST Architecture, except the reporting and annunciation functions not yet part of CODAC Core System.

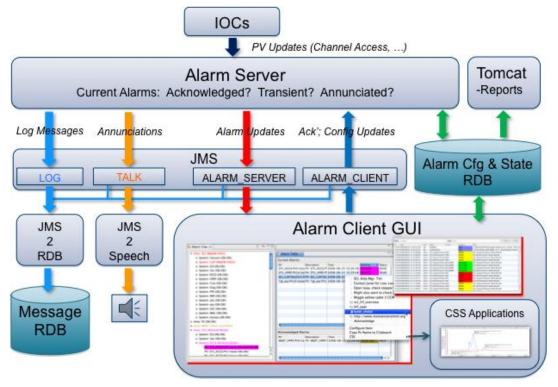


Figure 1-I - BEAST Architecture

1.2 Scope

The test items are:

- The operational version of BEAST,
- The data, including all the configuration data needed to run the alarm system,
- The documentation, including the online help and the release notes.

The installation and uninstallation of the components are not part of this test plan.



1.3 System/Software overview and key features

Best Ever Alarm System Toolkit (BEAST) - is a distributed alarm system consisting of:

- Alarm Server that monitors alarm triggers in the control system,
- Relational Database for configuration and logging,
- CSS user interface for viewing current alarms as a table or hierarchical tree.

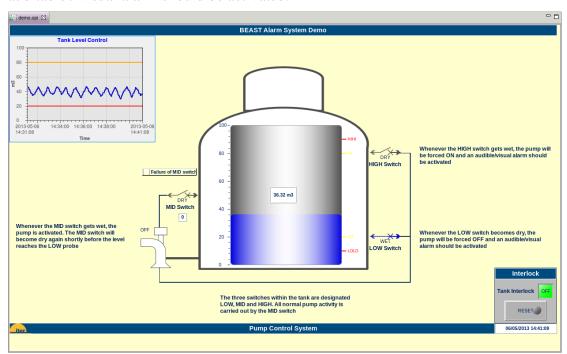
A classic pump control process which manages the level of liquid in a tank will be used to simulate abnormal situations that require the operator attention. When the level in the tank rises to an appropriate level, the pump must be activated. When a lower level is reached the pump must stop.

Three switches within the tank are designed: **LOW**, **MID** and **HIGH**. All normal pump activity is carried out by the **MID** switch. The **LOW** and **HIGH** switches provide the necessary redundancy and supervision to the installation.

Whenever the **MID** switch gets wet, the pump is activated. After some time, the **MID** switch will become dry again. At that point a timer of 25 seconds is started in order to stop the pump shortly before the level reaches the LOW probe.

Whenever the **HIGH** switch gets wet, the pump will be forced **ON** and an auditable / visual alarm will be activated for this abnormal situation.

Whenever the **LOW** switch becomes dry, the pump will be forced **OFF** and an auditable / visual alarm should be activated.



1.4 References

CODAC Quality assurance plan - https://user.iter.org/?uid=6J7RW4



2 DETAILS OF THE TESTING PROCESS

2.1 Definition of test levels

The described component tests will focus on the desired features of CODAC Alarm Handling System.

Following test levels are defined in this test plan to organize the testing activity.

Alarm Configuration Component Test	CFG	
Test of the different archiving modes import configuration		
Alarm Server Component Test	SRV	
Test of archiving overrun and monitoring		
Alarm Display Component Test	DSP	
Test of CSS Alarm Graphical Interface		
Web Display Component Test	WEB	
Test of CSS Alarm Web Graphical Interface		
Alarm History Component Test	HST	
Test of JMS Alarm Log		
Alarm Performance Test PRF		
Performance assessment of the User Interface and the server		

2.2 Test administration

2.2.1 Anomaly resolution and reporting

Anomaly Reports shall be submitted in **Bugzilla**.

2.2.2 Test reporting requirements

The test logs shall be generated to record the outcome of test procedures as described in section *.4 and *.5 of the level test plans.

2.2.3 Test deliverables

The test deliverables include:

- Component Test Logs / Reports
- Anomaly Reports with Bugzilla bug references.

Test input data are registered in **SVN** code repository.

No other test tool is needed.

The test reports may be submitted on ITER <u>IDM</u>.



3 COMPONENT TEST PLAN

3.1 Scope

3.1.1 Test items and their identifiers

CODAC Alarm Handling System is included the following unit:

- m-css organised in 2 main products:
 - o <u>org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.configtool.product/</u>
 - o <u>org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.server.product/</u>

And 4 utilities

- o org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.annunciator.product/
- o <u>org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.notifier.product/</u>
- o <u>org.csstudio.iter.jms2rdb.product/</u>
- o org.csstudio.iter.utility.jmssendcmd.product/

CODAC Alarm Handling System mainly depends on different features:

- o org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.configtool.app.feature/
- o org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.server.app.feature/
- o <u>org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.ui.fea</u>ture/
- o org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.annunciator.app.feature/
- o <u>org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.notifier.app.feature/</u>
- o <u>org.csstudio.iter.jms2rdb.app.feature/</u>
- o org.csstudio.iter.utility.jmssendcmd.app.feature/

3.1.2 Features to be tested

The main CODAC Alarm Handling System features to be tested are:

- Alarm configuration import/export
- Alarm Server startup
- Alarm Notification
- Limit Alarms
- JMS Monitor
- Message History

3.1.3 Features not to be tested

The annunciator and reporting functions are not part of CODAC Alarm Handling System for now.

3.2 Approach

3.2.1 Testing Methods

The overall approach for the level of testing is the Black box method to test the functionality of CODAC Alarm Handling System.



3.2.2 Item pass/fail criteria

Each major anomaly found determines whether each test item has passed or failed testing.

3.3 Environment / Infrastructure

Core System in its development role version should be installed on a CODAC standard machine. Access to SVN is required.

3.4 Component Test Procedures

	3.4.1 CFG01 - Alarm Configuration Import
Prerequisite	In a Linux console, create a working directory, download and start a demo IOC: 0. \$ rm -Rf ~/.css 1.\$ mkdir test 2.\$ cd test 3.\$ svn co <a alarm="" demo"="" href="https://svnpub.iter.org/codac/iter/codac/dev/units/m-css/trunk/products/TTER/products/org.csstudio.iter.alarm.beast.server.product/demo/m-TEST-BEAST A ??? Checked out revision xxx. 4.\$ cd m-TEST-BEAST 5.\$ softloc -s -d src/main/epics/TEST-BST0App/Db/PSH0-TEST-BST0.db Starting iocInit ###################################</td></tr><tr><td>Test Cases</td><td>1. Positive confirmation of the alarm configuration loaded</td></tr><tr><td>Procedure</td><td>In a new Linux console, import the alarm configuration for a " server:<="" td="">

	china eu india japan korea russia usa	
	1.\$ cd test/m-TEST-BEAST	
	2.\$ alarm-configtool -root demo -import -file src/main/beast/TEST-BST0-beast.xml	
	Check that the Demo Archive Engine is configured	
	3. \$ alarm-configtool -list	
	3. ψ atatin-configuor -nst	
Pass	2. The output of the command should be:	
Criteria	Alarm Config Tool <current core="" system="" version=""></current>	
	2013-01-23 13:33:36.332 INFO [Thread 19]	
	org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) -	
	Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616	
	Reading RDB configuration of 'demo'	
	Deleting existing RDB configuration for 'demo'	
	Importing configuration 'demo' from src/main/beast/TEST-BST0-beast.xml	
	Loading /demo/TEST-BST0	
	Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST0	
	Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH	
	Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST0:LOW-SWITCH	
	3. The output of the command should contain the following declaration:	
	Alarm Config Tool <current core="" system="" version=""></current>	
	2013-01-23 13:35:09.030 INFO [Thread 19]	
	org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) -	
	Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616	
	'demo'	
	3.4.2 CFG02 - Alarm Configuration Export	
Prerequisite	1. Alarm Configuration Imported successfully	
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of the alarm configuration export	
Procedure	In the previous Linux console, export the Demo Alarm Server configuration:	
	1.\$ alarm-configtool -root demo -export -file src/main/beast/export-beast.xml	
	Check the exported configuration:	
	2. \$ gedit src/main/beast/export-beast.xml&	
	After the check, close gedit.	
Pass	1. The output of the command should be:	
Criteria	archive-configtool -engine demo -export -config src/main/beauty/export-	
	beauty.xml Exporting config for engine demo to src/main/beauty/export-beauty.xml	
	Alarm Config Tool 1.0.0.codac_core_xxx	
	2013-05-06 14:02:55.801 INFO [Thread 21] org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) -	
	org. apacho. access composite training of the	



Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616 Reading RDB configuration of 'demo' Writing configuration 'demo' to src/main/beast/export-beast.xml 2. The xml configuration should be: <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?> Alarm configuration snapshot Wed Jan 30 08:58:28 UTC 2013 URL : jdbc:postgresql://localhost/css_alarm_3_0_0
Root: demo <config name="demo"> <pv name="TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH"> <description>Whenever the HIGH switch gets wet, the pump will be forced ON</description> <latching>true <annunciating>true</annunciating> <guidance> <title>In the event that the MID switch has failed</title> <details>The tank level has continued to increase and has reached the HIGH level generating a MAJOR alarm</details> </guidance> <details>The MID switch fails to operate: defective switch, blocked switch or damaged
consequence the pump remaining dormant, the tank will overflow, causing inconvenience and damage to wiring.
As a property.</details> </guidance> <quidance> <title>Corrective action</title>
<details>Reset the MID Switch (if needed)</details> </guidance> <guidance> <title>Time for response</title> <details>The tank will overflow if the pump fails to be forced ON in 10 minutes</details> </guidance> <display>
 <title>Pump Control System</title> <details>/m-TEST-BEAST/src/main/boy/demo.opi</details> </display> <display> <title>Archived Tank Level Plot</title> <details>file:/m-TEST-BEAST/src/main/databrowser/tank-level.plt</details> </display> <command> <title>Reset the MID Switch</title> <details>caput TEST-BST0:MID-SWITCH-FAIL OFF</details> </command> <automated_action> <title>Contact Maintenance Service</title> $$$ \end{tabular} $$ $$ \end{tabular} $$ \end{tabular} $$ \end{tabular} $$ \end{tabular}. On $$ \end{tabular} $$$ \$ <delav>5</delav> </automated_action> </pv> <pv name="TEST-BST0:LOW-SWITCH"> <description>Whenever the LOW switch becomes dry, the pump will be forced OFF</description> <latching>true</latching> <annunciating>true</annunciating> <quidance> <title>In the event that the MID switch has failed</title> <details>The tank level has continued to decrease and has reached the LOW level generating a MAJOR alarm</details> <quidance> <title>Consequence of deviation</title> <details>The MID switch fails. The outcome is simple, the pump will drain the tank until it is empty, whereupon it will try to pump air indefinitely and burn out.
Unfortunately, every time a MID switch fails for too long, a new pump may have to be installed</details> </guidance> <guidance> <title>Corrective action</title> <details>Change the MID Switch and check if the pump has already burned out</details> </guidance> <guidance> <title>Time for response</title> <details>The pump will burn out in 30 minutes</details> <display> <title>Pump Control System</title>
<details>/m-TEST-BEAST/src/main/boy/demo.opi</details> </display> <display> <title>Archived Tank Level Plot</title> <details>file:/m-TEST-BEAST/src/main/databrowser/tank-level.plt</details> </display> <command>
 <title>Reset the MID Switch</title> <details>caput TEST-BST0:MID-SWITCH-FAIL OFF</details> </command> <automated action> <title>Contact Maintenance Service</title>
<details>mailto:someone@iter.org</details> <delay>0</delay>
</automated_action> </pv> </component> </component>



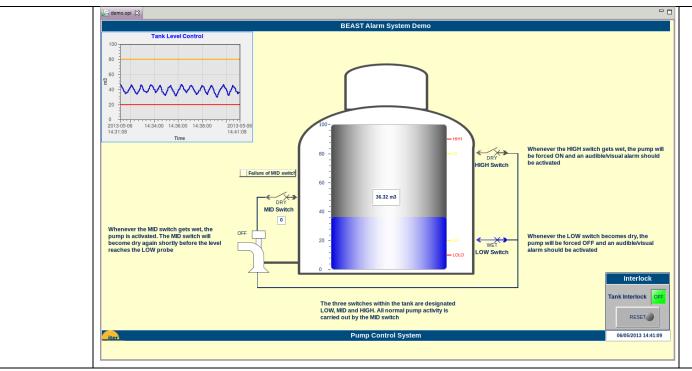
	3.4.3 SRV01 - Alarm Server Startup
Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running
	2. Alarm Configuration Imported successfully
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of the demo alarm server and notifier started
Procedure	In the previous Linux console, start the "demo" alarm server:
	1.\$ alarm-server -root demo&
	2. \$ alarm-notifier -root demo&
	3. [optional - only if the machine has a sound card and speakers] alarm-annunciator&
Pass	1. The output of the command should be:
Criteria	\$ 2012-05-31 18:45:37.847 INFO [Thread 10]
	org.csstudio.alarm.beast.server.Application (start) - Alarm Server <current< td=""></current<>
	Core System version> started for 'demo' configuration
	Alarm Server <current core="" system="" version=""></current>
	Configuration Root: demo
	JMS Server Topic: demo_SERVER
	JMS Client Topic: demo_CLIENT
	JMS Talk Topic: demo_TALK
	JMS Global Topic: GLOBAL_SERVER
	< many Info messages>
	Read 2 PVs in xxx seconds: yyy PVs/sec
	<pre>< many Info messages></pre>
	2. The output of the command should be:
	\$ 2012-10-10 14:34:46.591 INFO [Thread 1]
	org.csstudio.alarm.beast.notifier.Application (start) - Alarm Notification
	<pre><current core="" system="" version=""> started for 'demo' configuration</current></pre>
	Alarm Notification <current core="" system="" version=""></current>
	Configuration Root: demo
	JMS Server Topic: demo_SERVER
	JMS Client Topic: demo_CLIENT
	JMS Global Topic: GLOBAL_SERVER
	Notifier timer threshold: 100
	Notifier thread threshold: 100
	org.csstudio.alarm.beast.notifier.AlarmNotifier (start) - Alarm Notifier
	started
	< many other messages>

	3.4.4 DSP01 - Alarm PV Tree
Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running
	2. Alarm Configuration imported
	3. Alarm server started
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of Demo alarm configuration and state
Procedure	In the previous Linux console, start the Operator Interface to monitor the alarms triggered:
	0. \$ cd
	1.\$ css&
	2. Browse to select the working directory test
	3. Close the Welcome screen by clicking on Workbench icon:
	Workbench
	Import the demo project into the Workspace from the Navigator View:
	4. Right-click and select the option Import and then General -> "Existing Projects into Workspace". Click on Next button. To select the root directory, click on Browse button, select m-TEST-BEAST and click OK. To import the selected project, click on Finish
	5. Open the Alarm Perspective: menu Window -> Open Perspective -> Other and select Alarm
	6. Change the root element of the Alarm Tree View using the arrow near CODAC_AlarmHandler and select demo:
	CODAC_AlamHandler ▼ CODAC_AlamHandler demo
Pass Criteria	6. The Alarm Tree should reflect the demo server structure and current alarms state: Alarm Tree



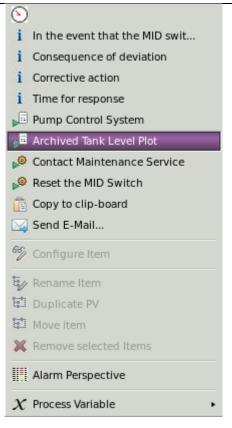
	3.4.5 DSP02 - Alarm Related Display – Operator Interface
Prerequisite	Demo IOC running Alarm Configuration imported Alarm server started
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of OPI related display
Procedure	From CSS Alarm Tree View: 1. Right-click on the PV: TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH
	i In the event that the MID swit i Consequence of deviation i Corrective action i Time for response Pump Control System Archived Tank Level Plot
	Contact Maintenance Service Reset the MID Switch Copy to clip-board Send E-Mail
	Configure Item Rename Item Duplicate PV Move item Remove selected Items
	Alarm Perspective ✓ Process Variable Process Variable
	2. Select the option Pump Control System and check that the main monitoring operator interface is opened. In order to have a better view, you can switch to the dedicated perspective OPI Runtime: menu Window -> Open Perspective -> Other and select OPI Runtime.
Pass Criteria	2. The Pump Control System Operator Interface is displayed and you can monitor the tank level - All normal pump activity is carried out by the MID switch:





	3.4.6 DSP03 - Alarm Related Display – Data Plot	
Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running	
	2. Alarm Configuration imported	
	3. Alarm server started	
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started	
	5. [optional only if you want some archived data] \$ cd m-TEST-BEAST	
	\$ archive-configtool -engine demo -description 'Demo Test Engine' -port 5812 -import - config src/main/beauty/TEST-BST0-beauty.xml -replace_engine	
	\$ archive-engine -port 5812 -engine demo&	
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of DataBrowser plot related display	
Procedure	From CSS Alarm Perspective - Alarm Tree View:	
	1. Right-click on the PV: TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH	

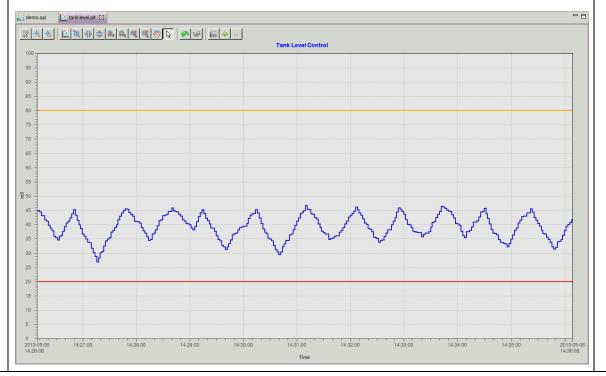




2. Select the option Archived Tank Level Plot and check that the plot is opened

Pass Criteria

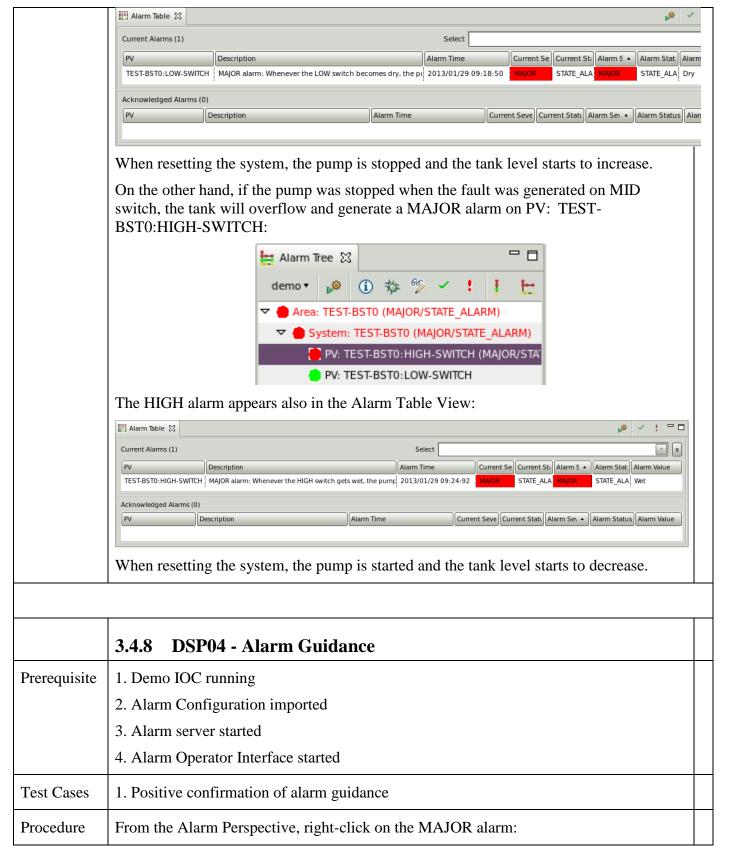
2. By default, the plot is configured to retrieve – 10 minutes from the Archive Database and then it subscribes directly to the EPICS PV to have live data. After some minutes, the tank level should oscillate under the mid-level of 50 m3:



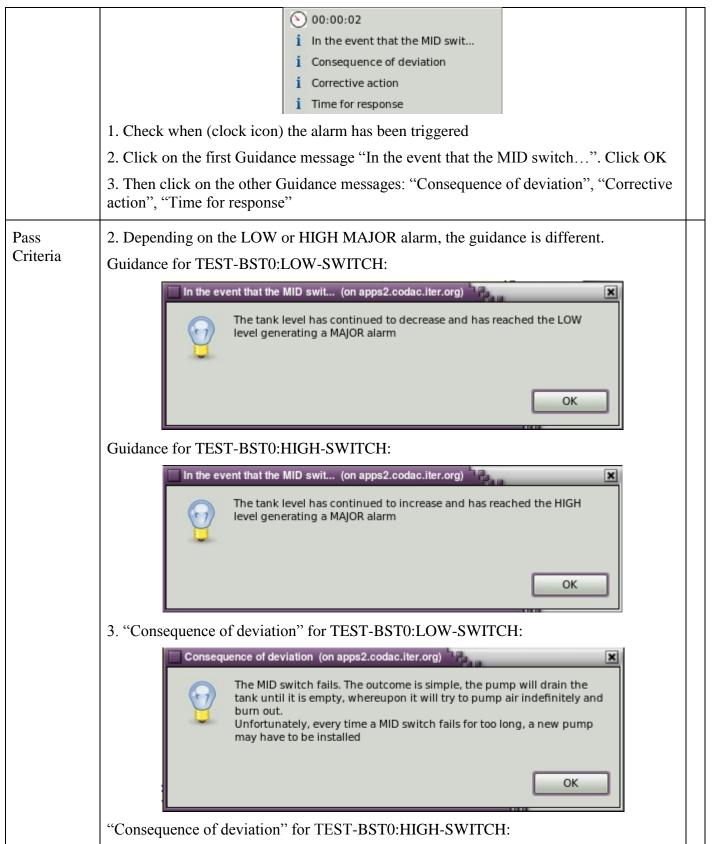


	3.4.7 SRV02 - Alarm Notification
Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running
	2. Alarm Configuration imported
	3. Alarm server started
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of an alarm triggered
Procedure	From the Operator Interface demo.opi, put the MID switch in error mode:
	1. Check the box Failure of Mid switch
	2. Wait for LOW switch to be dry (tank level less than LOW level of 20 m3) or the HIGH switch to be wet (tank level more than HIGH level of 80 m3):
	I_OW Switch Or HIGH Switch
	Then switch to Alarm Perspective to check the current status
	3. Click on Interlock Reset button on the bottom right of the operator interface
	Tank Interlock RESET
	and confirm the action.
Pass Criteria	2. If the pump was activated when the fault was triggered, the lower lever is reached after some time and a MAJOR alarm is generated on TEST-BST0:LOW-SWITCH:
	demo ▼
	The LOW alarm is also reflected in the Alarm Table View:

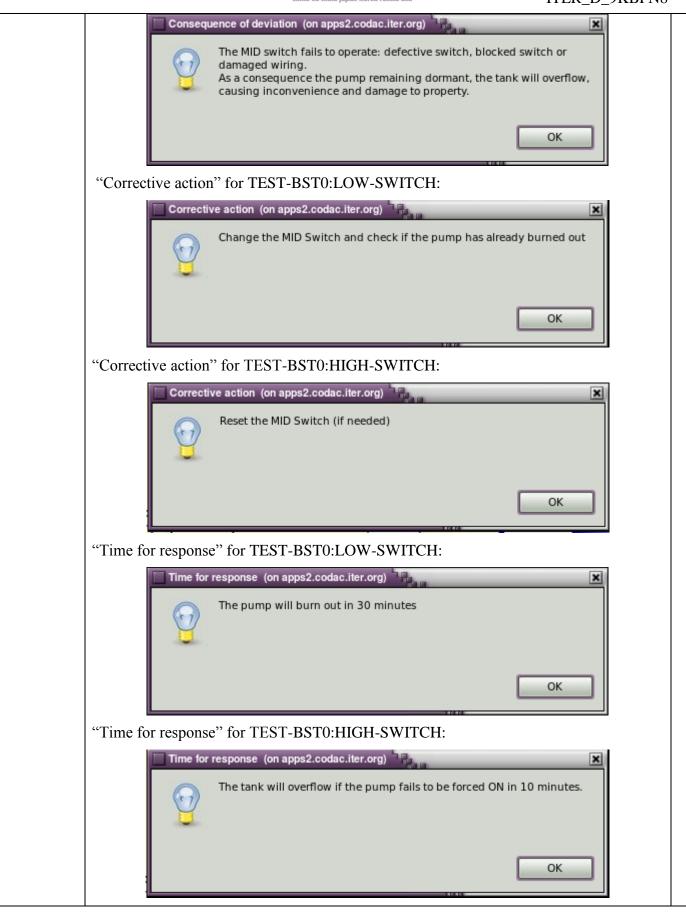




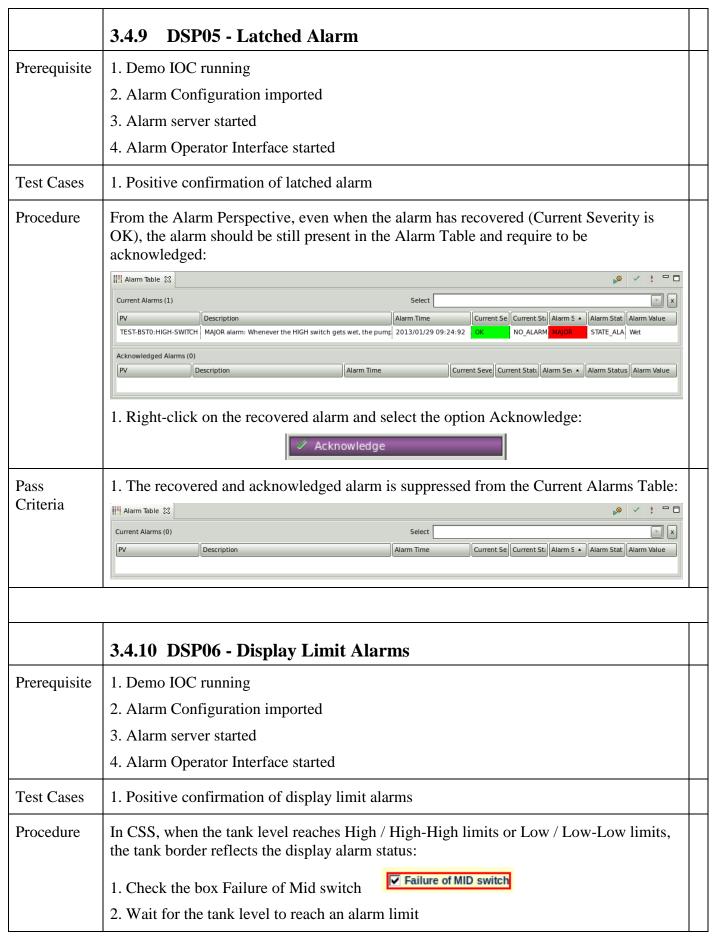










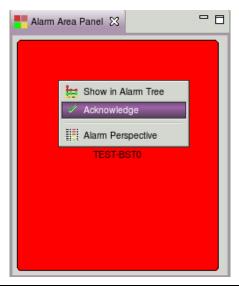


3. Reset the tank interlock by clicking on the button:

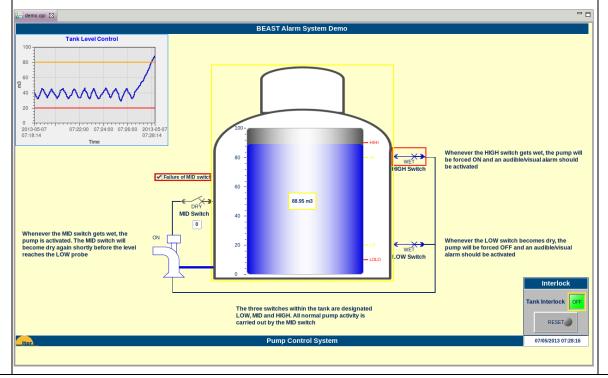


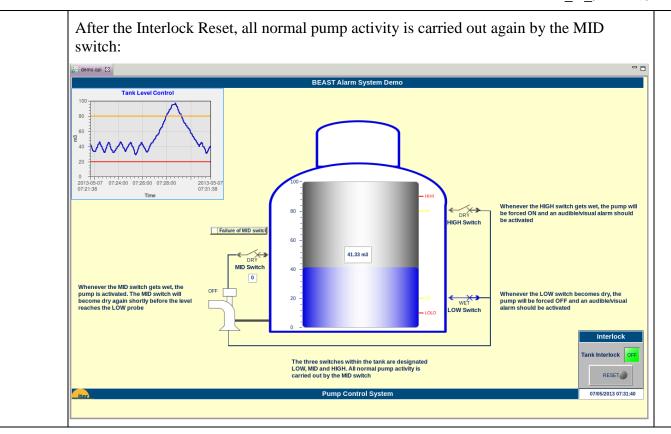
And confirm the action.

4. From the Alarm Perspective, make a right-click on the Alarm Area Panel and select Acknowledge:

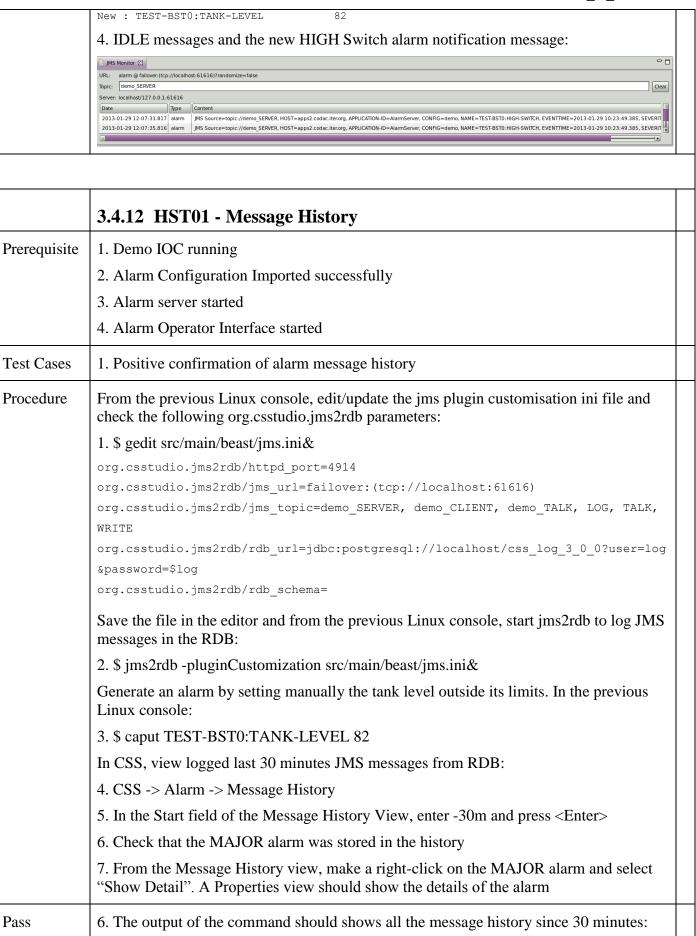


Pass Criteria 2. According to the alarm severity, the tank border should be displayed in MINOR or MAJOR color – as well as the tank level:

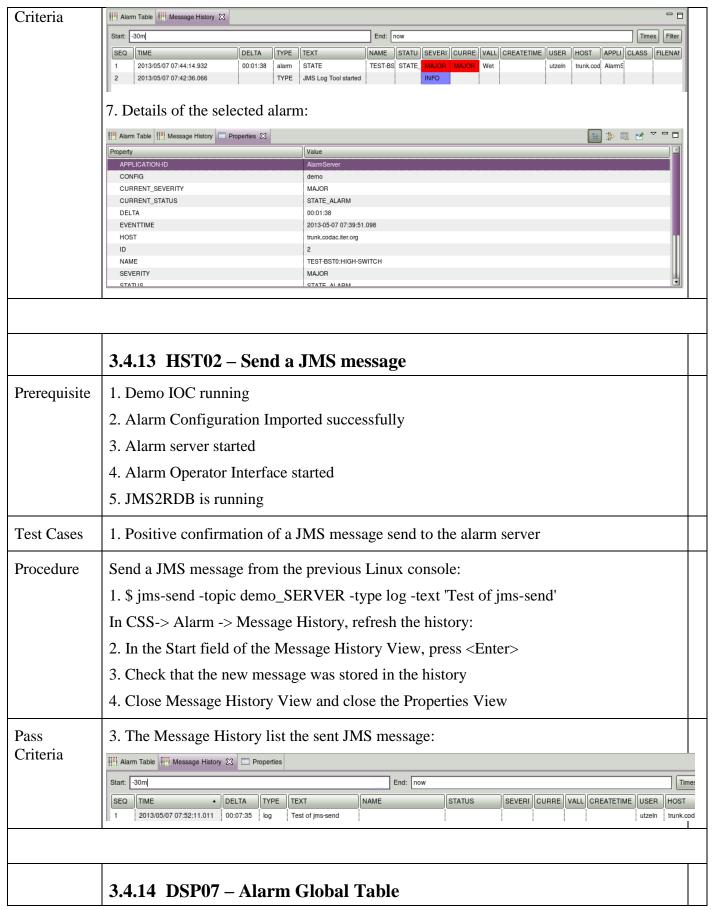




	3.4.11 SRV03 - JMS Monitor	
Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running	
	2. Alarm Configuration Imported successfully	
	3. Alarm server started	
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started	
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of JMS notification messages sent	
Procedure	In CSS, monitor JMS messages sent by the "demo" alarm server:	
	1. Menu CSS -> Debugging -> JMS Monitor	
	2. In the Topic field of the JMS Monitor View, enter demo_SERVER and press <enter></enter>	
	Generate an alarm by setting manually the tank level outside its limits. In the previous Linux console:	
	3. \$ caput TEST-BST0:TANK-LEVEL 82	
	4. Check for new JMS messages in CSS JMS Monitor View	
	5. Close JMS Monitor View	
Pass Criteria	3. caput TEST-BST0:TANK-LEVEL 82 Old: TEST-BST0:TANK-LEVEL xx.xxx	







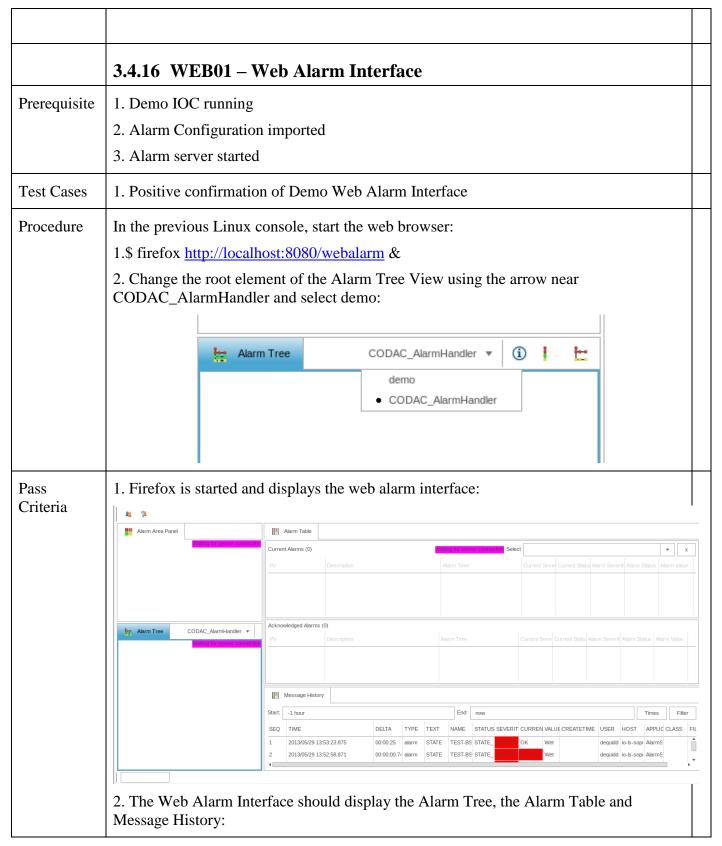


Prerequisite	1. Demo IOC running			
	2. Alarm Configuration Imported successfully			
	3. Alarm server started			
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started			
Test Cases	1. Positive execution of the Alarm Global Alarm Table - The alarm server will send all un-acknowledged alarms within 60 seconds to the 'GLOBAL' topic in JMS. They'll show up in the Global Alarm Table			
Procedure	From CSS, open the Global Alarm Ta	ble:		
	1. CSS-> Alarm -> Global Alarm Tab	ele. Check the state of the	e current un-ack	nowledged
	2. From the Alarm Tree, select the roo	ot node "Area: TEST-BS	T0" and click o	on the
	button to acknowledge all the cur Table			
	3. Close the Global Alarm Table			
Pass	1.The current un-acknowledged alarm	ns are displayed in the Gl	obal Alarm Tal	ole View:
Criteria	III Alarm Table IIII Global Alarm Table ⊠			=
	PV	Alarm Time	Alarm Severity	Alarm Status
	/demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH	2013/05/28 11:11:805	MAJOR	STATE_ALARM
	/demo/1251-B510/1251-B510/1251-B510:nign-SWIICH	2013/05/28 11:11:805	MAJOR	STATE_ALARM
	4. The Global Table should be empty:	f	MAJOR	STATE_ALARM
		f	MAJOR	STATE_ALARM
	4. The Global Table should be empty:	f	MAJOR Alarm Severity	
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:			
	4. The Global Table should be empty:	Alarm Time		
Prerequisite	4. The Global Table should be empty: Alarm Table Global Alarm Table	Alarm Time		
Prerequisite	4. The Global Table should be empty: Alarm Table Global Alarm Table PV	Alarm Time		

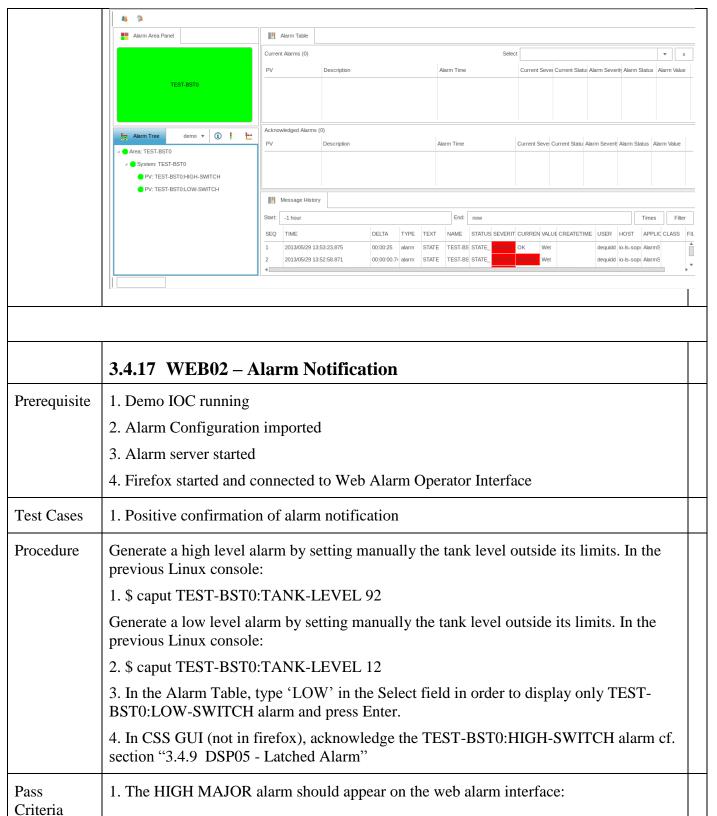


	3. Alarm server and notifier started		
	4. Alarm Operator Interface started		
Test Cases	1. Configure an alarm to executed automated actions when triggered		
	2. When configured alarm is triggered, an email is automatically sent		
Procedure	In CSS, log in as codac-dev to be able to modify dynamically the alarm configuration:		
	1. File -> Log in		
	2. Enter codac-dev as User Name and type the Password. Click on OK to validate		
	3. In the Alarm Tree view from the Alarm Perspective, right-click on PV: TEST-BST0:HIGH-SWITCH and select the option Configure Item		
	Configure Item		
	4. In the Automated Actions section, modify the predefined Automated Action "Contact Maintenance Service". In the Detail field, specify your email address in place of someone@iter.org :		
	Automated Actions:		
	Title Detail Delay		
	Contact Maintenance Service mailto:someone@iter.org,someone_else@iter.org?subject=*MID Switch fails to r 5		
	<add> <add></add></add>		
	Click on OK to validate the new configuration in the Alarm RDB.		
	Generate an alarm by setting manually the tank level outside its limits. In the previous Linux console:		
	5. \$ caput TEST-BST0:TANK-LEVEL 92		
	6. Wait for ~5 seconds and check your inbox		
Pass	6. The email automatically sent when the configured alarm is triggered :		
Pass Criteria	6. The email automatically sent when the configured alarm is triggered : MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org></css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38 To: Utzel Nadine; someone_else@iter.org</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38 To: Utzel Nadine; someone_else@iter.org MAJOR alarm - Tank Switch is Wet</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38 To: Utzel Nadine; someone_else@iter.org MAJOR alarm - Tank Switch is Wet The output in the Linux console looks like that: xxx INFO [Thread 9663] org.csstudio.alarm.beast.notifier.WorkQueue (add) - TEST-BSTO:HIGH-SWITCH: Contact Maintenance Service => SCHEDULED: 5s</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		
	MID Switch fails to maintain the tank level CSS Alarm Notifier <css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org> Sent: Tue 29/01/2013 13:38 To: Utzel Nadine; someone_else@iter.org MAJOR alarm - Tank Switch is Wet The output in the Linux console looks like that: xxx INFO [Thread 9663] org.csstudio.alarm.beast.notifier.WorkQueue (add) -</css-alarm-notifier@codac.iter.org>		



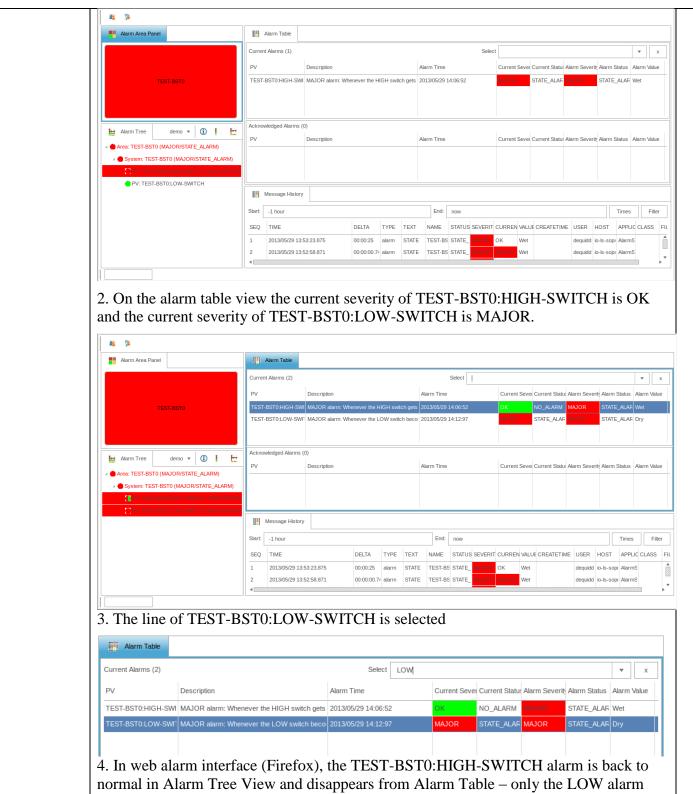




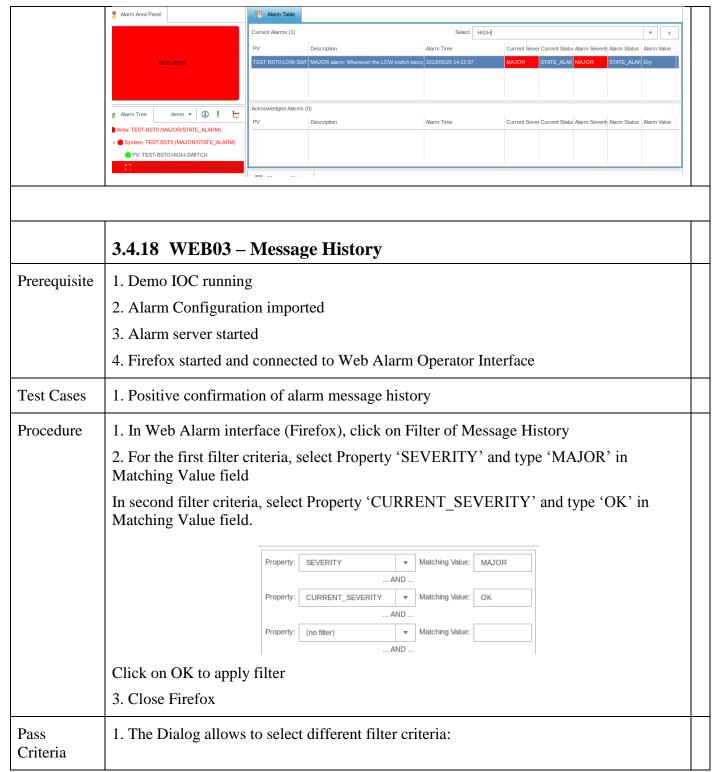


remains.











	⊚ ⊗	
	Select filter criteria: Which Property should contain what value?	
	Property: (no filter) ▼ Matching Value:	
	AND Property: (no filter) ▼ Matching Value:	
	AND Property: (no filter) ▼ Matching Value:	
	AND	
	Property: (no filter)	
	Property: (no filter) ▼ Matching Value:	
	Value patterns support SQL wildcards "%", "_"	
	OK Cancel	
	2. The table in Message History View display only the MAJOR alarms that did recover:	
	Message History	
	Start: -1 hour	
	3.4.19 CFG03 - Alarm Configuration Deletion	
Prerequisite	1. Alarm Configuration Imported successfully	
Test Cases	1. Positive confirmation of the alarm configuration delete option	
Procedure	In the previous Linux console, delete the Demo Alarm Server configuration:	
	1.\$ alarm-configtool -root demo -delete /demo Check that the demo configuration has been deleted:	
	2. \$ alarm-configtool -list	



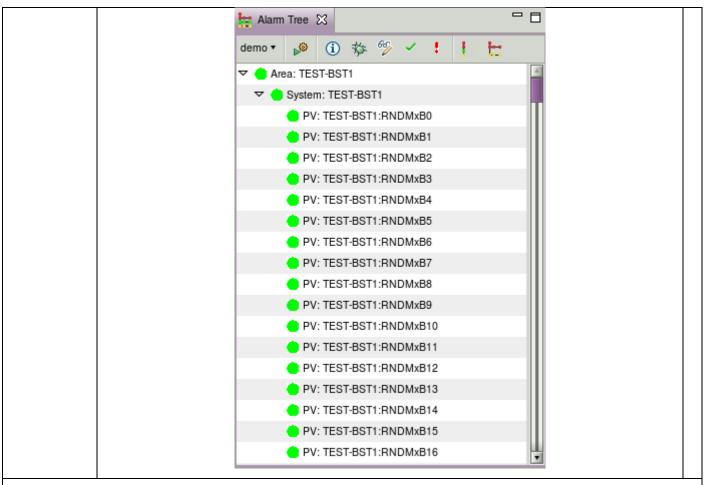
Pass	1. The output of the command should be:	
Criteria	Alarm Config Tool 1.0.0.codac_core_xxx 2013-05-06 13:29:32.546 INFO [Thread 21] org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) - Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616 Reading RDB configuration of 'demo' Deleting existing RDB configuration for '/demo'	
	2. The output of the command should show only the default CODAC alarm server:	
	Alarm Config Tool 1.0.0.codac_core_xxx 2013-05-06 13:31:18.630 INFO [Thread 21] org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) - Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616 'CODAC_AlarmHandler'	

	3.4.20 PRF01 - Configuration load of 600 alarms
Prerequisite	1. Performance IOCs downloaded from SVN
	2. You can close the previous EPICS database
	epics> exit
	3. Start the EPICS IOC Performance Database:
	\$ softIoc -s -d src/main/epics/TEST-BST1App/Db/PSH0-TEST-BST1.db
Test Cases	1. Import the alarm configuration of 600 PVs
	2. Check the performance of the resulting Alarm Tree
Procedure	In the Linux console:
	1. \$ alarm-configtool -root demo -import -file src/main/beast/TEST-BST1-beast.xml
	In CSS, close the Alarm Perspective
	2. Right-click on the button
	Alarm
	And select Close.
	3. Reopen the Alarm Perspective to read the new alarm configuration from the database: menu Window -> Open Perspective -> Other and select Alarm. Change the root element of the Alarm Tree View using the arrow near CODAC_AlarmHandler and select demo.
	Assess how fast the Alarm Tree View is able to load the 600 alarms.
	Browse and explore the entire tree.



	i Noise out of Limit i Consequence of deviation i Corrective action i Time for response Noise control OPI
Pass Criteria	1. Only few seconds are required to load the full configuration. The output in the Linux console looks like that:
	Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB584 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB585 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB586 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB587 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB588 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB589 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB590 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB591 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB592 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB593 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB594 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB595 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB596 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB597 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB598 Loading /demo/TEST-BST0/TEST-BST1/TEST-BST1: RNDMxB599 2. The Alarm Server has not been started yet, but the Alarm configuration is read from the database. The exploration of the Alarm Tree should be reactive:





3.4.21 PRF02 - Important number of Active Alarms

Prerequisite

- 1. Performance IOCs started
- 2. CSS running with Alarm Perspective opened
- 3. You need first to stop the previous instance of the alarm server:

\$ ps -ef|grep demo|grep <user>

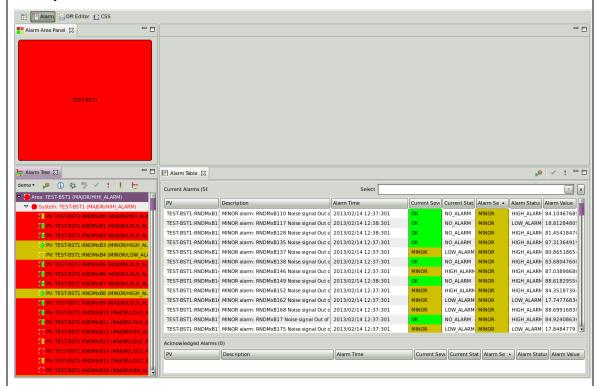
```
<PID1> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14
                                     00:00:00 /bin/bash /usr/bin/alarm-server
user
-root demo
       <PID2> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14
                                     00:00:00 /opt/codac-3.1/css/alarm-
server/alarm-server -root demo -pluginCustomization
/tmp/plugin customization.ini.5994
       <PID3> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14
                                     00:00:09 /usr/bin/java -
Djava.awt.headless=true -Xms64m -Xmx256m -Declipse.exitdata= -jar /opt/codac-
3.1/css/alarm-server/plugins/org.eclipse.equinox.launcher 1.2.0.v20110502.jar ...
user <PID1> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14 00:00:00 /bin/bash /usr/bin/alarm-
notifier -root demo
       <PID2> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14
                                     00:00:00 /opt/codac-3.1/css/alarm-
\verb"notifier/alarm-notifier-root demo-pluginCustomization"
/tmp/plugin customization.ini.5994
       <PID3> xxx 0 11:12 pts/14
                                     00:00:09 /usr/bin/java -
Djava.awt.headless=true -Xms64m -Xmx256m -Declipse.exitdata= -jar /opt/codac-
3.1/css/alarm-notifier/plugins/org.eclipse.equinox.launcher 1.2.0.v20110502.jar
$ kill -9 < PID1> < PID2> < PID3>
```



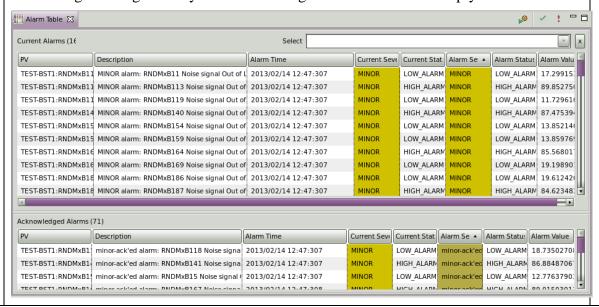
Test Cases	1. Alarm server running with 600 alarms preconfigured
	2. Check the performance of the Alarm Table – Current Alarms
Procedure	In the Linux console: 1. \$ alarm-server -root demo& In CSS: 2. Check the Alarm Table filled with triggered alarms 3. Acknowledge all the alarms at once with a right-click on the Alarm Area Panel -> Acknowledge option:
Pass	Check how the Alarm Table is emptied and how the number of Current Alarms starts to increase again 1. Check how fast the 600 PVs have been read. The output in the Linux console looks
Criteria	like that: org.csstudio.alarm.beast.server.Application (start) - Alarm Server 1.0.0.codac_core_4_0b7 started for 'demo' configuration Alarm Server 1.0.0.codac_core_4_0b7 Configuration Root: demo Database URL:
	Read 600 PVs in 0.xx seconds: yyyy.y PVs/sec 2013-02-14 12:37:33.164 INFO [Thread 23] org.apache.activemq.transport.failover.FailoverTransport (doReconnect) - Successfully connected to tcp://localhost:61616



2. After some minutes, there are roughly 600 Current Alarms, even if some of them have already recovered



3. Some seconds are required to empty the Current Alarm Table end fill the Acknowledged Alarms one. As the 600 noise records are processed every 10 seconds, some other seconds are also required before the number of Current Alarms starts to increase again. Progressively the Acknowledged Alarms becomes empty:



	3.4.22 LOG01 – LOG: Look for any SEVERE message	
Prerequisite	1. None	



Test Cases	1. No SEVERE alert in the CSS log files	
Procedure	In a Linux console, check the log of CSS general services: 1. \$ grep -r 'SEVERE' /var/opt/codac/css/ Now check the log of the services started manually for the demo applications: 2. \$ grep -r 'SEVERE' ~/.css/	
Pass Criteria	1 - 2. No SEVERE messages except for: ~/.css/css/console.log: <date> SEVERE [Thread 1] org.csstudio.logging.PluginLogListener (logging) - Invalid preference page path: XML Syntax</date>	

To terminate the tests, stop the demo IOC, the demo alarm server and jms2rdb. Close css:

- 1. \$ epics> exit
- 2. \$ ps -ef|grep demo|grep <user>
- 3. \$kill -9 <PID1> <PID2> <PID3>
- 4. \$ ps -ef|grep jms2rdb|grep <user>
- 5. \$ kill -9 < PID1> < PID2> < PID3>
- 6. In CSS, use the menu

File -> Exit

7. Delete the alarm configuration in the database:

\$ alarm-configtool -root demo -delete /demo

Alarm Config Tool 1.0.0.codac_core_xxx 2013-01-24 09:41:10.921 INFO [Thread 19]

Reading RDB configuration of 'demo'

Deleting existing RDB configuration for '/demo'



3.5 Component Test Log

	3.5.1 CFG01 - Alarm Configuration Import	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.2 CFG02 - Alarm Configuration Export	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.3 SRV01 - Alarm Server Startup	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.4 DSP01 - Alarm PV Tree	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.5 DSP02 - Alarm Related Display - Operator Interface	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.6 DSP03 - Alarm Related Display – Data Plot	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		



	3.5.7 SRV02 - Alarm Notification	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.8 DSP04 - Alarm Guidance	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.9 DSP05 - Latched Alarm	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.10 DSP06 - Display Limit Alarms	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.11 SRV03 - JMS Monitor	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.12 HST01 - Message History	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		



	3.5.13 HST02 – Send a JMS message	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.14 DSP07 – Global Alarm Table	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks	[2 mg and to enterly describe the anomaly]	
	3.5.15 SRV04 - Automated Actions	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.16 WEB01 – Alarm Web Interface	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.17 WEB02 – Alarm Notification	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
		[PASS / FAIL]
	3.5.18 WEB03 – Message History	[2.200, 1.11]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.19 CFG03 – Alarm Configuration Deletion	[PASS / FAIL]



[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
	3.5.20 PRF01 - Configuration load of 600 alarms	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	[Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	
Remarks		
		1
	3.5.21 PRF02 - Important number of Active Alarms	[PASS / FAIL]
[Bug ID]	3.5.21 PRF02 - Important number of Active Alarms [Bug title to briefly describe the anomaly]	[PASS / FAIL]



Software Test Plan Checklist

For Assessment of:			
Agency Name			
Project Name			
Document Name			
Date			

Criteria	Yes / No / NA
DOCUMENT STANDARDS COMPLIANCE	
1 Have standards/guidelines been identified to define the work product?	
2 Does the work product format conform to the specified standard/guideline (Template)?	
3 Has the project submitted any request for deviations or waivers to the defined work product?	
4 Have the following areas been addressed completely:	
4a Approval authority?	
4b Revision approval?	
4c Revision control?	
TECHNICAL REFERENCE	
5 Is there evidence that the work product was reviewed by all stakeholders?	
6 Have acceptance criteria been established for the work product?	
7 Does the work product have a clearly defined purpose and scope?	
8 Are references to policies, directives, procedures, standards, and terminology provided?	
9 Does the work product identify any and all constraints/limitations?	
S/W TEST PLAN CONTENTS	
10 Does the S/W Test Plan address the following required information:	
10a Test levels?	
10b Test types (e.g., unit testing, software integration testing, systems integration testing, end-to-end testing, acceptance testing, regression testing)?	
10c Test classes?	
10d General test conditions?	
10e Test progression?	
10f Data recording, reduction, and analysis?	
10g Test coverage (breadth and depth) or other methods for ensuring sufficiency of testing?	
10h Planned tests, including items and their identifiers?	



Criteria	Yes / No / NA
10i Test schedules, Requirements traceability (or verification matrix)?	
10j Qualification testing environment, site, personnel, and participating organizations?	
11 Does the S/W Test Plan identify the environmental exposure as well as requirements for comprehensive, functional, aliveness, end-to-end, and mission simulation testing?	
12 Does the S/W Test Plan provide a System Overview that describes the unique complexities of the system?	
13 Does the S/W Test Plan address user guide, operations / maintenance validation?	
16 Does the S/W Test Plan identify any elements that will not be tested according to the test plan (e.g., externally developed software)?	
17 Does the S/W Test Plan address software architecture in terms of which software components will be based on heritage and which will be mostly or entirely new developments?	
18 Does the S/W Test Plan identify any software reuse? If so, is the extent of reuse or the anticipated modification described?	
S/W TEST ENVIRONMENT	
19 Does the S/W Test Plan include a figure of each system test environment? If so, does it reflect the system hardware approach, simulators, and special development?	
20 Does the S/W Test Plan identify specific test hardware and simulators for each external interface?	
TEST TOOLS	
21 Does the S/W Test Plan address test execution tools?	
TEST PROBLEM REPORTING & CORRECTIVE ACTION	
22 Does the S/W Test Plan provide a description of the problem reporting system to be used by the test team to report problems and/or recommended changes cited during the test activities?	
TEST PROGRESS PLANNING & TRACKING	
23 Does the S/W Test Plan describe the routine test progress reporting approach?	
24 Does the S/W Test Plan describe the Build Test verification methodology? If so, does the description address build verification test level objectives, environment, roles & responsibilities, entry/exit criteria, general guidelines, build test planning, build test scenario development, build test procedure preparation & dry run, build test execution, reporting, and archiving?	