Career Services Assignment 3 – Java Flash Cards

Points possible: 50

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Completeness	All requirements of the	100
	assignment are complete.	

Instructions: Research common JavaScript interview questions online and create 20 flash cards from the information you find. Study your flash cards regularly to better prepare for interviews. Fill out the table below with the information you put on each of your flash cards.

Front of Card	Back of Card
What are the different data types in	String, Number, Boolean, BigInt, Undefined,
JavaScript?	Null, Symbol
What is the difference between " == " and "	"== " compares values, where " === "
=== "	compares values and datatype.
What is the difference between var and let?	Var you can use inbetween different functions
	scope, while let doesn't transfer between
	other functions scope.
What is the NaN property?	It means "not a number"
Explain what a higher order function is	It's a function that operates on another
	function. It could be a function inside of a
	function or a method like .reduce
Explain the "this" keyword	"this" refers to the object that the function is a
	property of.
What are the types of JavaScript errors?	Syntax errors (spelling mistakes) and logical
	errors (syntax is proper, but the
	code/programming is incorrect.
What method is used to retrieve a character	.indexOf
from a certain index?	
What are Classes in JavaScript?	They're ways to declare a constructor
	function – a short version of giving new
	variables objects.
What is the DOM?	Document Object Model – programming
	interface for HTML/XML documents.
Is JavaScript a statically typed or dynamically	Dynamically – We do not need to assign
typed language?	variables when they're created – the language
	assumes based on syntax.
What are the primitive data types in	String, number, Boolean, undefined, null
JavaScript?	

Why do we use the word debugger in	There is no built in debugger for JavaScript.
JavaScript?	We must switch a debugger on/off and self-
	report faults/errors.
Explain Implicit Type Coercion in Javascript	The idea that two different datatypes can
	"coerce" the other into one datatype. (ex: var
	x=3; var y="3", x+y // returns "33"
Explain Hoisting	Hoisting is the default behavior of JavaScript
	where all the variables/function declarations
	are moved to the top of the code. (global/local
	scope)
What does the concat method do?	It's used on two different arrays to combine
	them into one.
What does the .forEach method do?	It's a higher order function used on arrays that
	will execute a function on every element in
	the provided array.
What does the .filter method do?	It's a higher order function that will take a
	condition and return a new array with
	elements that fulfilled that condition
What does the .indexOf method do?	It's used on an array, and takes an argument
	to look through that array for the argument –
	then returns it's indexed position1 if it's not
	found.