



Intro to JavaScript Week 3 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

Instructions: In VS Code, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your JavaScript project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Coding Steps:

1. Create an array called `ages` that contains the following values: 3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93.
 - a. Programmatically subtract the value of the first element in the array from the value in the last element of the array (do not use numbers to reference the last element, find it programmatically, `ages[7] - ages[0]` is not allowed). Print the result to the console.
 - b. Add a new age to your array and repeat the step above to ensure it is dynamic (works for arrays of different lengths).
 - c. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average age. Print the result to the console.
2. Create an array called `names` that contains the following values: 'Sam', 'Tommy', 'Tim', 'Sally', 'Buck', 'Bob'.
 - a. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average number of letters per name. Print the result to the console.



- b. Use a loop to iterate through the array again and concatenate all the names together, separated by spaces, and print the result to the console.
3. How do you access the last element of any array?
4. How do you access the first element of any array?
5. Create a new array called nameLengths. Write a loop to iterate over the previously created names array and add the length of each name to the nameLengths array.
For example:

```
namesArray = ["Kelly", "Sam", "Kate"] //given this array  
nameLengths = [5, 3, 4] //create this new array
```

6. Write a loop to iterate over the nameLengths array and calculate the sum of all the elements in the array. Print the result to the console.
7. Write a function that takes two parameters, word and n, as arguments and returns the word concatenated to itself n number of times. (i.e. if I pass in 'Hello' and 3, I would expect the function to return 'HelloHelloHello').
8. Write a function that takes two parameters, firstName and lastName, and returns a full name (the full name should be the first and the last name separated by a space).
9. Write a function that takes an array of numbers and returns true if the sum of all the numbers in the array is greater than 100.
10. Write a function that takes an array of numbers and returns the average of all the elements in the array.
11. Write a function that takes two arrays of numbers and returns true if the average of the elements in the first array is greater than the average of the elements in the second array.
12. Write a function called willBuyDrink that takes a boolean isHotOutside, and a number moneyInPocket, and returns true if it is hot outside and if moneyInPocket is greater than 10.50.
13. Create a function of your own that solves a problem. In comments, write what the function does and why you created it.

Screenshots of Code:



PROMINEO TECH

```
Week3 Array Quiz.html U JS script.js U X
JS script.js > ...
1  /*hi graders, here's a coding joke for you
2     roses are red
3     violets are blue
4     unexpected } on line 32 */
5
6  //Question 1 - create array, last value - first value, add new age to arr, repeat, log average age of array
7  let ages = [3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93]
8  console.log(ages[ages.length - 1] - ages[0])
9  ages.push(40)
10
11 console.log(ages[ages.length - 1] - ages[0])
12
13 //loop through and get total of all numbers in ages array
14 let total = 0
15 for (let i = 0; i < ages.length; i++) {
16     total += ages[i]
17 }
18 //average age of the ages array
19 console.log(total / ages.length)
20
21
22 //Question 2 - create array with names, iterate and calculate avg num of letters per name - print result. Use a loop, concatenate all names together (separated by spaces)
23 let arrOfNames = ["Sam", "Tommy", "Tim", "Sally", "Buck", "Bob"]
24 let totalNumOfChars = 0
25
26 for (let i = 0; i < arrOfNames.length; i++) {
27     totalNumOfChars += arrOfNames[i].length
28 }
29
30 let avgNumOfChars = totalNumOfChars / arrOfNames.length
31 console.log(avgNumOfChars)
32
33 //Use a loop, concatenate all names together (separated by spaces)
34
35 for (let i = 0; i < arrOfNames.length; i++) {
36     console.log(arrOfNames.join(' '))
37 }
38
39 //Question 3
40 /*- How do you access the last element of any array?
41     arr[arr.length - 1]*/
42 //Question 4
43 /*How do you access the first element of any array?
44     arr[0]*/
```



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```
45 //Question 5 - (using previous arrOfNames array)push the length of each name into new arr "nameLengths"
46
47 let nameLengths = []
48 for (let i = 0; i < arrOfNames.length; i++) {
49   let pushNewThing = arrOfNames[i].length
50
51   nameLengths.push(pushNewThing)
52 }
53 console.log(nameLengths)
54
55 //Question 6 - Calculate the sum of all elements in nameLengths arr, print the result
56 let sum = 0
57 for (let i = 0; i < nameLengths.length; i++) {
58   sum += nameLengths[i]
59 }
60 console.log(sum)
61
62 //Question 7 - Write a function that duplicates a word concatenated to itself x number of times
63 const repeatString = (str, n) => {
64   console.log(str.repeat(n))
65 }
66
67 repeatString("hello", 3)
68
69 //Question 8 - Write a function that takes in firstName & lastName then returns a full name (separated by space)
70 const fullNameCombiner = (firstName, lastName) => {
71   return firstName + " " + lastName
72 }
73
74 console.log(`My full name is ${fullNameCombiner("Chris", "Conway")}`)
75
76 //Question 9 make a function that returns true if sum of array of numbers > 100
77
78 let usersArray = [1,7,9,14,3,75,34]
79
80 const sumOfArr = (arr) => {
81
82   let sum = 0
83   for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
84     sum += arr[i]
85   }
86
87   if (sum > 100) {
88     return true
89   } else {
90     return false
91   }
92 }
93
94 console.log(`The sum of all the arrays being greater than 100 is ${sumOfArr(usersArray)}`)
```



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```
95
96 //Question 10 - Write a function that takes in 2 arr of numbers, returns true if avg of first arr is > than avg of second arr
97
98 const greaterAvgArr = (arr1, arr2) => {
99   let sum1 = 0
100   let sum2 = 0
101
102   for (let i = 0; i < arr1.length; i++) {
103     sum1 += arr1[i]
104   }
105
106   for (let i = 0; i < arr2.length; i++) {
107     sum2 += arr2[i]
108   }
109
110   if (sum1 > sum2) {
111     return true
112   } else {
113     return false
114   }
115
116 console.log('It is ${greaterAvgArr(usersArray, nameLengths)} that arr1 is greater than arr2')
117
118 //Question 12 - Write a function called willBuyDrink, takes a boolean isHotOutside and a number, moneyInPocket - that returns true if isHotOutside == true && moneyInPocket > 10.5
119
120 const willBuyDrink = (isHotOutside, moneyInPocket) => {
121   if (isHotOutside == true && moneyInPocket > 10.50) {
122     return true
123   } else return false
124 }
125
126 console.log('I have $8 in my pocket, and it is hot outside, so it is ${willBuyDrink(true, 8)} that I will buy a drink.')
127
128 //Question 13 - Create your own function that solves a problem, write what it does in the comments
129
130 //Creating a function that converts celcius to fahrenheit, and another fahrenheit to celcius
131
132 const fahrenheitToCelcius = (fahrenheit) => {
133   return (fahrenheit - 32) * 5/9
134 }
135
136 const celciusToFahrenheit = (celcius) => {
137   return (celcius * 9/5) + 32
138 }
139
140 console.log('50 degrees in fahrenheit is ${fahrenheitToCelcius(50)} degrees in celcius')
141 console.log('10 degrees in celcius is ${celciusToFahrenheit(10)} degrees in fahrenheit')
```

Screenshots of Running Application:



PROMINEO TECH

```
90 script.js:8
37 script.js:11
30 script.js:19
3.8333333333333335 script.js:31
6 Sam Tommy Tim Sally Buck Bob script.js:36
  ▶ Array(6) script.js:53
23 script.js:60
hellohellohello script.js:64
My full name is Chris Conway script.js:74
The sum of all the arrays being greater than 100 is true script.js:94
It is true that arr1 is greater than arr2 script.js:116
I have $8 in my pocket, and it is hot outside, so it is false that I will buy a drink. script.js:126
50 degrees in fahrenheit is 10 degrees in celsius script.js:140
10 degrees in celsius is 50 degrees in fahrenheit script.js:141
>
```

URL to GitHub Repository:

<https://github.com/ConwayCJ/PromineoWeek3.git>