

# **Smart Contract Security Audit Report**



The SlowMist Security Team received the Cook Index team's application for smart contract security audit of the SingleIndexModule, TradeModule, UniswapPairPriceAdapter, WrapModule. on March 08, 2021. The following are the details and results of this smart contract security audit:

Project name:

Cook Index

**Project Address:** 

UniswapPairPriceAdapter.sol

Github:

https://github.com/CookFinance/cook-index/blob/main/cook-protocol-contracts/contracts/protocol/integration/UniswapPairPriceAdapter.sol

commit: bdfa6fb4e4261887d6d6c09bc2cd1085e98e9d74

SingleIndexModule.sol

Github:

https://github.com/CookFinance/cook-index/blob/main/cook-protocol-contracts/contracts/protocol/modules/SingleIndexModule.sol

commit: c7c89b78d97e672a2bd8e046de5d0f7bb3643ae8

TradeModule.sol

Github:

https://github.com/CookFinance/cook-index/blob/main/cook-protocol-contracts/contracts/protocol/modules/TradeModule.sol

commit: c7c89b78d97e672a2bd8e046de5d0f7bb3643ae8

WrapModule.sol

Github:

https://github.com/CookFinance/cook-index/blob/main/cook-protocol-contracts/contracts/pr

otocol/modules/WrapModule.sol

commit: c7c89b78d97e672a2bd8e046de5d0f7bb3643ae8



## The audit items and results:

(Other unknown security vulnerabilities are not included in the audit responsibility scope)

No.	Audit Items	Audit Subclass	Audit Subclass Result
1	Overflow Audit		Passed
2	Race Conditions Audit		Passed
3	Authority Control Audit	Permission vulnerability audit	Passed
		Excessive authority audit	Passed
4	Safety Design Audit	Zeppelin module safe use	Passed
		Compiler version security	Passed
		Hard-coded address security	Passed
		Fallback function safe use	Passed
		Show coding security	Passed
		Function return value security	Passed
		Call function security	Passed
5	Denial of Service Audit		Passed
6	Gas Optimization Audit		Passed
7	Design Logic Audit		Passed
8	"False Deposit" vulnerability Audit		Passed
9	Malicious Event Log Audit		Passed
10	Scoping and Declarations Audit		Passed
11	Replay Attack Audit	ECDSA's Signature Replay  Audit	Passed
12	Uninitialized Storage Pointers Audit	<del>-</del>	Passed
13	Arithmetic Accuracy Deviation Audit	<del>-</del>	Passed



Audit Result: Passed

Audit Number: 0X002103180004

Audit Date: Mar. 18, 2021

Audit Team: SlowMist Security Team

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Summary: We audited the SingleIndexModule, Trademodule, WarpModule and UniswapPairPric eAdapter module of Cook Index project. During the audit, we found the following issues:

- 1. In SingleIndexModule, the trade function does not set a slippage protection when trade, which may results in sandwich attack.
- The initialize function of SingleIndexModule, TradeModule and WarpModule were not restricted to can only be called once.
- 3. The trade function of TradeModule does not check if \_receiveToken is allowed to trade.

After communicating with the Cook Index team, the above issue are ignored because the foll owing reasons:

- 1. For issue one, there is a trade amount limitation that guarantee the trade amount is small enough to ignore the slippage issue.
- 2. For issue two, the initialize functoion can not be called again without removing the module first.
- For issue three, this is a feature, the address is up the stack with a manager contract.



#### The source code:

## SingleIndexModule.sol

```
Copyright 2021 Cook Finance.
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   you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
   You may obtain a copy of the License at
   http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
   Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
   distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
   WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
   See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
   limitations under the License.
   SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache License, Version 2.0
pragma solidity 0.6.10;
pragma experimental "ABIEncoderV2";
import { IERC20 } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol";
import { Math } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/math/Math.sol";
import { ReentrancyGuard } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/ReentrancyGuard.sol";
import { SafeCast } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/SafeCast.sol";
import { SafeMath } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol";
import { AddressArrayUtils } from "../../lib/AddressArrayUtils.sol";
import { IController } from "../../interfaces/IController.sol";
import { Invoke } from "../lib/Invoke.sol";
import { ICKToken } from "../../interfaces/ICKToken.sol";
import { IWHT } from "../../interfaces/external/IWHT.sol";
import { ModuleBase } from "../lib/ModuleBase.sol";
import { Position } from "../lib/Position.sol";
import { PreciseUnitMath } from "../../lib/PreciseUnitMath.sol";
import { Uint256ArrayUtils } from "../../lib/Uint256ArrayUtils.sol";
```



```
* @title SingleIndexModule
* @author Cook Finance
 * Smart contract that facilitates rebalances for indices. Manager can set target unit amounts, max trade sizes, the
 * exchange to trade on, and the cool down period between trades (on a per asset basis). As currently constructed
 * the module only works for one Set at a time.
 * SECURITY ASSUMPTION:
 * - Works with following modules: StreamingFeeModule, BasicIssuanceModule (any other module additions to Sets using
    this module need to be examined separately)
 */
contract SingleIndexModule is ModuleBase, ReentrancyGuard {
   using SafeCast for int256;
   using SafeCast for uint256;
   using SafeMath for uint256;
   using Position for uint256;
   using Math for uint256;
   using Position for ICKToken;
   using Invoke for ICKToken;
   using AddressArrayUtils for address[];
   using Uint256ArrayUtils for uint256[];
   struct AssetTradeInfo {
      uint256 targetUnit;
                                // Target unit for the asset during current rebalance period
      uint256 maxSize;
                                  // Max trade size in precise units
      uint256 coolOffPeriod;
                                  // Required time between trades for the asset
      uint256 lastTradeTimestamp;
                                   // Timestamp of last trade
      uint256 exchange;
                                   // Integer representing ID of exchange to use
   }
   // Enum of exchange Ids
   enum Exchangeld {
      None,
      Uniswap,
      Sushiswap,
```



```
Last
}
event TargetUnitsUpdated(address indexed _component, uint256 _newUnit, uint256 _positionMultiplier);
event TradeMaximumUpdated(address indexed _component, uint256 _newMaximum);
event AssetExchangeUpdated(address indexed _component, uint256 _newExchange);
event CoolOffPeriodUpdated(address indexed _component, uint256 _newCoolOffPeriod);
event TraderStatusUpdated(address indexed _trader, bool _status);
event AnyoneTradeUpdated(bool indexed _status);
event TradeExecuted(
   address indexed _executor,
   address indexed _sellComponent,
   address indexed _buyComponent,
   uint256 _amountSold,
   uint256 _amountBought
);
/* ======= Constants ====== */
uint256 private constant TARGET_RAISE_DIVISOR = 1.0025e18; // Raise targets 25 bps
string private constant UNISWAP_OUT = "swapTokensForExactTokens(uint256,uint256,address[],address,uint256)";
string private constant UNISWAP_IN = "swapExactTokensForTokens(uint256,uint256,address[],address,uint256)";
mapping(address => AssetTradeInfo) public assetInfo; // Mapping of component to component restrictions
address[] public rebalanceComponents;
                                                // Components having units updated during current rebalance
                                          // Position multiplier when current rebalance units were devised
uint256 public positionMultiplier;
mapping(address => bool) public tradeAllowList;
                                                // Mapping of addresses allowed to call trade()
bool public anyoneTrade;
                                             // Toggles on or off skipping the tradeAllowList
ICKToken public index;
                                            // Index being managed with contract
IWHT public wht;
                                            // WHT contract address
address public uniswapRouter;
                                             // Uniswap router address
address public sushiswapRouter;
                                             // Sushiswap router address
```



```
modifier onlyAllowedTrader(address _caller) {
      require(_isAllowedTrader(_caller), "Address not permitted to trade");
   }
   modifier onlyEOA() {
      require(msg.sender == tx.origin, "Caller must be EOA Address");
      _;
   }
   /* ======= Constructor ======= */
   constructor(
      IController _controller,
      IWHT _wht,
      address _uniswapRouter,
      address _sushiswapRouter
   )
      public
      ModuleBase(_controller)
   {
      wht = _{\text{wht}};
      uniswapRouter = _uniswapRouter;
      sushiswapRouter = _sushiswapRouter;
   }
    * MANAGER ONLY: Set new target units, zeroing out any units for components being removed from index. Log position
multiplier to
    * adjust target units in case fees are accrued. Validate that WHT is not a part of the new allocation and that all
components
    * in current allocation are in _components array.
    * @param _newComponents
                                              Array of new components to add to allocation
    * @param _newComponentsTargetUnits
                                                Array of target units at end of rebalance for new components, maps to
same index of component
    * @param _oldComponentsTargetUnits
                                             Array of target units at end of rebalance for old component, maps to same
index of component,
                                           if component being removed set to 0.
```



```
* @param _positionMultiplier
                                           Position multiplier when target units were calculated, needed in order to adjust
target units
                                            if fees accrued
    */
   function startRebalance(
      address[] calldata _newComponents,
      uint256[] calldata _newComponentsTargetUnits,
      uint256[] calldata _oldComponentsTargetUnits,
      uint256 _positionMultiplier
   )
      external
      onlyManagerAndValidCK(index)
   {
      // Don't use validate arrays because empty arrays are valid
      require(_newComponents.length == _newComponentsTargetUnits.length, "Array length mismatch");
      address[] memory currentComponents = index.getComponents();
      require(currentComponents.length == _oldComponentsTargetUnits.length, "New allocation must have target for all old
components");
      address[] memory aggregateComponents = currentComponents.extend(_newComponents);
      uint256[] memory aggregateTargetUnits = _oldComponentsTargetUnits.extend(_newComponentsTargetUnits);
      require(!aggregateComponents.hasDuplicate(), "Cannot duplicate components");
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < aggregateComponents.length; i++) {
         address component = aggregateComponents[i];
         uint256 targetUnit = aggregateTargetUnits[i];
         require(address(component) != address(wht), "WHT cannot be an index component");
         assetInfo[component].targetUnit = targetUnit;
          emit TargetUnitsUpdated(component, targetUnit, _positionMultiplier);
      }
      rebalanceComponents = aggregateComponents;
      positionMultiplier = _positionMultiplier;
   }
```



```
* ACCESS LIMITED: Only approved addresses can call if anyoneTrade is false. Determines trade size
    * and direction and swaps into or out of WHT on exchange specified by manager.
    * @param _component
                                 Component to trade
   function trade(address _component) external nonReentrant onlyAllowedTrader(msg.sender) onlyEOA() virtual {
      _validateTradeParameters(_component);
         bool isBuy,
         uint256 tradeAmount
      ) = _calculateTradeSizeAndDirection(_component);
      if (isBuy) {
          _buyUnderweight(_component, tradeAmount);
      } else {
          _sellOverweight(_component, tradeAmount);
      }
      assetInfo[_component].lastTradeTimestamp = block.timestamp;
   }
    * ACCESS LIMITED: Only approved addresses can call if anyoneTrade is false. Only callable when 1) there are no
    * more components to be sold and, 2) entire remaining WHT amount can be traded such that resulting inflows won't
    * exceed components maxTradeSize nor overshoot the target unit. To be used near the end of rebalances when a
    * component's calculated trade size is greater in value than remaining WHT.
    * @param _component
                                 Component to trade
   function tradeRemainingWHT(address _component) external nonReentrant onlyAllowedTrader(msg.sender) onlyEOA()
virtual {
      require(_noTokensToSell(), "Must sell all sellable tokens before can be called");
      _validateTradeParameters(_component);
      (, uint256 tradeLimit) = _calculateTradeSizeAndDirection(_component);
      uint256 preTradeComponentAmount = IERC20(_component).balanceOf(address(index));
```



```
uint256 preTradeWHTAmount = wht.balanceOf(address(index));
   _executeTrade(address(wht), _component, true, preTradeWHTAmount, assetInfo[_component].exchange);
   (,
      uint256 componentTradeSize
   ) = _updatePositionState(address(wht), _component, preTradeWHTAmount, preTradeComponentAmount);
   require(componentTradeSize < tradeLimit, "Trade size exceeds trade size limit");
   assetInfo[_component].lastTradeTimestamp = block.timestamp;
}
 * ACCESS LIMITED: For situation where all target units met and remaining WHT, uniformly raise targets by same
 * percentage in order to allow further trading. Can be called multiple times if necessary, increase should be
 * small in order to reduce tracking error.
 */
function raiseAssetTargets() external nonReentrant onlyAllowedTrader(msg.sender) virtual {
   require(
      _allTargetsMet() && index.getDefaultPositionRealUnit(address(wht)) > 0,
      "Targets must be met and HT remaining in order to raise target"
   );
   positionMultiplier = positionMultiplier.preciseDiv(TARGET_RAISE_DIVISOR);
}
 * MANAGER ONLY: Set trade maximums for passed components
 * @param _components
                               Array of components
 * @param _tradeMaximums
                                Array of trade maximums mapping to correct component
function setTradeMaximums(
   address[] calldata _components,
   uint256[] calldata _tradeMaximums
)
   external
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(index)
{
```



```
_validateArrays(_components, _tradeMaximums);
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < _components.length; i++) {
      assetInfo[_components[i]].maxSize = _tradeMaximums[i];
      emit TradeMaximumUpdated(_components[i], _tradeMaximums[i]);
  }
}
 * MANAGER ONLY: Set exchange for passed components
 * @param _components
                            Array of components
 * @param _exchanges
                          Array of exchanges mapping to correct component, uint256 used to signify exchange
function setExchanges(
   address[] calldata _components,
   uint256[] calldata _exchanges
)
   external
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(index)
{
   _validateArrays(_components, _exchanges);
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < _components.length; i++) {
      uint256 exchange = _exchanges[i];
      require(exchange < uint256(Exchangeld.Last), "Unrecognized exchange identifier");
      assetInfo[_components[i]].exchange = _exchanges[i];
      emit AssetExchangeUpdated(_components[i], exchange);
  }
}
 * MANAGER ONLY: Set exchange for passed components
 * @param _components
                              Array of components
 * @param _coolOffPeriods Array of cool off periods to correct component
function setCoolOffPeriods(
   address[] calldata _components,
```



```
uint256[] calldata _coolOffPeriods
   )
      external
      onlyManagerAndValidCK(index)
   {
      _validateArrays(_components, _coolOffPeriods);
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < _components.length; i++) {
          assetInfo[_components[i]].coolOffPeriod = _coolOffPeriods[i];
          emit CoolOffPeriodUpdated(_components[i], _coolOffPeriods[i]);
      }
   }
    * MANAGER ONLY: Toggle ability for passed addresses to trade from current state
    * @param _traders
                               Array trader addresses to toggle status
    * @param _statuses
                              Booleans indicating if matching trader can trade
   function updateTraderStatus(address[] calldata _traders, bool[] calldata _statuses) external
onlyManagerAndValidCK(index) {
      require(_traders.length == _statuses.length, "Array length mismatch");
      require(_traders.length > 0, "Array length must be > 0");
      require(!_traders.hasDuplicate(), "Cannot duplicate traders");
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < _traders.length; i++) {</pre>
          address trader = _traders[i];
          bool status = _statuses[i];
          tradeAllowList[trader] = status;
          emit TraderStatusUpdated(trader, status);
      }
   }
    * MANAGER ONLY: Toggle whether anyone can trade, bypassing the traderAllowList
    * @param _status
                              Boolean indicating if anyone can trade
   function updateAnyoneTrade(bool _status) external onlyManagerAndValidCK(index) {
      anyoneTrade = _status;
```



```
emit AnyoneTradeUpdated(_status);
}
 * MANAGER ONLY: Set target units to current units and last trade to zero. Initialize module.
 * @param _index
                  Address of index being used for this CK
function initialize(ICKToken _index)
   external
   onlyCKManager(_index, msg.sender)
   onlyValidAndPendingCK(_index)
{
   require(address(index) == address(0), "Module already in use");
   ICKToken.Position[] memory positions = _index.getPositions();
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < positions.length; i++) {
      ICKToken.Position memory position = positions[i];
      assetInfo[position.component].targetUnit = position.unit.toUint256();
      assetInfo[position.component].lastTradeTimestamp = 0;
   }
   index = _index;
  //SlowMist// The module can not be initialized again without removing the module first
   _index.initializeModule();
}
function removeModule() external override {}
* Get target units for passed components, normalized to current positionMultiplier.
 * @param _components
                           Array of components to get target units for
 * @return
                        Array of targetUnits mapping to passed components
function getTargetUnits(address[] calldata _components) external view returns(uint256[] memory) {
```



```
uint256 currentPositionMultiplier = index.positionMultiplier().toUint256();
      uint256[] memory targetUnits = new uint256[](_components.length);
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < _components.length; i++) {</pre>
         targetUnits[i] = _normalizeTargetUnit(_components[i], currentPositionMultiplier);
      }
      return targetUnits;
  }
   function getRebalanceComponents() external view returns(address[] memory) {
      return rebalanceComponents;
  }
   /* ======= Internal Functions ======= */
    * Validate that enough time has elapsed since component's last trade and component isn't WHT.
   function _validateTradeParameters(address _component) internal view virtual {
      require(rebalanceComponents.contains(_component), "Passed component not included in rebalance");
      AssetTradeInfo memory componentInfo = assetInfo[_component];
      require(componentInfo.exchange != uint256(ExchangeId.None), "Exchange must be specified");
      require(
         componentInfo.lastTradeTimestamp.add(componentInfo.coolOffPeriod) <= block.timestamp,
         "Cool off period has not elapsed."
      );
  }
    * Calculate trade size and whether trade is buy. Trade size is the minimum of the max size and components left to trade.
    * Reverts if target quantity is already met. Target unit is adjusted based on ratio of position multiplier when target was
defined
    * and the current positionMultiplier.
   function _calculateTradeSizeAndDirection(address _component) internal view returns (bool isBuy, uint256) {
      uint256 totalSupply = index.totalSupply();
      uint256 componentMaxSize = assetInfo[_component].maxSize;
```



```
uint256 currentPositionMultiplier = index.positionMultiplier().toUint256();
   uint256 currentUnit = index.getDefaultPositionRealUnit(_component).toUint256();
   uint256 targetUnit = _normalizeTargetUnit(_component, currentPositionMultiplier);
   require(currentUnit != targetUnit, "Target already met");
   uint256 currentNotional = totalSupply.getDefaultTotalNotional(currentUnit);
   uint256 targetNotional = totalSupply.preciseMulCeil(targetUnit);
   return targetNotional > currentNotional ? (true, componentMaxSize.min(targetNotional.sub(currentNotional))) :
       (false, componentMaxSize.min(currentNotional.sub(targetNotional)));
}
 * Buy an underweight asset by selling an unfixed amount of WHT for a fixed amount of the component.
function _buyUnderweight(address _component, uint256 _amount) internal {
   uint256 preTradeBuyComponentAmount = IERC20(_component).balanceOf(address(index));
   uint256 preTradeSellComponentAmount = wht.balanceOf(address(index));
   _executeTrade(address(wht), _component, false, _amount, assetInfo[_component].exchange);
   _updatePositionState(address(wht), _component, preTradeSellComponentAmount, preTradeBuyComponentAmount);
}
 * Sell an overweight asset by selling a fixed amount of component for an unfixed amount of WHT.
function _sellOverweight(address _component, uint256 _amount) internal {
   uint256 preTradeBuyComponentAmount = wht.balanceOf(address(index));
   uint256 preTradeSellComponentAmount = IERC20(_component).balanceOf(address(index));
   _executeTrade(_component, address(wht), true, _amount, assetInfo[_component].exchange);
   _updatePositionState(_component, address(wht), preTradeSellComponentAmount, preTradeBuyComponentAmount);
}
 * Determine parameters for trade and invoke trade on index using correct exchange.
```



```
function _executeTrade(
   address_sellComponent,
   address _buyComponent,
   bool_fixIn,
   uint256 _amount,
   uint256 _exchange
)
   internal
   virtual
{
   uint256 whtBalance = wht.balanceOf(address(index));
   (
      address exchangeAddress,
      bytes memory tradeCallData
   ) = _getUniswapLikeTradeData(_sellComponent, _buyComponent, _fixIn, _amount, _exchange);
   uint256 approveAmount = _sellComponent == address(wht) ? whtBalance : _amount;
   index.invokeApprove(_sellComponent, exchangeAddress, approveAmount);
   index.invoke(exchangeAddress, 0, tradeCallData);
}
 * Update position units on index. Emit event.
function _updatePositionState(
   address _sellComponent,
   address _buyComponent,
   uint256 _preTradeSellComponentAmount,
   uint256 _preTradeBuyComponentAmount
)
   internal
   returns (uint256 sellAmount, uint256 buyAmount)
{
   uint256 totalSupply = index.totalSupply();
   (uint256 postTradeSellComponentAmount,,) = index.calculateAndEditDefaultPosition(
      _sellComponent,
      totalSupply,
```



```
_preTradeSellComponentAmount
   );
   (uint256 postTradeBuyComponentAmount,,) = index.calculateAndEditDefaultPosition(
      _buyComponent,
      totalSupply,
      _preTradeBuyComponentAmount
   );
   sellAmount = \_preTradeSellComponentAmount.sub(postTradeSellComponentAmount);\\
   buyAmount = postTradeBuyComponentAmount.sub(_preTradeBuyComponentAmount);
   emit TradeExecuted(
      msg.sender,
      _sellComponent,
      _buyComponent,
      sellAmount,
      buyAmount
  );
}
 * Determine whether exchange to call is Uniswap or Sushiswap and generate necessary call data.
function _getUniswapLikeTradeData(
   address_sellComponent,
   address _buyComponent,
   bool_fixIn,
   uint256 _amount,
   uint256 _exchange
)
   internal
   view
   returns(address, bytes memory)
{
   address exchangeAddress = _exchange == uint256(ExchangeId.Uniswap) ? uniswapRouter : sushiswapRouter;
   string memory functionSignature;
   address[] memory path = new address[](2);
   uint256 limit;
   if (_fixIn) {
```



```
functionSignature = UNISWAP_IN;
          limit = 1;
      } else {
          functionSignature = UNISWAP_OUT;
          limit = PreciseUnitMath.maxUint256();
      }
      path[0] = _sellComponent;
      path[1] = _buyComponent;
      //SlowMist// The swap data construct here does not set the corrsponding limitation, when
trade, it may suffer from a slippage issue.
      bytes memory tradeCallData = abi.encodeWithSignature(
          functionSignature,
          _amount,
          limit,
          path,
          address(index),
          now.add(180)
      );
      return (exchangeAddress, tradeCallData);
   }
    * Check if there are any more tokens to sell.
   function _noTokensToSell() internal view returns (bool) {
      uint256 currentPositionMultiplier = index.positionMultiplier().toUint256();
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < rebalanceComponents.length; i++) {</pre>
          address component = rebalanceComponents[i];
          bool canSell = _normalizeTargetUnit(component, currentPositionMultiplier) < index.getDefaultPositionRealUnit(
             component
          ).toUint256();
          if (canSell) { return false; }
      }
      return true;
   }
    * Check if all targets are met
```



```
*/
   function _allTargetsMet() internal view returns (bool) {
       uint256 currentPositionMultiplier = index.positionMultiplier().toUint256();
      for (uint256 i = 0; i < rebalanceComponents.length; i++) {
          address component = rebalanceComponents[i];
          bool targetUnmet = _normalizeTargetUnit(component, currentPositionMultiplier) !=
index.getDefaultPositionRealUnit(
             component
          ).toUint256();
          if (targetUnmet) { return false; }
      }
      return true;
   }
    * Normalize target unit to current position multiplier in case fees have been accrued.
   function _normalizeTargetUnit(address _component, uint256 _currentPositionMultiplier) internal view returns(uint256) {
       return assetInfo[_component].targetUnit.mul(_currentPositionMultiplier).div(positionMultiplier);
   }
    * Determine if passed address is allowed to call trade. If anyoneTrade set to true anyone can call otherwise needs to be
approved.
    */
   function _isAllowedTrader(address _caller) internal view virtual returns (bool) {
       return anyoneTrade || tradeAllowList[_caller];
   }
    * Validate arrays are of equal length and not empty.
   function _validateArrays(address[] calldata _components, uint256[] calldata _data) internal pure {
       require(_components.length == _data.length, "Array length mismatch");
       require(_components.length > 0, "Array length must be > 0");
       require(!_components.hasDuplicate(), "Cannot duplicate components");
   }
}
```

#### TradeModule.sol



```
Copyright 2021 Cook Finance.
   Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
   you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
   You may obtain a copy of the License at
   http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
   Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
   distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
   WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
   See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
   limitations under the License.
   SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache License, Version 2.0
pragma solidity ^0.6.10;
pragma experimental "ABIEncoderV2";
import { ReentrancyGuard } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/ReentrancyGuard.sol";
import { SafeMath } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol";
import { SafeCast } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/SafeCast.sol";
import { IController } from "../../interfaces/IController.sol";
import { IERC20 } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol";
import { IExchangeAdapter } from "../../interfaces/IExchangeAdapter.sol";
import { IIntegrationRegistry } from "../../interfaces/IIntegrationRegistry.sol";
import { Invoke } from "../lib/Invoke.sol";
import { ICKToken } from "../../interfaces/ICKToken.sol";
import { ModuleBase } from "../lib/ModuleBase.sol";
import { Position } from "../lib/Position.sol";
import { PreciseUnitMath } from "../../lib/PreciseUnitMath.sol";
 * @title TradeModule
 * @author Cook Finance
 * Module that enables CKTokens to perform atomic trades using Decentralized Exchanges
```



```
* such as Uniswap. Integrations mappings are stored on the IntegrationRegistry contract.
contract TradeModule is ModuleBase, ReentrancyGuard {
  using SafeCast for int256;
  using SafeMath for uint256;
  using Invoke for ICKToken;
  using Position for ICKToken;
  using PreciseUnitMath for uint256;
  /* ======= */
  struct TradeInfo {
     ICKToken ckToken;
                                             // Instance of CKToken
     IExchangeAdapter exchangeAdapter;
                                                   // Instance of exchange adapter contract
     address sendToken;
                                              // Address of token being sold
     address receiveToken;
                                              // Address of token being bought
     uint256 ckTotalSupply;
                                             // Total supply of CKToken in Precise Units (10^18)
     uint256 totalSendQuantity;
                                              // Total quantity of sold token (position unit x total supply)
     uint256 totalMinReceiveQuantity;
                                              // Total minimum quantity of token to receive back
     uint256 preTradeSendTokenBalance;
                                                  // Total initial balance of token being sold
     uint256 preTradeReceiveTokenBalance;
                                                 // Total initial balance of token being bought
  }
  event ComponentExchanged(
     ICKToken indexed _ckToken,
     address indexed _sendToken,
     address indexed _receiveToken,
     IExchangeAdapter _exchangeAdapter,
     uint256 _totalSendAmount,
     uint256 _totalReceiveAmount,
     uint256 _protocolFee
  );
  /* ======= Constants ====== */
  // 0 index stores the fee % charged in the trade function
  uint256 constant internal TRADE_MODULE_PROTOCOL_FEE_INDEX = 0;
```



```
/* ====== Constructor ====== */
constructor(IController _controller) public ModuleBase(_controller) {}
/* ====== External Functions ====== */
/**
 * Initializes this module to the CKToken. Only callable by the CKToken's manager.
 * @param _ckToken
                              Instance of the CKToken to initialize
function initialize(
   ICKToken _ckToken
)
   external
   onlyValidAndPendingCK(_ckToken)
   onlyCKManager(_ckToken, msg.sender)
{
 //SlowMist// The module can not be initialized again without removing the module first
   _ckToken.initializeModule();
}
 * Executes a trade on a supported DEX. Only callable by the CKToken's manager.
 * @dev Although the CKToken units are passed in for the send and receive quantities, the total quantity
 * sent and received is the quantity of CKToken units multiplied by the CKToken totalSupply.
 * @param _ckToken
                          Instance of the CKToken to trade
 * @param _exchangeName
                              Human readable name of the exchange in the integrations registry
 * @param _sendToken
                          Address of the token to be sent to the exchange
 * @param _sendQuantity
                           Units of token in CKToken sent to the exchange
 * @param _receiveToken
                            Address of the token that will be received from the exchange
 * @param_minReceiveQuantity Min units of token in CKToken to be received from the exchange
 * @param _data
                           Arbitrary bytes to be used to construct trade call data
function trade(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   string memory _exchangeName,
```



```
address _sendToken,
   uint256 _sendQuantity,
   address _receiveToken,
   uint256 _minReceiveQuantity,
   bytes memory _data
)
   external
   nonReentrant
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(_ckToken)
   TradeInfo memory tradeInfo = _createTradeInfo(
      _ckToken,
      _exchangeName,
      _sendToken,
      _receiveToken, //SlowMist// The address is up the stack with manager contract
      _sendQuantity,
      _minReceiveQuantity
   );
   _validatePreTradeData(tradeInfo, _sendQuantity);
   _executeTrade(tradeInfo, _data);
   uint256 exchangedQuantity = _validatePostTrade(tradeInfo);
   uint256 protocolFee = _accrueProtocolFee(tradeInfo, exchangedQuantity);
      uint256 netSendAmount,
      uint256 netReceiveAmount
   ) = _updateCKTokenPositions(tradeInfo);
   emit ComponentExchanged(
      _ckToken,
      _sendToken,
      _receiveToken,
      tradeInfo.exchangeAdapter,
      netSendAmount,
      netReceiveAmount,
```



```
protocolFee
  );
}
 * Removes this module from the CKToken, via call by the CKToken. Left with empty logic
 * here because there are no check needed to verify removal.
function removeModule() external override {}
/* ======= Internal Functions ======= */
 * Create and return TradeInfo struct
 * @param _ckToken
                           Instance of the CKToken to trade
 * @param _exchangeName
                              Human readable name of the exchange in the integrations registry
 * @param _sendToken
                          Address of the token to be sent to the exchange
 * @param _receiveToken
                           Address of the token that will be received from the exchange
 * @param _sendQuantity
                            Units of token in CKToken sent to the exchange
 * @param_minReceiveQuantity Min units of token in CKToken to be received from the exchange
 * return TradeInfo
                     Struct containing data for trade
function _createTradeInfo(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   string memory _exchangeName,
   address _sendToken,
   address _receiveToken,
   uint256 _sendQuantity,
   uint256 _minReceiveQuantity
)
   internal
   returns (TradeInfo memory)
{
   Tradelnfo memory tradelnfo;
   tradeInfo.ckToken = _ckToken;
```



```
tradeInfo.exchangeAdapter = IExchangeAdapter(getAndValidateAdapter(_exchangeName));
   tradeInfo.sendToken = _sendToken;
   tradeInfo.receiveToken = _receiveToken;
   tradeInfo.ckTotalSupply = _ckToken.totalSupply();
   tradeInfo.totalSendQuantity = Position.getDefaultTotalNotional(tradeInfo.ckTotalSupply, _sendQuantity);
   tradeInfo.totalMinReceiveQuantity = Position.getDefaultTotalNotional(tradeInfo.ckTotalSupply, _minReceiveQuantity);
   tradeInfo.preTradeSendTokenBalance = IERC20(_sendToken).balanceOf(address(_ckToken));
   tradeInfo.preTradeReceiveTokenBalance = IERC20(_receiveToken).balanceOf(address(_ckToken));
   return tradelnfo;
}
 * Validate pre trade data. Check exchange is valid, token quantity is valid.
 * @param _tradeInfo
                             Struct containing trade information used in internal functions
 * @param _sendQuantity
                              Units of token in CKToken sent to the exchange
function _validatePreTradeData(TradeInfo memory _tradeInfo, uint256 _sendQuantity) internal view {
   require(_tradeInfo.totalSendQuantity > 0, "Token to sell must be nonzero");
   require(
       _tradeInfo.ckToken.hasSufficientDefaultUnits(_tradeInfo.sendToken, _sendQuantity),
      "Unit cant be greater than existing"
   );
}
 * Invoke approve for send token, get method data and invoke trade in the context of the CKToken.
 * @param _tradeInfo
                             Struct containing trade information used in internal functions
 * @param _data
                             Arbitrary bytes to be used to construct trade call data
function _executeTrade(
   TradeInfo memory _tradeInfo,
```



```
bytes memory _data
)
   internal
   // Get spender address from exchange adapter and invoke approve for exact amount on CKToken
   _tradeInfo.ckToken.invokeApprove(
      _tradeInfo.sendToken,
      _tradeInfo.exchangeAdapter.getSpender(),
      _tradeInfo.totalSendQuantity
   );
      address targetExchange,
      uint256 callValue,
      bytes memory methodData
   ) = _tradeInfo.exchangeAdapter.getTradeCalldata(
      _tradeInfo.sendToken,
       _tradeInfo.receiveToken,
      address(_tradeInfo.ckToken),
      _tradeInfo.totalSendQuantity,
      _tradeInfo.totalMinReceiveQuantity,
       _data
   );
   _tradeInfo.ckToken.invoke(targetExchange, callValue, methodData);
}
 * Validate post trade data.
 * @param _tradeInfo
                                Struct containing trade information used in internal functions
 * @return uint256
                                Total quantity of receive token that was exchanged
function _validatePostTrade(TradeInfo memory _tradeInfo) internal view returns (uint256) {
   uint256 exchangedQuantity = IERC20(_tradeInfo.receiveToken)
      .balanceOf(address(_tradeInfo.ckToken))
      .sub(_tradeInfo.preTradeReceiveTokenBalance);
   require(
       exchangedQuantity >= _tradeInfo.totalMinReceiveQuantity,
```



```
"Slippage greater than allowed"
   );
   return exchangedQuantity;
}
 * Retrieve fee from controller and calculate total protocol fee and send from CKToken to protocol recipient
 * @param _tradeInfo
                                Struct containing trade information used in internal functions
 * @return uint256
                               Amount of receive token taken as protocol fee
function _accrueProtocolFee(TradeInfo memory _tradeInfo, uint256 _exchangedQuantity) internal returns (uint256) {
   uint256 protocolFeeTotal = getModuleFee(TRADE_MODULE_PROTOCOL_FEE_INDEX, _exchangedQuantity);
   payProtocolFeeFromCKToken(_tradeInfo.ckToken, _tradeInfo.receiveToken, protocolFeeTotal);
   return protocolFeeTotal;
}
 * Update CKToken positions
 * @param _tradeInfo
                           Struct containing trade information used in internal functions
 * @return uint256
                               Amount of sendTokens used in the trade
 * @return uint256
                               Amount of receiveTokens received in the trade (net of fees)
function _updateCKTokenPositions(TradeInfo memory _tradeInfo) internal returns (uint256, uint256) {
   (uint256 currentSendTokenBalance,,) = _tradeInfo.ckToken.calculateAndEditDefaultPosition(
      _tradeInfo.sendToken,
      _tradeInfo.ckTotalSupply,
      _tradeInfo.preTradeSendTokenBalance
   );
   (uint256 currentReceiveTokenBalance,,) = _tradeInfo.ckToken.calculateAndEditDefaultPosition(
      _tradeInfo.receiveToken,
      _tradeInfo.ckTotalSupply,
      _tradeInfo.preTradeReceiveTokenBalance
   );
```



```
return (
    __tradeInfo.preTradeSendTokenBalance.sub(currentSendTokenBalance),
    currentReceiveTokenBalance.sub(_tradeInfo.preTradeReceiveTokenBalance)
);
}
```

### WarpModule.sol

```
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   WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
   See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
   limitations under the License.
   SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache License, Version 2.0
*/
pragma solidity 0.6.10;
pragma experimental "ABIEncoderV2";
import { IERC20 } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol";
import { ReentrancyGuard } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/ReentrancyGuard.sol";
import { SafeCast } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/SafeCast.sol";
import { SafeMath } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol";
import { IController } from "../../interfaces/IController.sol";
import { IIntegrationRegistry } from "../../interfaces/IIntegrationRegistry.sol";
import { Invoke } from "../lib/Invoke.sol";
import { ICKToken } from "../../interfaces/ICKToken.sol";
import { IWHT } from "../../interfaces/external/IWHT.sol";
import { IWrapAdapter } from "../../interfaces/IWrapAdapter.sol";
```



```
import { ModuleBase } from "../lib/ModuleBase.sol";
import { Position } from "../lib/Position.sol";
import { PreciseUnitMath } from "../../lib/PreciseUnitMath.sol";
 * @title WrapModule
* @author Cook Finance
 * Module that enables the wrapping of ERC20 and HT positions via third party protocols. The WrapModule
 * works in conjunction with WrapAdapters, in which the wrapAdapterID / integrationNames are stored on the
 * integration registry.
 * Some examples of wrap actions include wrapping, DAI to cDAI (Compound) or Dai to aDai (AAVE).
contract WrapModule is ModuleBase, ReentrancyGuard {
   using SafeCast for int256;
   using PreciseUnitMath for uint256;
   using Position for uint256;
   using SafeMath for uint256;
   using Invoke for ICKToken;
   using Position for ICKToken.Position;
   using Position for ICKToken;
   event ComponentWrapped(
      ICKToken indexed _ckToken,
      address indexed _underlyingToken,
      address indexed _wrappedToken,
      uint256 _underlyingQuantity,
      uint256 _wrappedQuantity,
      string _integrationName
   );
   event ComponentUnwrapped(
      ICKToken indexed _ckToken,
      address indexed _underlyingToken,
      address indexed _wrappedToken,
      uint256 _underlyingQuantity,
```



```
uint256 _wrappedQuantity,
  string _integrationName
);
// Wrapped HT address
IWHT public wht;
/* ======= Constructor ======= */
* @param _controller
                       Address of controller contract
* @param _wht
                          Address of wrapped HT
constructor(IController _controller, IWHT _wht) public ModuleBase(_controller) {
  wht = _{\text{wht}};
}
/* ====== External Functions ======= */
* MANAGER-ONLY: Instructs the CKToken to wrap an underlying asset into a wrappedToken via a specified adapter.
* @param _ckToken
                       Instance of the CKToken
* @param _underlyingToken Address of the component to be wrapped
* @param _wrappedToken
                         Address of the desired wrapped token
* @param _underlyingUnits Quantity of underlying units in Position units
function wrap(
  ICKToken _ckToken,
  address _underlyingToken,
  address _wrappedToken,
  uint256 _underlyingUnits,
  string calldata _integrationName
)
  external
  nonReentrant
  onlyManagerAndValidCK(_ckToken)
```



```
{
      uint256 notionalUnderlyingWrapped,
      uint256 notionalWrapped
   ) = _validateWrapAndUpdate(
      _integrationName,
      _ckToken,
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      _underlyingUnits,
      false // does not use HT
   );
   emit ComponentWrapped(
      _ckToken,
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      notionalUnderlyingWrapped,
      notionalWrapped,
      _integrationName
  );
}
 * MANAGER-ONLY: Instructs the CKToken to wrap HT into a wrappedToken via a specified adapter. Since CKTokens
 * only hold WHT, in order to support protocols that collateralize with HT the CKToken's WHT must be unwrapped
 * first before sending to the external protocol.
 * @param _ckToken
                              Instance of the CKToken
 * @param _wrappedToken
                                 Address of the desired wrapped token
 * @param _underlyingUnits
                             Quantity of underlying units in Position units
 * @param _integrationName
                              Name of wrap module integration (mapping on integration registry)
function wrapWithHT(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _underlyingUnits,
   string calldata _integrationName
)
   external
```



```
nonReentrant
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(_ckToken)
{
      uint256 notionalUnderlyingWrapped,
      uint256 notionalWrapped
   ) = _validateWrapAndUpdate(
      _integrationName,
      _ckToken,
      address(wht),
      _wrappedToken,
      _underlyingUnits,
      true // uses HT
  );
   emit ComponentWrapped(
      _ckToken,
      address(wht),
      _wrappedToken,
      notionalUnderlyingWrapped,
      notionalWrapped,
      _integrationName
  );
}
 * MANAGER-ONLY: Instructs the CKToken to unwrap a wrapped asset into its underlying via a specified adapter.
 * @param _ckToken
                             Instance of the CKToken
 * @param _underlyingToken
                               Address of the underlying asset
 * @param _wrappedToken
                              Address of the component to be unwrapped
 * @param _wrappedUnits
                               Quantity of wrapped tokens in Position units
 * @param _integrationName
                               ID of wrap module integration (mapping on integration registry)
function unwrap(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _underlyingToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _wrappedUnits,
   string calldata _integrationName
```



```
)
   external
   nonReentrant
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(_ckToken)
{
      uint256 notionalUnderlyingUnwrapped,
      uint256 notionalUnwrapped
   ) = _validateUnwrapAndUpdate(
      _integrationName,
      _ckToken,
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      _wrappedUnits,
      false // uses HT
   );
   emit ComponentUnwrapped(
      _ckToken,
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      notionalUnderlyingUnwrapped,
      notionalUnwrapped,
      _integrationName
  );
}
 * MANAGER-ONLY: Instructs the CKToken to unwrap a wrapped asset collateralized by HT into Wrapped HT. Since
 * external protocol will send back HT that HT must be Wrapped into WHT in order to be accounted for by CKToken.
 * @param _ckToken
                                 Instance of the CKToken
 * @param _wrappedToken
                                   Address of the component to be unwrapped
 * @param _wrappedUnits
                                   Quantity of wrapped tokens in Position units
 * @param _integrationName
                                  ID of wrap module integration (mapping on integration registry)
function unwrapWithHT(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _wrappedUnits,
```



```
string calldata _integrationName
)
   external
   nonReentrant
   onlyManagerAndValidCK(_ckToken)
{
      uint256 notionalUnderlyingUnwrapped,
      uint256 notionalUnwrapped
   ) = _validateUnwrapAndUpdate(
      _integrationName,
      _ckToken,
      address(wht),
      _wrappedToken,
      _wrappedUnits,
      true // uses HT
   );
   emit ComponentUnwrapped(
      _ckToken,
      address(wht),
      _wrappedToken,
      notionalUnderlyingUnwrapped,
      notionalUnwrapped,
       _integrationName
   );
}
 * Initializes this module to the CKToken. Only callable by the CKToken's manager.
 * @param _ckToken
                              Instance of the CKToken to issue
function initialize(ICKToken _ckToken) external onlyCKManager(_ckToken, msg.sender) {
   require(controller.isCK(address(_ckToken)), "Must be controller-enabled CKToken");
   require(isCKPendingInitialization(_ckToken), "Must be pending initialization");
  //SlowMist// The module can not be initialized again without removing the module first.
   _ckToken.initializeModule();
}
```



```
* Removes this module from the CKToken, via call by the CKToken.
 */
function removeModule() external override {}
/* ====== Internal Functions ======= */
 * Validates the wrap operation is valid. In particular, the following checks are made:
 * - The position is Default
 * - The position has sufficient units given the transact quantity
 * - The transact quantity > 0
 * It is expected that the adapter will check if wrappedToken/underlyingToken are a valid pair for the given
 * integration.
 */
function _validateInputs(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _transactPosition,
   uint256 _transactPositionUnits
)
   internal
   view
{
   require(_transactPositionUnits > 0, "Target position units must be > 0");
   require(_ckToken.hasDefaultPosition(_transactPosition), "Target default position must be component");
   require(
       _ckToken.hasSufficientDefaultUnits(_transactPosition, _transactPositionUnits),
       "Unit cant be greater than existing"
   );
}
 * The WrapModule calculates the total notional underlying to wrap, approves the underlying to the 3rd party
 * integration contract, then invokes the CKToken to call wrap by passing its calldata along. When raw HT
 * is being used (_usesHT = true) WTH position must first be unwrapped and underlyingAddress sent to
 * adapter must be external protocol's HT representative address.
```



```
* Returns notional amount of underlying tokens and wrapped tokens that were wrapped.
function _validateWrapAndUpdate(
   string calldata _integrationName,
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _underlyingToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _underlyingUnits,
   bool _usesHT
)
   internal
   returns (uint256, uint256)
{
   _validateInputs(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, _underlyingUnits);
   // Snapshot pre wrap balances
      uint256 preActionUnderlyingNotional,
      uint256 preActionWrapNotional
   ) = _snapshotTargetAssetsBalance(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, _wrappedToken);
   uint256 notionalUnderlying = _ckToken.totalSupply().getDefaultTotalNotional(_underlyingUnits);
   IWrapAdapter wrapAdapter = IWrapAdapter(getAndValidateAdapter(_integrationName));
   // Execute any pre-wrap actions depending on if using raw HT or not
   if (_usesHT) {
      _ckToken.invokeUnwrapWHT(address(wht), notionalUnderlying);
   } else {
      address spender = wrapAdapter.getSpenderAddress(_underlyingToken, _wrappedToken);
      _ckToken.invokeApprove(_underlyingToken, spender, notionalUnderlying);
  }
   // Get function call data and invoke on CKToken
   _createWrapDataAndInvoke(
      _ckToken,
      wrapAdapter,
      _usesHT ? wrapAdapter.HT_TOKEN_ADDRESS() : _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      notionalUnderlying
```



```
);
   // Snapshot post wrap balances
      uint256 postActionUnderlyingNotional,
      uint256 postActionWrapNotional
   ) = _snapshotTargetAssetsBalance(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, _wrappedToken);
   _updatePosition(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, preActionUnderlyingNotional, postActionUnderlyingNotional);
   _updatePosition(_ckToken, _wrappedToken, preActionWrapNotional, postActionWrapNotional);
   return (
      pre Action Underlying Notional. sub (post Action Underlying Notional),\\
      postActionWrapNotional.sub(preActionWrapNotional)
   );
}
 * The WrapModule calculates the total notional wrap token to unwrap, then invokes the CKToken to call
 * unwrap by passing its calldata along. When raw HT is being used (_usesHT = true) underlyingAddress
 * sent to adapter must be set to external protocol's HT representative address and HT returned from
 * external protocol is wrapped.
 * Returns notional amount of underlying tokens and wrapped tokens unwrapped.
function _validateUnwrapAndUpdate(
   string calldata _integrationName,
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   address _underlyingToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _wrappedTokenUnits,
   bool _usesHT
)
   internal
   returns (uint256, uint256)
{
   _validateInputs(_ckToken, _wrappedToken, _wrappedTokenUnits);
      uint256 preActionUnderlyingNotional,
```



```
uint256 preActionWrapNotional
   ) = _snapshotTargetAssetsBalance(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, _wrappedToken);
   uint256 notionalWrappedToken = _ckToken.totalSupply().getDefaultTotalNotional(_wrappedTokenUnits);
   IWrapAdapter wrapAdapter = IWrapAdapter(getAndValidateAdapter(_integrationName));
   // Get function call data and invoke on CKToken
   _createUnwrapDataAndInvoke(
      _ckToken,
      wrapAdapter,
      _usesHT ? wrapAdapter.HT_TOKEN_ADDRESS() : _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      notional Wrapped Token \\
   );
   if (_usesHT) {
       _ckToken.invokeWrapWHT(address(wht), address(_ckToken).balance);
   }
      uint256 postActionUnderlyingNotional,
      uint256 postActionWrapNotional
   ) = _snapshotTargetAssetsBalance(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, _wrappedToken);
   _updatePosition(_ckToken, _underlyingToken, preActionUnderlyingNotional); postActionUnderlyingNotional);
   _updatePosition(_ckToken, _wrappedToken, preActionWrapNotional, postActionWrapNotional);
   return (
      postActionUnderlyingNotional.sub(preActionUnderlyingNotional),
      preActionWrapNotional.sub(postActionWrapNotional)
   );
}
 * Create the calldata for wrap and then invoke the call on the CKToken.
function _createWrapDataAndInvoke(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   IWrapAdapter _wrapAdapter,
   address _underlyingToken,
```



```
address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _notionalUnderlying
) internal {
      address callTarget,
      uint256 callValue,
      bytes memory callByteData
   ) = _wrapAdapter.getWrapCallData(
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
      _notionalUnderlying
   );
   _ckToken.invoke(callTarget, callValue, callByteData);
}
 * Create the calldata for unwrap and then invoke the call on the CKToken.
function _createUnwrapDataAndInvoke(
   ICKToken _ckToken,
   IWrapAdapter _wrapAdapter,
   address _underlyingToken,
   address _wrappedToken,
   uint256 _notionalUnderlying
) internal {
   (
      address callTarget,
      uint256 callValue,
      bytes memory callByteData
   ) = _wrapAdapter.getUnwrapCallData(
      _underlyingToken,
      _wrappedToken,
       _notionalUnderlying
   );
   _ckToken.invoke(callTarget, callValue, callByteData);
}
```



```
* After a wrap/unwrap operation, check the underlying and wrap token quantities and recalculate
    * the units ((total tokens - airdrop)/ total supply). Then update the position on the CKToken.
   function _updatePosition(
      ICKToken _ckToken,
      address_token,
      uint256 _preActionTokenBalance,
      uint256 _postActionTokenBalance
   ) internal {
      uint256 newUnit = _ckToken.totalSupply().calculateDefaultEditPositionUnit(
          _preActionTokenBalance,
          _postActionTokenBalance,
          \verb| \_ckToken.getDefaultPositionRealUnit(\_token).toUint256()|\\
      );
      _ckToken.editDefaultPosition(_token, newUnit);
   }
    * Take snapshot of CKToken's balance of underlying and wrapped tokens.
   function _snapshotTargetAssetsBalance(
      ICKToken _ckToken,
      address _underlyingToken,
      address _wrappedToken
   ) internal view returns(uint256, uint256) {
      uint256 underlyingTokenBalance = IERC20(_underlyingToken).balanceOf(address(_ckToken));
      uint256 wrapTokenBalance = IERC20(_wrappedToken).balanceOf(address(_ckToken));
      return (
          underlyingTokenBalance,
          wrapTokenBalance
      );
   }
}
```

## UniswapPairPriceAdapter.sol

```
/*
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```



```
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   WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
   See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
   limitations under the License.
   SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache License, Version 2.0
pragma solidity 0.6.10;
import { ERC20 } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
import { Ownable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol";
import { SafeMath } from "@openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol";
import { AddressArrayUtils } from "../../lib/AddressArrayUtils.sol";
import { IController } from "../../interfaces/IController.sol";
import { IPriceOracle } from "../../interfaces/IPriceOracle.sol";
import { IUniswapV2Pair } from "../../interfaces/external/IUniswapV2Pair.sol";
import { UniswapV2Library } from "../../external/contracts/uniswap/lib/UniswapV2Library.sol";
import { PreciseUnitMath } from "../../lib/PreciseUnitMath.sol";
import { ResourceIdentifier } from "../lib/ResourceIdentifier.sol";
contract UniswapPairPriceAdapter is Ownable {
   using AddressArrayUtils for address[];
   using SafeMath for uint256;
   using PreciseUnitMath for uint256;
   using ResourceIdentifier for IController;
   * Struct containing information for get price function
    */
   struct PoolSettings {
      address tokenOne;
                                         // Address of first token in reserve
      address tokenTwo;
                                         // Address of second token in reserve
       uint256 tokenOneBaseUnit;
                                          // Token one base unit. E.g. ETH is 10e18, USDC is 10e6
```



```
uint256 tokenTwoBaseUnit;
                                    // Token two base unit.
   bool isValid;
                             // Boolean that returns if Uniswap pool is allowed
}
// Instance of the Controller contract
IController public controller;
// Uniswap allowed pools to settings mapping
mapping(address => PoolSettings) public uniswapPoolsToSettings;
// Uniswap allowed pools
address[] public allowedUniswapPools;
// Address of Uniswap factory
address public uniswapFactory;
/* ====== Constructor ====== */
 * Set state variables
 * @param _controller Instance of controller contract
 * @param _uniswapFactory Address of Uniswap factory
 * @param _uniswapPools Array of allowed Uniswap pools
 */
constructor(
   IController _controller,
   address _uniswapFactory,
   IUniswapV2Pair[] memory _uniswapPools
)
   public
{
   controller = _controller;
   uniswapFactory = _uniswapFactory;
   // Add each of initial addresses to state
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < _uniswapPools.length; i++) {
      IUniswapV2Pair uniswapPoolToAdd = _uniswapPools[i];
```



```
// Require pools are unique
      require(
          ! uniswap Pools To Settings [address (uniswap Pool To Add)]. is Valid,\\
          "Uniswap pool address must be unique."
      );
      // Initialize pool settings
      PoolSettings memory poolSettings;
      poolSettings.tokenOne = uniswapPoolToAdd.tokenO();
      poolSettings.tokenTwo = uniswapPoolToAdd.token1();
      uint256 tokenOneDecimals = ERC20(poolSettings.tokenOne).decimals();
      poolSettings.tokenOneBaseUnit = 10 ** tokenOneDecimals;
      uint256 tokenTwoDecimals = ERC20(poolSettings.tokenTwo).decimals();
      poolSettings.tokenTwoBaseUnit = 10 ** tokenTwoDecimals;
      poolSettings.isValid = true;
      // Add to storage
      allowedUniswapPools.push(address(uniswapPoolToAdd));
      uniswapPoolsToSettings[address(uniswapPoolToAdd)] = poolSettings;
   }
}
/* ====== External Functions ======= */
 * Calculate price from Uniswap. Note: must be system contract to be able to retrieve price. If both assets are
 * not Uniswap pool, return false.
 * @param _assetOne
                           Address of first asset in pair
 * @param _assetTwo
                           Address of second asset in pair
function getPrice(address _assetOne, address _assetTwo) external view returns (bool, uint256) {
   require(controller.isSystemContract(msg.sender), "Must be system contract");
   bool isAllowedUniswapPoolOne = uniswapPoolsToSettings[_assetOne].isValid;
   bool isAllowedUniswapPoolTwo = uniswapPoolsToSettings[_assetTwo].isValid;
   // If assetOne and assetTwo are both not Uniswap pools, then return false
   if (!isAllowedUniswapPoolOne && !isAllowedUniswapPoolTwo) {
```



```
return (false, 0);
   }
   IPriceOracle priceOracle = controller.getPriceOracle();
   address masterQuoteAsset = priceOracle.masterQuoteAsset();
   uint256 assetOnePriceToMaster;
   if(isAllowedUniswapPoolOne) {
      assetOnePriceToMaster = _getUniswapPrice(priceOracle, _assetOne, masterQuoteAsset);
   } else {
      assetOnePriceToMaster = priceOracle.getPrice(_assetOne, masterQuoteAsset);
   }
   uint256 assetTwoPriceToMaster;
   if(isAllowedUniswapPoolTwo) {
      assetTwoPriceToMaster = _getUniswapPrice(priceOracle, _assetTwo, masterQuoteAsset);
      assetTwoPriceToMaster = priceOracle.getPrice(_assetTwo, masterQuoteAsset);
   }
   return (true, assetOnePriceToMaster.preciseDiv(assetTwoPriceToMaster));
}
function addPool(address _poolAddress) external onlyOwner {
   require (
      !uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].isValid,
      "Uniswap pool address already added"
   );
   IUniswapV2Pair poolToken = IUniswapV2Pair(_poolAddress);
   uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenOne = poolToken.token0();
   uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenTwo = poolToken.token1();
   uint256 tokenOneDecimals = ERC20(uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenOne).decimals();
   uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenOneBaseUnit = 10 ** tokenOneDecimals;
   uint256 tokenTwoDecimals = ERC20(uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenTwo).decimals();
   uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].tokenTwoBaseUnit = 10 ** tokenTwoDecimals;
   uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].isValid = true;
   allowedUniswapPools.push(_poolAddress);
}
```



```
function removePool(address _poolAddress) external onlyOwner {
   require (
      uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress].isValid,
      "Uniswap pool address does not exist"
   );
   allowedUniswapPools = allowedUniswapPools.remove(_poolAddress);
   delete uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress];
}
function getAllowedUniswapPools() external view returns (address[] memory) {
   return allowedUniswapPools;
}
/* ====== Internal Functions ======= */
function _getUniswapPrice(
   IPriceOracle _priceOracle,
   address _poolAddress,
   address _masterQuoteAsset
)
   internal
   view
   returns (uint256)
{
   PoolSettings memory poolInfo = uniswapPoolsToSettings[_poolAddress];
   IUniswapV2Pair poolToken = IUniswapV2Pair(_poolAddress);
   // Get prices against master quote asset. Note: if prices do not exist, function will revert
   uint256 tokenOnePriceToMaster = _priceOracle.getPrice(poolInfo.tokenOne, _masterQuoteAsset);
   uint256 tokenTwoPriceToMaster = _priceOracle.getPrice(poolInfo.tokenTwo, _masterQuoteAsset);
   // Get reserve amounts
      uint256 tokenOneReserves,
      uint256 tokenTwoReserves
   ) = UniswapV2Library.getReserves(uniswapFactory, poolInfo.tokenOne, poolInfo.tokenTwo);
```



```
uint256 normalizedTokenOneBaseUnit = tokenOneReserves.preciseDiv(poolInfo.tokenOneBaseUnit);
uint256 normalizedTokenBaseTwoUnits = tokenTwoReserves.preciseDiv(poolInfo.tokenTwoBaseUnit);

uint256 totalNotionalToMaster =
normalizedTokenOneBaseUnit.preciseMul(tokenOnePriceToMaster).add(normalizedTokenBaseTwoUnits.preciseMul(tokenTwoPriceToMaster));
uint256 totalSupply = poolToken.totalSupply();

return totalNotionalToMaster.preciseDiv(totalSupply);
}
```



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