

# 14 Examples

$$1) \begin{array}{rcl} 50V & - & 100V + \\ 0V & - & 50V + \\ -25V & - & 25V + \\ -50V & - & 0V + \\ -75V & - & -25V + \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \Delta V \\ 50V \\ 50V \\ 50V \\ 50V \\ 50V \end{array}$$

$$3) C = \frac{|Q|}{|V|} \quad \sigma = \frac{Q}{A} \quad V = E \cdot d$$

$$E_{\text{parallel plates}} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$Q = 6A$$

$$V = \frac{\sigma d}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$C = \frac{\frac{\epsilon_0 A}{\frac{\sigma d}{\epsilon_0}}}{\frac{\sigma d}{\epsilon_0}} = \epsilon_0 \frac{A}{d}$$

$$b) C = \epsilon_0 \frac{(0.1m)^2}{(0.005m)} = 1.77 \times 10^{-11} F$$

$$2) a) \epsilon_{\text{air}} = (1.5V) \mu = 6.0V$$

$$b) \epsilon_{\text{air}} = 3.0V$$

$$1) C = \frac{|Q|}{|V|} = \frac{Q}{\frac{Q}{\epsilon_0 R}} = \frac{R}{\epsilon_0} = \epsilon_0 \pi \epsilon_0 R$$

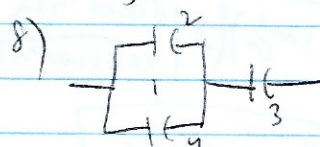
$$b) C = \frac{(0.1m)}{R} = 1.11 \times 10^{-11} F$$

$$5) E = k \frac{2\lambda}{r} \quad \Delta V = - \int_a^b \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{r} = -k \int \frac{2\lambda}{r} dr = -2k\lambda \ln\left|\frac{b}{a}\right| = -2k\lambda \ln\left|\frac{b}{a}\right|$$

$$C = \frac{|Q|}{|V|} = \frac{\lambda}{2k \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$$

$$b) C_{eq} = \left( \frac{1}{3.0\mu F} + \frac{1}{6.0\mu F} + \frac{1}{8.0\mu F} \right)^{-1} = 1.6\mu F$$

$$7) \frac{250}{50} = 5 \text{ capacitors in parallel}$$



$$C_{eq} = \left( (2.0\mu F)^{-1} + (8.0\mu F)^{-1} \right)^{-1} = 2.0\mu F$$

$$a) n) C = \frac{Q}{V} \quad Q = CV = (100 \times 10^{-6} F)(220V) = 2.2 \times 10^{-2} C$$

$$b) PE_C = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (100\mu F)(220V)^2 = 2.42 J$$

$$c) PE_g = mgh = PE_C$$

$$h = \frac{PE}{mg} = \frac{2.423}{(0.1kg)(9.8m/s^2)} = 2.5m$$

$$(b) a) PE_C = \frac{1}{2} QV^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} \quad V = \frac{Qd}{\epsilon_0 A}$$

$$PE_C \text{ is } \frac{1}{2} QV$$

$$\text{double } PE = \frac{1}{2} \frac{Q^2}{C}$$

DO (+) work to pull apart the plates, which are attracted to each other.

$$11) C_0 = \frac{l}{2 \ln(\frac{b}{a})}$$

$$C = \frac{K l}{2 k \ln(\frac{b}{a})}$$

$$\frac{C}{l} = \frac{K}{2 k \ln(\frac{b}{a})} = \frac{(1.35) \cancel{K}}{2(929 \frac{W}{m^2 \cdot ^\circ C}) \left( \ln \left( \frac{(3.66 \times 10^{-3} m) \cancel{K}}{(0.512 \times 10^{-3} m) \cancel{K}} \right) \right)}$$

$$= \boxed{4.98 \times 10^{-11} \frac{^\circ C}{m}}$$