

1993

Thru Meth

	B	BB	BBR
MC	28	30	35
MC _s	36	38.4	45
FR	30	35	45
PT	66	73.6	90

E/M

	B	BB	BBR
MC	25	28	35
MC _s	32.1	36	45
FR	42	45	45
PT	74.1	81	90

1993 M

Mech 28/25

$$1) (a) \checkmark 2) \Delta x = \frac{1}{2} a t^2 + \frac{1}{2} v_0 t^2$$

$$v_f = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$a = \frac{v_f}{t}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2} \frac{v_f}{t} \cdot t^2 = \frac{1}{2} (30 \text{ m/s})(6s)$$

$$= 90 \text{ m} \quad (d) \checkmark$$

$$1u) (e) \checkmark (f) \checkmark (g) \checkmark (h) \checkmark (i) \checkmark$$

$$(j) a \checkmark (k) \checkmark (l) \checkmark (m) \checkmark (n) \checkmark (o) \checkmark$$

$$\omega_f = \sqrt{2\alpha(2\pi)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\alpha \pi} \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$m \cdot v_0 = m \cdot \frac{v_0}{5} = \frac{3}{5} m v$$

$$m \cdot v_0 = 72 \text{ m/s}, \quad v = \frac{1}{3} v_0$$

(b)

~~3) (a) (b) (c)~~

$$v_p \rightarrow v_1$$

$$v_p = v_2 - v_1 \quad (c)$$

$$22) \frac{6M}{r^2} \quad r = 2 \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$23) 2kx = mg$$

$$k = \frac{mg}{2x} = \frac{(1.2 \text{ kg})(10 \text{ m/s}^2)}{2(0.15)} \quad (e)$$

$$4) b \checkmark \quad 5) c \checkmark \quad 6) E_{total} = 100 \text{ J}$$

$$mgh = 100 \text{ J}$$

$$m(10)(10) = 50$$

$$m = 0.5 \quad h = \frac{100 \text{ J}}{0.5 \text{ kg} \cdot 10 \text{ m}} = 20 \text{ m} \quad (b) \checkmark$$

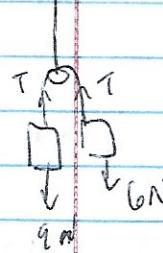
$$= \frac{12}{0.3} = 40 \quad (a) \checkmark$$

$$24) (a) \quad 25) v_{avg} = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m \left(\frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = mgh \quad (c)$$

$$7) c \checkmark \quad 8) A \checkmark$$

9)



$$\sum F = ma$$

$$9N - 6N = (1.5)a$$

$$3N = 1.5a$$

$$a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad (d) \checkmark$$

$$26) \frac{I_{max}}{I_{(2m)(2L)^2}} = \frac{m L^2}{8m^2 L^2} \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$27) (c) \checkmark \quad 28) (d) \checkmark$$

$$29) (b) \checkmark \quad 30) 10 \text{ NBS}$$

$$x_{cm} = \frac{5g(l)}{15m} = \frac{1}{3} l$$

$$AB = \frac{1}{3} l \quad AC = \frac{1}{2} l$$

$$AD = \frac{2}{3} l \quad AE = l$$

$$a: I = 5(l^2) = 5$$

$$b: I = 10\left(\frac{1}{3}l^2\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{2}{3}l^2\right)^2 = 3.33$$

$$c: I = 10\left(\frac{1}{2}l^2\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{1}{2}l^2\right)^2 = 3.75$$

$$d: I = 10\left(\frac{2}{3}l^2\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{1}{3}l^2\right)^2 = 5$$

$$e: I = 10l^2 = 10 \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$10) w = F \bar{v} \cos \theta = F \bar{v}$$

$$F = \frac{w}{\bar{v}} = 2 \text{ N} \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$11) (a) \checkmark \quad 12) c \checkmark$$

$$13) \frac{mv^2}{r} = mg + F \quad \omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$v = rw$$

$$mg + \frac{mr^2\omega^2}{r} = F$$

(e) \checkmark

-2

$$w) E = \frac{kQ}{r^2} \quad E_2 = \frac{kQ}{r_2^2} \quad (a) \checkmark$$

$$(3) \text{ If } 0.3m (JLB)$$

$$= 0.3 \cdot 2A \cdot 0.3m \cdot 0.05^2$$

$$= 0.009 N_m \quad (b) \checkmark$$

$$q) V = kQ \quad \frac{kQ}{r_1} - \frac{kQ}{r_2} = 0$$

$$(n) E_{\text{unif}} = \frac{\rho \pi r^2 h}{\epsilon_0} \quad (d) \checkmark$$

$$\frac{kQ}{r_1} = \frac{kQ}{r_2}$$

$$\frac{r_1}{r_2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(e) \quad \text{By } \frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad \text{Ans}$$

$$\frac{q}{r} + q = \frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad (j) \checkmark$$

$$(B) \quad \frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} + \frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} = \frac{M_0 I}{\pi r} \quad .$$

$$50) \text{ Min } E = \frac{dV}{dr} = -2\pi r^{-3} \quad (a) \checkmark$$

$$\frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} + \frac{M_0 I}{2\pi r} = \frac{4\pi B}{3} \quad (d)$$

$$51) E = \frac{kQ}{r^2} \quad (a) \checkmark$$

$$(e) \checkmark \quad (f) \checkmark \quad P = I^2 R \quad P = IV$$

$$52) \frac{kQ}{r} + \frac{kQ}{r_2} \quad V_{\text{min}} \rightarrow \text{wrong} \quad (l) \checkmark$$

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R} \quad (a) \checkmark \quad I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$53) \Delta V = 4V \quad (d) \checkmark \quad 54) F = qV \quad (a) \checkmark$$

$$(b) \checkmark \quad (c) \checkmark \quad (e) \checkmark \quad C = \frac{\epsilon A \epsilon_0}{d} \quad dV \quad (f) \checkmark$$

$$55) (d) \checkmark \quad 56) (c) \checkmark$$

$$(f) \checkmark$$

$$57) (a) \checkmark \quad 58) (a) \checkmark$$

$$59) V = IR \quad I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{\epsilon}{R} \quad (b) \checkmark$$

$$60) \text{ If } U_L = \frac{1}{2} L I^2 = \frac{1}{2} L \cdot \frac{\epsilon^2}{R^2}$$

$$= \frac{L \epsilon^2}{2R^2} \quad (b) \checkmark$$

$$61) \epsilon = -L \frac{dI}{dt} \quad (e) \checkmark$$

$$(20 + r)(0 - 5A) = 20V$$

$$20 + r = 25 \Omega$$

$$r = 5 \Omega \quad (d) \checkmark$$

(993) FR/MECH

30 m/s much
x1

Mech 1 \rightarrow PE_s = $\frac{1}{2}kA^2 - \frac{1}{2}(400\text{N/m})(0.5\text{m})^2$ Mech 2 a)
= 503 J

b) PE_s = $\frac{1}{2}mV_f^2 + \mu M g = \frac{1}{2}kA^2$ \rightarrow COE

$mV_f^2 + 2\mu M g d = kA^2$ \rightarrow -1 W_f

$mV_f^2 = kA^2 - 2\mu M g d$

$V_f = \sqrt{\frac{1}{m}(kA^2 - 2\mu M g d)}$

= $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4Mg} \left((400\text{N/m}) \left(\frac{1}{2}\text{m} \right)^2 - 2(0.4)(4Mg)(0.5\text{m}) \right)}$

= $\sqrt{2.29\text{m/s}}$

c) $m_c V_0 + m_d V_0 = (m_c + m_d) V_f$ \rightarrow 0.53

$V_f = \frac{m_c}{m_c + m_d} (V_0) = \frac{4Mg}{6Mg} (2.29\text{m/s})$

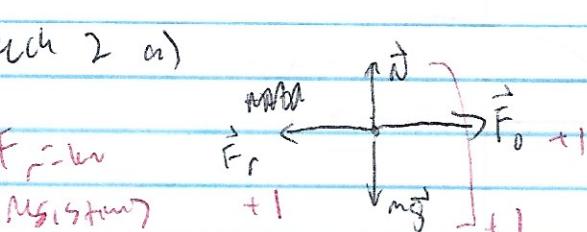
= $\boxed{1.53 \text{m/s}}$

d) $\frac{1}{2}(m_c + m_d)V_f^2 = \mu(m_c + m_d)gd$ \rightarrow
~~+1 COE implied~~

$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{(m_c + m_d)V_f^2}{2\mu(m_c + m_d)g} = \frac{(1.53\text{m/s})^2}{2(0.4)(10\text{m/s}^2)}$
~~= 0.19 m~~ \rightarrow

units \rightarrow

-u



b) $\sum F_x = Ma$

$F_0 - kV = ma$

$a = \frac{F_0 - kV}{m}$

c) $F_0 - kV = m \frac{dv}{dt}$

$a = \frac{dv}{dt}$

$\int (F_0 - kV) dt = \int a dt$

~~mv = (F_0 - kV)t~~

~~v(t) = \frac{1}{m}(F_0 - kV)t~~

$\frac{F_0 - kV}{m} = \frac{dv}{dt}$

$\frac{F_0 - kV}{dv} = \frac{m}{dt}$

$\int \frac{dv}{F_0 - kV} = \int \frac{dt}{m}$ \rightarrow

$v = F_0 - kV$

$-\frac{1}{k} \int dv$

$\frac{dv}{dt} = -u$

$\therefore -\frac{1}{k} \ln(F_0 - kV) = \frac{t}{m}$

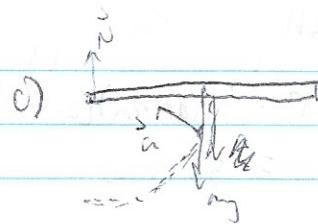
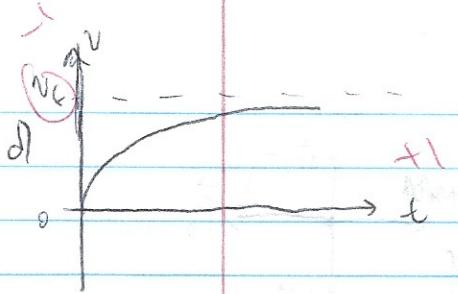
$dv = -\frac{du}{k}$

$\ln(F_0 - u) = -\frac{kt}{m}$

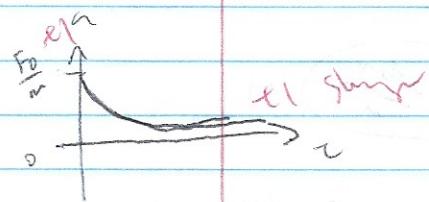
$F_0 - u = e^{-\frac{kt}{m}}$

$u = \frac{1}{k} (F_0 - e^{-\frac{kt}{m}})$

\rightarrow ~~units~~



$$e) \frac{dv}{dt} = bv$$



$$\Delta E_k = Ma$$

$$Mg = ma \rightarrow g = a$$

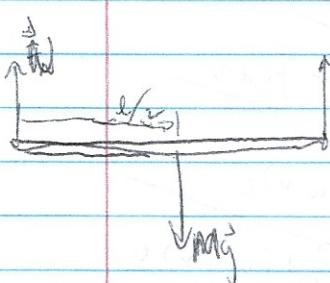
$$(d) \sum F_x = 0 \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$(d) \sum F_y = ma = 0$$

$$N - Mg = 0$$

$$N = Mg$$

Much 3) a)



$$(e) \sum M_f = P_E_{go} + R_E_{ro} = P_E_{fr} + K_E_{fr}$$

$$\frac{Mg l}{2} = mg h + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

$$h = \left(\frac{l}{2}\right) \cos\theta$$

$$\sum F_x = T_x = 0 \quad \text{x1} \quad \sum F_y = m_a = 0$$

$$Mg \frac{l}{2} - Tl = 0 \quad T + N - Mg = 0$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} Mg$$

$$Mg - N = T$$

$$\frac{1}{2} Mg = Mg - N$$

$$N = \frac{1}{2} Mg \quad \text{x1}$$

$$\frac{Mg l}{2} = mg \frac{l}{2} \cos\theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{Ml^2}{3} \omega^2$$

$$mg l (1 - \cos\theta) = \frac{1}{3} Ml^2 \omega^2$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{3g(1 - \cos\theta)}{l}$$

(2)

$$y) \sum F_y = Mg \frac{l}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{g}{2} l^2 \omega^2$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{g}{2} l^2 \omega^2 = \frac{1}{3} Ml^2 \omega^2$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{3g}{2l}}$$

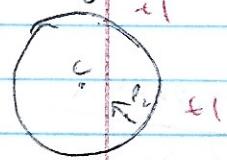
x1

x2

1993 E/M F.P

~~Q2~~ E/M
US

a)



$$d) \oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \cdot I \frac{dl \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

b)(i) $\int \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = \frac{Q_{\text{enc}}}{\epsilon_0} \xrightarrow{R \gg R}$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0} \quad p = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$p = \frac{Q}{A \cdot dr}$$

$$Q = p A dr \xrightarrow{A = \pi r^2}$$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{p A dr}{\epsilon_0} \xrightarrow{+1}$$

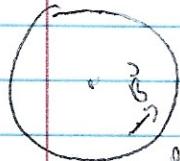
$$E = \frac{p \cdot \cancel{\pi r^2}}{2\epsilon_0 \cancel{dr}} = \frac{pr}{2\epsilon_0} \xrightarrow{-1}$$

(ii) $E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{Q \cdot r}{\epsilon_0 R^2} \rightarrow \text{ann ratio}$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{p A dr}{\epsilon_0 R^2} \xrightarrow{-1}$$

$$E = \frac{p \cancel{\pi r^2} \cdot \cancel{r}}{\epsilon_0 R^2 \cancel{2\pi r}} = \left[\frac{pr^3}{2\epsilon_0 R^2} \right] \xrightarrow{-1}$$

(c)



~~23~~

$$\int \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I_{\text{enc}} + 1$$

$$\int \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} \xrightarrow{\text{current ratio}}$$

$$B \cdot 2\pi r = \mu_0 I \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I r}{2\pi R^2} \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$2) (a)(i) \Phi = BA = B_0 ab \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$(ii) \mathcal{E}_{\text{ind}} = 0 \forall (n=0) \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$(iii) \mathcal{E}_F = 0 \quad (n=0) \xrightarrow{+1}$$

$$(b) \cos \frac{\pi}{3} = 0$$

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt} = -\frac{dB}{dt} \cdot ab$$

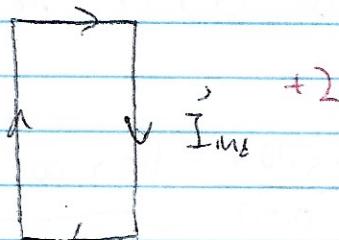
$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (\times) & B=0 & (0) & B=0 & (\times) \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} & \pi & \frac{3\pi}{2} & 2\pi \end{array}$$

$\oint B \cdot d\mathbf{l}$ when $\omega t = \frac{\pi}{2}$, B is decaying

becomes more negative

$$\frac{dB}{dt} \text{ is } (-)$$

when the loop was turning



~~+2~~

t)

$$(c) \mathcal{E} = \frac{d\Phi}{dt} = (IR) = \frac{dB}{dt} \cdot ab$$

ii)

$$B = B_0 \cos \omega t$$

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = -B_0 \omega \sin \omega t$$

flat +1

$$\Sigma R = B_0 \cos \omega t ab$$

$$\left[I = \frac{B_0 ab \sin(\omega t)}{R} \right] +1$$

equal & opp.

$$(d) q/\mathcal{E} = q/vB$$

+3

$$\frac{v \cdot E}{B} = \frac{125,000 \text{ V/m}}{0.20 \text{ T}} = \frac{(6.25 \times 10^5 \text{ m})}{+1}$$

$$(e) q/vB = \frac{mv}{R}$$

$$m = \frac{qBR}{v} = \frac{(1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(0.20 \text{ T})(0.50 \text{ m})}{6.25 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}}$$

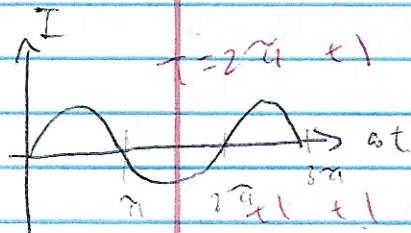
$$= [2.56 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}] +1$$

$$(f) qvB = \frac{mv^2}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{mv}{qvB} = \frac{(2.56 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg})(6.25 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s})}{(2 \cdot 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(0.20 \text{ T})}$$

$$= [0.25 \text{ m}] +1$$

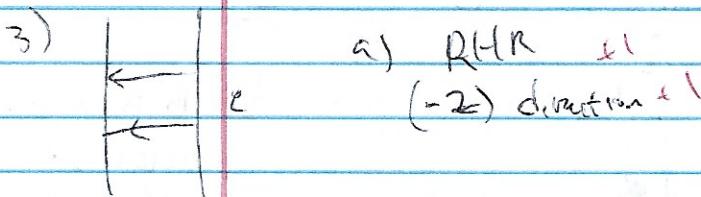
$$ii) I(t) = \frac{B_0 ab}{R} \sin(\omega t)$$



$$(iii) I_{max} \text{ is when } \sin(\omega t) = 1$$

Units +1

$$\boxed{I_{max} = \frac{B_0 ab}{R}} +1$$



b) \vec{E}_c needs to point to the left

\Rightarrow , V should be (+) charge
plate +1

$$(c) V = ER +1$$

$$E = \frac{V}{d} = \frac{1500 \text{ V}}{0.012 \text{ m}} = \frac{125,000 \text{ V/m}}{(6.25 \times 10^5 \text{ m})} +1$$

1993 BL

MCB 2
MCGB 3

FRM B 5
FRGB 3
MCER 7
FRER 0

MC

21, 21, 14, 15, 16, 31, 37, 42, 46
48, 50, 53, 57, 59, 61, 64, 70

$$50) E = \frac{dV}{dr} = -2\pi r^{-3} \quad (\text{a})$$

$$53) \Delta V = 4V \quad | \quad (\text{d}) + 1$$

$$3) \vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_2$$

$$\vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_2 = \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2 \quad (\text{b})$$

$$11) (\text{c}) \quad 21) m v_0 = \frac{2}{5} m \cdot \frac{v_0}{2} + \frac{3}{5} m v_f$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \mu m v_0 = \frac{3}{5} \mu m v_f$$

$$v_f = \frac{6}{8} \cdot \frac{5}{3} v_0$$

(c) ✓

FRM

$$1, 6) PE_{so} + KE_0 = PE_{so} + KE_f + W_{ext}$$

$$14) W = mgh \quad (\text{c}) + 1$$

$$15) (\text{b}) \quad (\text{b}) \quad 31) U_p = 0$$

K

(c) d

+2

$$37) (\text{b}) \quad (\text{b}) \quad 41) \quad (\text{b})$$

$$= I(0.2\Omega + 1\Omega)$$

$$= 2.4V$$

$$6V - 2.4V$$

$$= 3.6V \quad (\text{b})$$

$$48) E = \frac{4Q}{R^2}$$

$$E = \frac{4Q}{(\frac{L}{2})^2} = \frac{4Q}{\frac{L^2}{4}} = \frac{16Q}{L^2}$$

(e) +1

b1m
SOMM

$$c) n_c = \frac{m_c}{m_{air}} (n_a) = \frac{4m_c}{6m_{air}} (4.59 \text{ m}^{-1})$$

$$\approx 3.06 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

+1

+2

$$d) d = \frac{v_f^2}{2\mu g} = \frac{(3.0 m/s)^2}{2(0.1)(9.8 m/s^2)}$$

MUL 3 + 11) d 15) c 16) d 31) d)

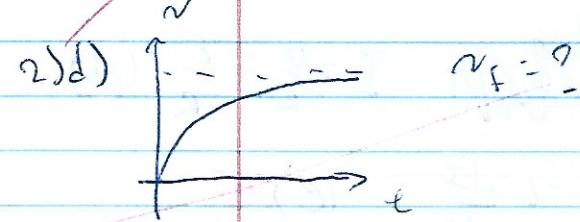
+5

$$\approx 1.19 \text{ m}$$

+1

MEG

~~$$2) C) \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = r \vec{F} + 1$$~~



FRM

$$2) c) v = F_0 \cdot u \quad du = -k \cdot dv$$

+7

3) c) -e)

+2

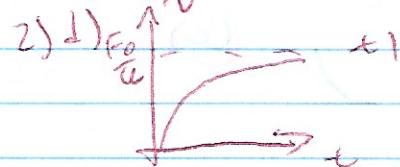
$$-\frac{1}{k} \int \frac{du}{u} = \int \frac{1}{m} dt$$

$$\ln(F_0 - mu) - \ln C = -\frac{k}{m} t + l$$

$$v = \frac{1}{k} \left(F_0 - (C e^{-\frac{kt}{m}}) \right)$$

$$C = F_0, \quad t = 0, \quad v = 0$$

$$v = \frac{F_0}{k} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{kt}{m}} \right)$$



(ii) Energy approach

$$E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{\rho r^2}{\epsilon_0 R}$$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r dr = \frac{\rho A dr r^2}{\epsilon_0 R^2}$$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r = \frac{\rho \cdot \pi \cdot A \cdot r^2}{\epsilon_0 R^2}$$

$$E = \frac{\rho r^2}{2\epsilon_0 R} = \sqrt{\frac{\rho r}{2\epsilon_0}}$$

$$3) c) w = dr \quad r = \frac{l}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{l}{2} = \frac{3}{4} g$$

$$d) \sum F = ma = M_g - Fr$$

$$Fr = M_g - Ma$$

$$= M_g - M \cdot \frac{3}{4} g$$

$$Fr = \frac{1}{4} M_g$$

+3

+8

$$3) e) \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 = M g \frac{l}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{M g l}{I}} \sin \theta \quad t_1$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{M g}{I} \sin \theta} \quad t_1$$

t_2