Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 1_MCQ

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 10 Marks Obtained: 9

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which of the following statements is used to create a new node in a singly linked list?

```
struct node {
  int data;
  struct node * next;
}
typedef struct node NODE;
NODE *ptr;
Answer
ptr = (NODE*)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
Status : Correct
```

Marks : 1/1

2. The following function reverse() is supposed to reverse a singly linked list. There is one line missing at the end of the function.

What should be added in place of "/*ADD A STATEMENT HERE*/", so that the function correctly reverses a linked list?

```
struct node {
  int data;
  struct node* next;
static void reverse(struct node** head_ref) {
  struct node* prev = NULL;
  struct node* current = *head_ref;
 struct node* next;
  while (current != NULL) {
    next = current->next;
    current->next = prev;
    prev = current;
    current = next;
  /*ADD A STATEMENT HERE*/
Answer
*head_ref = current;
                                                                  Marks : 0/1
Status: Wrong
```

3. Consider the singly linked list: $15 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 17$. You need to delete all nodes from the list which are prime.

What will be the final linked list after the deletion?

Answer

15 -> 16 -> 6

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Given the linked list: 5 -> 10 -> 15 -> 20 -> 25 -> NULL. What will be the output of traversing the list and printing each node's data?

Answer

5 10 15 20 25

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Linked lists are not suitable for the implementation of?

Answer

Binary search

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

- 6. Consider an implementation of an unsorted singly linked list. Suppose it has its representation with a head pointer only. Given the representation, which of the following operations can be implemented in O(1) time?
- i) Insertion at the front of the linked list
- ii) Insertion at the end of the linked list
- iii) Deletion of the front node of the linked list
- iv) Deletion of the last node of the linked list

Answer

I and III

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Consider the singly linked list: $13 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 22 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 6$, and an integer K = 10, you need to delete all nodes from the list that are less than the given integer K.

What will be the final linked list after the deletion?

Answer

13 -> 16 -> 22 -> 45 -> 16

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

8. The following function takes a singly linked list of integers as a parameter and rearranges the elements of the lists.

The function is called with the list containing the integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 in the given order. What will be the contents of the list after the function completes execution?

```
struct node {
  int value;
struct node* next;
void rearrange (struct node* list) {
  struct node *p,q;
  int temp;
  if (! List || ! list->next) return;
  p=list; q=list->next;
  while(q) {
    temp=p->value; p->value=q->value;
    q->value=temp;p=q->next;
    q=p?p->next:0;
Answer
```

2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 7

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. In a singly linked list, what is the role of the "tail" node?

Answer

It stores the last element of the list

Status : Correct Marks: 1/ 10. Given a pointer to a node X in a singly linked list. If only one point is given and a pointer to the head node is not given, can we delete node X from the given linked list?

Answer

Possible if X is not last node.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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