

## Additional linked list operations

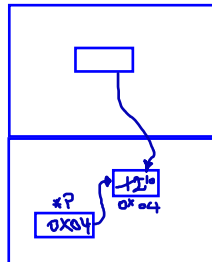
- clear - deallocates all nodes in the list, sets head pointer to null
- add\_front
- clear\_list (free all nodes)
- remove\_after
- remove\_front
- remove\_all (remove all occurrences of a particular data value)

# Pointers are by pass by value

```
pointer_pv.c:
#include <stdio.h>

void fun1(int * ip) {
    *ip = 10;
    ip += 1; // increment the address
}

int main() {
    int a = 12;
    int * p = &a;
    printf("p points to address %p with value %d\n", (void *)p, *p);
    fun1(p); // pass p by value; changes to p will NOT affect p
    printf("p points to address %p with value %d\n", (void *)p, *p);
    return 0;
}
```



```
$ gcc -std=c99 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra pointer_pv.c
```

```
$ ./a.out
```

```
p points to address 0x7ffcb5871c64 with value 12
```

```
p points to address 0x7ffcb5871c64 with value 10
```

# Pass a pointer by reference

```
pointer_pr.c:
#include <stdio.h>

void fun1(int ** ip) {
    *ip += 1; // increment the address
}

int main() {
    int a = 12;
    int * p = &a;
    printf("p points to address %p with value %d\n", (void *)p, *p);
    fun1(&p); // passing p by reference; any changes WILL impact p
    printf("p points to address %p with value %d\n", (void *)p, *p);
    return 0;
}
```

```
$ gcc -std=c99 -pedantic -Wall -Wextra pointer_pr.c
```

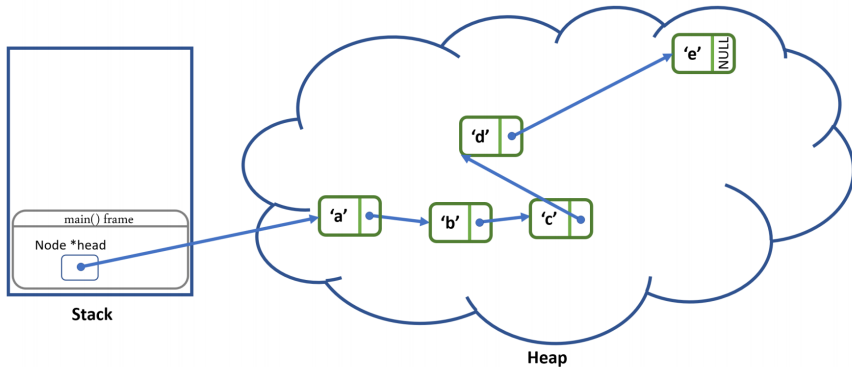
```
$ ./a.out
```

```
p points to address 0x7ffef43d4b0c with value 12
```

```
p points to address 0x7ffef43d4b10 with value 4198832
```

# Linkedlist head

- The linked list *head* should be passed by reference if it needs to be updated

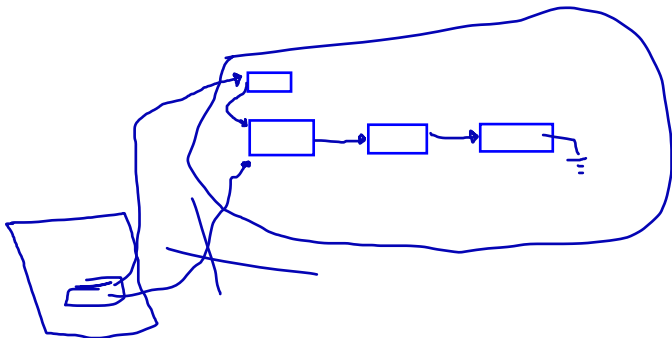


## add\_after vs. add\_front

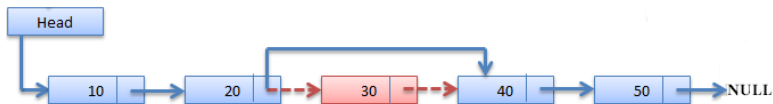
- `void add_after(Node * node, char val);`
- `void add_front(Node ** list_ptr, char val);`
  - needs ability to modify actual head pointer (not a copy), so call with `&head` as argument

Example add\_front call: add\_front(&head, value);

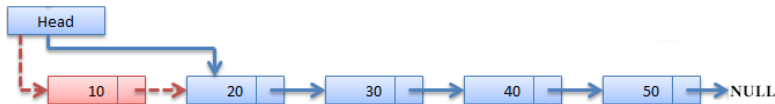
```
void add_front(Node ** list_ptr, char val) {  
    Node * n = create_node(val);  
    n->next = *list_ptr; //new node's next gets address of old first node  
    *list_ptr = n; //head pointer gets address of new node  
}
```



# Delete Operations



```
char delete_after(Node * node);
```



```
char delete_front(Node ** list_ptr);
```

"\*list\_ptr" to get the address of  
the first node (i.e., the content of  
head)