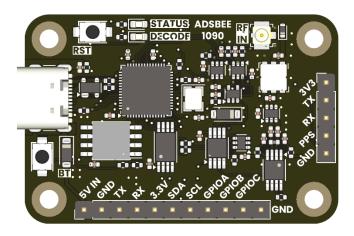
ADSBee 1090

Open Source Embedded ADS-B Receiver





Features

- 1090MHz Mode S and ADS-B packet decoding.
- Adjustable receive gain and trigger levels for customized tuning in diverse RF environments.
- Multiple output formats over UART or USB:
 - ADSBee CSV
 - MAVLink
 - GDL90 (not yet implemented)
 - More to come!
- Built-in EEPROM for storing configuration parameters in non-volatile memory.
- GNSS module input (UART + PPS) for MLAT or Remote ID applications.
- 2.4GHz 802.11 module for connecting directly to ADS-B databases via WiFi or broadcasting Remote ID beacon frames in UAS applications (not yet implemented).
- Integrated M3 mounting holes.
- Firmware updates over USB.

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Applications

- Standalone feeder device for online ADS-B databases. No external compute required, just add power and WiFi!
- Aircraft detection for robotics and embedded projects.
- Remote ID (maybe someday).

Quick Specs

Supply Voltage	5V (Via USB or 5V pin)
Supply Current	75mA (WiFi disabled)
	~400mA (WiFi enabled)
Minimum RF Input	-70dBm (not yet tested)
Power Level	
Simultaneous Aircraft	≤100
Tracks Supported	
Connectors	1090MHz RF In: U.FL / MHF1
	802.11 RF Out: W.FL / MHF3
	Power / Data: USB C
	GPIO / UART: 0.1" Pin Headers

Open Source Hardware + Software

Github Repository: https://github.com/coolnamesalltaken/ads-bee

All hardware design files and source code files required to build ADSBee 1090 are available under a GNU GPL v3 license. This means that they can be freely incorporated into other open-source projects that utilize a compatible license. The hope is that by opening the design to contributions and feedback from a community of users, the functionality of the ADSBee 1090 will be enhanced over time.

Note that the GPL v3 license applies to design and source code files, and not devices. ADSBee 1090 units purchased from Pants for Birds may be used in commercial applications without any licensing restrictions.

For commercial licensing requests of ADSBee hardware or software design files, please contact john@pantsforbirds.com.

Background



ADSBee 1090 was created as an attempt to build a low-cost ADS-B receiver without the use of an FPGA (found in most embedded ADS-B receivers on the market) and without the need for external compute (a requirement of most SDR-based ADS-B receivers). ADSBee 1090 accomplishes this through the use of a low-cost dual core microcontroller (RP2040) with flexible IO peripherals (PIO) that run a set of custom-written programs for preamble detection and packet decoding. By dedicating the RP2040's PIO peripherals to the tasks required to find and decode ADS-B packets, ADSBee 1090 frees up its remaining cores to perform the logical functions required to validate checksums on decoded packets and decipher aircraft information (position, altitude, callsign, etc).

Communication Interfaces

CONSOLE Interface

The CONSOLE interface (USB-C connector) on the ADSBee 1090 can be used to supply the device with power, configure the device's internal parameters via AT commands, and receive data from the device.

No baud rate configuration is necessary for the CONSOLE interface. Note that AT commands must be suffixed with CR+LF ("\r\n") in order to be processed by the AT command parser.

COMMS UART Interface

The COMMS_UART interface is used for data output, and can support a number of different protocols. Data can be streamed out of the CONSOLE and COMMS_UART interfaces simultaneously. The baud rate of the COMMS_UART interface can be adjusted via AT commands.

COMMS_UART Parameters

Parameter	Value
Baud Rate	115200 baud (default)
Data Bits	8
Stop Bits	0 (N)
Parity Bits	1
Logic Level	3.3V

GNSS UART Interface

The ADSBee 1090's GNSS module connector includes a UART interface which can be used to receive NMEA sentences from a GNSS module. The baud rate of the GNSS_UART interface can be adjusted via AT commands.

GNSS UART Parameters

Parameter	Value
Baud Rate	9600 baud (default)
Data Bits	8
Stop Bits	0 (N)
Parity Bits	1
Logic Level	3.3V

AT Commands



AT Commands are used to configure the ADSBee 1090 receiver's internal parameters via the CONSOLE interface.

All AT command arguments are optional. Arguments will be ignored if left as blank or whitespace. For instance, to set the second parameter of AT+TL_SET to 3000 without changing the value of the first parameter, the command "AT+TL_SET=,3000" can be sent. Likewise, to change the first parameter to 2000 without changing the value of the second, the command "AT+TL_SET=2000," can be sent.

Command	Parameters
AT+LOG_LEVEL	Log Level Command
AT+TL_SET	RF Comparator Trigger Level (TL) Setpoint Command
AITIL_SEI	Kr Comparator migger Lever (11) Setponit Command
Write with echo of values that were set.	NOTE: tl_lo_mv should be set to a value lower than
AT+MTLSET= <tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>,<tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>	tl_hi_mv.
+MTLSET= <tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>,<tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>	
	Reducing the level of tl_lo_mv will make the receiver more
Read present set value (stored setpoint, not read by ADC).	sensitive to weak RF signals, but will also increase the
AT+MTLSET?	noise that it receives.
+MTLSET= <tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>,<tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_hi_mv:uint16_t></tl_lo_mv:uint16_t>	la succeia e the difference hat we say that he was and the billion
	Increasing the difference between tl_lo_mv and tl_hi_mv will filter out signals with smaller dynamic range
	(difference in power level between max amplitude and min
	amplitude), thereby requiring a higher Signal to Noise ratio
	for a transponder signal to be decoded. This may reduce
	the likelihood that the ADSBee tries to decode a
	transponder signal with invalid bits that will trigger a
	checksum error.
	tl_lo_mv: TL Low Threshold [milliVolts]
	0-3300 = Low-side trigger threshold of the
	comparator circuit on the output of the RF detector. Refer to the AD8313 datasheet and
	adjustable gain stuff for a conversion from mV (RF
	detector output signal amplitude) to dBm (RF
	signal power level in).
	,
	tl_hi_mv: TL High Threshold [milliVolts]
	 0-3300 = High-side trigger threshold of the
	comparator circuit.
AT+TL_READ	RF Comparator Trigger Level (TL) Read Command
Read with echo of values that were read.	Used an ADC to read the value of tl_lo_mv and tl_hi_mv.
AT+MTLREAD	Should be roughly in line with the values of tl_lo_mv and
+MTLREAD= <tl_lo_mv>,<tl_hi_mv></tl_hi_mv></tl_lo_mv>	tl_hi_mv set in the AT+TL_SET section.
AT+HELP	Help Command
AT+HELP	Prints out a list of available commands and their associated
<pre><command/>:<command help="" string=""/></pre>	help strings.
<pre><command/>:<command help="" string=""/></pre>	b 2002.



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AT+RX_GAIN	Receiver Gain Command
Set gain to 100x with echo of gain value that was set. AT+RX_GAIN=100 +RX_GAIN=100	Adjust the gain of the operational amplifier located after the AD8313 in the receive signal chain. Gain is set as a positive integer value between 1-101.
Read gain value. AT+RX_GAIN? +RX_GAIN=100	gain: Receiver Gain [ratio] • 1-101 = Gain value of operational amplifier operating on AD8313 output.
Test +RX_GAIN command. +RX_GAIN= <gain:uint16_t></gain:uint16_t>	