

Math homework 5 - OSM Bootcamp 2018

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Exercise 8.1

See python code and associated png files for graphs

From the image we see the intersection corresponding to the point $(\frac{37}{7}, \frac{5}{7})$ which yields a function value of $\frac{165}{7}$ is the optimal point.

Exercise 8.2

See python code and associated png files for graphs

From the image we see the intersection corresponding to the point $(15, 12)$ which yields a function value of 132 is the optimal point.

Exercise 8.3

We can formulate this problem as:

$$\begin{aligned} & \max_{q_1, q_2} 7q_1 + 7q_2 - 3q_1 - 4q_2 \\ & \text{subject to } \begin{cases} q_2 \leq 200 \\ .25q_1 + \frac{1}{6}q_2 \leq 30 \\ \frac{2}{60}q_1 + \frac{2}{60}q_2 \leq 5 \\ q_1, q_2 \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 8.4

$$\begin{aligned} & \max 2x_{AB} + 5x_{BC} + 2x_{CF} + x_{AD} + 5x_{AD} + 2x_{BD} + 7x_{BE} + 9x_{BF} + 4x_{DE} + 3x_{EF} \\ & \text{subject to } \begin{cases} x_{AD} + x_{AB} = 10 \\ x_{BC} + x_{BE} - x_{AB} = 1 \\ x_{CF} - x_{BC} = -2 \\ x_{DE} - x_{AD} - x_{BD} = -3 \\ x_{EF} - x_{BE} - x_{DE} = 4 \\ -x_{CF} - x_{EF} - x_{BF} = -10 \\ 0 \leq x_i \leq 6 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 8.5

(i) Introducing slack variables to the problem we have:

$$\begin{aligned} & \max 3x_1 + x_2 \\ & \text{subject to } \begin{cases} x_1 + 3x_2 + w_1 = 15 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 + w_2 = 18 \\ x_1 - x_2 + w_3 = 4 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\psi = 3x_1 + x_2}$$

$$w_1 = 15 - x_1 - 3x_2$$

$$w_2 = 18 - 2x_1 - 3x_2$$

$$w_3 = 4 - x_1 + x_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_1); OUT(w_3)

Sub: $x_1 = 4 - w_3 + x_2$

$$\underline{\psi = 12 - 3w_3 + 4x_2}$$

$$w_1 = 11 + w_3 - 4x_2$$

$$w_2 = 10 + 2w_3 - 2x_2$$

$$x_1 = 4 - w_3 + x_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_2); OUT(w_1)

Sub: $x_2 = \frac{11}{4} + \frac{w_3}{4} - \frac{w_1}{4}$

$$\underline{\psi = 23 - 2w_1 - w_2 = 23}$$

$$x_2^* = 11/4$$

$$w_2 = 9/2$$

$$x_1^* = 27/4$$

(ii) Introducing slack variables to the problem we have:

max $4x + 6y$

$$\text{subject to } \begin{cases} -x + y + w_1 = 11 \\ x + y + w_2 = 27 \\ 2x + 5y + w_3 = 90 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{\psi = 4x + 6y}$$

$$w_1 = 11 + x - y$$

$$w_2 = 27 - x - y$$

$$w_3 = 90 - 2x - 5y$$

Pivot: IN(x); OUT(w_2)

Sub: $x = 27 - w_2 - y$

$$\underline{\psi = 108 - 4w_2 + 2y}$$

$$w_1 = 38 - w_2 - 2y$$

$$x = 27 - w_2 - y$$

$$w_3 = 36 + 2w_2 - 3y$$

Pivot: IN(y); OUT(w_3)

Sub: $y = 12 + \frac{2}{3}w_2 - \frac{w_3}{3}$

$$\underline{\psi = 132 - (4 - 4/3)w_2 - \frac{2}{3}w_3 = 132}$$

$$w_1 = 14$$

$$x = 15$$

$$y = 12$$

Exercise 8.6

Introducing slack variables and reducing some of the constraints we have:

$$\underline{\psi = 4x_1 + 3x_2}$$

$$w_1 = 360 - 3x_1 - 2x_2$$

$$w_2 = 150 - x_1 - x_2$$

$$w_3 = 200 - x_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_2); OUT(w_2)

Sub: $x_2 = 150 - x_1 - w_2$

$$\underline{\psi = x_1 + 450 - 3w_2}$$

$$w_1 = 60 - x_1 + 2w_2$$

$$x_2 = 150 - x_1 - w_2$$

$$w_3 = 50 + x_1 + w_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_1); OUT(w_3)

Sub: $x_2 = 150 - x_1 - w_2$

And thus the optimal is at point (50, 150)

Exercise 8.8

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ \text{subject to} & \begin{cases} x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_2 \leq 1 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{array}$$

Exercise 8.9

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{subject to} & \begin{cases} x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_2 \leq 1 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{array}$$

Exercise 8.10

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{subject to} & \begin{cases} x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_1 \leq -2 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{array}$$

Exercise 8.11

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{subject to} & \begin{cases} x_1 \leq 1 \\ x_2 \leq 1 \\ -x_3 \leq -1 \\ x_3 \leq 2 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{array}$$

Exercise 8.15

Show $C^T x \leq b^T y$

$Ax \leq b$ and $A^T y \geq c$

So $y^T Ax \leq y^T b$ and $x^T A^T y \geq x^T c$ because of the non-negativity constraint

And, $y^T(Ax) = (Ax)^T y = x^T A^T y$

And by transitivity we have $y^T b \leq x^T c$ so $b^T y \geq c^T x$

Exercise 8.17

Let our primal be:

$$\max c^T x$$

subject to

$$\begin{cases} Ax \leq b \\ x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Then the associated dual problem is

$$\min b^T y$$

subject to

$$\begin{cases} A^T y \geq c \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Which we rewrite in standard form as:

$$\max -b^T y$$

subject to

$$\begin{cases} -A^T y \leq -c \\ y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

And we write this dual as:

Which we rewrite in standard form as:

$$\min -c^T x'$$

subject to

$$\begin{cases} -(A^T)^T x' \geq -b \\ x' \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

And when we rewrite this in standard form we have our original problem \square

Exercise 8.18

Solve the primal first.

$$\underline{\psi = x_1 + x_2}$$

$$w_1 = 3 - 2x_1 - x_2$$

$$w_2 = 5 - x_1 - 3x_2$$

$$w_3 = 4 - 2x_1 - 3x_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_1); OUT(w_1)

$$\text{Sub: } x_1 = 3/2 - w_1/2 - x_2/2$$

$$\underline{\psi = 3/2 - w_1/2 + x_2/2}$$

$$x_1 = 3/2 - w_1/2 - x_2/2$$

$$w_2 = 7/2 + w_1/2 - 5/2 x_2$$

$$w_3 = 1 + w_1 - 2x_2$$

Pivot: IN(x_2); OUT(w_3)

$$\text{Sub: } x_2 = 1/2 + w_1/2 - w_3/3$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1^* = 5/4 \text{ and } x_2^* = 1/2 \text{ for max value of } 7/4$$