My Notice for my sae 1.5

• Create a program that will automate the execution of your

Data processing in Python:

```python

```
First of all,
Certainly! Let's go through the code step by step:
1. **File Reading:**
 ```python
 try:
    with open("Dumpfile.txt", encoding="utf8") as fh:
      res = fh.read()
 except:
    print("The file does not exist %s", os.path.abspath('fichieratraiter.txt'))
 - It attempts to open the file "Dumpfile.txt" with utf-8 encoding.
 - If successful, it reads the content of the file into the variable `res`.
 - If the file does not exist, it prints an error message.
2. **Data Processing:**
 ```python
 ress = res.split('\n')
 - It splits the content of the file ('res') into a list of lines, using the newline character '\n' as the
delimiter.
3. **CSV File Initialization:**
```

```
fic = open("coco.csv", "w")

 - It opens a new CSV file named "coco.csv" in write mode (`"w"`).
4. **Header Writing:**
 ") python
 evenement = "DATE; SOURCE; PORT; DESTINATION; FLAG; SEQ; ACK; WIN; OPTIONS; LENGTH"
 fic.write(evenement + "\n")
 ...
 - It defines the header ('evenement') for the CSV file with column names.
 - Writes the header to the CSV file.
5. **Event Processing Loop:**
 ")python
 for event in ress:
 ...
 - Iterates through each line in `ress`.
 for the data that came back I used the csv files
```

This Python script uses the pandas library to read a CSV file named "coco.csv" and then prints the most common value in each column of the DataFrame.

Here's a breakdown of the code:

- 1. 'import pandas as pd': Imports the pandas library and assigns the alias 'pd' for easier reference.
- 2. `df = pd.read\_csv("coco.csv", delimiter=";")`: Reads the CSV file "coco.csv" into a DataFrame named `df`. The delimiter is set to semicolon (;).
- 3. The `for` loop iterates over each column in the DataFrame:

```
```python
for column in df.columns:
```

4. Inside the loop, it calculates the most common value for each column using the `mode()` function and selects the first value using `iloc[0]`:

```
""python
most_common_value = df[column].mode().iloc[0]
```

5. Finally, it prints the column name and its most common value:

```
```python
print(f"Most common value in {column}: {most_common_value}")
```

The results you provided indicate the most common values in each column of the DataFrame:

```
- **DATE**: Most common value is "11:42:04.766656"
- **SOURCE**: Most common value is "BP-Linux8"
- **PORT**: Most common value is "https"
- **DESTINATION**: Most common value is "184.107.43.74.http:"
- **FLAG**: Most common value is "."
- **SEQ**: Most common value is "1419:2837"
- **ACK**: Most common value is "1322.0"
- **WIN**: Most common value is "512.0"
- **OPTIONS**: Most common value is "nop,nop,TS val 1512074367 ecr 102927777"
- **LENGTH**: Most common value is "1448"
```

These values represent the most frequently occurring entries in each respective column of your dataset.

## - FOR MY PAGE HTML

```
python
```

```
• file = open("C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/Dumpfile.txt",
"r")
```

The code opens the text file (Dumpfile.txt) in read mode ("r").

## • Initialize lists and counters:

```
python
• source_ips = []
destination_ips = []
lengths = []
flags = []
sequences = []
timestamps = []

flags_P_counter = 0
flags_S_counter = 0
flags_total_counter = 0
```

```
images_counter = 0
requests_counter = 0
responses_counter = 0
sequential_counter = 0
global_counter = 0
winner_counter = 0
```

Lists (source\_ips, destination\_ips, lengths, flags, sequences, timestamps) are initialized to store extracted data. Counters are also initialized to track different events in the file.

## • File reading loop:

```
python
• for line in file:
 #...
```

The code reads each line of the file, extracts, and processes relevant information (source IP address, destination IP, flags, sequence, etc.).

#### • Calculate statistics:

```
python
• P = flags_P_counter / flags_total_counter
S = flags_S_counter / flags_total_counter
A = flags_total_counter / global_counter

total_req_rep = responses_counter + requests_counter
req = requests_counter / total_req_rep
rep = responses_counter / total_req_rep
```

Statistics are calculated, such as the proportion of [P], [S], [.] flags relative to the total, as well as the proportion of ICMP requests and responses.

#### • Create graphs with Matplotlib:

```
python
• # Pie chart for flags
plt.pie(data, explode=explode_data, labels=labels_data, autopct='%1.1f%%',
startangle=90, shadow=True)
plt.axis('equal')
plt.savefig("C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/graph1.png")

Pie chart for requests and responses
plt.pie(data2, explode=explode_data, labels=labels_data2,
autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, shadow=True)
plt.savefig("C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/graph2.png")
```

Pie charts are generated using the Matplotlib library to visually represent the proportions of flags and requests/responses.

#### • Generate HTML content:

```
python
• html content = '''
```

```
<html>
 <!-- ... HTML Content ... -->
</html>
```

The code generates HTML content with tags incorporating calculated statistics and created graphs.

# • Write data to CSV files:

```
python
• with open('C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/data.csv', 'w',
newline='') as csv_file:
 # ... write extracted data to a CSV file ...
with open('C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/Stats.csv', 'w',
newline='') as file2:
 # ... write statistics to a CSV file ...
```

Extracted data and statistics are written to two separate CSV files.

## • Create a web page:

```
python
• with open("C:/Users/amand/Music/Mon projet SAE15/EXCEL/data.html", "w")
as html_file:
 html_file.write(html_content)
 print("Web page created successfully")
```

The code creates an HTML file containing the previously generated content.

### • Close the initial file:

```
python
 file.close()
```

The initial file is closed after processing all the lines.