Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions.

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version. The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the **proposal** class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

 ${\tt submit}$

The **submit** option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.5).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.5).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys

The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the margin.

svninfo

The svninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the svninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the svninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [Lon] for this to work.

public
private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output.

This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata and Title page

• title for the proposal title (used on the title page),

The acronym will also be used in the page headings.

specify a date until which the funds last.

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it.

start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length

• If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to

• discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline. • PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key

• Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with

specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to

multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of

the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the

of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.

• instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,

personal metadata, see [Koh14c] or the file proposal.tex for details.

title

instrument acronym acrolong

start months since

fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal. If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project nname) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

\pn

\pnlong

site

2.3Proposal Appearance

EdN:1 compactht EdN:2

The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ¹

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label

\OBJref \OBJtref

¹Ednote: move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ describe them somewhere and reference here

and (short if it was specified) title.

2.5 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \wpfig macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.8).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

id

 The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work group, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases requires

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.7
- The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires=\taskin{ $\langle rid \rangle$ }{ $\langle wp \rangle$ } is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM (and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM) where $\langle site \rangle$ is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work groups is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work group lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.6 **Tasks**

task

In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys (see Section 2.7).

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.7 Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.8).

2.8 Gantt Charts

gantt xscale vscale

step

draft

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

wpdelivs wpdeliv

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle] \{\langle title \rangle\} \{\langle desc \rangle\}$, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration), and verif for specifying a means of verification² Mile-

\milestone@labelones are numbered with labels whose shape can be customized by redefining \milestone@label \mileref and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and \miletref{\langle id\rangle} for a reference with milestone title. \miletref \pdatacount{all}{miles} gives the number of milestones.

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.5) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by

we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliveled and referenced by \deliveled where \deliveled is the work package identifier and \deliveled that if the deliverable and \deliveled for a reference with title. \deliveled that if the deliverables (aggregating over all work package \deliveled) \deliveled that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$.delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$.deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

wadelivs wadeliv In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Referencing and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work groups, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \parable macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

For a partner $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be one of number (partner number), short (partner acronym), long (official partner name), nationality (partner nationality).

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work groups we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef

The \pdataRef macro is a variant of \pdataref that also carries a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

\pdatacount

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$.pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

²Arguably, this set of keys is inspired by EU proposals, but can be extended in class instances.

2.11 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class offers \coherencematrtke macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications and joint projects by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, and \jointorga macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of \jointorga site identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with \coherencetablehe identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration.

\jpub \jproj \jorga The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga.

2.12 Localization

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Koh14b] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

The author is indebted to Christoph Lange, Florian Rabe, and Tsanko Tsankov for error reports, feature suggestions, and code snippets.

4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

48 \RequirePackage{pdata}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
 2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
5 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
6 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
7 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
8 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
9 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
10 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
11 \def\proposal@class{article}
12 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
13 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
14 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\@gitinfotrue}
15 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
16 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
17 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
18 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
19 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
20 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
21 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
22 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
23 \ProcessOptions
   Then we load the packages we make use of
24 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
25 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
26 \RequirePackage{url}
27 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
28 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
29 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
30 \RequirePackage{rotating}
31 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
32 \RequirePackage{array}
33 \RequirePackage{xspace}
34 \RequirePackage{comment}
35 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
36 \RequirePackage{tikz}
37 \RequirePackage{paralist}
38 \RequirePackage{a4wide}
39 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
40 % so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
41 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
42 \ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \} \{\ensuremath{\label{lem:limit} } \} \} 
43 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}
44 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
45 \RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=numeric,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,backref=true,firstinits=true,max
46 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
47 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
```

in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.

```
49 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
```

- $50 \ \texttt{\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi}$
- 51 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
- 52 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
- 53 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}

the ed package [Koh14a] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing messages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.

```
54 \ifsubmit
```

- 55 \RequirePackage[hide] {ed}
- 56 \ifsvninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 57 \else
- 58 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
- 59 \ifsvninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
- 60 \ifgitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
- 61 \fi
- 62 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}

We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the status of the public option.

63 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi

And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.

64 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}

We specify the page headings.

- 65 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
- 66 \fancyhead [RE,LO] {\prop@gen@acronym}
- 67 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
- 68 \fancyfoot[C]{}
- 69 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2] {page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
- $70 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num\{prop\}\{page\}\{last\}\}}}$
- 71 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
- 72 (/cls | reporting)

4.2 Proposal Metadata

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

- 73 (*pdata)
- 74 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2011/05/03]
- $75 \ \texttt{RequirePackage\{eurosym\}}$

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argument in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used. Furthermore site= $\langle site \rangle$ makes new keys $\langle site \rangle$ RM and $\langle site \rangle$ RAM (if the RAM option was set) for the workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.

```
76 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
```

- 77 \newcounter{@site}%
- 78 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
- 79 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
- 80 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
- 81 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%

```
82 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
83 \define@key{workpackage}{#1RM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RM}{##1}}%
84 \if@RAM\define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}\fi
85 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
86 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
87 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
88 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnew]
If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
(assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
since that is only set at runtime.
89 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
90 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
91 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RM}{#1}\fi}
92 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%
93 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
94 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
95 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
96 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
97 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
98 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
99 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
The rest of the keys just store their value.
100 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
101 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
102 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
103 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
104 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\qdef\prop@gen@acronym{\#1}\%}}
105 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
106 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
107 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
108 \define@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\def\prop@gen@discipline{#1}%
109 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
111 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
112 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
113 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
115 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
117 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
118 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
119 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
120 \define@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\def\prop@gen@fundsuntil{#1}%
121 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
122 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
123 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
124 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
125 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
126 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{????Proposal Title???}
127 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
```

```
128 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
              129 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
     \prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
              130 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
              131 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
              132 \tab@line}
               4.3
                      Proposal Appearance
               We define the keys for the proposal appearance
              133 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
              134 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true]{\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}
              135 (/pdata)
      emphbox
               136 (*cls)
              137 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
                      Title Page
               4.4
               This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The
prop@proposal
               implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.
               138 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
              139 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
              140 \begin{center}
                    {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
              141
                    {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
              142
                    {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
              143
                    {\large\today}\\[1em]
              144
                    \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
              145
              146
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                      \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
              147
              148 \end{tabular}\[2cm]
              149 \end{center}
              150 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
               Now we come to the end of the environment:
              151 {\section{List of Attachments}
              152 \begin{itemize}
              153 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
              154 \setminus \text{item Curriculum Vitae} and list of publications for
                   \wa@ref{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref{person}\@I{name}
              156 \end{itemize}}\newpage
              157 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
     proposal The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys,
               then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage
               environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out,
               which it also closes at the end.
                   The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be
               customized by the specializing classes.
               158 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
              159 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
              160 \pdata@open\jobname
```

 $162 \end{area} \end{area} $$162 \end{area} \end{area}$

161 \if@sites\else

```
\label{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loc
                                     164 \fi
                                     165 \newcounter{@PIs}
                                     166 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                                     167 \newcounter{@sites}
                                     168 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                                     169 \setcounter{page}{0}
                                     170 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                                        Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                                     171 {\end{prop@proposal}
                                     172 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse
                                     173 \pdata@close}
                                     174 (/cls)
                                                  The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
              report
                                     175 (*reporting)
                                     176 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                                     177 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                                     178 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                                     179 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                                     180 \pdata@open\jobname%
                                     181 \end{prop@gen@PIs}{} \end{prop@gen@PIs}{} \end{prop@gen@PIs}}{} \end{prop@gen@PIs}{} \end{prop@gen@gen@PIs}{} \end{prop@gen@gen@gen@PIs}{} \end{prop@gen@gen@gen@gen@gen@ge
                                     182 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                                     183 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                                     184 \begin{prop@report}}
                                     185 {\end{prop@report}%
                                     186 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
                                     187 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                                     188 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                                     189 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                                     190 {\begin{center}
                                     191
                                                    {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                                     192
                                                    {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                                     {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                     193
                                     194
                                                     {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                     195
                                                     \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                     196
                                                            \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                     197
                                                            \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                     198 \end{tabular}\\[2cm]
                                     199 \end{center}
                                     200 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                                     201 {}
                                     202 (/reporting)
               \site*
                                     204 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{\#1}{acronym}}}}
                                     205 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{name}}}
```

4.5 Objectives

We first define a presentation macro for objectives

```
\objective@label
                                              206 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                                We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                              207 \end{fine} \end{
                                              208 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}\@dmp{title=#1}}
                                              209 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                                                And a counter for numbering objectives
                                              210 \newcounter{objective}
                   objective
                                              211 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                              212 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                                              213 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                              214 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                              215 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                                              216 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                              217 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                                              218 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                                              219 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                                              220 {}
                        \OBJref
                                              221 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                              222 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{obj}{#1}{title}}
                                                                  Work Packages and Work Groups
                                                 We first define keys for work groups (if we are in an IP).
                                              223 \ifwork@areas
                                              224 \define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                              225 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                                              226 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                              227 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                                              228 \fi
                                                work packages have similar ones.
                                              229 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                              230 \define@key{workpackage}{title}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title}{#1}}
                                              231 \end{fine@key{workpackage}{lead}{\pdata@def{wp}\pdid{lead}{#1}\def\wp@lead{#1}\def\pdata{pdid{head}}} \\
                                              232 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                              233 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                              234 \end{area} {\end{area} } {\end{area} }
                                                 We define the constructors for the work package and work group labels and titles.
                                              235 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                              236 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                                              237 \ifwork@areas
                                              238 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                              239 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                              240 \fi
                                                The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work groups, the counter deliv for deliv-
                                                erables.
                                              241 \ifwork@areas\newcounter{wa}\newcounter{wp}[wa]\else\newcounter{wp}\fi
                                              242 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                                              243 \newcounter{allwp}
```

update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work groups for the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise extend it.³ EdN:3 $244 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\clip{wps}{\xdef\clip{wps}{\xd$ $245 \end{0} tasks {1}{\end{0} tasks} {1}{\end{0}$ $246 \newcommand \update @deps [1] {\circle fined $\{task@deps $\{task $\{task@deps $\{task $\{$ \decode@wphase decodes a string of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$ and defines the macros \decode@wphase \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number), and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string, which is either empty (if the $!\langle force \rangle$ part is omitted) or of the form $!\langle force \rangle$. In the first case the default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(\frac{force}{\). 248 \newcommand \decode@wphase [1] {\expandafter \decode@p@start#10% 249 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start% 250 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}} $251 \end{area} $$251 \end{area} $$251$ 252 \def\decode@p@end#1!#20{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}% 254 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}} We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains, \startend@wphases then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start 255 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}} 256 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1] ${\def\def\def\#1}$ $257 \text{ } \text{0}\$ 258 \Ofor\OI:=#1\do{\expandafter\decodeOpOstart\OI O} 259 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi} with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros. The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to work@package the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number \wp@num. 260 \newcounter{wp@RM} 261 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi 262 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]% 263 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values 264 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}% 265 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases% $266 \pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{start\}\wphase@start\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\pdata@def$ 268 \let\@tasks=\relax% 269 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}% $270 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}\%$ 271 $\displaystyle \frac{q}{\sqrt{wp}}\sqrt{number}_{\tau}$ 272 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}% 273 \update@wps\wp@id% 274 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%

If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.

277 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%

275 \pdata@def{wp}{\wp@id}{num}{\thewp}%

276 \if@sites%

 $^{^3{\}rm EDNOTE}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
279 \edgn(\pdataref@num\p@id\@site{RM})\addtocounter{\p@RM}{\pdataref@num\p@id\gsite{RM}}
                             280 \ if @RAM\edef\encomn{QRAM}{\qraw}\fi}\ add to counter{wp@RAM}{\qraw}\fi}
                             281 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                             283 fi}% if@sites
                             284 {\cifundefined{0} tasks}{}{\cite{wp@id}{task}{ids}\cite{wp@id}{task}{ids}}
                             With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
         workpackage
                              we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                              generate a subsection
                             285 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                             286 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                             287 %\ifQwpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                             288 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                             289 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                             290 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}%
                             291 \noindent\ignorespaces}
                             292 {\end{work@package}}
        EdN: #ptitle
                             293 \end{picture}  \ \propto \end{picture}  
        EdN:5 \wprm
                             @site@contributes
                              is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                              cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                              the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
                             295 \newcount\site@contribution%
                             296 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                             297 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                             298 \ifQRAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                             299 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                            300 \else #2\fi}
        \wp@sites@line
                                   The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
        \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
        \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                              are listed in the table.
                             301 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                             302 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                             303 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                             304 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax%
                             305 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                             306 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                             307 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                             308 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                             309 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                             310 \if@site@contributes\@site{&\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
                             311 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                             312 \if@site@contributes\@site{&\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi}}}%
                             313 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}%
                             314 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                             315 \sum@style{\textbf{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\fi}}}}
                                  <sup>4</sup>EdNote: document above
                                  <sup>5</sup>EdNote: document above
```

278 \Ofor\Osite:=\propOgenOsites\do{%

```
This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
\wpheadertable
              316 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
              317 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
              318 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
              319 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\\hline%
              321 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
               and now multilinguality support
              322 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
              323 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
              324 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
     workarea the workarea environment for work groups is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
               work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
               via the wa@effort counter
              325 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
              326 \ifwork@areas
              327 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}
              328 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
              329 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
              330 \let\@wps=\relax
              331 \stepcounter{wa}
              332 \def{wa}{\wa@id}{\abel}{\wa@label}{\thewa}
              333 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
              334 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
              335 \update@was{\wa@id}
              336 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{num}{\thewa}
              337 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
              338 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
              339 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
              340 \if@sites
              341 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                   \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}}
              342
                   \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
              343
                   \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
              344
                   \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
              345
              346 \else
              347 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
              348 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
              349 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
              350 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi
              351 \fi}
              352 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
              353 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
              354 \if@RAM
              355 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
              356 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
              358 \Rightarrow \frac{{\omega}}{2} \ \subsubsection*{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: {\pdata@target{wa}\wa@id{\pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}}
              360 \ignorespaces}
              361 {\@ifundefined{@wps}{}{\pdata@def\wa@id{wp}{ids}\@wps}\pdata@def\wa@id{wp}{count}\thewa@wps}\fi
              The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
               identifiers of work packages and work groups. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
```

their content to the aux file for reference.
362 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi

```
364 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                           365 \ensuremath{\tt ifwork@areas} \ensuremath{\tt let}@was=\ensuremath{\tt let}@wps=\ensuremath{\tt let}%
                                           366 {\tt Qifundefined\{taskQdeps\}{\tt Qdef\{all\}\{task\}\{deps\}\{\tt taskQdeps\}\}} \\
                                           367 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                           368 \ifwork@areas
                                           369 \cite{20} \Quad \
                                           372 \fi
                                           373 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
                                           374 {\@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
                                           375 \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}{\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}}}\fi
                                           376 \ \texttt{\gray} \ areas \ \texttt{\gr
                                           377 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                           378 \ifdelivs
                                           379 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                           380 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                           382 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
                                                                   Milestones and Deliverables
  deliv@error this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
                                             being set.
                                           383 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
                                           384 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
             wpdelivs
                                           385 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
         wp@delivs
                                           386 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
                                           387 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
                                           388 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                           389 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
                                             and now multilinguality support
                                           390 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
          \wadelivs
                                           391 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
                                           392 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
                                           393 {\end{wp@delivs}}
                         \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                             one if there is not enough space.
                                           394 \newcommand \lec[1]{\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
                                           395 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{M{#1}}
        \delivref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                             one if there is not enough space.
                                           396 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}}
                                           397 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}: \pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{short}}
```

363 \newenvironment{workplan}%

```
\wpg@deliv We first define the keys
                                      398 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
                                      399 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
                                      400 \end{define} {\tt dissem} {\tt define} {\tt dissem} {\tt 
                                      401 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
                                      402 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
                                      403 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
                                         The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
                                        erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
                                      404 \newcounter{deliverable}
                                      405 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
                                      406 \stepcounter{deliverable}
                                      407 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
                                      408 \left( \frac{408}{e} \right) \ set up ifx
                                      409 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
                                      410 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
                                      411 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
                                      412 \else \else \current @label{\current} \fi
                                      413 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{label}{\current@label}
                                      414 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{title}{#2}
                                      415 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                                      416 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{#2}}
                                      417 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
                                      418 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}
                                      419 \end{deliv} {\tt deliv} {\tt deliv
                                         Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
                                      420 \ensuremath{\texttt{\colored}} \ensuremath{\texttt{\
                                      421 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
                                      422 {\ifnum\@I<10 0\@I\else\@I\fi}\%  sort key
                                      423 {\@I}% due date
                                      424 {\current@label}% label
                                      425 {\@ifundefined{deliv@id}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'id' for Deliv #1
                                      426
                                                                     undefined}??}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% id
                                      427 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for
                                                                     Deliv #1 undefined}??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
                                      428
                                      429 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv
                                                                     #1 undefined}??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
                                      430
                                      431 {#2}
                                      432 {\ifx\@type\@wp{WP\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{WA\thewa}\fi}}}}\\WP
                                         And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                                      433 \item[\current@label: (Month \deliv@due; nature: \deliv@nature, dissem.: \deliv@dissem)] \pdata@target{deliv}
                                      434 \ensuremath{\mbox{Qifundefined{deliv@miles}{}}} print the milestones and update their deliverables
                                      435 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                                      436 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                      437 \moderable {0I}{label}% print the milestone reference
                                      438 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                                      439 \left(def\d@sep{,}\right)
                                      440 \Offor\OI:=\delivOmiles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                                   \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                                      441
                                      442
                                                       {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                                                          \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname%if not add it
                                      443
                                      444
                                                                     Now, we only need to instantiate
```

 $445 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}$

wadeliv

```
wpdeliv
                              446 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                              447 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
              \mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                one if there is not enough space.
                              448 \mbox{ $\mbox{$\sim$} 1] {\bf mile}{\#1}{label}}
                              449 \newcommand\miletref[1] {\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{mile}{#1}{short}}
          \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                                extend the milestones list.
                              450 \newcounter{milestone}
                              451 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                              452 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                              453 \define@key{milestone}{verif}{\gdef\mile@verif{#1}}
                              454 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                              455 \ifdelivs%
                              456 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                              457 \Rightarrow \mathbf{0} 
                              458 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                              459 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{verif}{\mile@verif}%
                              460 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                              461 \end{finedstones} {\xdef\mile@stones} {\xdef\mile@id}} {\xdef\mile@stones} {\xdef\mile@id}} {\xdef\mile@stones} {\xdef\mile@stones} {\xdef\mile@id}} {\xdef\mile@stones} {\xdef\mile
                              462 \ensuremath{\$} presentation
                              463 \else\deliv@error\fi}
         \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                              464 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{%
                              465 \pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\textbf{\milestone@label\themilestone}}&
                              466 \textbf{#2} &
                              467 \prop@milesfor\mile@id &
                              468 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month} &
                              469 \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{verif}\\\hline
                              470 \model{f}{|p{14cm}|}{#3}\\hline\hline}
          milestones
                              471 \newenvironment{milestones}{\begin{@milestones}}{\end{@milestones}}
         @milestones
                              472 \newenvironment{@milestones}
                              473 \left( \frac{1}{p{4cm}} \right) 1/p{2.5cm}} \lambda 
                              474 \#&\miles@legend@name&\miles@legend@involved&\miles@legend@month&\miles@legend@verif\\\hline\hline
                              475 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                              476 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}%
                              477 \footnotetext\miles@legend@footnote\fi}
                                now the multilinguality support
                              478 \newcommand\miles@legend@name{Name}
                              479 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Mo}
                              480 \newcommand\miles@legend@verif{Means of Verif.}
                              481 \newcommand\miles@legend@involved{WPs\footnotemark/Deliverables involved}
                              482 \newcommand\miles@legend@footnote{The work package number is the first number in the deliverable number.}
   \prop@milesfor the due date is the first argument to facilitate sorting
                              483 \newcommand\prop@milesfor[1]{\edef\@delivs{\pdataref@safe{mile}{#1}{delivs}}%
                              484 \let\m@sep=\relax\def\new@sep{,\}%
                              485 \@for\@I:=\@delivs\do{\m@sep\pdataRef{deliv}\@I{label}\let\m@sep=\new@sep}}
```

```
\deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                                                            486 \newcommand{\deliverable}[8]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}&#7&#8&#6&#5&#2\\hline}%sortkey,due,label,id,title,t
                   deliverables
                                                                            487 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|}\hline}
                                                                            489 \delivs@legend@level&\delivs@legend@due\\hline\hline\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                                            490 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                                                               now the multilingual support
                                                                            491 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                                                            492 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                                                            493 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Nature}
                                                                            494 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                                                            495 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                     \inputdelivs
                                                                            496 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                                            497 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                                             498 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                                                            499 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                                                            500 {\tt \ffileExists{\jobname.delivs}{\linput{\jobname.delivs}}} \}
                                                                            501 \end{deliverables}}
                                                                                                           Tasks and Work Phases
                                                                                4.8
                                     tasklist
                                                                            502 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                                            503 {\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}}
                                                                                The next step is to
                                                                            504 \newcommand\task@label[1]{T#1}
                                                                                We define the keys for the task macro
                                                                            505 \end{fine} $$13{\define} \end{fine} $$13\\def \end{fine} $$13\def \end{fine} $$13\de
                                                                            506 \efine@key{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}{#1}\qdmp{wphases}{#1}\qdmp{wphases}{#1}\qdmp{wphases}{mp{task}}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}{\def\task}
                                                                            507 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                            508 \efine@key{task}{title}{\def \task@title{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@tid\wp@id}{title}{#1}\cdmp{title=#1}{title}{#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{title=#1}\cdmp{
                                                                            509 \define@key{task}{lead}{\def\task@lead{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{#1}\cdmp{lead=#1}}
                                                                            510 \ define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners}{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{#1}\column{2.5cm} \label{fig:column}
                                                                               then we define an auxiliary function that gives them sensible defaults and sets the internal macros.
                                                                            511 \def\task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}
                                                                            512 \def\task@wphases{0-0}\def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}
                                                                            513 \setkeys{task}{#1}}
@post@title@space make the space after the title tweakable
                                                                            514 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                                                      task
                                                                            515 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                                                            516 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                                                                            517 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                                                            518 {\stepcounter{alltasks}
                                                                            519 \times {\#1} \times {\#1} \times {\mathbb{T}} 
                                                                            520 \@ifundefined{task@title}{}\task@title}\task@post@title@space%
                                                                            521 \def\@initial{0-0}\ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else\%
                                                                            522 \ (\let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
```

```
523 \do{\decode@wphase\@I\@@sep\show@wphase\wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force\let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                      524 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else; \task@legend@partners: \site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)\fi%
                                      525 \ifx\task@partners\@empty\else\@for \@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\fi)\\\fi}
                                      526 {\ignorespaces}
                                        now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
                                      527 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
                                      528 \newcommand\show@wphase[3]{\def\@test{#3}\month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
                                      529 \ifx\@test\@empty\@ #3}
                                      530 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
                                      531 \verb| newcommand \verb| legend@partners{Partners}|
                                      532 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
                                      533 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
                  \@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
                                        to the aux file.
                                      534 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
                                      535 \newcount\task@@end
                                      536 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
                                      537 \task@set{#1}%
                                      538 \q data@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}\task@wphases}
                                      539 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thetask@wp}%
                                      540 \end{task} {\taskin\task@id\wp@id} {\number} {\thetask@wp} \% 
                                      541 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                                      542 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
        \workphase
                                      543 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                                                   {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated,\MessageBreak
                                                        use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
                                      545
\localtaskref
                                      546 \mbox{ $$\ensuremath{$1$} \mbox{ $$\ensuremath{$1$} \mbox{ $$\ensuremath{$1$} \mbox{ } \mbox{ $$\ensuremath{$4$} \mbox{ } \
             \taskref
                                      547 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
                                      548 \mbox{ } \mbox{
                                      549 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\WPref{#1}.\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
                                      550 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\WPref{#1} (\task@label@long \pdataRef{task}{#1@#2}{number})}
                                      551 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
                                      552 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
                                      553 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
                                      554 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
                                      555 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
                                      556 \update@deps\dep@id}
                                      557 (/cls)
                                                         Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
                                        4.9
             \pdata@*
                                       \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
                                        it.
                                      558 (*pdata)
                                      559 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
                                      560 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
                                      561 \ProcessOptions
                                      562 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                                      563 \newwrite\pdata@out
                                      564 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                                      565 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
```

```
This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
       \readpdata
                                    566 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
                                    567 {\tt \{nessage\{proposal: Reading \ Project \ Data\} \setminus makeatletter \setminus \{\#1.pdata\} \setminus
                                    568 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\rangle} \{\langle label\rangle} \prints \langle label\rangle}
                                       with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
                                    569 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
       \pdata@def This macro writes an \@pdata@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.
                                    570 \mbox{ } 10^{1} = 10^{1} 
                                                 \protected@write\pdata@out{}{\string\@pdata@def{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}
     \@pdata@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
                                     572 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname{#4}}
          \pdataref
                                    573 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                    574
                                                                                   {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
                                    575
                                                                                      {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                                    576 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\cifundefined{#10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}\%
                                    577 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\cfundefined{#1@#2@#3}{0}}{\csname #1@#2@#3}endcsname}}{\cline{pdataref@num[3]}}
                                    578 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
          \pdataRef
                                    579 \newcommand\pdataRef[3] {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                                    580 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
                                    581 {\bf \#10\#20target} {\bf \#10\#20\#3\backslash endcsname}}\}
     \pdatacount
                                    582 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
                                                eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
                                    584 \newcommand\pdatacount[2]{\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
                       \pi *
                                    585 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
                                    586 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
                  \W*ref
                                    587 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
                                    588 \newcommand\WPtref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{wp}{#1}{short}}
                                    589 \ifwork@areas
                                    590 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
                                    591 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}: \pdataRef{wa}{#1}{title}}
                                    592 \fi
                                    593 (/pdata)
                                       4.10
                                                          The Work Package Table
       \prop@lead
                                    594 (*cls)
                                    595 \newcommand\prop@lead[1]{\@ifundefined{wp@#1@lead}%
                                    596 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{lead for WP #1 undefined}??}}%
                                    597 {\csname wp@#1@lead\endcsname}}
```

```
EdN:60style
                                   598 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
                                   599 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;%
                                   600 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0,30}
                                   601 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                                   602 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
                                   603 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
                                   604 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
                                   605 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
       wp@figure
                                   606 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
                                   607 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
                                   608 \def\@true{true}
                                   609 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
                                   610 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                   611 \def\wpfig@type{false}
                                   612 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                   613 \def\wpfig@start{false}
                                   614 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true]{\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                   615 \def\wpfig@length{false}
                                   616 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                   617 \def\wpfig@end{false}
                                   618 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true] {\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
                                   619 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
                                   620 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{figure}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
                                   621 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                                   622 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title%
                                   623 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
                                   624 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
                                   625 \ \texttt{\fig@start\ctrue\&\csw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi\%}
                                   626 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
                                   627 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
                                   628 \if@sites%
                                   629 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                   630 \xdef\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@legend@siteRM(\c))), where $$ $$ (site) $$
                                   631 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fi}%
                                   632 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
                                   633 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
                                   634 \else% if@sites
                                   635 \xdef\wpfig@headline {\wpfig@headline &\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\if@RAM&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\fi}
                                   636 \fi}%if@sites
                                   637 \ if \ QRAM \ begin{tabular}{||1|| *{\tilde{q} \circ ptions}}{r|} *{\tilde{r}|} *{\tilde{r}|} |r|| } hline
                                   638 \le \left\{ 1 \right\} \left\{ 1 \right
                                   639 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                                   640 {\end{tabular}\smallskip\\
                                   641 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl
                                   642 \if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                                   643 \caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}\label{fig:wplist}
                                   644 \end{center}\end{figure}}
                                     and now multilinguality support
                                   645 \end{width} $$ \operatorname{MA/P}\leq WP} fij 
                                   646 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                                   647 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                                   648 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                                   649 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
```

⁶EdNote: This (and wpfig) should be documented above

```
650 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                                                         651 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                                                         652 \end{thmuller} $652 \rightarrow \mathbb{T}_{\pi}^{0} \end{thmuller} $$ \end{thmuller} $$$ \end{thmuller} $$$ \end{thmuller} $$$ \end
                                                         653 \mbox{ \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}}
                                                         654 \mbox{ newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}}
                                                         655 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                                                         656 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                                                         657 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                                                         658 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
                                                         659 \verb|\newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}| \\
                                                         660 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
Eddfagstyle
                                                         661 \def\wpfig@style{}
                                                         662 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1] {\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
EdN:8\wpfig
                                                         663 \newcount\local@count
                                                         664 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                                                         665 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                                                         666 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                                                             the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                                                             \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                                                            in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                                                         667 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                                                         669 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                                                         670 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
                                                         671 \left| \text{het}\right|  us
                                                             The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                                                             but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                                                            do something very similar.
                                                         672 \ifwork@areas
                                                         673 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
                                                         674 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gfor}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{
                                                         675 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
                                                         676 \& \align{ was likelihood on the content of th
                                                         677 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
                                                         678 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
                                                         679 \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa}
                                                         680 \ \texttt{wpfig@length} \ \texttt{wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}} } i\%
                                                         681 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{end}}\fi}
                                                         682 \if@sites
                                                         683 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                         684 \edef\00wps{\pdataref0safe\00wa\{wp}{ids}}\%
                                                         685 \local@count 0%
                                                         686 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
                                                         687 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
                                                         688 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
                                                         689 \if@RAM
                                                         690 \local@count 0%
                                                         691 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}
                                                         692 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
                                                                        ^7{
m EdNote}: document above
```

 $^{^8\}mathrm{EdNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
693 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
694 \fi}
695 \local@count0\relax%
696 \cline{Count by \pdataref@num\cline{Count by \pdataref@num\cline{Cou
697 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line &\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
698 \if@RAM
699 \local@count0\relax%
700 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
701 \end{00} wa@line {\end{00} wa@style{\text{\textbf}}} \\
702 \fi
703 \else% if@sites
704 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
705 \end{00} wa@line{\end{00} wa@line\&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\end{00} wa{RM}} }
706 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
707 \fi% if@sites
708 \xdef\@p@lines\@gwa@line\tabularnewline\hline\% add the line for the workarea
709 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
710 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
711 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
712 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
713 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
714 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
715 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
716 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
717 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
718 \if@sites
719 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
720 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
721 \edef\@RM{\ifx\@Clead\@site\ed@style{\pdatarefCsafe\CCwp\Csite{RM}}\else\wp\Cstyle{\pdatarefCsafe\CCwp\Csite}\end{Csite}
722 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
723 \if@RAM
724 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@wp\gsite\{RAM\}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\gwp\gsite}.
725 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
727 \local@count0\relax%
728 \end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} ites\end{advance} ites\end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} local@count by \
729 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
730 \if@RAM
731 \global\local@count0\relax%
732 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
733 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
734 \fi% if@sites
735 \else% if@sites
736 \end{00} \label{condition} $$736 \end{00} \end{00} \label{condition} $$736 \end{00} $$16^{00} \end{00}
737 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
739 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
  Now the case where we do not have work areas.
740 \else% ifwork@areas
741 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
742 \c of or \c work packages
743 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
745 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
746 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
747 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
748 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
749 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
```

```
750 \if@sites
751 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
752 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
753 \edef\@QRM{\ifx\QClead\Qsite\lead\Qstyle{\pdataref\Qsafe\QCwp\Qsite{RM}}\else\wp\Qstyle{\pdataref\Qsafe\Qcwp\Qsite\RM}} \\
754 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
755 \if@RAM
756 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@wp\gsite\{RAM\}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\gwp\gsite}.
757 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
759 \global\local@count0\relax%
760 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
761 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
763 \global\local@count0\relax%
764 \ensuremath{\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\colo
765 \xdef\@@wp@line \ \textbf{\the\local@count}}
766 \fi
767 \else% if@sites
768 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
769 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
770 \fi% if@sites
771 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
772 \fi%ifwork@areas
  Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider
773 \gdef\@totals{}
774 \ifwork@areas
775 \if@sites
776 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
777 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
778 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
779 \colon \co
780 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
781 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
782 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
783 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
785 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
786 \end{constraint} $$ \text{$ \text{000RM}}if@RAM& \text{$\textbf{\theta000RAM}}fi} $$
788 \quad addef{all}{total}{RM}_{\the\all@00RM}\to fine all addef{all}_{\total}_{RAM}_{\the\all@00RAM}\to fine all addef{all}_{\total}_{RAM}_{\the\all@00RAM}\to fine all addef{all}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{\total}_{
789 \else% if@sites
790 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
791 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
792 \ensuremath{\tt 00wa:=\00was\do{\edef\00wps{\pdataref@safe\00wa\{wp}{ids}}}\%
793 \c^0\ iterate over the work packages
794 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
795 \ifQRAM\advance\QQQRAM by \pdatarefQnum{wp}\QQwp{RAM}\fi}}
797 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
798 \fi% if@sites
799 \else%i.e. no work@areas
800 \if@sites
801 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
802 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
803 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
804 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
805 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
```

```
807 \def{all}\csite{RM}{\the\\cg@RM}\fi
808 \xdef\@totals {\dtotals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}
809 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
810 \xdef\dtotals {\textbf{\the\all@0QRM}}\if QRAM&\textbf{\the\all@0QRAM}\fi}
811 \quad all fall_{total}_{RM}_{the\all@0@RM}\to fine fall_{total}_{RAM}_{the\all@0@RAM}\to fine fall_{total}_{RAM}_{the\all@0@RAM}
812 \else% if@sites
813 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
814 \edef\00wps{\displaystyle \frac{\pdataref0safe{all}{wp}{ids}}}
815 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
816 \advance\ensuremath{\tt @QQRM}\ by \pdataref@num\{wp\}\ensuremath{\tt QQwp\{RM}\%\ensuremath{\tt RM}\ensuremath{\tt M}
817 \end{colored} \by \end{colored} \by \end{colored} \by \end{colored} \begin{colored} 817 \end{colored} \begin{colored} \begin{colored} 817 \end{colored} \begin{colored} 81
819 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
820 \fi% if@sites
821 \fi
 And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
822 \gdef\intended@totals{}
823 \if@sites
824 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
825 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
826 \ifQRAM\xdef\intendedQtotals{\intendedQtotals&\textbf{\pdatarefQsafe{site}\Qsite{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
827 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\}\else\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}\fi
828 \else% if@sites
829 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
830 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended @ totals \ text \ f\{\ xaref@ safe\{all\}\{intended\}\{RAM\}\}\} fi
831 \fi}% if@sites
 finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
 via \local@count from the optional columns.
832 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
833 \begin{wp@figure}
834 \@wp@lines\hline%
835 \mathbf{\t licolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\dtotals\\\hline{}
836 \ifsubmit\else\multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}%
837 \intended@totals\\\hline\fi
838 \end{wp@figure}}
 and now multilinguality support
839 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
840 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
                Gantt Charts
 4.11
```

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
841 \neq 0 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
842 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
843 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
844 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
845 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
846 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
 Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
847 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
848 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
```

```
The gantt [\langle keyvals \rangle] \{\langle height \rangle\} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
                   grid is prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
                  849 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
                  850 {\gantt@set{#1}
                  851 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
                  852 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
                  853 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
                          chart - expect trouble; \MessageBreak specify
                  854
                          \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
                  855
                  856 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
                  857 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
                  858 \gantt@ymonths=#2 cm
                  859 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .5cm
                  860 \begin{tikzpicture}[xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]
                  861 \draw[xstep=\gantt@step,gray,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,#2);
                  862 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};}
                  863 {\end{tikzpicture}}
         creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                   that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                  864 \mbox{\ hewdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend}
                  865 \newcommand{\@action}[5]{%
                  866 \gantt@ymid=#2 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                  867 \gantt@xend=#3 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #4 cm
                  868 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                  869 \fill (#3,#2) rectangle +(#4,#5);
                  870 \node (#1@left) at (#3,\gantt@ymid) {};
                  871 \node (#1@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  872 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  873 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                       \00e=#1\advance\00e by #2
                  874
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                  875
                  876
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                       \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
                  This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
      \ganttchart
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  878 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  879 \gantt@set{#1}
                  880 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  881 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@wps}
                  882 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                  883 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                      \ifwork@areas
                  884
                      \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  885
                        \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                  886
                  887
                         \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  888
                           \stepcounter{taskwps}
                  889
                           \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                           \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                  890
```

\node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};

891

```
\edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
892
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%wp-level work phases
893
                 \decode@wphase\@@ft
894
                 \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
895
896
              \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
897
                 \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                 \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%task-level work phases
898
899
                     \decode@wphase\@@ft
                     \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
900
       \else% ifwork@areas false
901
       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
902
       \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
903
904
          \stepcounter{taskwps}
          \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
905
          \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
906
          \label{localine} $$ \addit{0.000} at (-1/\gamma,0.000) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef\{wp}\0.000) };
907
          \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
908
909
          \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
910
              \decode@wphase\@@ft
              \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
911
912
          \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
913
              \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
914
                 \decode@wphase\@@ft
915
916
                 \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
       \fi% ifwork@areas end
917
       \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
918
       \@for\@@dep:=\@@deps\do{%
919
          \label{lem:condition} $$\end{condition} $$\end
920
 The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
       \ifgantt@draft
921
922
            \newcounter{gantt@month}
            \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
923
924
            \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
                \gantt@effort=0cm
925
                \ifwork@areas
926
                \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
927
                \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
928
                   \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
929
                   \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
930
931
                      \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
932
                      \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
933
                          \decode@wphase\@@ft
                          \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
934
                      \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
935
                      \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
936
937
                      \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                      \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
938
939
                          \decode@wphase\@@ft
                          \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
940
               \fill (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
941
                \else% ifwork@areas
942
                \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
943
944
                \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
945
                      \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
946
                      \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                          \decode@wphase\@@ft
947
                          \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
948
```

```
\edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                 949
                               \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
                 950
                               \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                 951
                               \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                 952
                 953
                                 \decode@wphase\@@ft
                 954
                                 \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                           \fill (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                 955
                 956
                          \fi% ifwork@areas
                          \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
                 957
                       \fi% ifgantt@draft
                 958
                      \end{gantt}
                 959
                      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
                 960
                 961 \end{figure}}
                 now the multilingual support
                 962 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Overview Work Package Activities}
                 963 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RAM only)\fi per month}
                 964 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace (\gantt@caption@lower)\fi}
\gantttaskchart
                 This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
   EdN:9
                 965 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                 966 \def\gantt@tasks{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                 967 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@tasks}
                 968
                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                 969
                       \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                 970
                 971
                         \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                         \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                 972
                            \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                 973
                            \@@line=\gantt@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                 974
                 975
                           \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task};
                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                 976
                           \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                 978
                              \decode@wphase\@@ft
                              \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                 979
                          }}}% end all iterations
                 980
                        \end{gantt}
                 981
                        \caption{\gantt@caption@main}\label{fig:gantt}
                 982
                 983 \end{figure}}
                  4.12
                          Coherence
            \j*
                 984 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\star$}}}}
                 985 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\bullet$}}}}
                 986 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\large{$\circ$}}}}
     \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                  for the coherence table.
                 987 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                 988 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                 989 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
                 This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
    \prop@joint
```

coherence table.

 $^{^{9}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
990 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                 991 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
         \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                 992 \newcommand\jointproj[1] {\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                 993 \newcommand\jointpub[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                 994 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                 995 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                 996 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
                 997 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother us
                 998 \gdef\@ct@head{}
                 999 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head &\site{\@site}}}
                1000 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\ %initialize with head line
                1001 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@line{\site{\@site}}
                      \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
                1003
                        \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{X}\fi
                          \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}
                1004
                      \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@line\\dotne\\tabularnewline\\hline}}}
                1005
                1006 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline
                1007 \@ct@lines\hline
                1008 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                1009 \jorga $\hat=$ organization}\\hline
                1010 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
                1011 \newcommand\coherencetable{%
                1012 \begin{table}[ht]
                1013 \begin{center}\small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}
                1014 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{.9}\coherencematrix
                1015 \end{center}
                1016 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
                1017 \neq \{table\}
                  now the multilinguality support
                1018 \verb| newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}|
                1019 (/cls)
```

4.13 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTEX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
1022 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1023 \newcommand\prop@pp1[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1024 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1025 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{#2}}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
```

The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.

```
1026 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
1027 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1028 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true] {\message{unclass: \prop@rl\prop@rrl\prop@rrl}
```

```
with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
               1030 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true]{\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
               1031 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
               1032 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}
               1033 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{Theses}}
               1034 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
               1035 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{Monographs}}
               1036 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}}{Technical Reports}}
       featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                 in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
               1037 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
\prop@paperlist
                We generate a subsection with a refsection (this makes a separate bibliography for this section)
                 and activate the keys via \nocite. Then we just print the bibliography with the empty header
                 we created before.
               1038 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
               1039 \begin{refsection}%
               1040 \nocite{#2}\addtocategory{featured}{#2}%
               1041 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
               1042 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
               1043 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}
               1044 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
               1045 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
               1046 \verb|\if@allpapers\printbibliography[heading=empty]\fi\%
               1047 \let\bibfont\biboldfont%
               1048 \end{refsection}}
                    We only have to define the warnpubs and empty heading constructors
               1049 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
               1050 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
               1051 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
               1052
                     \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
               1053 {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                                      use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
               1054
                     {\prop@warnpubs@message%
               1056 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
               1057 \defbibheading{empty}{}
               1058 (/cls | reporting)
                 4.14
                        Miscellaneous
    \signatures
               1059 (*pdata)
               1060 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
               1061 \qquad \number\day. \number\month. \number\year\[6ex]
               1062 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\@for\@p:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
               1063 \wa@ref{person}\@p{personaltitle}^\wa@ref{person}\@p{name}\hfill}\}
          \@dmp
               1064 \def\@dmp#1{\ifkeys\marginpar{#1}\fi}
         \euro
               1065 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}
               1066 (/pdata)
```

References

- [Koh14a] Michael Kohlhase. Editorial Notes for LATEX. Tech. rep. Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (CTAN), 2014.
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- [Lon] Brent Longborough. gitinfo2.sty. A package for accessing metadata from the git dvcs. URL: http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/gitinfo2/gitinfo2.pdf (visited on 10/26/2014).