
Car Connectivity Consortium

MirrorLink®

Handling of Application Certificates

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Approved

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1 TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

2	ACMS	Application Certification Management System
3	BT	Bluetooth
4	ML	MirrorLink
5	OCSP	Online Certificate Status Protocol
6	RFB	Remote Framebuffer
7	UPnP	Universal Plug and Play
8	USB	Universal Serial Bus
9	VNC	Virtual Network Computing

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1 ABOUT

This document specifies the handling of MirrorLink Application Certificates from the MirrorLink Server device.

The specification lists a series of requirements, either explicitly or within the text, which are mandatory elements for a compliant solutions. Recommendations are given, to ensure optimal usage and to provide suitable performance. All recommendations are optional.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are following the notation as described in RFC 2119 [1].

1. MUST: This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
2. MUST NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "SHALL NOT", mean that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
3. SHOULD: This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
4. SHOULD NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with this label.
5. MAY: This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation which does not include a particular option MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation which does include a particular option MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)

2 APPLICATION CERTIFICATION CONCEPT

MirrorLink provides the ability to run certified applications on MirrorLink server devices that can be launched from the MirrorLink client device. In order to improve safety and ensure a quality user experience, an application certification program is implemented that will control, which applications can be used with MirrorLink in drive on in non-drive situations.

MirrorLink distinguishes three main categories of applications.

1. A **MirrorLink-Aware Application** describes an application that implements software interfaces, which can be used via MirrorLink. A MirrorLink-Aware Application does not have MirrorLink or CCC Member certification, as described below.
2. A **MirrorLink-Certified Application** describes the certification status of a MirrorLink-Aware Application, which is additionally fulfilling CCC application certification criteria. This category comes in two sub categories:
 - a. A **MirrorLink Base-Certified Application** is fulfilling CCC application certification criteria for basic MirrorLink Client and Server interoperability, usability and reliability.
 - b. A **MirrorLink Drive-Certified Application** is a MirrorLink Base-Certified Application, which is additionally approved by the CCC for use in a MirrorLink Client and Server system by a driver, while the vehicle is in motion.
3. A **Member-certified Application** describes the certification status of a MirrorLink-Aware Application, which is additionally fulfilling CCC Member application certification criteria. This category comes in two sub-categories:
 - a. A **Member Base-Certified Application** is fulfilling the CCC Member's certification criteria for basic MirrorLink Server and CCC Member's MirrorLink Client interoperability, usability and reliability.
 - b. A **Member Drive-Certified Application** is a Member Base-Certified Application and is approved by the CCC Member for use in a MirrorLink Server and CCC Member's MirrorLink Client system by a driver, while the vehicle in in motion.

Certified applications will have an Application Certificate containing information about the application, relevant for allowing it in drive or non-drive mode (App Info), along with information (App ID) how the application can be securely identified on the MirrorLink Server device.

As shown in Figure 1, an application is downloaded from any application store and installed on the MirrorLink Server device. The application may come with a self-signed application certificate, which provides necessary information for the application advertisements as a MirrorLink-Aware Application.

In addition, the MirrorLink Server will retrieve the Application's associated MirrorLink or Member Certificate from the Application Certificate Management System (ACMS). The application identification information is used to securely link the application certificate to the downloaded and installed application. The MirrorLink Server device will be able to validate with the ACMS, whether the available application certificate is still valid.

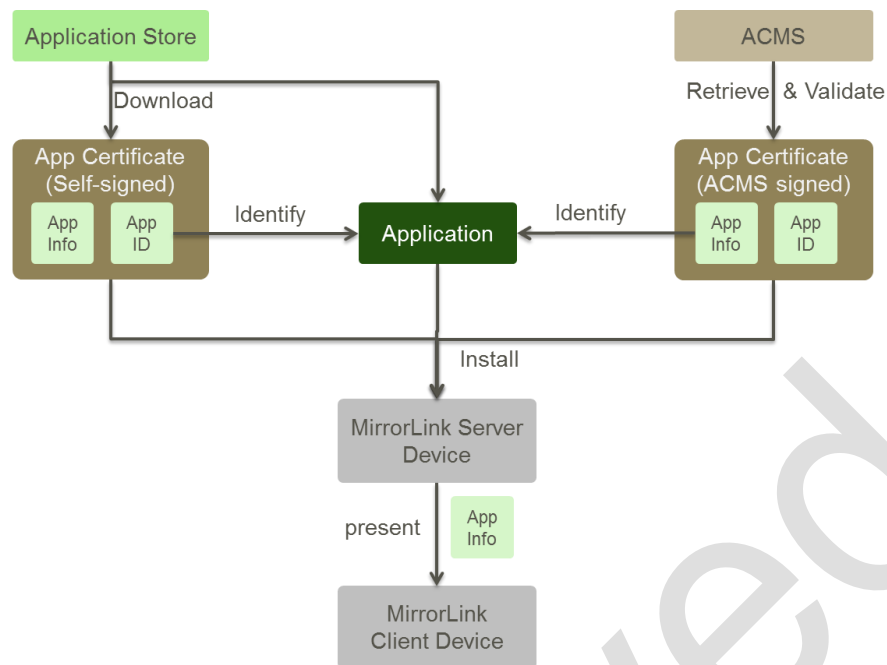


Figure 1: Application Certification Architecture (MirrorLink Server View)

The MirrorLink Server device will take the application information out of the validated application certificate and present the information to the MirrorLink Client devices.

Within this specification, we use the term **restricted** mode, to refer to the condition, when driver distraction rules have to be followed (e.g. while driving). The term **non-restricted** mode is used to refer to the condition, when driver distraction rules have not to be followed (e.g. while being parked).

3 APPLICATION CERTIFICATE STRUCTURE

3.1 X.509 Certificate

3.1.1 Application Certificate

Application Certificates MUST be a public key X.509 version 3 certificate as specified in [2].

MirrorLink uses long-lived Application Certificates. The signing Certification Authority SHOULD set an expiration date of 10 years from the date of signing, but it MUST NOT be longer than the expiration date of the signing root or intermediate certificate.

Application Certificates MUST use 2048-bit RSA keys with SHA-256 or SHA-512 signature algorithms.

3.1.2 Intermediate Certificate

Hierarchy of certification authorities (CAs) MAY be used for application certification. In case intermediate CAs are used, the entire certificate chain up to the root CA MUST be provided to the MirrorLink Server together with the application certificate.

The Intermediate certificate, which signed by the CCC root CA, MUST have a Common Name (CN) in the issuer information, identical to "ACMS CA"; otherwise the certificate MUST NOT be accepted. A valid example issuer information is given below:

```
Issuer: O=Car Connectivity Consortium, CN=ACMS CA
```

An Intermediate Certificate SHOULD have expiration date of 20 years from the date of signing, but it MUST NOT be longer than the expiration date of the signing root certificate.

Any Intermediate Certificate MUST use 4096-bit RSA keys with SHA-512 signature algorithms.

3.1.3 Root Certificate

The signing certification authority's Root Certificate, a hash of it or a hash of its public key MUST be stored in the MirrorLink Server. Access to the certificate's public key MUST be read-only.

Expiration date of the root certificate MUST be 20 year from the date of signing.

Root Certificate MUST use 4096-bit RSA keys with SHA-512 signature algorithms.

The Root Certificate MUST be identical to the DAP Root Certificate.

3.2 MirrorLink Extension

3.2.1 Extension Header

The X.509 extension header MUST have the following format. The CCC-MirrorLink Extension Id is provided from IANA. The identifier MUST be provided without any "<>" delimiter. Its value is outside the scope of this specification:

```
X509v3 extensions:
```

```
CCC-MirrorLink Extension:
```

```
extnId: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.2.1
```

```
critical: no
```

```
extnValue: DER:<DER encoded XML, as specified below>
```

The CCC-MirrorLink-OCSP extensions for queryPeriod, driveGrace and baseGrace are defined later on chapter 4.3

3.2.2 CCC-MirrorLink Extension Value

The DER encoded XML MUST follow the format below. Detailed description of the elements can be found in [6].

Element	Description	Parent	Availability
certificate	MirrorLink Application Certificate	–	Required
version	Version of the certificate Note: This version corresponds to the Certificate Version, mainly the structure of this XML. It does not correspond to the MirrorLink specification version.	certificate	Optional
majorVersion	Major Version (MUST be 1) Type: Unsigned integer Default: 1	version	Optional
minorVersion	Minor Version Type: Unsigned integer Default: 0	version	Optional
applIdentifier	Platform specific application identifier (defined in Appendix B)	certificate	Required
appListEntry	Application entry for the UPnP Application Server Service A_ARG_TYPE_AppList listing	certificate	Required
name	Application name	appListEntry	Required
providerName	Name of the application provider	appListEntry	Optional
providerURL	URL of the application provider's website	appListEntry	Optional
description	Text description of application	appListEntry	Optional
iconList	List of available application icons	appListEntry	Platform specific
icon*	Describes an application icon The MirrorLink server MUST include an icon for all applications with <protocolID> = VNC.	iconList	Platform specific
mimetype	Type of icon image (specified in [6]). (A_ARG_TYPE_String)	icon	Required
width	Width of icon (A_ARG_TYPE_INT)	icon	Required
height	Height of icon (A_ARG_TYPE_INT)	icon	Required
depth	Color depth of icon (A_ARG_TYPE_INT)	icon	Required
url	URL where icon is available within the install package (platform specific). (A_ARG_TYPE_URI)	icon	Required
applInfo	Information about the listed application	appListEntry	Optional

Element	Description	Parent	Availability
appCategory	Application category	applInfo	Optional
displayInfo	Information about display content	appListEntry	Optional
content Category	Visual content categories used	displayInfo	Optional
orientation	Display orientations supported.	displayInfo	Optional
audioInfo	Information about audio content	appListEntry	Optional
audioType	Audio type	audioInfo	Optional
content Category	Audio content categories used	audioInfo	Optional
appCert InfoEntry	Application entry for the UPnP Application Server Service A_ARG_TYPE_AppCertificateInfo listing	certificate	Required
appUUID	UUID of the application The UUID MUST be unique across all mobile device platform variants and application versions.	appCert InfoEntry	Optional
entity*	Certifying entity	appCert InfoEntry	Optional
name	Entity name Unique identifier of the entity certifying the application. Allowed values are specified in Table 2.	entity	Required
targetList	Target	entity	Optional
target*	Target name Entry is undefined in case of the CCC entity and MUST be ignored from the MirrorLink Client. Otherwise the format is OEM specific. The OEM MAY use this entry to implement a white and/or black list of supported targets.	targetList	Required
restricted	List of locales for restricted use	entity	Required
non Restricted	List of locales for non-restricted use	entity	Required
serviceList	List of used data services	entity	Optional
service*	Service name	serviceList	Required
properties	Application properties Contains an UTF-8 XML representation of certified application properties. The XML representation is out-of-scope of this specification.	appCert InfoEntry	Optional
server Properties	MirrorLink Server Properties	certificate	Required
platform	Platform supported from application A separate certificate is provided for each platform/runtime.	server Properties	Required

Element	Description	Parent	Availability
platformID	Platform identifier, as defined in Table 3.	platform	Required
blacklisted Platform Versions	Comma separated list of black-listed platform versions. Version information is platform specific. Version information MUST be complete. An empty version tag indicates that the application certificate is not dependent on a specific version of the host OS in question.	platform	Required
runtimeID	Runtime identifier, as defined in Table 4	platform	Required
blacklisted RuntimeVersions	Comma separated list of black-listed runtime versions. Version information is runtime specific. Version information MUST be complete. An empty version tag indicates that the application certificate is not dependent on a specific runtime version.	platform	Required

Table 1: MirrorLink Extension Header extnValue XML

Elements marked with a (*) can have multiple instances.

In case the entity is missing from the Application Certificate, the application MUST be treated as a MirrorLink-Aware application.

3.2.3 Certificate Signing Entities

The following entity names are currently registered with CCC. The MirrorLink Client MUST ignore any unknown entries.

Entity Name	Description
CCC	Car Connectivity Consortium The application follows application guidelines, as specified from CCC, for the certified regions.
DEVELOPER	MirrorLink Developer Application The application is a developer self-signed MirrorLink aware application, as specified in [8]. The application MAY NOT follow any application guidelines, as specified from the CCC.
ACMS	MirrorLink Aware Application The application is a self-signed MirrorLink aware application. The MirrorLink Server MUST check with the ACMS for a CCC or Member-signed certificate.
<Empty String> OR Tag missing OR Unknown entity name	MirrorLink Aware Application The application is a self-signed MirrorLink aware application. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT check with the ACMS for a CCC or Member-signed certificate.
<CCC Member Name>	CCC Member It is the member's responsibility that the application is following all necessary application guidelines. The unique list of CCC member names is maintained separately from this specification.

Entity Name	Description
	The CCC member name MUST be identical to the "manufacturer" entry in A_ARG_TYPE_ClientProfile structure as provided in the UPnP Set Client Profile service.

Table 2: Certificate Signing Entities

The MirrorLink Server MUST only consider a CCC Member certified application as a certified application,

- if the "manufacturer" entry set in the UPnP Client Profile is matching the certificate's signing entity in the A_ARG_TYPE_CertificateInfo entry and
- if any of the "name" entries in the certificate's signing entities is matching the certificate's signing entity in the AppCertFilter.

The application certificate MAY contain divergent certification related information, originating from a CCC signing entity and from a relevant member-signing entity (according to the above statement). In case the MirrorLink Server has to decide on the certification status of those applications, it MUST follow the rules given below:

- Merge the restricted/nonRestricted entries from the Member- and CCC-Certifying entities (Note: it does not matter, whether one locale is missing from one of the two lists, as the application is certified according to either the CCC or the Member-certification statement).
- Merge the serviceList entries from the Member- and CCC-Certifying entities.
- Use the targetList from the Member-Certifying Entity section (Note: this entry does not exist for CCC-Certifying entities)

3.2.4 MirrorLink Server Platform Identifier

The following platform identifiers and their respective versions are currently registered with CCC. The platform identifier MUST be used case-sensitive.

Known platform versions are covered in a separate document.

Platform Identifier	Description
Android	Android™
WP	Windows Phone
Symbian	Symbian™
MeeGo	MeeGo™
BlackBerry	BlackBerry®

Table 3: MirrorLink Server Platform Identifier

3.2.5 MirrorLink Server Runtime Identifier

The following runtime identifiers and their respective versions are currently registered with CCC. The runtime identifier MUST be used case-sensitive.

Runtime Identifier	Description	Known Runtime Versions
Native	Native environment	NOT USED

Table 4: MirrorLink Server Runtime Identifier

3.2.6 Application identifier

Each application MUST have an application identifier, which identifies a particular version of an application executable within the given platform. The MirrorLink Server MUST be able to detect any change to the application's executable after the application certificate has been signed. The application identifier MUST be used case-sensitive.

Platform specific identifiers are specified in separate documents.

3.2.7 Mapping of Locales

CCC has defined a set of guidelines for CCC drive certification in the European Union, North America and Japan. The following table lists the locales (for the appropriate regions), which MUST be included into the `restricted` element within the CCC signing entity, in case the application has passed the respective certification.

Regions	List of Locales
Default	EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA
European Union	EU,EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA
North America	EU,EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA,USA,CAN
Japan	EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA , JPN
Global	EU,EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA,USA,CAN,JPN,WORLD

Table 5: Mapping of Locales for CCC Drive Certification

CCC has defined a set of guidelines for CCC base certification, which are currently not region independent. The following table lists the locales, which MUST be included into the `nonRestricted` element within the CCC signing entity, in case the application has passed the respective certification. ¹

Regions	List of Locales
Default	EU,EPE,AMERICA,AUS,KOR,CHN,HKG,TPE,IND,APAC,AFRICA,USA,CAN,JPN,WORLD
European Union	
North America	
Japan	
Global	

Table 6: Mapping of Locales for CCC Base Certification

The entries are provided from the ACMS within the X.509 certificate. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT modify those. The CCC MAY decide to change the mappings, which would then be implemented by the ACMS; this is fully transparent to the MirrorLink Client and Server devices.

¹ CCC MAY define regional base-certification criteria in the future.

4 APPLICATION CERTIFICATE LIFE CYCLE

The Application Certificate Life Cycle of applications, coming with a self-signed Application Certificate, containing an "entity" tag with a "name" tag value of "DEVELOPER", are specified in [8].

The high-level Application Certificate life-cycle is given below, the detailed specification is described in the following sections.

1. The MirrorLink Server checks for the application certificate with the ACMS on application download for self-signed certificates with "ACMS" as a signing entity name.
2. On failure to retrieve the application certificate, the MirrorLink Server checks for the certificate again within the query period.
3. The MirrorLink Server will continue to perform step 2, until it can retrieve a certificate or after 6 month (whatever comes first); after 6 month, the MirrorLink Server will stop performing step 2 and the application is considered uncertified.
4. If a certificate is successfully retrieved by the MirrorLink Server, it performs OCSP checks within a query period
5. On failure to perform the OCSP check the MirrorLink Server performs the OCSP check again within the query period.
6. The MirrorLink Server will continue to perform step 5, until it can perform the OCSP check; after a grace period, the application will be considered unchecked; after a 6 month, the MirrorLink Server will stop performing step 5 and the application is considered uncertified.

4.1 Certificate Retrieval and Validation

4.1.1 Certificate Retrieval

An application, which is downloaded and installed from a market place or via other mechanism onto a MirrorLink certified server device MUST come with a MirrorLink developer self-signed Application Certificate.

In case that developer self-signed Application Certificate, does not contain an "entity" tag or an "name" tag with an empty string, the MirrorLink Server MUST treat the application as a MirrorLink-Aware Application and MUST NOT attempt to retrieve CCC distributed certificates from the ACMS.

In case that developer self-signed Application Certificate, does contain an "entity" tag with a "name" tag value of "ACMS", the MirrorLink Server MUST attempt to get a CCC distributed Application Certificate from the Application Certification Management System (ACMS), as defined in chapter 4.2.1. As long as the MirrorLink Application Certificate is not available, the MirrorLink application MUST be considered a MirrorLink-Aware Application.

The MirrorLink Server MUST use HTTP-GET to obtain the MirrorLink application certificate from the Application Certification Management System using the following URL:

```
http://acms.carconnectivity.org:80
```

The following GET command MUST be used to obtain the application certificate:

```
GET /obtainCertificate.html?  
    certificateVersion=1.0&  
    platformID=<Platform Identifier>&  
    runtimeID=<Runtime Identifier>&  
    appID=<applicationIdentifier>  
HTTP/1.1<CR><LF>  
Host: acms.carconnectivity.org:80<CR><LF>  
<CR><LF>
```

Note: Application identifier is platform specific

In case a sufficient data connection is available, the MirrorLink Server MUST initiate the application certificate retrieval according to the following time, whatever comes first:

- 1
 - Immediately when the MirrorLink Server is already in a MirrorLink session, or
- 2
 - As soon as the MirrorLink Server is entering into a MirrorLink session, or
- 3
 - Within 1h.
- 4 In case a sufficient data connection is not available, the MirrorLink Server MUST initiate the application
- 5 certificate retrieval not later than 1h after a sufficient data connection becomes available.
- 6 The ACMS's HTTP Server MUST return the application certificate and the entire chain of intermediate cer-
- 7 tificates, Base 64 encoded. Blank lines separate the certificates, starting from the certificate signed directly
- 8 by the CCC root CA.
- 9 Otherwise it MUST provide one of the following error codes:

HTTP Error Code	CCC Error Code	Description
1xx	N/A	MirrorLink Server MUST handle the HTTP response in compliance with the HTTP protocol (implementation specific).
200	N/A	MirrorLink Server MUST validate the receive application certificate, in accordance with section 4.1.2.
2xx	N/A	MirrorLink Server MUST handle the HTTP response in compliance with the HTTP protocol (implementation specific).
3xx	N/A	MirrorLink Server MUST handle the HTTP response in compliance with the HTTP protocol (implementation specific).
400	N/A	Bad request – The request cannot be fulfilled due to bad syntax (e.g. missing, empty or wrongly formatted parameter). The MirrorLink Server MUST consider the application as a MirrorLink-Aware Application. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT retry the request.
4xx	N/A	MirrorLink Server MUST NOT retry the request
500	800	No certificate available for the given parameter The MirrorLink Server MUST consider the application as a MirrorLink-Aware Application. The MirrorLink Server MUST retry between 50% and 100% of the query period after the last HTTP-Get attempt for at least 6 month.
500	801	Certification Database currently offline The MirrorLink Server MUST consider the application as a MirrorLink-Aware Application, if a certificate is not already on the server. The MirrorLink Server MUST retry between 1h and 24h after the last HTTP-Get attempt
500	8xx	Reserved for future use The MirrorLink Server MUST retry between 50% and 100% of the query period after the last HTTP-Get attempt for at least 6 month.
500	900	Certificate has been revoked. The MirrorLink Server MUST consider the application as a MirrorLink-Aware Application. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT retry the request.
500	9xx	Reserved for future use

HTTP Error Code	CCC Error Code	Description
		The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT retry the request.
500	xxx	Reserved for future use The MirrorLink Server MUST retry between 50% and 100% of the query period after the last HTTP-Get attempt for at least 6 month.
5xx	N/A	The MirrorLink Server MUST retry between 50% and 100% of the query period after the last HTTP-Get attempt for at least 6 month.

Table 7: Certificate Retrieval Error Codes

The CCC Error Code is provided in the HTTP response header, as described in the following example for CCC Error Code 800:

```

HTTP/1.0 500 Internal Server Error
Date: Thu, 22 Aug 2013 09:25:10 GMT
Pragma: no-cache
Expires: Thu, 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00 GMT
Cache-Control: no-cache
Cache-Control: no-store
Content-Type: text/plain
Content-Length: 3
X-Cache: MISS from firewall.HQ
X-Cache-Lookup: MISS from firewall.HQ:8080
Via: 1.0 firewall.HQ:8080 (squid/2.6.STABLE21)
Connection: close

800
    
```

4.1.2 Certificate Validation

If the MirrorLink Server detects a **newly** installed or reinstalled application, it MUST follow the steps given below:

- Validate the application certificate (i.e. check expiration dates, format, and signature)
- Validate the certificate's trust chain
- Validate the application identifier (i.e. check the application identifier with the installed package). This is platform specific.
- Validate that the application is certified for the MirrorLink Server's platform and runtime and that their versions are not blacklisted.
- Verify from the Application Certification Management System (ACMS) that the application certificate of the installed application has not been revoked. This step does require Internet connectivity to the ACMS.

If any of the above steps fail, the application is considered to be non-certified and the MirrorLink Server MUST NOT add the application to the certified application list (A_ARG_TYPE_CertifiedAppList). The MirrorLink Server SHOULD store the application identifier for later validation needs.

The following steps MUST be executed not later than the end of the query period since the last check.

- Validate the application certificate (i.e. check expiration dates, format, and signature)
- Validate the application identifier (i.e. check the application identifier with the installed package). This is platform specific.

- Validate that the application is certified for the MirrorLink Server's platform and runtime and that their versions are not blacklisted.

If any of the steps fail, the application is considered to be non-certified and the MirrorLink Server MUST NOT add the application to the certified application list (A_ARG_TYPE_CertifiedAppList).

The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT retry to download a new application certificate in case any of the following validation steps failed:

- Validation of the trust chain failed
- Validation of the certificate's signature failed
- Validation of the application identifier failed

The MirrorLink Server MUST retry to download a new application certificate between 50% and 100% of the query period after the last HTTP-Get attempt in case the following validation steps failed:

- Application certificate is expired
- Application is not certified for the MirrorLink Server's platform.
- Application is not certified for the MirrorLink Server's runtime.

Applications, which failed validation, MAY be included in the regular application list (A_ARG_TYPE_AppList). In the case, the application MUST NOT have a trust level of "Application Certificate".

The following Figure 2 shows the state machine diagram of the application certificate retrieval and validation process.

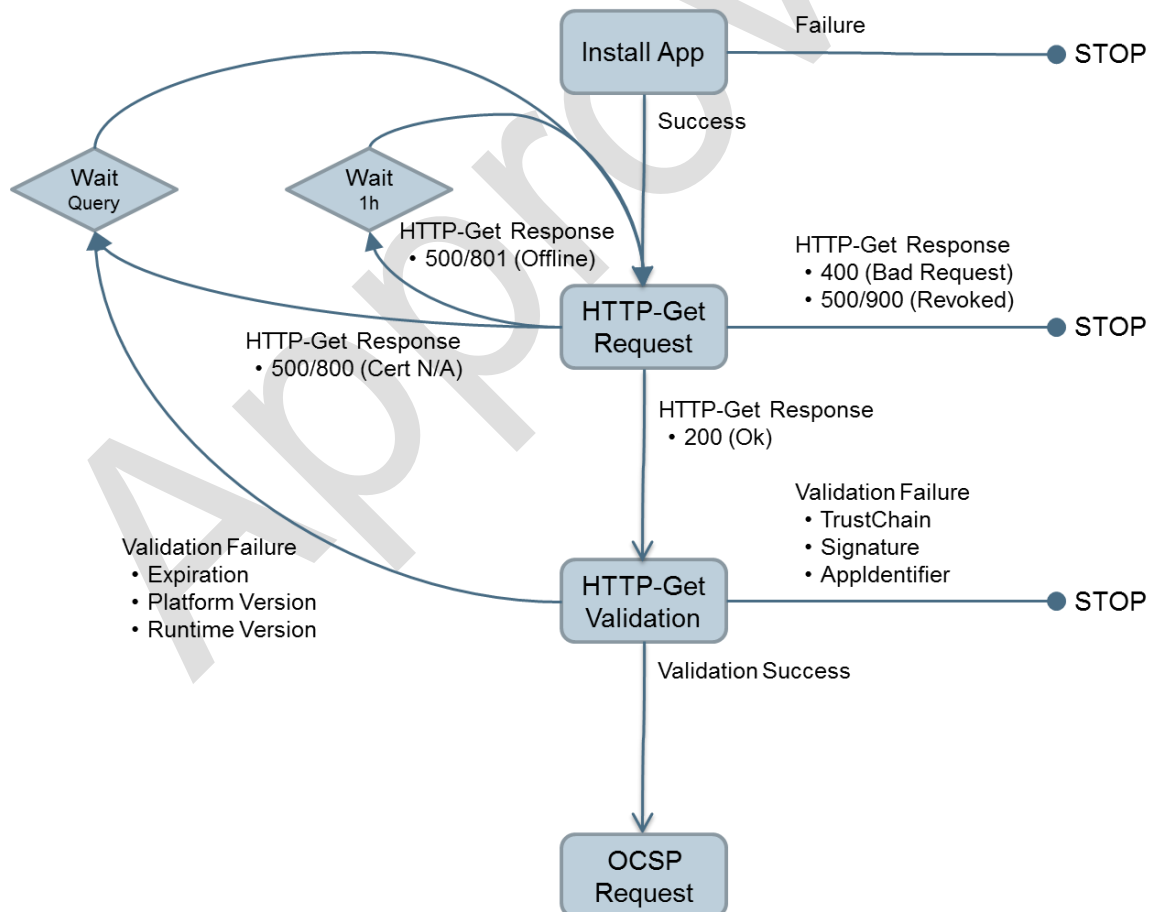


Figure 2: State Machine Diagram - Certificate Retrieval and Validation

4.1.3 Testing Considerations

For Certification Validation testing purposes during MirrorLink device certification, the MirrorLink Server MUST accept the CTS root certificate to validate application certificates distributed by the ACMS. This Test Mode MUST NOT be accessible in production devices.

4.2 Certificate Revocation Checks

4.2.1 Revocation Protocol

Rather than downloading Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL), the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) [5] is used to verify the status of certificates. The URI, where the MirrorLink Server MUST ask for the certificate status, MUST be available from the AuthorityInfoAccess (AIA) field, as defined in[3], in the certificate. OCSP responses are signed.

The structure of the OCSP request is given in

```
OCSPRequest := SEQUENCE {
    tbsRequest          TBSRequest,
    optionalSignature   [0] EXPLICIT Signature OPTIONAL }

TBSRequest := SEQUENCE {
    version              [0] EXPLICIT Version DEFAULT v1,
    requestorName        [1] EXPLICIT GeneralName OPTIONAL,
    requestList          SEQUENCE OF Request,
    requestExtensions    [2] EXPLICIT Extensions OPTIONAL }

Request ::= SEQUENCE {
    reqCert              CertID,
    singleRequestExtensions [0] EXPLICIT Extensions OPTIONAL }

CertID ::= SEQUENCE {
    hashAlgorithm        AlgorithmIdentifier,
    issuerNameHash       OCTET STRING,
    issuerKeyHash         OCTET STRING,
    serialNumber          CertificateSerialNumber }
```

The optional elements `optionalSignature` is not required

The OCSP request is using the following elements, as specified in [5]:

- **hashAlgorithm** identifies the hash algorithm used – Must use at least SHA256
- **issuerNameHash** is the hash calculated over the DER encoding of the issuer's name field in the certificate being checked.
- **issuerKeyHash** is the hash calculated over the value (excluding tag and length) of the subject public key field in the issuer's certificate.
- **serialNumber** is the serial number of the certificate for which status is being requested

The MirrorLink Server MUST include a Nonce extension, with a random nonce value, into the OCSP request to prevent any replay attack. The MirrorLink Server MUST ignore any OCSP response, if the Signature is either missing or wrong, or if the key of the issuing certificate is not the CCC root certificate.

OCSP responses MUST be signed, with the signature algorithm and key of the issuing certificate.

The structure of the OCSP response is given in:

```
OCSPResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
    responseStatus      OCSPResponseStatus,
    responseBytes       [0] EXPLICIT ResponseBytes OPTIONAL
}

OCSPResponseStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
```

```
1      successful          (0), --Response has valid confirmations
2      malformedRequest    (1), --Illegal confirmation request
3      internalError       (2), --Internal error in issuer
4      tryLater            (3), --Try again later
5                          --(4) is not used
6      sigRequired         (5), --Must sign the request
7      unauthorized        (6)  --Request unauthorized
8  }
9  ResponseBytes ::= SEQUENCE {
10     responseType         OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
11     response              OCTET STRING
12  }
```

OCSP responses MUST be of responseType “id-pkix-ocsp-basic”.

```
15  BasicOCSPResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
16     tbsResponseData       ResponseData,
17     signatureAlgorithm     AlgorithmIdentifier,
18     signature              BIT STRING,
19     certs                  [0] EXPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Certificate
20                           OPTIONAL
21  }
22  ResponseData ::= SEQUENCE {
23     version                [0] EXPLICIT Version DEFAULT v1,
24     responderID             ResponderID,
25     producedAt              GeneralizedTime,
26     responses               SEQUENCE OF SingleResponse,
27     responseExtensions      [1] EXPLICIT Extensions OPTIONAL
28  }
29  ResponderID ::= CHOICE {
30     byName                  [1] Name,
31     byKey                   [2] KeyHash
32  }
33  KeyHash ::= OCTET STRING -- SHA-1 hash of responder's public key
34  (excluding the tag and length fields)
35
36  SingleResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
37     certID                  CertID,
38     certStatus              CertStatus,
39     thisUpdate              GeneralizedTime,
40     nextUpdate              [0] EXPLICIT GeneralizedTime,
41     singleExtensions        [1] EXPLICIT Extensions OPTIONAL
42  }
43  CertStatus ::= CHOICE {
44     good                    [0] IMPLICIT NULL,
45     revoked                 [1] IMPLICIT RevokedInfo,
46     unknown                 [2] IMPLICIT UnknownInfo
47  }
48  RevokedInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
49     revocationTime          GeneralizedTime,
50     revocationReason        [0] EXPLICIT CRLReason OPTIONAL
51  }
52  UnknownInfo ::= NULL -- this can be replaced with an enumeration
53
```

The MirrorLink Server MUST use OCSP over HTTP to send and receive OCSP requests and responses. Their formatting is specified in Appendix A of [5]. The signature algorithm MUST be RSA with at least 2048 bits with at least SHA-256. The ACMS MUST include a Nonce extension, with the nonce value provided from the MirrorLink Server, into the OCSP response.

The MirrorLink Server MUST take the following actions for the respective application certificate, in case the `ocspResponseStatus` has a value, indicated below:

- `tryLater`: MUST retry within 50% to 100% of the query period, since last OCSP request
- `internalError`: MUST retry within 50% to 100% of the restricted-grace period, since last OCSP request
- `malformedRequest`: MUST NOT send any further OCSP requests
- `sigRequired`: MUST NOT send any further OCSP requests
- `unauthorized`: MUST NOT send any further OCSP requests

The MirrorLink Server MUST take the following actions for the respective application certificate, in case the `ocspResponseStatus` is successful and the `certStatus` has a value, indicated below:

- `unknown`: MUST NOT send any further OCSP requests
- `good`: See section 4.2.2
- `revoked`: See section 4.2.3 and 4.2.4

The MirrorLink Server MUST retry the OCSP request within 50% to 100% of the query period, since last OCSP request, in case OCSP response fails validation at least one of the following checks:

- Validation of the certificate trust chain
- Validation of the response signature
- Validation that the nonce value matched the one from the OCSP request

The MirrorLink Server MUST continue to retry until receiving a response, which does not require a further retry, or until receiving retry responses for at least 6 month.

The OCSP response MAY include multiple entries. The MirrorLink Server MUST evaluate each individual entry according to the above.

The following Figure 3 shows the state machine diagram of the application certificate revocation process.

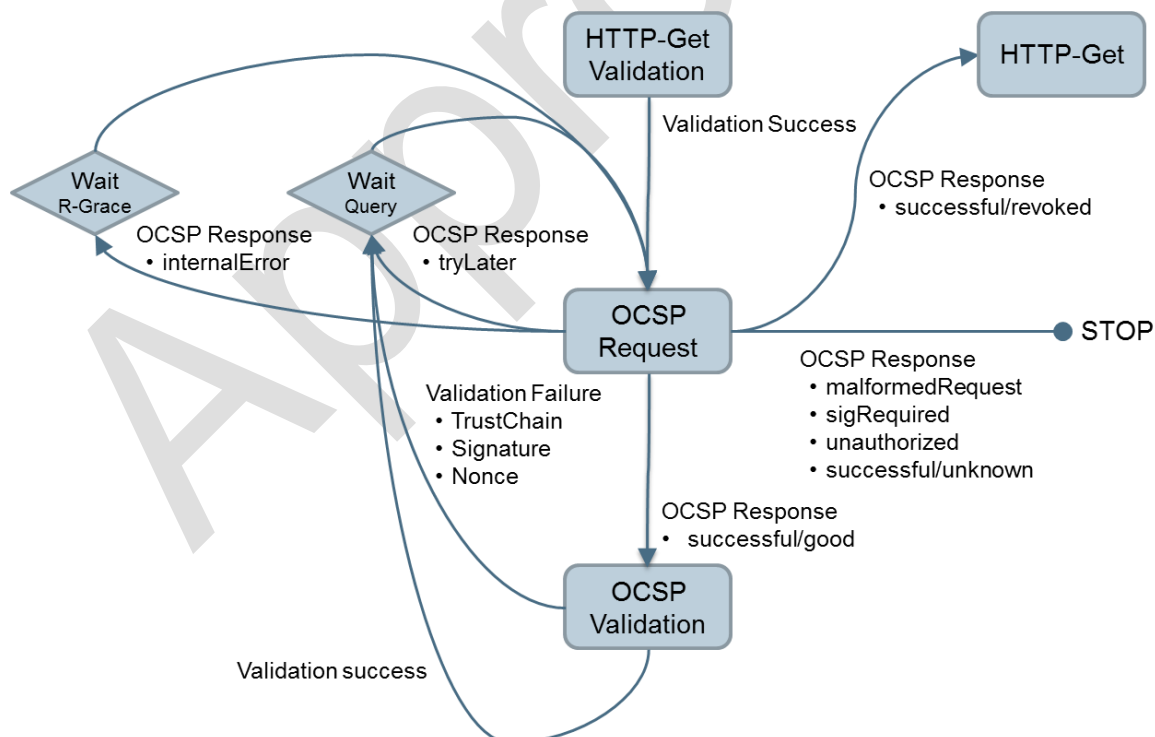


Figure 3: State Machine Diagram - Certificate Revocation Checks

In certain conditions, as given above, the MirrorLink Server MUST retry the initial OCSF request for at least 6 months within Query period times. This behavior is shown in the following Figure 4, for an example query and restricted (R) and non-restricted (NR) grace periods.

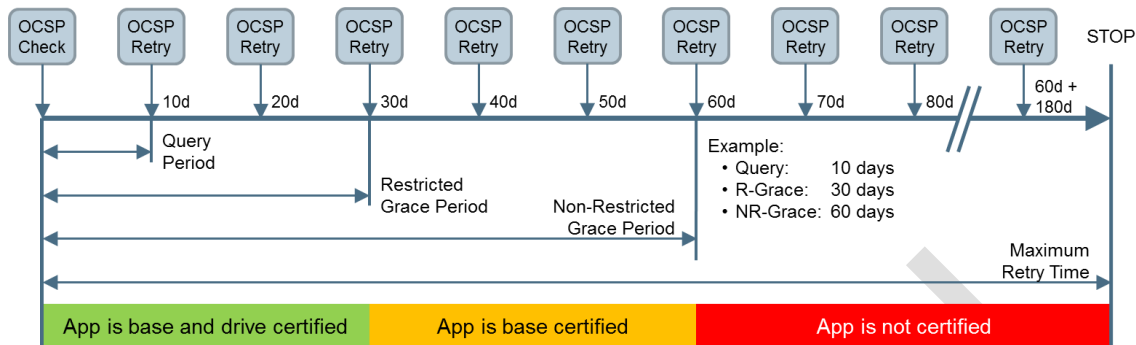


Figure 4: Example Retries of OCSF Requests

4.2.2 Certificate Valid

The MirrorLink Server MUST consider an application certificate to be valid, if

- The OCSF "certStatus" is "good".

The MirrorLink Server MUST update the relevant entries (e.g. AppList and CertifiedApplicationList) through the UPnP Application Server Service, whenever an application's certificate is getting validated, after it had been previously considered unchecked. The MirrorLink Server MUST immediately inform the MirrorLink Client about the updated entries through an UPnP AppListUpdate event. The application's appID value in the AppList MUST NOT change due to a validated application certificate.

4.2.3 Certificate Revoked

The ACMS will need to revoke an application certificate in one of the following cases:

- On request by the application developer or
- On request by the Application Certification Body, when a critical driver distraction issue has been detected within the application.

The MirrorLink Server MUST consider an application certificate to be revoked if

- The OCSF "certStatus" is "revoked" and
- The ACMS returns the HTTP-Get response with Error Code 500/900, when requesting a new certificate for the same application. Possible HTTP-Get retry behavior MUST be followed, as specified in Table 7.

Until the ACMS returns the HTTP-Get response with Error Code 500/900, the MirrorLink Server MUST NOT change the certification status of the application, or extend or reset the query and grace periods. But the MirrorLink Server MUST treat the certificate as being unchecked, specified in section 4.2.5, if it fails to retrieve the HTTP-Get response within the remaining grace periods.

The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT send any further HTTP-Get and OCSF request for a revoked application certificate. The MirrorLink Server MUST consider any application, which application certificate got revoked, as a non-certified application.

The MirrorLink Server MUST update the relevant entries (e.g. AppList and CertifiedApplicationList) through the UPnP Application Server Service, whenever an application's certificate is revoked. The MirrorLink Server MUST immediately inform the MirrorLink Client about the updated entries through an UPnP AppListUpdate event. The application's appID value in the AppList MUST NOT change due to a revoked application certificate.

4.2.4 Certificate Updated

The ACMS will need to update an application certificate² in one of the following cases:

1. The current application certificate expired or
2. Entries within the current application certificate have been added or
3. Entries within the current application certificate have been removed

The MirrorLink Server MUST consider an application certificate as to be updated if

- The OCSP "certStatus" is "revoked" and
- The ACMS returns the HTTP-Get response with Error Code 200, when requesting a new certificate for the same application. Possible HTTP-Get retry behavior MUST be followed, as specified in Table 7.

Until the new application certificate has been received, the MirrorLink Server MUST NOT change the certification status of the application, or extend or reset the query and grace periods. But the MirrorLink Server MUST treat the certificate as being unchecked, specified in section 4.2.5, if it fails to retrieve and validate the new application certificate within the remaining grace periods.

The retrieved updated application certificate MUST be validated (in accordance with section 4.1.2), including an OCPS request for the updated application certificate.

The MirrorLink Server MUST update the certification status of the updated application through the relevant entries (e.g. AppList and CertifiedApplicationList) through the UPnP Application Server Service, whenever an application's certificate is updated. The MirrorLink Server MUST immediately inform the MirrorLink Client about the updated entries through an UPnP AppListUpdate event. The application's appID value in the AppList MUST NOT change due to an updated application certificate.

4.2.5 Unchecked Certificates

An unchecked certificate is a certificate, which revocation status has not been determined during either the restricted or non-restricted grace period. The MirrorLink Server MUST continue checking for the revocation status for at least 6 month after the application certificate became unchecked. After 6 month, the MirrorLink Server MAY stop checking.

The MirrorLink Server MUST update the certification status of the updated application through the relevant entries (e.g. AppList and CertifiedApplicationList) through the UPnP Application Server Service, whenever an application's certificate is becoming unchecked. The MirrorLink Server MUST immediately inform the MirrorLink Client about the updated entries through an UPnP AppListUpdate event. The application's appID value in the AppList MUST NOT change due to an unchecked application certificate.

In case an application's certificate becomes unchecked for restricted drive mode, the MirrorLink Server

- MUST set the restricted entry in the A_ARG_TYPE_CertificateInfo to an Empty String, and
- MUST disable the car mode bit in the displayInfo/contentCategory value of the application's A_ARG_TYPE_AppList entry and in the respective VNC Context Information.

In case an application's certificate becomes unchecked for both drive and non-drive mode, the MirrorLink Server

- MUST NOT provide A_ARG_TYPE_CertificateInfo, and
- MUST disable the car mode bit in the displayInfo/contentCategory value of the application's A_ARG_TYPE_AppList entry and in the respective VNC Context Information, and
- MUST NOT set both trustLevel entries in the application's A_ARG_TYPE_AppList entry and in the respective VNC Context Information to "0x00A0" (Application certificate).

² Note that an updated application certificate does not change the application.

The MirrorLink Server MUST consider any application, with an unchecked application certificate for both drive and park mode, as a non-certified MirrorLink-Aware Application.

The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT remove the application certificate.

The MirrorLink Server MUST provide access to the application certificate from the MirrorLink Client via the `appCertificateURL` value of the application's `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList` entry, if the application with an unchecked certificate is included in the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList`.

4.2.6 Testing Consideration

For OSCP testing purposes during MirrorLink device certification, the MirrorLink Server MUST accept the CTS root certificate to validate responses from the ACMS. This Test Mode MUST NOT be accessible in production devices.

For OSCP testing purposes during MirrorLink device certification, the MirrorLink Server MUST provide a mechanism for the test engineer to manually trigger an OSCP certificate revocation check any time.

4.3 Query and Grace Periods

4.3.1 Query Period

The MirrorLink Server MUST verify from the ACMS, whether any application certificate has been revoked. Validation MUST happen within 50% to 100% of the query period, if sufficient connectivity is available. It MUST NOT be necessary for the MirrorLink Server device to be connected to a MirrorLink Client device in order to validate the MirrorLink application certificates. Validation REQUIRES a data connection to the Internet. The MirrorLink Server MAY offer different methods for Internet access, like 2G/3G/4G cellular connectivity, access to Wi-Fi networks, via a PC or via other means.

Definition: *Query Period* - Number of hours between status checks by the MirrorLink Server. The query period can be changed by the Application Certification Management System. The initial notional period is 168 hours (7 days).

The MirrorLink Server MAY provide a mechanism to manually trigger an OSCP certificate revocation check any time.

The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT start the query period timer, prior the first connection establishment to a MirrorLink Client.

Failure to receive an OSCP response MUST NOT invalidate any application certificate, or extend or reset the query period.

The sequence of OSCP checks within the query period is shown in the following Figure 5.

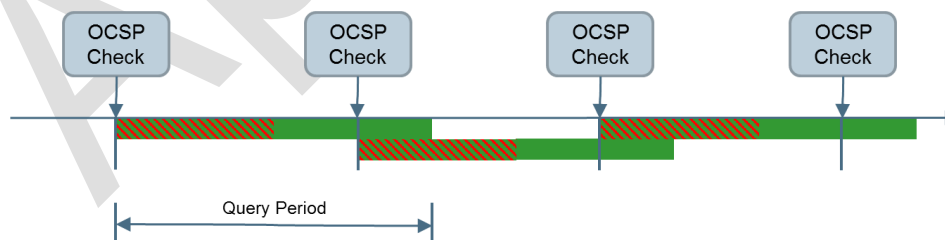


Figure 5: OSCP Checks - Within Query Period

If a successful OSCP response is not received within the query period, the MirrorLink MUST enter the grace period. OSCP certificate revocation checks during the query period MUST NOT require an ongoing MirrorLink connection. If the query period is set to 0, all application MUST be checked on MirrorLink connection setup.

The Query Period applies to all applications installed on the MirrorLink Server. Different query periods SHALL NOT be tracked for individual applications. The MirrorLink Server MUST use the Query Period

provided in the most recent valid OCSF response. Updates to the Query period MUST NOT be applied retroactively to applications, which are already in their Query period. The MirrorLink Server MAY synchronize all OCSF requests locally on the device, but MUST NOT aim to synchronize requests across devices³.

4.3.2 Grace Period

In case the MirrorLink Server cannot access the OCSF server within the query period, the query period can be extended.

Definition: *Restricted Grace Period* - The number of hours without a successful query before a MirrorLink Server no longer allows an application, with an application certificate distributed by CCC, to be used in restricted mode. The restricted grace period can be changed by the Application Certification Management System. The initial notional restricted grace period is 720 hours (30 days). This is the maximum time that a MirrorLink application, certified for restricted use, that has had its certification revoked, can be used in restricted mode in the field.

Definition: *Non-restricted Grace Period* - The number of hours without a successful query before a MirrorLink Server no longer allows an application, with an application certificate distributed by CCC, to be used in non-restricted mode. The non-restricted grace period can be changed by the Application Certification Management System. The initial notional non-restricted grace period is 2160 hours (90 days). This is the maximum time that an app that has had its certification revoked can be used with a MirrorLink head unit in the field.

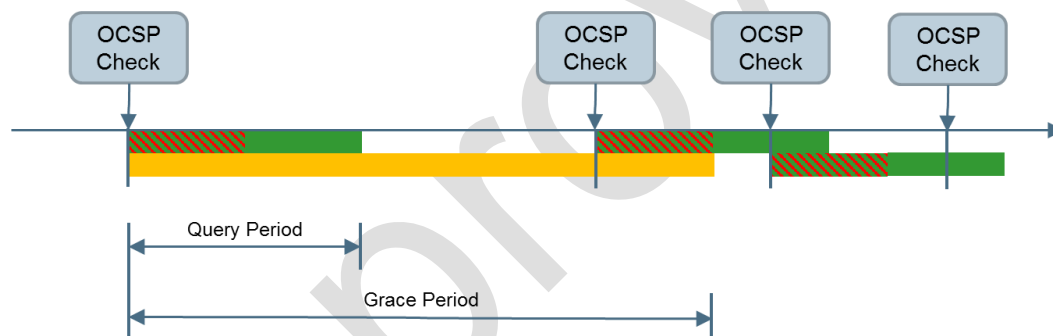


Figure 6: OCSF Checks - Within Grace Period

The sequence of OCSF checks within the grace period is shown in the following Figure 6.

In case the application certificate is within the grace period, the MirrorLink Server MUST send an OCSF request within 1h after sufficient connectivity becomes available.

Applications, which fail to receive a OCSF certificate revocation check within the respective grace period MUST be considered unchecked, as specified in 4.2.5. If the respective grace period is equal to the query period, all affected application certificates MUST be immediately considered unchecked, as specified in 4.2.5, when there is no successful OCSF response received within the query period. The grace periods MUST NOT be smaller than the query period.

The sequence of successful OCSF checks after the grace period is shown in the following Figure 7, leaving the application not certified for a brief period of time, until the next successful OCSF check.

³ The MirrorLink Server MAY send the first OCSF request earlier than 50% of the query period, for a newly installed application certificate, in order to synchronize all requests on the device.

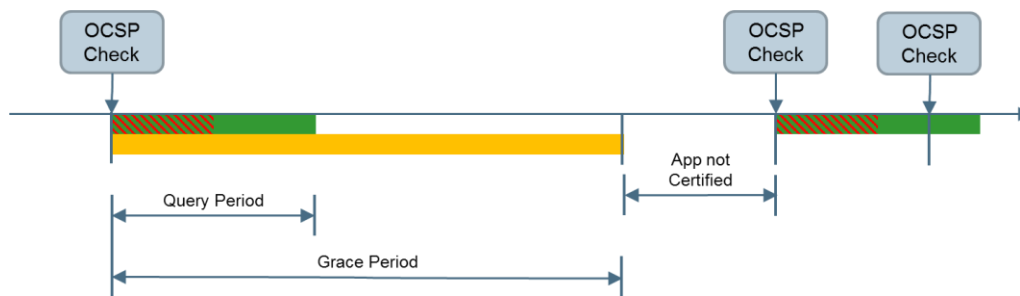


Figure 7: OSCP Checks - After Grace Period

The interaction between the query, restricted (R) grace and non-restricted (NR) grace periods and their dependencies on the application certification status of a drive-certified application is shown in Figure 8.

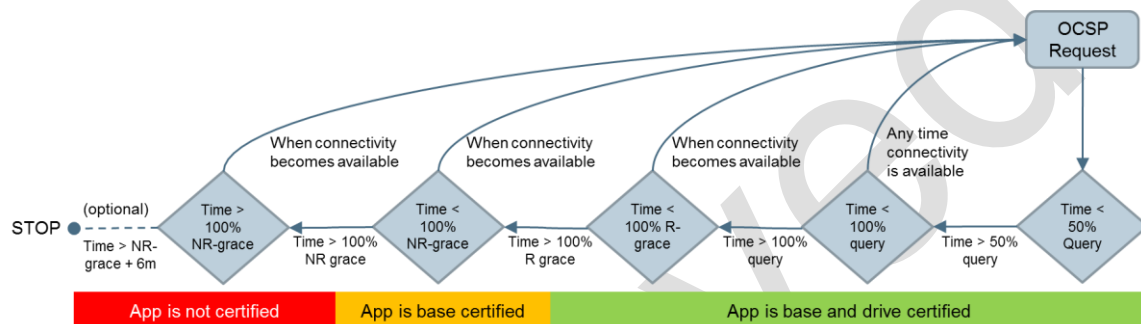


Figure 8: Dependencies of Query and Grace Periods on App Certification Status

Failure to receive an OSCP response MUST NOT extend or reset the respective grace period. Failure to receive a successful OSCP response within the respective grace period MUST be notified to the user. An OSCP request during the grace period MUST NOT require an ongoing MirrorLink connection.

The Grace Periods applies to all applications installed on the MirrorLink Server. Different grace periods SHALL NOT be tracked for individual applications. The MirrorLink Server MUST use the Grace Periods provided in the most recent valid OSCP response. Updates to the Grace period MUST NOT be applied retrospectively to applications, which are already in their Grace period.

4.3.3 Period Update

The ACMS MUST provide an update to the revocation and grace period on every certificate revocation check.

The ACMS MUST use the responseExtension field of the following structure:

```
Extensions ::= SEQUENCE {
    queryPeriod    [0] EXPLICIT queryPeriod DEFAULT 168,
    driveGrace     [1] EXPLICIT restrictedGrace DEFAULT 720,
    baseGrace      [2] EXPLICIT nonRestrictedGrace DEFAULT 2160
}
```

All values are given in hours.

The response extension values are identified via the following identifiers:

```
CCC-MirrorLink-OCSP-queryPeriod Extension:
    extnId:    1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.1
    critical:   no
    extnValue:  DER:INTEGER

CCC-MirrorLink-OCSP-driveGrace Extension:
    extnId:    1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.2
```

```
critical: no
extnValue: DER:INTEGER

CCC-MirrorLink-OCSP-baseGrace Extension:
extnId: 1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.3
critical: no
extnValue: DER:INTEGER
```

An example OCSP response is given in Appendix A, which includes the query and grace periods update.

Query and Grace Period updates are governed by the CCC, as described within a separate Process Management Document (PMD). It has to be understood that in case the query and grace period are both set to zero and the MirrorLink Server does not have network coverage, no certified applications are available.

Approved

5 HANDLING OF APPLICATIONS WITH A CERTIFICATE DISTRIBUTED BY CCC

5.1 Application Installation

If the installation of an application fails, the MirrorLink Server device MUST NOT install the Application's Certificate.

The installation of an application can happen, while the MirrorLink Server device is not connected to a MirrorLink Client device.

If the installation of an application succeeds, the MirrorLink Server device MUST follow the steps defined in Chapter 4.1 to retrieve the Application's Certificate distributed by the CCC. If the application comes with an Application Certificate, distributed by the CCC, the MirrorLink Server MUST validate it, as defined in Chapter 4.1.2.

The MirrorLink Server MUST treat a re-installation or update of any MirrorLink-Certified or Member-Certified Application as a fresh installation as defined above. The MirrorLink Server MUST then trigger the retrieval and installation of the new application certificate. The MirrorLink Server MUST update the certification status of the re-installed application through the relevant entries (e.g. `AppList` and `CertifiedApplicationList`) through the UPnP Application Server Service immediately.

The MirrorLink Server MUST remove the Application Certificate of any MirrorLink-Certified or Member-Certified Application, which has been updated with a new version, which does not have such an Application Certificate.

5.2 Application Filtering

The basic underlying assumption is that any MirrorLink-Certified or Member-Certified Application, successfully installed on a MirrorLink certified Server device is going to show up on a MirrorLink certified Client device. Some level of filter MAY happen at the Server and/or Client side. Filtering MUST be transparent to the end-user. In addition to such applications, any MirrorLink Server device MAY have other application as well.

Definition: Certified Application List – List of applications, which have been successfully installed on a MirrorLink Server device, and which are MirrorLink-Certified or Member-Certified.

Definition: Non-Certified Application List – List of applications, which have been successfully installed on a MirrorLink Server device, and which are MirrorLink-Aware, but not already included in the Certified Application List.

A Member-Certified Application MUST be treated as a MirrorLink-Aware Application, if the list of signing entities does not include "CCC", the manufacturer's name (as provided from the UPnP Client Profile service), or the `AppCertFilter`'s entity name (as used in the UPnP Application Server service).

From the available, installed applications, the MirrorLink Server MAY report (i.e. advertise) only a subset to the MirrorLink Client. This Server-side filtering can be described as follows:

Definition: Reported Certified Application List – List of applications, which have an application certificate distributed by CCC, and which are included into UPnP Application advertisements via `GetCertifiedApplicationsList` action. List is subject to the use of the `AppCertFilter`.

Definition: Reported Non-Certified Application List – List of applications, which are included into UPnP Application advertisements via `GetApplicationList` action. List is subject to the use of the `AppListingFilter`.

The MirrorLink Server MUST include all application from the Certified Application List in the Reported Certified Application List. Exceptions MUST be approved from the Certification Body.

The MirrorLink Server MUST include any application, listed in the Reported Certified Application List, into the Reported Non-Certified Application List.

The MirrorLink Server MAY NOT include every application from the Non-Certified Application List into the Reported Non-Certified Application List. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT include any application from the Non-Certified Application List in the Reported Certified Application List.

MirrorLink Clients MUST filter non-certified applications independent of the MirrorLink Server's version; i.e. if a MirrorLink Client provides access to a non-certified applications in park mode from a MirrorLink 1.0 Server, it MUST provide access to the same applications from a MirrorLink 1.1 Server as well.

From the reported application lists, the MirrorLink Client MAY show only a subset to the end-user on its MirrorLink Client display. This Client-side filtering can be described as follows:

Definition: *Presented Certified Application List* – List of MirrorLink Reported Certified applications, from the Reported Certified Application List, which are available from the MirrorLink Client.

Definition: *Presented Non-Certified Application List* – List of MirrorLink Reported Non-Certified applications, from the Reported Non-Certified Application List, which are available from the MirrorLink Client.

The MirrorLink Client MUST include all applications from the Reported Certified Application List in the Presented Certified Application List, while in Non-Drive Mode. The MirrorLink Client MUST include all Drive-Certified applications from the Reported Certified Application List into the Presented Certified Application List, while in Drive Mode. Exceptions MUST be approved from the Certification Body.

The MirrorLink Client MUST NOT show the graphical user interface of any non-drive-certified application on the MirrorLink Client display, within Drive Mode at any time. The MirrorLink Client SHOULD NOT list applications, which are not drive-certified within Drive Mode.

Exception: A MirrorLink 1.1 Client MAY show non-certified Car Mode applications from select⁴ MirrorLink 1.0 Servers, while in drive mode, depending on application context information. Those Car Mode applications MUST be limited to the following application categories:

- 0x0001 0001: Home Screen
- 0x0002 0000: General Phone Call applications
- 0x0003 0001: Music
- 0x0005 0000: General Navigation

5.3 Updating UPnP Application Server Services

5.3.1 Eventing

The MirrorLink Server MUST notify the MirrorLink Client, using the UPnP eventing mechanism for the AppListUpdate status variable for any of the following reasons:

1. A application has been added to the reported certified or non-certified application list or
2. An application has been removed from the reported certified or non-certified application list or
3. Certificate, distributed by CCC, has been updated

5.3.2 A_ARG_TYPE_AppList

The MirrorLink Server MUST include all applications on the Reported Certified and Reported Non-Certified Application List, as defined in chapter 5.2, into the response to the UPnP Application Server Service's GetApplicationList action, if the application matches the AppListingFilter filter criteria. The

⁴ Selected because of the known qualifications of the MirrorLink Server manufacturer with respect to the shown Car Mode applications.

MirrorLink Server MAY provide a mechanism allowing the end-user to prevent the inclusion of an application into the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList`. In that case the MirrorLink Server MUST provide a mechanisms to allow the end-user to add the application back to the application listing. This mechanism allows the end-user to restrict the available list of applications to his preferred ones.

The MirrorLink Server MUST copy all entries from the Application Certificate, matching the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList` entries. The MirrorLink Server MUST NOT set any entry, which is missing from the application certificate, to anything other but to the default value in the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList`. The MirrorLink Server MAY change the following entries in the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList`, but this MUST be done only for localization purposes:

- `name`
- `providerName`
- `providerURL`
- `description`

The MirrorLink Server MUST replace the `icon/url` entry, according to the platform specific rules (in case those exist).

If the validated Application Certificate has been distributed by the AMCS, the MirrorLink Server MUST set both Trust Level entries to `"0x00A0"` (Application Certificate) in the UPnP `A_ARG_TYPE_AppList` as well as in the VNC Context Information, otherwise the MirrorLink Server MUST set the Trust Level entries to `"0x0080"` (Registered application) or `"0x0060"` (Self-registered application).

The MirrorLink Server MUST provide a link to the application certificate in the `appCertificateURL` entry for any application on the Reported Certified Application List, if the application certificate has been distributed by CCC, as being distributed from the ACMS.

5.3.3 *A_ARG_TYPE_CertifiedAppList*

The MirrorLink Server MUST include all applications on the Reported Certified Application List, as defined in chapter 5.2, into the response to the UPnP Application Server service's `GetCertifiedApplicationsList` action, if the application matches the `AppCertFilter` filtering criteria.

The MirrorLink Server MAY provide a mechanism allowing the end-user to prevent the inclusion of an application into the `A_ARG_TYPE_CertifiedAppList`. In that case the MirrorLink Server MUST provide a mechanisms to allow the end-user to add the application back to the certified application listing.

5.3.4 *A_ARG_TYPE_AppCertificateInfo*

The MirrorLink Server MUST use all entries, unmodified, from the Application Certificate, matching the `A_ARG_TYPE_AppCertificateInfo` entries for the given application.

6 REFERENCES

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<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3281.txt>
- [3] IETF, RFB 2459, “Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and CRL Profile”, January 1999,
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2459.txt>
- [4] IETF, RFC 5280, “Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile”, May 2008,
<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5280>
- [5] IETF, RFC 6960, “X.509 Internet Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol - OCSP”, June 2013,
<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6960>
- [6] Car Connectivity Consortium, “MirrorLink - Application Server Service”, Version 1.1; CCC-TS-024
- [7] Car Connectivity Consortium, “MirrorLink – VNC based Display and Control”, Version 1.1, CCC-TS-010
- [8] Car Connectivity Consortium, “MirrorLink - Handling of Application Developer Certificates”, Version 1.1, CCC-TS-044

APPENDIX A – OCSP REQUEST & RESPONSE EXAMPLE

An example OCSP request is given below.

OCSP Request Data:

Version: 1 (0x0)

Requestor List:

Certificate ID:

Hash Algorithm: sha1

Issuer Name Hash: 8809099A55F562E1EA13273360FFB7F50B76F508

Issuer Key Hash: BF37183EB53B43AD1D7237E59CE2FC4DF96C7BFC

Serial Number: 6D

Request Extensions:

OCSP Nonce:

041035DA009D2912E3CEC403D34B319228D9

An example OCSP response is given below, which includes the query and grace periods update.

Note: The phrase < ... > indicates that the content has been shortened for readability purpose.

OCSP Response Data:

OCSP Response Status: successful (0x0)

Response Type: Basic OCSP Response

Version: 1 (0x0)

Responder Id: BF37183EB53B43AD1D7237E59CE2FC4DF96C7BFC

Produced At: May 16 12:57:44 2013 GMT

Responses:

Certificate ID:

Hash Algorithm: sha1

Issuer Name Hash: 8809099A55F562E1EA13273360FFB7F50B76F508

Issuer Key Hash: BF37183EB53B43AD1D7237E59CE2FC4DF96C7BFC

Serial Number: 6D

Cert Status: good

This Update: May 16 12:57:44 2013 GMT

Response Extensions:

1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.1:

24

1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.3:

22

OCSP Nonce:

041035DA009D2912E3CEC403D34B319228D9

1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.1.2:

12

Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption

17:56:33:9e:9e:80:93:4b:34:db:3f:e2:c3:59:5d:d5:87:96:

< ... >

9e:42:6a:2c:45:b6:cc:0d:2f:71:e4:a9:a9:21:70:f0:31:b9:

61:9f:43:fc:9f:74:47:c3

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number: 12034049345340335056 (0xa701881ed68863d0)

Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption

Issuer: CN=CCC Root CA, O=Car Connectivity Consortium

Validity

Not Before: Apr 25 09:34:45 2013 GMT

```
1      Not After : Oct 17 09:34:45 2032 GMT
2      Subject: O=Car Connectivity Consortium, CN=ACMS CA
3      Subject Public Key Info:
4          Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
5              Public-Key: (4096 bit)
6              Modulus:
7                  00:a3:8e:31:a8:dc:43:51:78:f8:c6:c8:a9:12:22:
8                  < ... >
9                  7e:e4:36:a8:01:51:ed:c7:4d:a3:9d:e8:62:9f:36:
10                 03:10:25
11              Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
12      X509v3 extensions:
13          X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
14              BF:37:18:3E:B5:3B:43:AD:1D:72:37:E5:9C:E2:FC:4D:
15              F9:6C:7B:FC
16          X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
17              keyid:52:7C:16:40:94:8A:E4:D7:BA:01:24:72:AB:1E:95:E3:
18              1A:12:0C:C3
19              DirName:/CN=CCC Root CA/O=Car Connectivity Consortium
20              serial:E3:EE:B1:5C:85:7B:63:B6
21          X509v3 Basic Constraints:
22              CA:TRUE
23          X509v3 Key Usage:
24              Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
25      Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption
26          1c:a1:c6:a2:ed:89:5d:19:ee:f1:07:1c:eb:c0:92:7e:d1:25:
27          < ... >
28          86:5b:a3:cc:45:1d:0a:4e:6f:ae:50:9e:80:a2:32:8f:7c:8d:
29          cc:ed:75:81:63:be:83:31
30      -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
31      MIIIFozCCA4ugAwIBAgIJAKcBiB7WiGPQMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAMDwxFDASBgNV
32      <...>
33      EJaXdG/6JqHvY0sYyorzqjiPk/ww7sL+f0Nowu6GW6PMRR0KTm+uUJ6AojKPfI3M
34      7XWBY76DMQ==
35      -----END CERTIFICATE-----
36      Response verify OK
37      appCer.crt: good
38      This Update: May 16 12:57:44 2013 GMT
```

APPENDIX B – APPLICATION CERTIFICATE EXAMPLE

An example Application Certificate is given below (in a human readable format)

Note: The phrase < ... > indicates that the content has been shortened for readability purpose.

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number: 109 (0x6d)

Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption

Issuer: O=Car Connectivity Consortium, CN=ACMS CA

Validity

Not Before: May 16 12:05:23 2013 GMT

Not After : Jul 23 12:05:23 2023 GMT

Subject: CN=APP_ID:fake-app-id-for-testing-only-92794929abbfav

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

Public-Key: (2048 bit)

Modulus:

00:a9:54:01:07:0b:27:38:8e:91:18:32:58:da:39:

< ... >

0e:e3:4c:10:d9:38:fc:fa:43:b1:10:89:31:79:bf:

7d:1b

Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Basic Constraints:

CA:FALSE

X509v3 Key Usage:

Digital Signature

X509v3 Extended Key Usage:

TLS Web Client Authentication

1.3.6.1.4.1.41577.2.1:

<certificate>

<version>

<majorVersion>1</majorVersion>

<minorVersion>0</minorVersion>

</version>

<appIdentifier>fake-app-id-92794929</appIdentifier>

<appListEntry>

<name>AppCert</name>

<providerName/>

<providerURL/>

<description/>

<iconList>

<icon>

<mimetype>PNG</mimetype>

<width>33</width>

<height>43</height>

<depth>43</depth>

<url>/icons/icon1.png</url>

</icon>

</iconList>

<appInfo>

<appCategory/>

</appInfo>

<displayInfo>

```
1         <contentCategory/>
2         <orientation/>
3     </displayInfo>
4     <audioInfo>
5         <audioType/>
6         <contentCategory/>
7     </audioInfo>
8 </appListEntry>
9 <appCertInfoEntry>
10    <appUUID/>
11    <entity>
12        <name/>
13        <targetList>
14            <target/>
15        </targetList>
16        <restricted/>
17        <nonRestricted/>
18        <serviceList>
19            <service/>
20        </serviceList>
21    </entity>
22    <properties/>
23 </appCertInfoEntry>
24 <serverProperties>
25     <platform>
26         <platformID>MeeGo</platformID>
27         <blacklistedPlatformVersions/>
28         <runtimeID>Native</runtimeID>
29         <blacklistedRuntimeVersions/>
30     </platform>
31 </serverProperties>
32 </certificate>
33 Authority Information Access:
34     OCSP - URI:http://acms.carconnectivity.org/OCSP
35 X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
36     2E:E2:41:6E:58:10:26:19:AA:DE:9C:6E:2D:4E:28:32:
37     21:77:51:16
38 Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption
39     70:51:c6:81:3a:c0:47:b2:15:ec:5b:e6:1b:b0:c1:18:e3:d4:
40     < ... >
41     38:63:2f:6d:c9:99:c0:30:07:03:af:d7:32:86:4c:0a:10:fb:
42     6c:2c:9f:f4:9b:59:7b:bc
43
```