Car Connectivity Consortium MirrorLink®

Core Architecture

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3 LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS

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4 Brakensiek, Jörg (Editor) Nokia Corporation



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TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

2	A2DP	Bluetooth Advanced Audio Distribution Profile	
3	ARP	Address Resolution Protocol	
4	BT	Bluetooth	
5	CDB	Common Data Bus	
6	CDC	Communications Device Class; specified from USB Device Working Group	
7 8	CE	Consumer Electronics; CE devices are referred to as mobile devices within this specification	
9	DAP	Device Attestation Protocol	
10	DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	
11	ECM	Ethernet Control Model; part of the CDC device class	
12	HFP	Bluetooth Hands-free Profile	
13	HSP	Bluetooth Headset Profile	
14	HMI	Human Machine Interface	
15	HU	Head-unit (this term is used interchangeably with the MirrorLink client)	
16	HS	Head-set	
17	IP	Internet Protocol	
18	NCM	Network Control Model; part of the CDC device class	
19 20	Pointer Event	Pointer events are used to describe touch screen action in which the user touches the screen with one (virtual) finger only at a single location.	
21	RFB	Remote Framebuffer	
22	RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol	
23	SBP	Service Binary Protocol	
24	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol	
25 26 27	Touch Event	Touch events are used to describe touch screen action in which the user touches the screen with two or more separate fingers at different locations. Touch events are used to describe more complex touch action, like pinch-open or pinch-close.	
28	UDP	User Datagram Protocol	
29	UI	User Interface	
30	UPnP	Universal Plug and Play	
31	USB	Universal Serial Bus	
32	VNC	Virtual Network Computing	
33			
34	MirrorLink is a	registered trademark of Car Connectivity Consortium LLC	
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36	RFB and VNC are registered trademarks of RealVNC Ltd.		
37	UPnP is a registered trademark of UPnP Forum.		
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1 ABOUT

- 2 This document specifies an interface for enabling remote user interaction of a mobile device via another
- 3 device. This specification is written having a car head-unit to interact with the mobile device in mind, but it
- 4 will similarly apply for other devices, which do provide a colored display, audio input/output and user input
- 5 mechanisms.

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- 6 This document is aimed at people going to design and develop compliant solutions. This set of documents
- 7 will provide all necessary interface functionality and requirements to implement a fully compliant device, on
- 8 both the mobile device and the head-unit side.
- 9 The specification lists a series of requirements, either explicitly or within the text, which are mandatory ele-
- 10 ments for a compliant solutions. Recommendations are given, to ensure optimal usage and to provide suitable
- 11 performance. All recommendations are optional.
- The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD",
- 13 "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are following the no-
- tation as described in RFC 2119 [13].
- 15 1. MUST: This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
 - 2. MUST NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "SHALL NOT", mean that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
 - 3. SHOULD: This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
 - 4. SHOULD NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with this label.
 - 5. MAY: This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation which does not include a particular option MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation which does include a particular option MUST be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)
- The document will focus on the interface functionality, its parameters and protocols only. It does not provide any guidelines for implementing the protocol. If there is a reference towards an implementation, this is of informative nature only.

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2 Introduction to MirrorLink

- MirrorLink provides a concept for integrating the mobile device (hereinafter referred to as the "MirrorLink 2
- 3 server") and the vehicle head-unit (hereinafter referred to as the "MirrorLink client"). In a MirrorLink context,
- 4 the control and interaction of applications and services running on the mobile device will be replicated into
- 5 the car environment. Diverting display and audio output to the car head-unit come together with receiving
 - key and voice control input from it are the main interaction streams, as shown in the following figure.

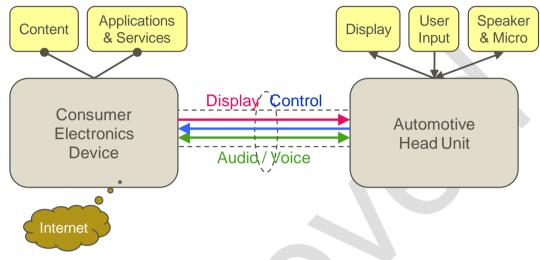


Figure 1: MirrorLink Concept

9 The result is a concept somewhere between running the applications natively in the mobile phone or in the 10 car unit. From the user experience point of view it can offer "the best of the both worlds" where the large variety of mobile phone applications is complemented and enhanced by the car system providing convenient 11 12 and safe means for using (i.e. controlling) these applications.

13 It is easier to add new consumer electronic functionalities into the vehicle environment via a mobile device 14

than integrating them into the car infotainment system. In any case, the usage of those applications will

15 become more convenient if the same device with the same content stored in it can be used in all the different 16

environments from home to car, and providing Internet connectivity at the same time. On the other hand, the 17

large displays of the car units can enhance the user experience from what the mobile device can offer by itself.

In addition the mobile device typically provides the latest technologies, from radio connectivity, to multimedia codecs. At the same time, the openness of the platforms, allows delivery of new applications and

20 services at any time.

21 There are no standard methods currently defined for MirrorLink connectivity. However, when creating the

22 required solutions, technologies provided by existing open, non-proprietary standards - like USB, TCP/IP,

23 VNC, UPnP etc. - SHOULD be used as the basis. The needed additional elements SHOULD then be

24 developed and agreed in cooperation between the related industry sectors.

25 The car systems comprise of several different methods for user interaction, like individual keys, rotating

26 knobs, touch screen and even voice-activated control. For proper interoperability, the control method towards

27 the mobile device SHOULD be the same regardless of the actual input mechanism on the car side.

28 Furthermore, to ensure that MirrorLink does provide interoperability independent of any application, even

legacy ones, it hooks into low-level abstraction.

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3 MIRRORLINK ARCHITECTURE

2 The MirrorLink high-level architecture is shown in the following figure.

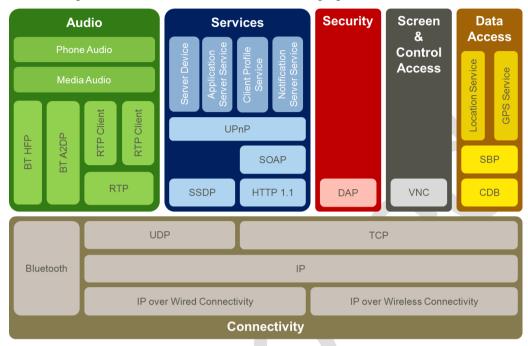


Figure 2: MirrorLink Architecture

5 MirrorLink Architecture consists of a set of protocols, providing the following features:

- 1. Connectivity, as specified in [1], providing
 - a. Wired and wireless IP based connection-oriented and connection-less connectivity, and
 - b. Dedicated Bluetooth connectivity
- 2. UPnP based Services, providing
 - a. Mechanisms for advertisement of MirrorLink enabled Server devices as specified in [12]
 - b. Mechanisms for application notifications, as specified in [11],
 - c. Mechanisms for MirrorLink client profiles, as specified in [10], and
 - d. Mechanisms for advertisement and control of MirrorLink server based applications and their certification information, as specified in [9]
- 3. Access to Screen and Control, as specified in [2], providing
 - a. Replication of the MirrorLink Server's display content to the MirrorLink Client,
 - b. Control Channel of Key, Pointer and Touch events back to the MirrorLink Client, and
 - c. Exchanging display and event related information and notifications
- 4. Audio, as specified in [3], providing
 - a. RTP audio streaming, for different payload types, outputting the MirrorLink Server
 - b. RTP audio streaming, for different payload types, inputting the MirrorLink Server
 - c. BT HFP based legacy phone audio
 - d. BT A2DP based legacy media audio
- 5. Access to Data Services, providing
 - a. Simple multiplexed, shared bus, hosting services, as specified in [5],
 - b. Binary protocol framework for implementing various services, as specified in [6],
 - c. GPS data service using the binary protocol framework, as specified in [7], and
 - d. Location data service, using the binary protocol framework, as specified in [8]
- 6. Security mechanisms, as specified in [4], providing
 - a. Attestation of MirrorLink Server devices and their main MirrorLink protocol components

4 MIRRORLINK FEATURES

The following table specifies the requirements for the different MirrorLink features for the MirrorLink Server and Client.

Feature			Version	MirrorLink Server	MirrorLink Client
	USB	USB Host	1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	MUST
	USB	USB Device	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
Connec-		Access Point	1.0.1, 1.1	MAY	MAY
tivity	WLAN	Device	1.0.1, 1.1	MAY	MAY
		WiFi-Direct P2P	1.1	MAY	MAY
	Bluetooth		1.0.1, 1.1	MAY	MAY
	UPnP	Server Device	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
UPnP	Server	Application Server Service	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
based Ser- vices	Services	Client Profile Service	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
, 100s	Provided	Notification Server Service	1.0.1, 1.1	SHOULD	N/A
MirrorLink	UPnP	Server Device	1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	MUST
implements 2-Box pull	Control Point Services Supported	Application Server Service	1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	MUST
model		Client Profile Service	1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	SHOULD
		Notification Server Service	1.1	N/A	SHOULD
Screen & VNC Server		r	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
Control	VNC Client		1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	MUST
	DIED	RTP Server	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	SHOULD
A 11.	RTP	RTP Client	1.0.1, 1.1	SHOULD	MUST
Audio	ВТ	BT HFP	1.0.1, 1.1	SHOULD	SHOULD
		BT A2DP	1.0.1, 1.1	MAY	MAY
	Common	Server Endpoint	1.1	SHOULD	N/A
	Data Bus	Client Endpoint	1.1	N/A	SHOULD
Access to Data	Service Binary Protocol		1.1	CONDI- TIONAL ¹	CONDI- TIONAL ²
	GPS Data Service		1.1	SHOULD	SHOULD
	Location Data Service		1.1	SHOULD	SHOULD
G	DAD	Server Endpoint	1.0.1, 1.1	MUST	N/A
Security	DAP	Client Endpoint	1.0.1, 1.1	N/A	SHOULD

Table 1: MirrorLink Feature Requirements

¹ If Common Data Bus Server Endpoint implemented

² If Common Data Bus Client Endpoint implemented

5 REFERENCES

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