# Network Security 389.159 - SS 2018 Lab Exercise 3 & Lab Exercise 4

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## List of Corrections

Error:	Include row descriptions and expand
Error:	Answer question
Error:	Wording!
Error:	tcp
Error:	icmp
Error:	udp
Error:	Wording

## 1 Lab Exercise 3

## 1.1 rep-10

## Matlab Code (Listing 2)

Figure 1 shows the stem plots for packets, bytes, IP sources and IP destinations per hour.

 ${f Optional}$  Figure 2 shows all signals from Figure 1 combined, normalized and smoothed with a moving average filter.

### 1.2 rep-11

#### Matlab Code (Listing 3)

The signal that shows the lower correlation to the other signals is **IP sources**. The minimum linear correlation coefficient is **0.588568** between the signals **IP sources** and **IP destinations**. See Table 1 for the raw data.

FiXme Error Include row descriptions expand

Bytes	Packets	IPs	IPd
0.9655	0.9655	0.7203	0.9340
0.7203	0.6105	0.6105	0.9732
0.9340	0.9732	0.5886	0.5886

Table 1: Correlation coefficients between signals

The reason why the drop in unique IP sources does not cause a proportional drop  $\dots$ 

FiXme Error Answer ques

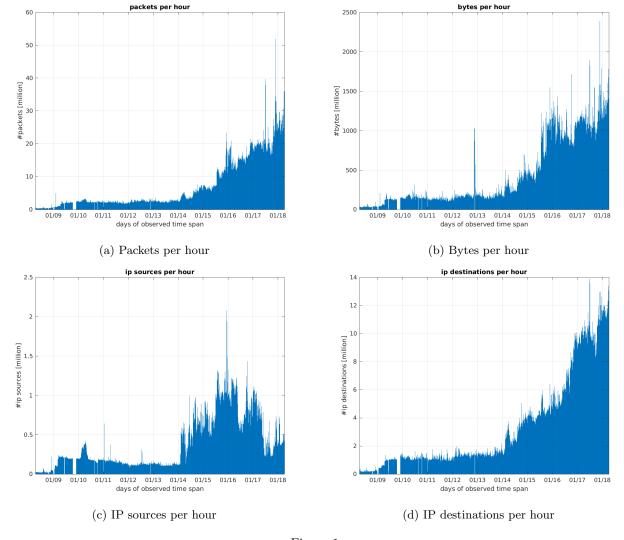


Figure 1

## 1.3 rep-12

#### Matlab Code (Listing 4)

There are around ten times more IP sources than IP destinations. It makes sense that the number of IP sources is significantly bigger than the number of IP destinations because the darkspace is only a part of the whole internet.

## 1.4 rep-13

#### Matlab Code (Listing 5)

The main peak in IP sources starts at 14-Dec-2015 and lasts until 16-Dec-2015. See Table 2 for the detailed data.

Date	# IP sources
14-Dec-2015	2075358.074306
15-Dec-2015	1704892.012500
16-Dec-2015	1942072.404167

Table 2: Detailed data for peak in IP sources

FiXme Error Wording!

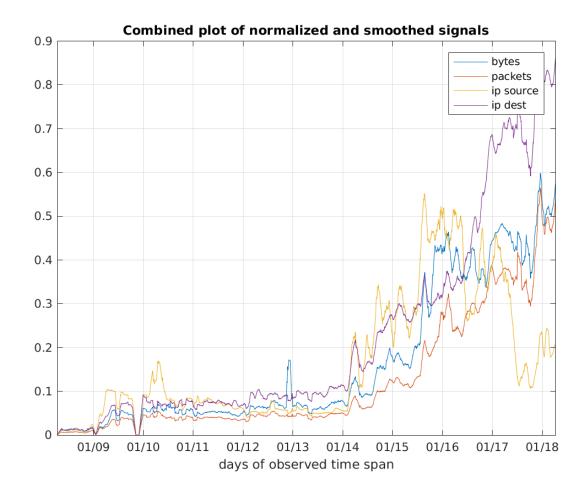


Figure 2: Combined, normalized and smoothed signals

**Optional** Matlab Code (Listing 6) The main peak in Bytes starts at 14-Nov-2012 and lasts until 22-Nov-2012. Note that on 19-Nov-2012 no data was available. See Table 3 for the detailed data.

#### 1.5 rep-14

#### Matlab Code (Listing 7)

Table 4 gives statistics for the data from global\_last10years.csv. Table 5 gives statistics for the data from Feb2017\_gen.csv.

#### 1.6 rep-15

The values do not coincide. Feb2017 seems to be a month that is not really representative for the whole span of 10 years.

optional Matlab Code (Listing 8)

#### 1.7 rep-16

We used https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml to look up the protocol numbers.

Protocol 6 (TCP) The Transmission Control Protocol

Protocol 1 (ICMP) The Internet Control Message Protocol

Protocol 17 (UDP) The User Datagram Protocol

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Date	# Bytes
14-Nov-2012	870858582.136110
15-Nov-2012	1009586335.331900
16-Nov-2012	1038654926.456100
17-Nov-2012	1021464983.022200
18-Nov-2012	954193481.914190
20-Nov-2012	1005163238.508500
21-Nov-2012	1020526661.658000
22-Nov-2012	989613880.615110

Table 3: Detailed data for peak in Bytes

	Sum	Mean	Median	$\operatorname{StdDev}$
# Packets	146373.391	41.845	17.699	40.916
# Bytes	2381.003	0.681	0.263	0.735
# IP src	123.613	0.035	0.020	0.031
# IP dst	1150.796	0.329	0.142	0.330

Table 4: Statistics for daily data [in millions]

## 1.8 rep-17

#### 1.9 rep-18

We obtained negative values because of collapsing  $\dots$ 

- 1.10 rep-19
- 1.11 rep-20
- 1.12 rep-21
- 1.13 rep-22
- 1.14 rep-23

Listing 1: Command used to obtain IP address

team02@pc01:~\$ ip address show dev em1

## Port 113

```
IP 192.168.83.20.1073 > 192.168.83.33.113: Flags [S], seq 0, win 8192, length 0 IP 192.168.83.33.113 > 192.168.83.20.1073: Flags [R.], seq 0, ack 1, win 0, length 0
```

FiXme Error Wording

	Sum	Mean	Median	StdDev
# Packets	76871.319	114.392	113.464	7.033
# Bytes	1272.998	1.894	1.890	0.097
# IP src	59.651	0.089	0.091	0.018
# IP dst	619.875	0.922	0.931	0.070

Table 5: Statistics for hourly data [in millions]

## 2 Lab Exercise 4

- 2.1 rep-24
- $2.2\quad \text{rep-}25$
- 2.3 rep-26
- 2.4 rep-27
- $2.5\quad \text{rep-}28$
- 2.6 rep-29
- $2.7 \quad \text{rep-30}$

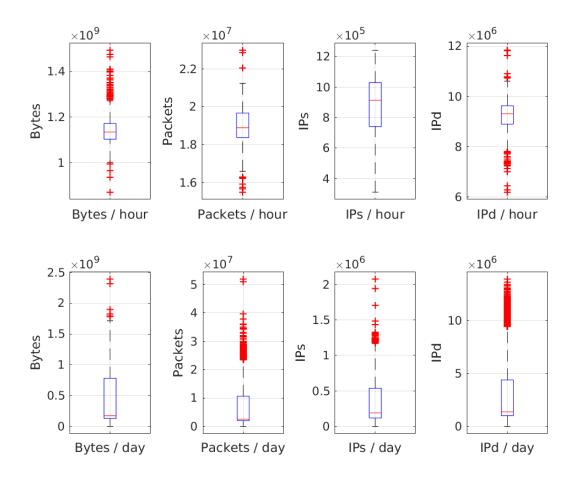


Figure 3: Boxplots for hourly and daily averaged data

## A Matlab Code

Listing 2: Matlab code to solve rep-10

```
function team02_rep10
% rep-10
    [timestamps, bytes, packets, ip_s, ip_d] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10y|ars.csv')
    function save_stem_plot(data, my_title, y_label, filename)
    % Do a stem plot of data in millions and write it to filename.png
        set (gca, 'fontname', 'Helvetica', 'fontsize', 20)
        figure
        stem(timestamps, data/10<sup>6</sup>, 'marker', 'none')
        datetick('x', 'mm/yy');
        xlabel('days_of_observed_time_span');
        ylabel(y_label);
        title(my_title);
        grid on
        set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
        xlim([min(timestamps) max(timestamps)]);
        saveas(gcf, filename, 'png')
    end
    save_stem_plot(bytes, 'bytes_per_hour', '#bytes_[million]', 'plots/rep_10_2');
    save_stem_plot(packets, 'packets_per_hour', '#packets_[million]', 'plots/rep_10_1');
save_stem_plot(ip_s, 'ip_sources_per_hour', '#ip_sources_[million]', 'plots/rep_10_3');
    save_stem_plot(ip_d, 'ip_destinations_per_hour', '#ip_destinations_[million]', 'plots/rep_10_4')
    % optional part
    function result = smooth_filter(data)
    % Moving averages filter for data
        window_size = 30;
        b = (1 / window_size) * ones(1, window_size);
        a = 1;
        % 1-D digital filter
        result = filter(b, a, data);
    smooth_bytes = smooth_filter(bytes / unique(max(bytes)));
    smooth_packets = smooth_filter(packets / unique(max(packets)));
    smooth_ip_s = smooth_filter(ip_s / unique(max(ip_s)));
    smooth_ip_d = smooth_filter(ip_d / unique(max(ip_d)));
    figure
    plot(...
        timestamps, smooth_bytes, '-', ...
        timestamps, smooth_packets, '-', ...
        timestamps, smooth_ip_s, '-', ...
        \mbox{timestamps, smooth\_ip\_d, ``-' ...}
    legend('bytes', 'packets', 'ip_source', 'ip_dest');
    datetick('x', 'mm/yy');
    xlabel('days_of_observed_time_span');
    title('Combined_plot_of_normalized_and_smoothed_signals');
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    xlim([min(timestamps) max(timestamps)]);
    saveas(gcf, 'plots/rep_10_optional', 'png')
```

Listing 3: Matlab code to solve rep-11

```
function team02_rep11
% rep-11
   [~, bytes, packets, ip_s, ip_d] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10years.csv');
    function result = correlation(a, b)
        result = unique(min(corrcoef(a, b)));
    end
   names = \{ \dots \}
        'Bytes_<->_Packets', 'Bytes_<->_IPs', 'Bytes_<->_IPd', ...
        'Packets_<->_IPs', 'Packets_<->_IPd', 'IPs_<->_IPd' ...
   };
    correlations = [ ...
        correlation(bytes, packets), correlation(bytes, ip_s), ...
        correlation(bytes, ip_d), correlation(packets, ip_s), ...
        correlation(packets, ip_d), correlation(ip_s, ip_d) ...
    [minimum_coeff, idx] = min(correlations);
    fprintf('Minimum_linear_correlation_coeff:_%f_(%s)\n', minimum_coeff, names{idx});
    names_signal = {'Bytes', 'Packets', 'IPs', 'IPd'};
   means = [ ... ]
       % Bytes
                                                          | IPd
                        | Packets
                                          | IPs
        correlations(1), correlations(1), correlations(2), correlations(3); ...
        correlations(2), correlations(4), correlations(5); ...
        correlations(3), correlations(5), correlations(6), correlations(6)
    ];
    disp(names_signal);
    disp(means);
end
```

#### Listing 4: Matlab code to solve rep-12

```
function team02_rep12
   [~, ~, ip_s, ip_d] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10years.csv');
   ip_s(ip_s==0) = NaN;
   ip_d(ip_d==0) = NaN;
   fprintf('Ratio_IPs_to_IPd:_%f\n', nanmean(ip_s) / nanmean(ip_d));
end
```

#### Listing 5: Matlab code to solve rep-13

```
function team02_rep13
    [timestamps, ~, ~, ip_s, ~] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10years.csv');
% from visual inspection
    cutoff = 1.5*10^6;
    peak_locations = ip_s>cutoff;

    peak_timestamps = timestamps(peak_locations);
    peaks = ip_s(peak_locations);

    dates = arrayfun(@datestr, peak_timestamps, 'UniformOutput', false);
    result = dates';
    result(2,:) = num2cell(peaks);
    fprintf('%s:_%f_IPs\n', result{:});
end
```

Listing 6: Matlab code to solve rep-13 optional

```
function team02_rep13_optional
  [timestamps, bytes, ~, ~] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10years.csv');
% From visual inspection
  cutoff = 8*10^8;
  timestamps = timestamps(timestamps<=datenum('2014-01-01'));
  bytes = bytes(timestamps>0);

  peak_locations = bytes>cutoff;
  peak_timestamps = timestamps(peak_locations);
  peaks = bytes(peak_locations);

  dates = arrayfun(@datestr, peak_timestamps, 'UniformOutput', false);
  result = dates';
  result(2,:) = num2cell(peaks);
  fprintf('%s:_%f_Bytes\n', result{:});
  % NOTE: There is a gap because on 19-nov-2012 there was no data
end
```

Listing 7: Matlab code to solve rep-14

```
function team02_rep14
    function result = stats(data)
        data(data==0) = NaN;
        result = round([nansum(data), nanmean(data), nanmedian(data), nanstd(data)] ./ 10eb, 3);
    end
   disp('----Daily_avg_---');
   [~, bytes, packets, ip_s, ip_d] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_last10years.csv');
    for col = horzcat(bytes, packets, ip_s, ip_d)
        fprintf('%.3f_%.3f_%.3f\n', stats(col));
   end
   disp('----', Hourly_avg_---');
   % WARNING: order is different
    [~, packets, bytes, ip_s, ip_d] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/Feb2017_gen.csv');
    for col = horzcat(bytes, packets, ip_s, ip_d)
        fprintf('%.3f_%.3f_%.3f_%.3f\n', stats(col));
    end
end
```

Listing 8: Matlab code to solve rep-15 optional

```
function team02_rep15_optional
    [~, bytes_daily, packets_daily, ip_s_daily, ip_d_daily] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/global_la
    % WARNING order is different
    [~, packets_hourly, bytes_hourly, ip_s_hourly, ip_d_hourly] = read_custom_csv('~/workfiles/Feb20
    set (gca, 'fontname', 'Helvetica', 'fontsize', 20)
    ax1 = subplot(2,4,1);
   boxplot(ax1, bytes_hourly, 'Labels', {''})
ylabel(ax1, 'Bytes');
xlabel(ax1, 'Bytes_/_hour');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax2 = subplot(2,4,2);
    boxplot(ax2, packets_hourly, 'Labels', {''})
    ylabel(ax2, 'Packets');
    xlabel(ax2, 'Packets_/_hour');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax3 = subplot(2,4,3);
    boxplot(ax3, ip_s_hourly, 'Labels', {''})
    ylabel(ax3, 'IPs');
    xlabel(ax3, 'IPs_/_hour');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax4 = subplot(2,4,4);
    boxplot(ax4, ip_d_hourly, 'Labels', {''})
ylabel(ax4, 'IPd');
    xlabel(ax4, 'IPd_/_hour');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax5 = subplot(2,4,5);
    boxplot(ax5, bytes_daily, 'Labels', {''})
    ylabel(ax5, 'Bytes');
    xlabel(ax5, 'Bytes_/_day');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax6 = subplot(2,4,6);
    boxplot(ax6, packets_daily, 'Labels', {''})
    ylabel(ax6, 'Packets');
    xlabel(ax6, 'Packets_/_day');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax7 = subplot(2,4,7);
   boxplot(ax7, ip_s_daily, 'Labels', {''})
ylabel(ax7, 'IPs');
    xlabel(ax7, 'IPs_/_day');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    ax8 = subplot(2,4,8);
    boxplot(ax8, ip_d_daily, 'Labels', {''})
    ylabel(ax8, 'IPd');
    xlabel(ax8, 'IPd_/_day');
    grid on
    set(gca, 'layer', 'top');
    saveas(gcf, 'plots/rep_15_optional.png', 'png')
end
```