Interactive Web Apps with shiny Cheat Sheet

learn more at shiny.rstudio.com



Basics

A **Shiny** app is a web page (**UI**) connected to a computer running a live R session (**Server**)







Users can manipulate the UI, which will cause the server to update the UI's displays (by running R code).

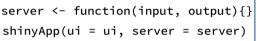
App template

Begin writing a new app with this template. Preview the app by running the code at the R command line.



library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage()



- **ui** nested R functions that assemble an HTML user interface for your app
- **server** a function with instructions on how to build and rebuild the R objects displayed in the UI
- **shinyApp** combines **ui** and **server** into a functioning app. Wrap with **runApp()** if calling from a sourced script or inside a function.

Share your app



The easiest way to share your app is to host it on shinyapps.io, a cloud based service from RStudio

- L. Create a free or professional account at <u>http://shinyapps.io</u>
- 2. Click the **Publish** icon in the RStudio IDE (>=0.99) or run:

rsconnect::deployApp("<path to directory>")

Build or purchase your own Shiny Server

at www.rstudio.com/products/shiny-server/

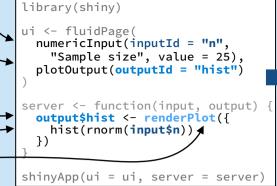
Building an App - Complete the template by adding arguments to fluidPage() and a body to the server function.

Add inputs to the UI with ***Input()** functions $\sqrt{ }$

Add outputs with *Output() functions

Tell server how to render outputs with R in the server function. To do this:

- 1. Refer to outputs with output\$<id> ~
- 2. Refer to inputs with input\$<id> ·
- Wrap code in a render*() function before saving to output



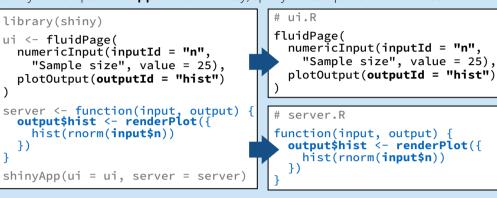
Sample size

25

Histogram of rnorm(input\$n)

**Description:
**Property of the control of the co

Save your template as app.R. Alternatively, split your template into two files named ui.R and server.R.

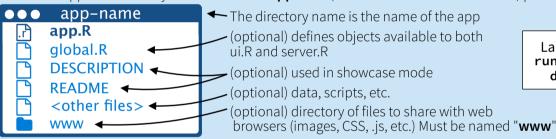


ui.R contains everything you would save to ui.

server.R ends with the function you would save to server.

No need to call **shinyApp()**.

Save each app as a directory that contains an app.R file (or a server.R file and a ui.R file) plus optional extra files.



Launch apps with runApp(<path to directory>)

Outputs - render*() and *Output() functions work together to add R output to the UI



DT::renderDataTable(expr, options, callback, escape, env. quoted)



dataTableOutput(outputId, icon, ...)



renderImage(expr, env, quoted, deleteFile)



renderPlot(expr, width, height, res, ..., env, quoted, func)



renderPrint(expr, env, quoted, func,
 width)



renderTable(expr,..., env, quoted, func)



renderText(expr, env, quoted, func)



renderUI(expr, env, quoted, func)



plotOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId, inline)

verbatimTextOutput(outputId)

tableOutput(outputId)

textOutput(outputId, container, inline)

uiOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)
& htmlOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)

Inputs - collect values from the user

Access the current value of an input object with **input** \$<inputId>. Input values are **reactive**.



actionButton(inputId, label, icon, ...)

Link

actionLink(inputId, label, icon, ...)

Choice 1Choice 2

☐ Choice 3

+ June 2015 + Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa

01 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Choose File

1

- checkboxGroupInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)
- Check me

checkboxInput(inputId, label, value)



end, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language, separator)

fileInput(inputId, label, multiple, accept)

numericInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, step)

...... passwordInput(inputId, label, value)

Choice A radioButtons(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)Choice C

Choice 1 ► selectInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, multiple, selectize, width, size) (also selectizeInput())

Choice 2

sliderInput(inputId, label, min, max, value, step, round, format, locale, ticks, animate, width, sep, pre, post)

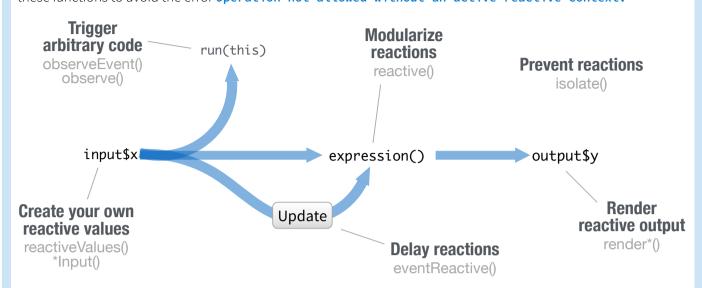
Apply Changes Subm

submitButton(text, icon**)**(Prevents reactions across entire app)

Enter text textInput(inputId, label, value)

Reactivity

Reactive values work together with reactive functions. Call a reactive value from within the arguments of one of these functions to avoid the error Operation not allowed without an active reactive context.



Create your own reactive values

```
# example snippets

ui <- fluidPage(
  textInput("a","","A"))

server <-
function(input,output){
  rv <- reactiveValues()
  rv$number <- 5
}</pre>
```

*Input() functions (see front page)

reactiveValues(...)

Each input function creates a reactive value stored as input\$<inputId>

reactiveValues() creates a list of reactive values whose values you can set.

Render reactive output

```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  textInput("a","","A"),
  textOutput("b")
)
server <-
function(input,output){
  output$b <-
   renderText({
   input$a
  })
}
shinyApp(ui, server)</pre>
```

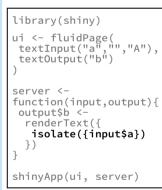
render*() functions

(see front page)

Builds an object to display. Will rerun code in body to rebuild the object whenever a reactive value in the code changes.

Save the results to output\$<output>

Prevent reactions



isolate(expr)

Runs a code block. Returns a **non-reactive** copy of the results.

Trigger arbitrary code

```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  textInput("a","","A"),
  actionButton("go","Go")
)
server <-
function(input,output){
  observeEvent(input$go,{
    print(input$a)
  })
}
shinyApp(ui, server)</pre>
```

observeEvent(eventExpr

, handlerExpr, event.env, event.quoted, handler.env, handler.quoted, labe, suspended, priority, domain, autoDestroy, ignoreNULL)

Runs code in 2nd argument when reactive values in 1st argument change. See **observe()** for alternative.

Modularize reactions

```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  textInput("a","","A"),
  textInput("b")
)

server <-
function(input,output){
  re <- reactive({
   paste(input$a,input
  $z)})
  output$b <- renderText({
   re()
  })
}
shinyApp(ui, server)</pre>
```

reactive(x, env, quoted, label, domain)

Creates a **reactive expression** that

- caches its value to reduce computation
- can be called by other code
- notifies its dependencies when it ha been invalidated
- Call the expression with function syntax, e.g. re()

Delay reactions

```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  textInput("a","","A"),
  actionButton("go","Go"),
  textOutput("b")
)
server <-
function(input,output){
  re <- eventReactive(
   input$go,{input$a})
  output$b <- renderText({
   re()
  })</pre>
```

eventReactive(eventExpr,

valueExpr, event.env, event.quoted, value.env, value.quoted, label, domain, ignoreNULL)

Creates reactive expression with code in 2nd argument that only invalidates when reactive values in 1st argument change.

UI

An app's UI is an HTML document. Use Shiny's functions to assemble this HTML with R.

```
fluidPage(
   textInput("a","")
)

## <div class="container-fluid">
## <div class="form-group shiny-input-container">
## <label for="a"></label>
## <input id="a" type="text"
## class="form-control" value=""/>
## </div>
## </div>
```

HTML

Add static HTML elements with tags, a list of functions that parallel common HTML tags, e.g. tags\$a(). Unnamed arguments will be passed into the tag; named arguments will become tag attributes

```
tags$a
              tags$data
                              tags$h6
                                          tags$nav
                                                       tags$span
tags$abbr
              tags$datalist
                             tags$head
                                         tags$noscript tags$strong
tags$address
              tags$dd
                             tags$header_tags$object
                                                      tags$stvle
              tags$del
                                                       tagsSsub
tags$area
                              tags$hgroup tags$ol
tags$article
              tags$details
                              tags$hr
                                              $optgroup tag
                                                           $summa
                              tags$HTML
tags$aside
              tags$dfn
                                          tags$option
                                                       tagsŠsup
tags$audio
              tags$div
                              tags$i
                                          tags$output
                                                       tags$table
              tags$dl
                              tags$iframe tags$p
                                                       tagsStbody
tagsŚb
              tags$dt
                                                       tagsStd
tags$hase
                              tags$img
                                         tags$param
tags$bdi
              tags$em
                              tags$input
                                                       tagsŠtextarea
                                              $pre
              tags$embed
tags$bdo
                                          tags$progress tags$tfoot
tags$blockquote tags$eventsource tags$kbd
                                                       tagsŠth
tags$body
              tags$fieldset
                            tags$kevgen tags$ruby
                                                       tags$thead
              tags$figcaption tags$label tags$rp
tagsŚbr
                                                       tagsŠtime
tags$button
              tag
                  $figure
                                  $legend
                                                       tagsŠtitle
                             tagg
                             tags$li
tags$canvas
                  Sfooter
                                          tags$s
                                                       tags$tr
tags$caption
                  Śform
                              tags$link
                                          tags$samp
                                                       tagsŠtrack
              tags$h1
tags$cite
                              tags$mark
                                         tags$script
                                                       tags$u
              tags$h2
                                         tags$section
tags$code
                             tags$map
                                                       tagsŠul
              tags$h3
tagsŚcol
                             tags$menu tags$select
                                                       tagsŠvar
tags$colgroup tags$h4
                             tags$meta tags$small
                                                       tags$video
tags$command tags$h5
                              tags$meter tags$source
```

The most common tags have wrapper functions. You do not need to prefix their names with tags\$

```
ui <- fluidPage(
    h1("Header 1"),
    hr(),
    br(),
    p(strong("bold")),
    p(em("italic")),
    p(code("code")),
    a(href="", "link"),
    HTML("<p>Raw html")
)
```

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To include a CSS file, use includeCSS(), or

- 1. Place the file in the www subdirectory
- 2. Link to it with

```
tags$head(tags$link(rel = "stylesheet",
   type = "text/css", href = "<file name>"))
```



To include JavaScript, use includeScript() or

- 1. Place the file in the www subdirectory
- 2. Link to it with

tags\$head(tags\$script(src = "<file name>"))

IMAGES

S To include an image

Place the file in the www subdirectory
 Link to it with img(src="<file name>")

Layouts

Combine multiple elements into a "single element" that has its own properties with a panel function, e.g.

```
wellPanel(
  dateInput("a", ""),
  submitButton()
)
Apply Changes
```

absolutePanel() conditionalPanel() fixedPanel() headerPanel() inputPanel() mainPanel() navlistPanel() sidebarPanel() tabPanel() tabsetPanel() titlePanel() wellPanel()

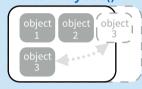
Organize panels and elements into a layout with a layout function. Add elements as arguments of the layout functions.

fluidRow()



ui <- fluidPage(fluidRow(column(width = 4), column(width = 2, offset = 3)), fluidRow(column(width = 12))

flowLayout()



ui <- fluidPage(flowLayout(# object 1, # object 2, # object 3

sidebarLayout()



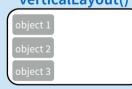
ui <- fluidPage(
sidebarLayout(
sidebarPanel(),
mainPanel()
)

splitLayout()



ui <- fluidPage(
splitLayout(# object 1,
object 2
)

verticalLayout()



ui <- fluidPage(
verticalLayout(# object 1,
object 2,
object 3



Layer tabPanels on top of each other, and navigate between them, with:

ui <- fluidPage(tabsetPanel(tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 2", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 3", "contents")))

ui <- fluidPage(navlistPanel(tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 2", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 3", "contents")))

ui <- navbarPage(title = "Page", tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 2", "contents"), tabPanel("tab 3", "contents")) tab 1 tab 2 tab 3

shinyApp(ui, server)