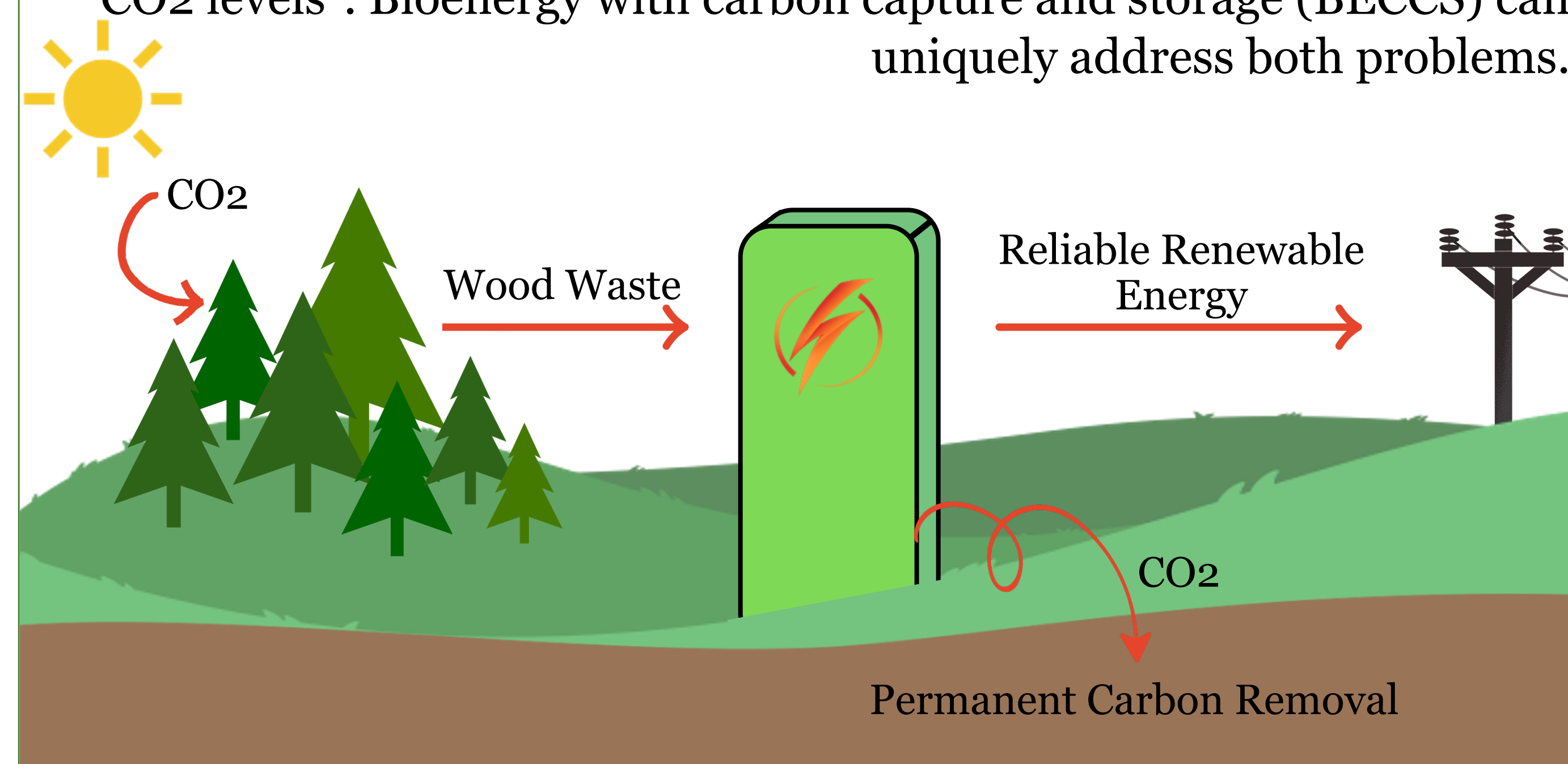


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Two Competing Problems

The world faces a dual challenge: rising energy demand¹ and soaring CO₂ levels². Bioenergy with carbon capture and storage (BECCS) can uniquely address both problems.

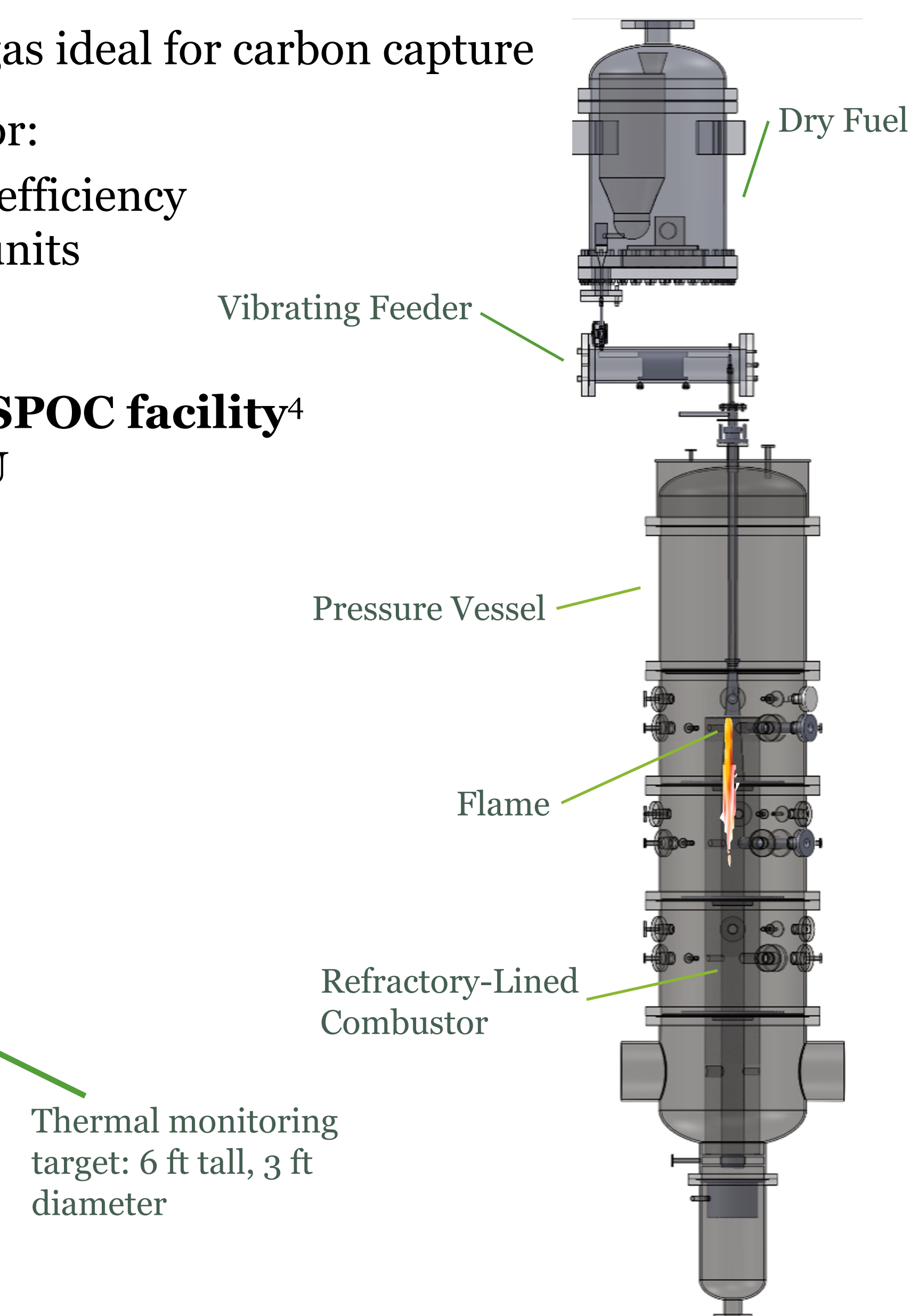
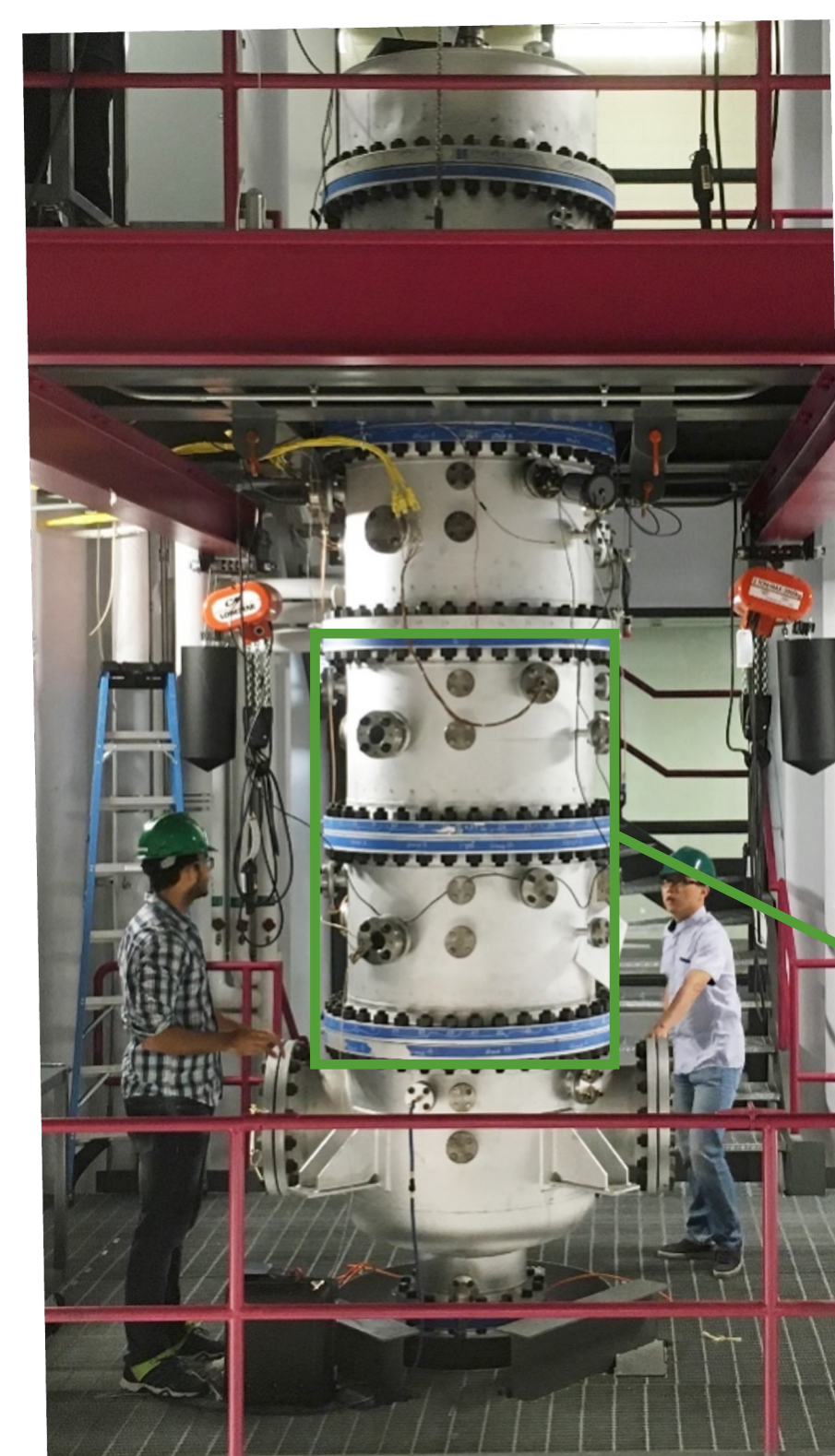


One Unique Solution

Staged Pressurized Oxy-Combustion (SPOC)³

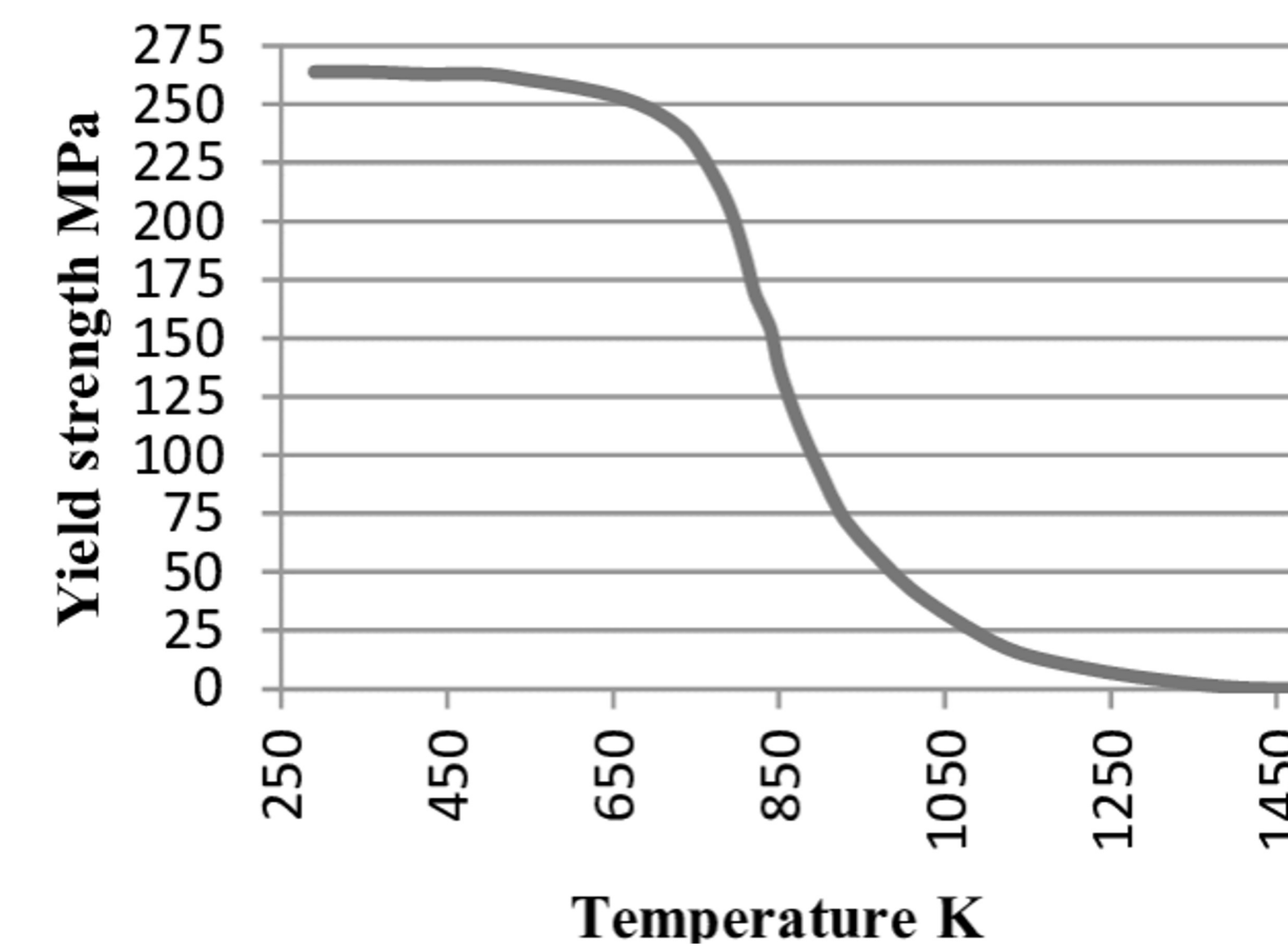
- Efficient BECCS technology
- Utilizes oxygen diluted with CO₂ to combust woody biomass
- Creates CO₂-rich flue gas ideal for carbon capture
- High pressure allows for:
 - Increased thermal efficiency
 - Smaller, modular units
 - Lower cost

Three-story **pilot-scale SPOC facility**⁴ in Urbauer Hall at WashU



Thermal Monitoring Challenge

- Pressure vessel (PV) is not meant to withstand temperatures >200°C
- Material strength drops rapidly as temperature rises⁵:



- Leaks or failures in the combustor could lead to PV failure
- Must monitor for hotspots

Current system does not allow for continuous, full-surface monitoring



Current system combines thermocouples (left) and a spectral-band infrared thermometer (right). The former is too small to be adhered everywhere on the PV, and the latter must be manually pointed.

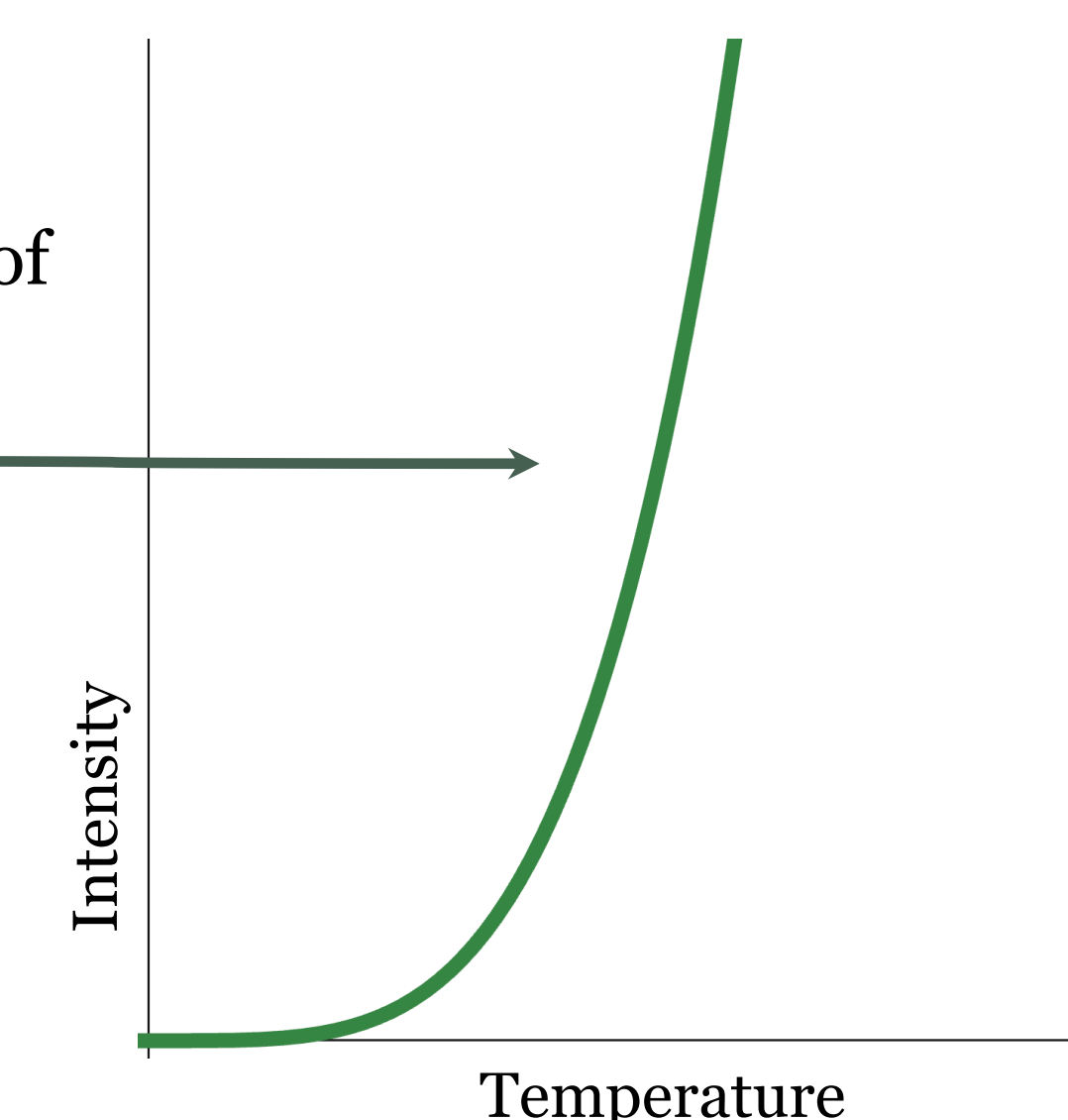
Infrared (IR) Thermography

- All objects follow Stefan-Boltzmann's Law:

Intensity
Total energy emitted per unit area of the surface per second

$$E = \epsilon \sigma T^4$$

Emissivity
Material property that must be correctly set for accurate measurements



- IR devices measure incoming IR intensity to find temperature

IR Camera Testing & Validation

Selected thermal imaging camera:

- Temperature detection range of 20-200 °C
- Thermal resolution of 60 x 80 pixels
- Modest cost of \$1200
- Continuous streaming via Ethernet

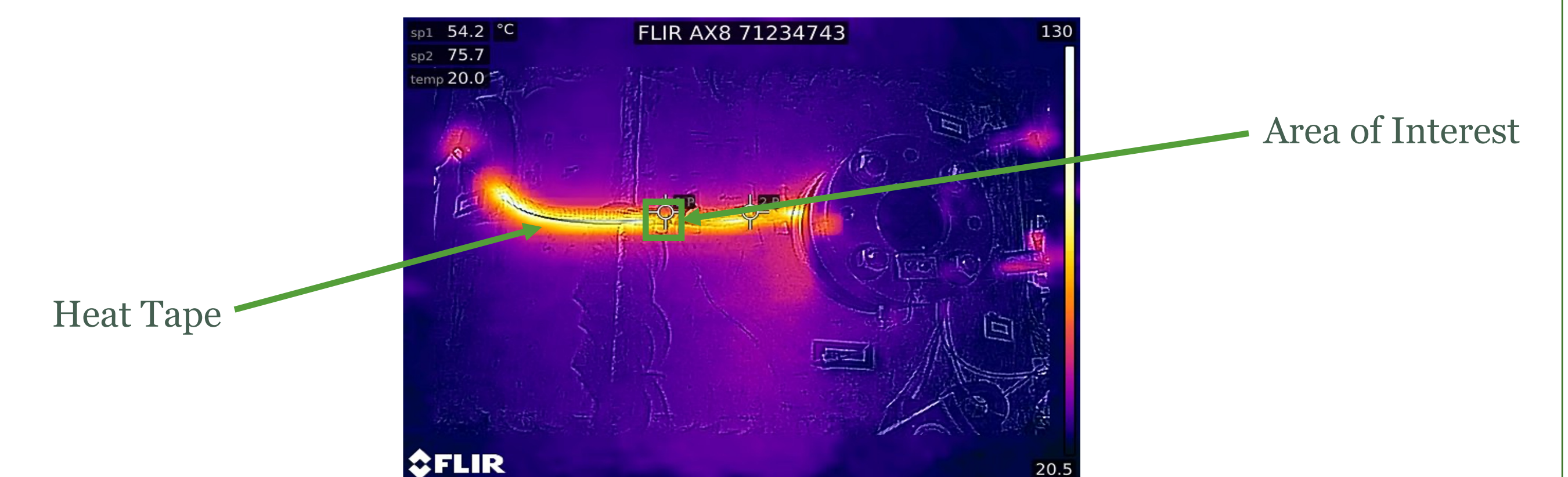
FLIR
AX-8



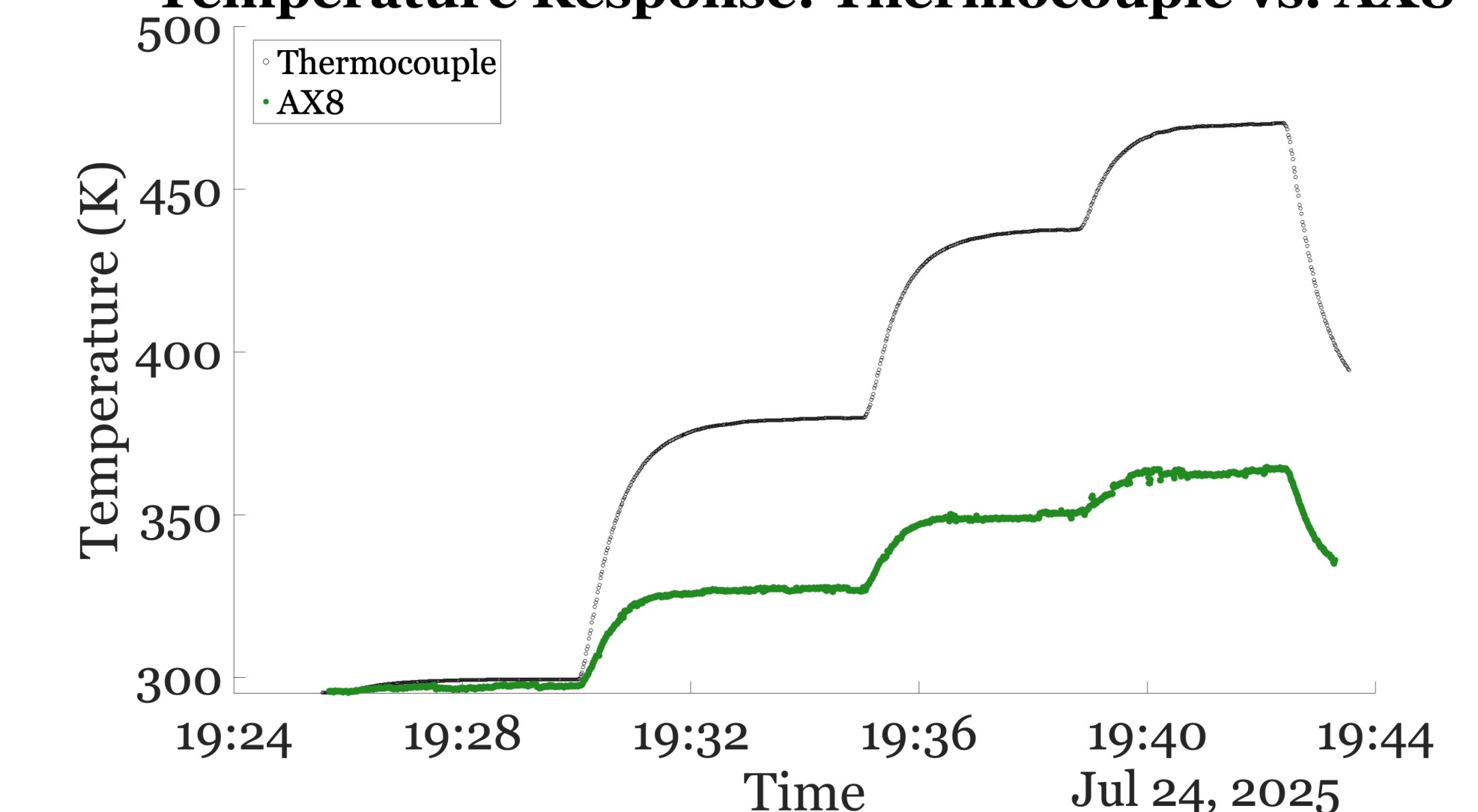
Developed MATLAB script:

- FLIR alarm software only alerts for absolute temperature thresholds → MATLAB script for temperature deviation alerts
 - Allows for early detection of hotspots
 - Acquires real-time data via Modbus TCP

Validation:



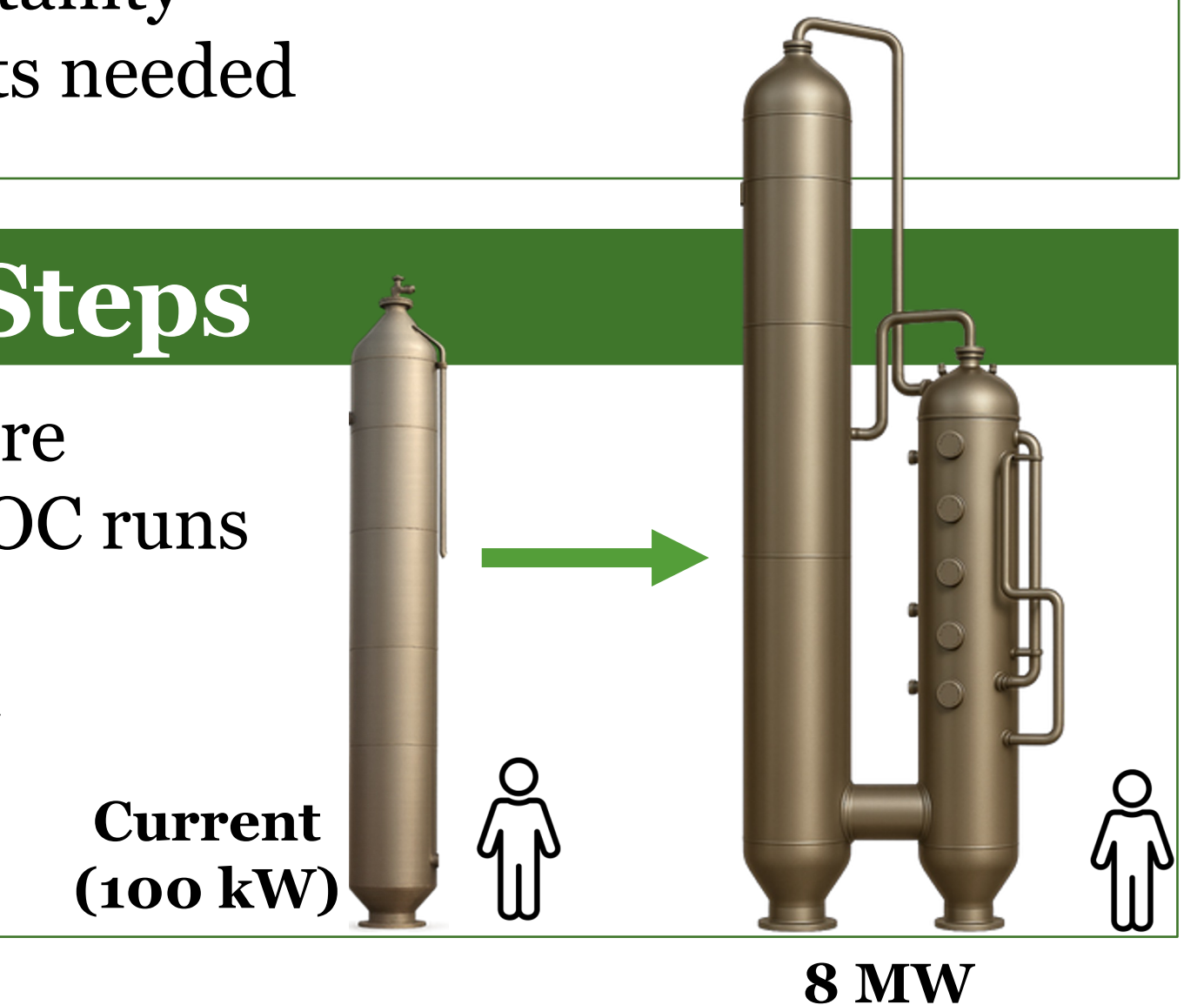
Temperature Response: Thermocouple vs. AX8



- AX-8 response rate ≈ thermocouple response rate
- Disparity between absolute temperature measurements
 - Likely due to emissivity uncertainty
 - Further validation experiments needed

Next Steps

- Continue developing alarm software
- Expand sensor validation with SPOC runs
- Install multi-camera system
- Commercialize and scale up SPOC



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- Figure adopted from Nandan et al. 2007 P885.

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