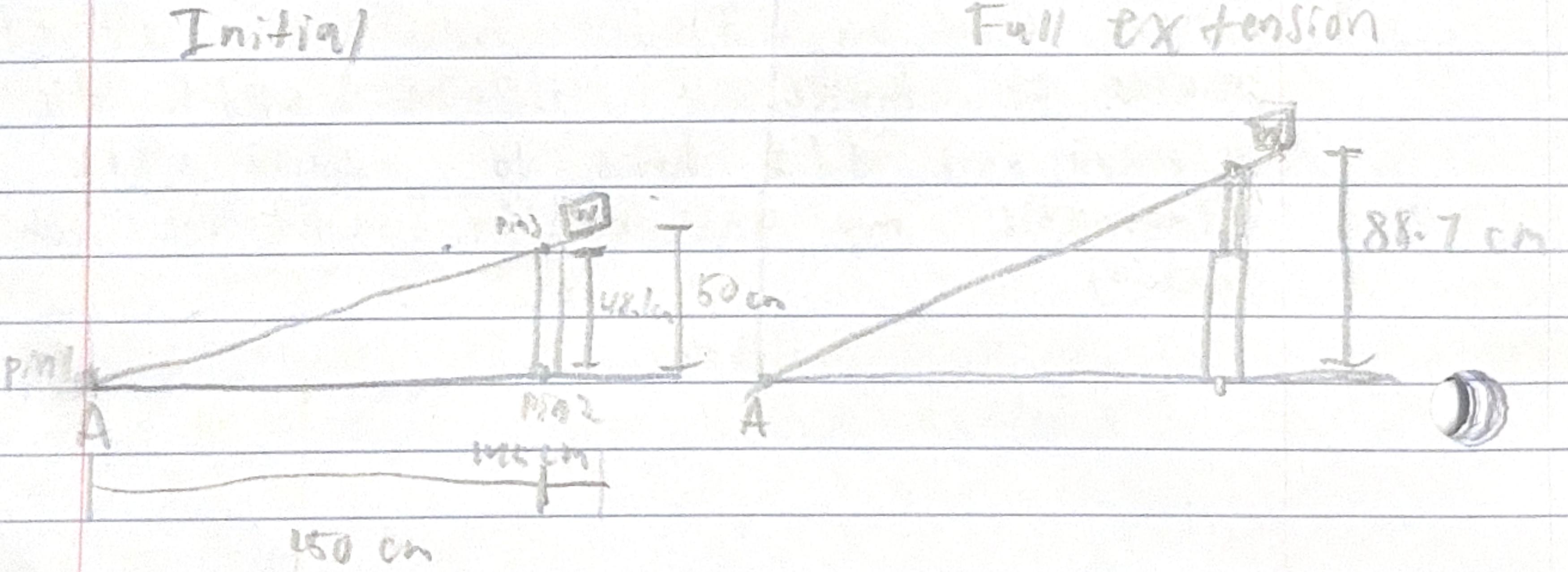


Portfolio 2

a. The objective is to lift the maximum amount of weight to the highest possible height given only one bar, three pins (two of which must be lowered to the ground), and a linear actuator from the supplies on the catalog. This must be done within a 150 cm x 50 cm space. The actuator moves linearly up, and the bar is free to rotate in the xy plane.

b. I used the IM4-33 Actuator with 37.4 cm of stroke and a max thrust of 4.67 kN. I used this information to sum the moments about the pivot and find the max load at the mechanism could lift. $\Sigma M_A = 0 = 1.45m(4.67 \times 10^3 N) - 1.5 m w$
 $w = 4514 N$ or mass of 460 kg. This initial position is the middle case, while the actuator lifts the payload the maximum allowed weight increases over its range of motion.



Portfolio (continued...)

Step 2: I'll model the bar as a cantilever loaded at its tip. The max deflection for this setup is

$$\delta = \frac{WL^3}{3EI} \quad \delta_{\max} = 0.02L = 0.0316 \text{ m}$$

I'll use steel for the material, so $E = 200 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}$

$$I_z = 4.39 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^4 \text{ or } 4.39 \times 10^5 \text{ mm}^4$$

I'll use a C130 X 10.4 channel

with an I_x of $2.11 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ and an area of 1270 mm^2

$$\delta = \frac{4514 \text{ N} \cdot 1.58 \text{ m}}{3(200 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})(2.11 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4)} = 0.00957 \text{ m} \rightarrow 9.57 \text{ mm}, \text{ below deflection limit of } 31.6 \text{ mm}$$

With a density of 7860 kg/m^3 the mass of the total beam is 15.8 kg

Max bending moment at the tip is

$$M = WL = 4514 \text{ N} \cdot 1.58 \text{ m} = 7132.12 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{Mc}{I} \quad c = 65 \text{ mm} \quad \sigma = \frac{7132.12 \cdot 0.065}{3.11 \times 10^5} = 149 \text{ MPa}$$

Steel has a yield strength of 250 MPa

$\frac{250}{149} = 1.68$ which is a reasonable factor of safety for this scale.

C130 X 10.4

44.9 mm

