

Data Visualization



History

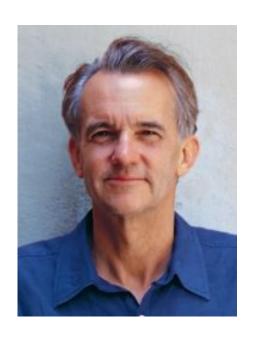
Edward Tufte (1942-)

Statistician and Yale professor

Key figure in the field of data visualization

Recommended text:

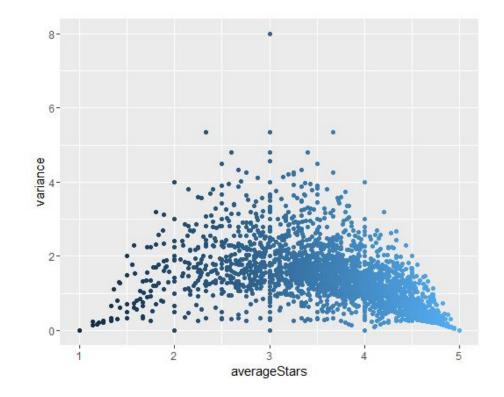
The Visual Display of Quantitative Information





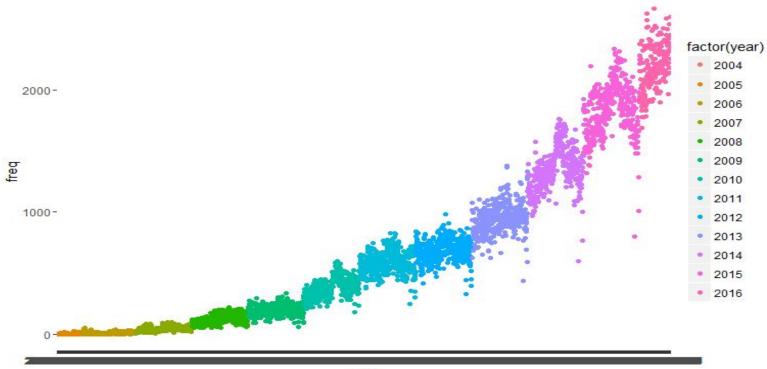
Data Visualization Simple Example: Yelp

Question: What do you notice? What trends do you see?

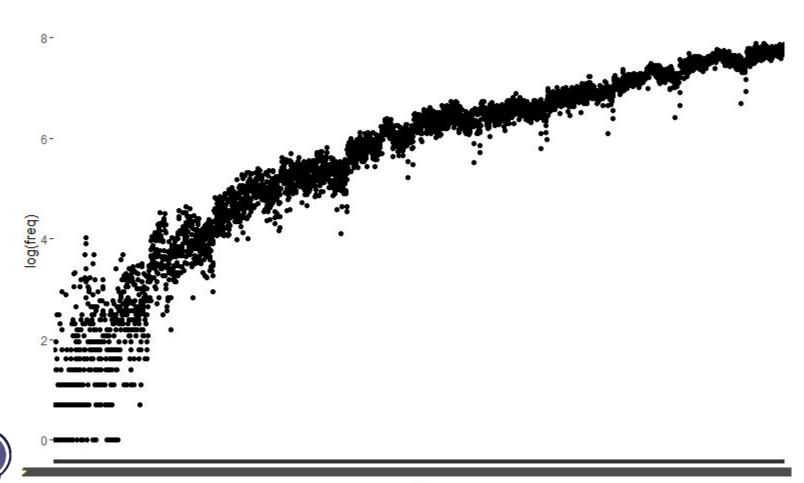




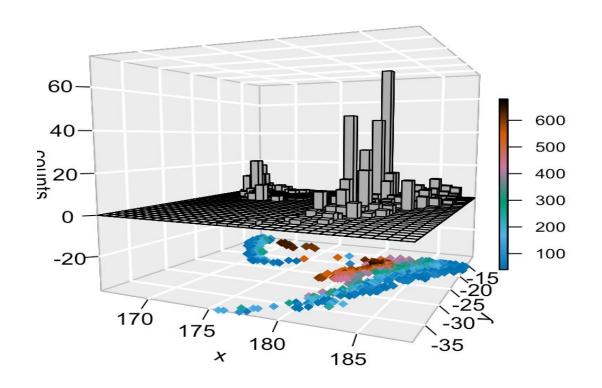
Data Visualization Simple Example: Yelp







3D Plot For Earthquake Data





Why Data Visualization?

Understanding a dataset

- "A picture is worth a thousand words."
- A good visualization is worth a thousand charts.

Communication of knowledge

- Quick and clear transfer of ideas
- End product must be presented to non-technical people





http://www.buildwelliver.com/sites/default/files/styles/project_slider/public/Lecture-Hall_0.jpg?itok=MFuEIFe8

Why is Data Visualization So Powerful?

Visual Patterns

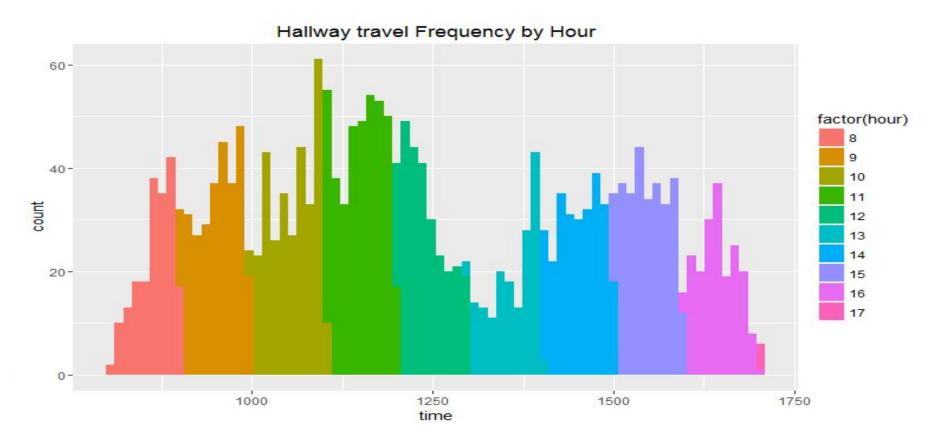
- We process things visually, yet...
- Conveying knowledge visually is hard!
 - Trends, discrepancies, and comparative magnitudes
- Key concepts and insights can be highlighted
 - Color, size, shape can be used to highlight trends





http://www.thrive-team.com/wp-content/uploads/2 014/08/Visualization.jpg

Example: Nurse Hallway Travel Frequency



Data Visualization Techniques

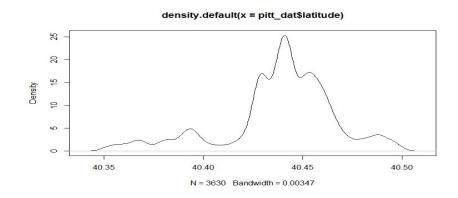
- Histogram
- Scatterplot
- Density Plots
- Contour Maps
- 3D plots

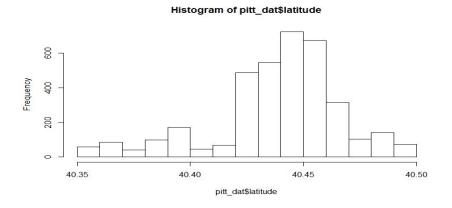
- Bar Graphs
- Boxplots
- Heatmaps
- Animation
- Correlation Matrix
- Mosaic Plot



Histogram vs Density Plot

- Histogram shape varies greatly with bin size
- Density plot captures overall trend often better
- The "smoothing" of density plot can remove
 some important details.



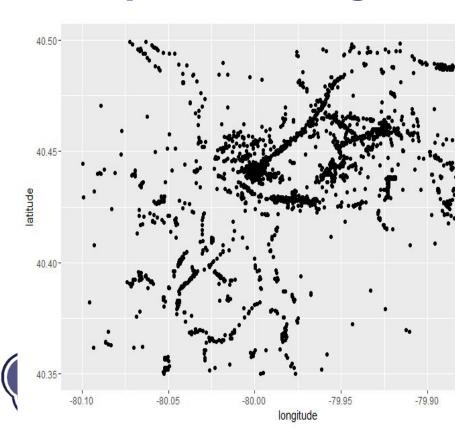


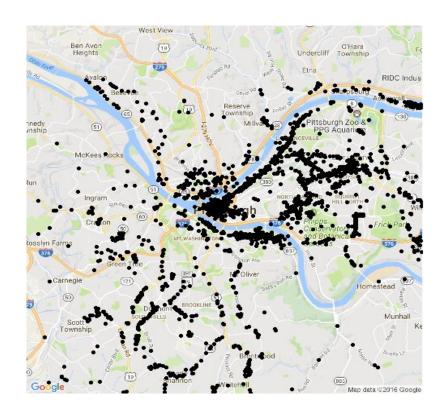
Using Maps

- Map visualization assigns contextual information
 - There are trends not apparent in the data itself
 - If there are longitudes and latitudes in your data, try out geographical visualization
- Ways of obtaining maps
 - o qmap(), get_map()



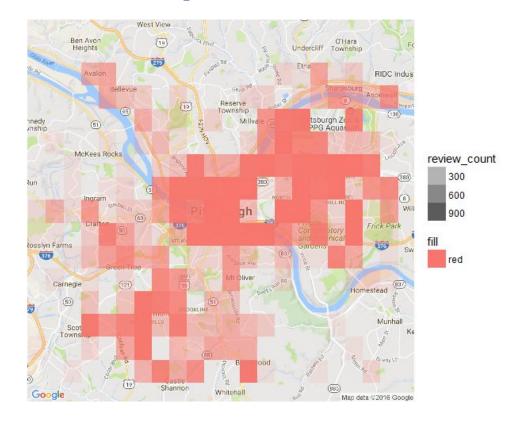
Example: Pittsburgh Data





Visualization Technique: Heatmap

- Can yield insights for cluster analysis
- "Hot Spot" Analysis
- Can be very powerful when used on a map





Visualization Technique: Contour map

- Similarly useful for cluster analysis
- Kernelized Smoothing
 - Bandwidth adjustable
- Good for exploring:
 - Gaussian Mixture Models
 - Gaussian Naive Bayes

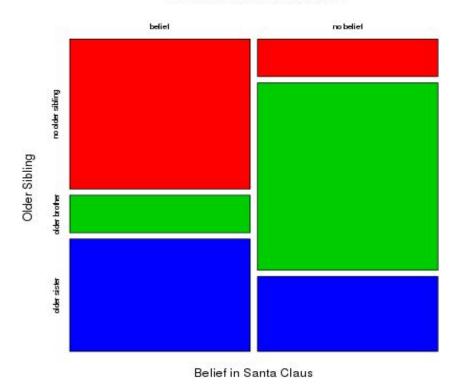


Visualization Technique: Mosaic Plot

- Categorical data can be frustrating!
- Mosaic plot allows visual for categoricals
- Use function

mosaicplot()

Older Brothers are Jerks



What (Amazing) Visual Packages does R offer?

- ggplot2 package
 - This package is the mother of all R visual tools
 - O Cheatsheet: https://www.rstudio.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/ggplot2-cheatsheet-2.0.pdf
- Plotly
 - Can complement ggplot2's lack of interactive interface
- Animation

Package: ggplot2

- Polished package that uses an intuitive language.
- Structure:
 - Specify data, and mapping
 - Specify type of visualization
 - Specify any modification
 - Example: ggplot(data = dat, aes(x = x, y = y)) + geom_point(color = factor(group), data = dat) + coord_flip()



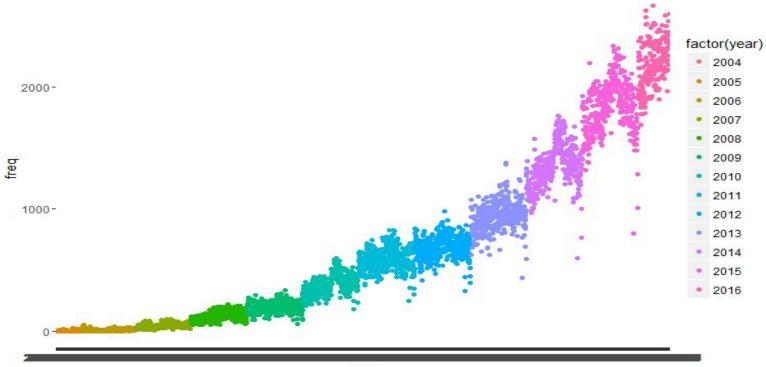
plotly

Package: Plotly

- Originally a python tool
- Plotly is interactive. (Interactivity matters!)
- Can just use ggplotly() function to make a ggplot into an interactive plotly display!



Example Revisited with Plotly: Yelp





Package: Animation

- The animation package is very easy to use
 - saveHTML, saveGIF function
- Allows easy comparison of several similar plots
- Can take up a lot of storage for an animation of considerable length
- Code demonstration



Additional packages:

- Shiny: A very powerful alternative to animation
- Allows interactive visualization tools that allows quick comparison
- https://shiny.rstudio.com/
- ggvis allows interaction with google charts



Challenges of Visualization

- Data with high dimensions
- Finding the right visualization for a given dataset
- Often time-consuming and impedes production process



Coming Up

Your problem set: Unleash your creativity by visualizing a data set

Next week: Making predictions using linear and logistic regression

See you then!



